"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER
Fair today and Wednesday; moderate temperature.
☞ For full weather report see Page 15.

VOL. LXVIII... NO. 22,445. NEW YORK, TUESDAY, JULY 8, 1919. THIRTY-TWO PAGES. TWO CENTS Metropolitan Interior | THREE CENTS Within 200 Miles | FOUR CENTS Elsewhere

HOLE TORN IN SIDE OF R-34 AS SHE STRAINS AT ROPES; START OF HER RETURN VOYAGE DELAYED TILL TOMORROW; PRESIDENT HOME TODAY WITH HIS TREATY MESSAGE READY

WILSON TO GIVE BROAD OUTLINES OF SETTLEMENT

Will Discuss Treaty and Conference Work in 5,000-Word Talk to Senate.

DETAILS FOR COMMITTEE

President Will Emphasize in Speech Here His Pleasure at Being Home.

GREAT WELCOME ASSURED

Forty Warships to Escort His Ship to Pier, Meeting Her Thirty Miles Out at Sea.

ON BOARD U. S. S. GEORGE WASHINGTON, July 7, (By Wireless to The Associated Press.)—The President's message, to be delivered to Congress on Thursday, is completed. The message contains about 5,000 words, devoted to the Peace Treaty and protocols and the work of the Peace Conference.

It is understood that these Peace Conference subjects are dealt with on broad, general lines without taking up the large questions of the treaty in detail, as this will probably come later when the Foreign Relations Committees of Congress examine the details.

The President also will have an opportunity to go over these matters with members of the committees. In this examination of the terms he will have the co-operation of a number of specialists, now returning with the Presidential party, who have dealt with the detailed branches, such as those concerning reparations, territorial readjustment, and economic questions.

President Wilson's speech at Carnegie Hall, New York City, tomorrow afternoon will be extemporaneous. He will confine himself to an acknowledgment of the greeting given him and his satisfaction at being home again. Questions relating to the Peace Treaty and the work of the Peace Conference will be reserved for discussion until the President makes his report to Congress.

The Presidential party is looking forward with anticipation to being on American soil again, and all arrangements have been made for reaching New York early Tuesday afternoon and Washington Tuesday night. It is expected that the outcoming fleet of warships will be met Tuesday morning, when the first salutes will be exchanged and the combined fleets will proceed together. Sandy Hook should be reached about noon, and the fleet will then move slowly through the Narrows to the upper bay. The soldiers and sailors on board are anxiously awaiting their first sight of the Statue of Liberty.

The wireless telephone was working during the night and this morning with the naval radio station at Tuckerton, N. J. Despite unfavorable static conditions the voices of those ashore were heard distinctly here, and conversations were carried on successfully.

The weather is hot and humid, the sea is smooth and the sky cloudy. The first breath of the heat wave, which prevailed along the Atlantic coast, was encountered yesterday. It was accompanied by humidity and considerable fog and the ships slackened their pace to twelve knots an hour. President Wilson rested a good part of yesterday, but spent some time on the upper deck. With Mrs. Wilson, he visited wounded soldiers in the deck hospital.

WARSHIPS TO ESCORT PRESIDENT INTO PORT

Hoboken and New York Will Vie in Welcoming the Chief Executive Home.

The U. S. naval transport George Washington, bringing President Wilson home, is due to enter Ambrose Channel about noon today. The liner will be met about thirty miles east of Sandy Hook by four dreadnoughts and thirty-six destroyers from the Atlantic Fleet, and as she passes abreast the ironclads will fire a salute of twenty-one guns in the President's honor. This tribute will be the first of many welcoming ceremonies that await the President.

As the Presidential ship enters the harbor she will be under the escort of forty-five warships, the flagship Pennsylvania, flying the pennant of Admiral Henry B. Wilson, Commander-in-Chief of the Atlantic Fleet, leading the way with the George Washington directly astern, flanked on one side by the superdreadnoughts Oklahoma and Utah and on the other by the Delaware and the North Dakota. Ahead, astern, to starboard, and to port will steam forty American destroyers, four of which, the

Continued on Page Four.

WASHINGTON'S NEWEST AND BEST. WARDMAN PARK HOTEL. Address H. Albert, (formerly Mr. The Homestead, Hot Springs, Va.)—Advt.

German Federal Committee Approves Treaty; Argentina First to Ratify League Covenant

BERLIN, July 7.—The Federal Committee has approved ratification of the Peace Treaty.

WASHINGTON, July 7.—Entrance of Argentina into the League of Nations without reservations has been approved by the Argentine Senate, the State Department was informed today in dispatches, quoting Buenos Aires newspapers of Saturday. The approval was by a unanimous vote.

The action of the Argentine Senate, according to information at the State Department, makes that republic the first nation to assent through its treaty ratifying body to the League of Nations covenant.

WILSON WILL MEET SENATE COMMITTEE

Will Ask Foreign Relations Members to Discuss Treaty at the White House.

SENATE A TIE ON LEAGUE

Republicans Trying to Find Reservations Formula That Will Poll a Majority.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 7.—At a White House conference toward the end of this week President Wilson, according to word at the Capitol today, will give members of the Foreign Relations Committee an intimate view of the Peace Treaty, dealing especially with features that have aroused criticism here.

This conference, it is said, was urged upon the President by Democratic Senators as a means of acquainting the Foreign Relations Committee with facts deemed essential in considering the treaty and the League covenant. President Wilson is said to have indicated in a wireless message to a Democratic Senator that he would invite the entire committee to the White House and reply to any questions that might be put to him.

One report had it that Mr. Wilson would have a conference Wednesday night with four or five Senators known to favor the League covenant, and also Senator Lodge, Chairman of the committee and leader of the opposition. Senator Hitchcock, ranking Democratic member of the committee, said tonight that he had not heard of any such conference for Wednesday night, but understood that one might be held later.

Anti-League Senators have insisted that much in the League covenant and in the treaty needed elucidation. They will want enlightment on Article X., involving guarantees of territorial integrity, the disposition of the Shantung Peninsula to Japan, the alleged failure to make adequate reservations as to the Monroe Doctrine, and the alleged lack of reservations on domestic questions, such as immigration and the tariff.

On any points about which opponents of the League want enlightenment, it is stated, President Wilson will give all the information that he can.

Senate leaders will formulate no program concerning the treaty until the President appears before that body on Thursday. Announcement was made to-

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NOSKE DERIDES TALK OF REACTION

Says German Republic Was Never in Less Peril of a Junker Coup.

EXCUSES RASH GENERALS

Realizes That Treaty Outrages Their Honor, but Relies on Their Patriotism.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, July 6.—"Never since the proclamation of the German Republic was there less danger of reactionary attempts to regain power than at the present moment," said Gustav Noske, the Federal War Minister, to THE NEW YORK TIMES correspondent, with whom he was discussing the never-ceasing rumors of a coming military coup. "My only fear is that when the Entente insists on the fulfillment of the so-called dishonoring paragraph of the treaty, namely, that calling for the extradition of certain military leaders, the fiery natures of some of the officers may give me serious trouble, which, however, I hope to overcome by an appeal to their sense of duty to the Fatherland. This appeal has never failed with our officers of the volunteer army, even when it was heeded at the cost of military caste and family traditions."

THE TIMES correspondent called Herr Noske's attention to a recent report in Die Freiheit of a mass meeting of students in Leipsic at which an unnamed officer appealed to the youths not to desert the officers when, in two weeks' time, they should be compelled to declare against the present Government.

"We know all about that meeting," said Herr Noske. "It occurred four weeks ago and, according to that officer's statement, Germany should have been in the midst of an anti-republican conflagration for the last two weeks. I am quite aware that there are many officers who would prefer a monarchy to a republic; but they know only too well that the moment they tried to make use of their men and under-officers for monarchical ends they would find themselves completely deserted. We are prepared even for a military revolt and—"

"I am aware," THE TIMES correspondent said, supplementing Herr Noske's hesitating statement, "that in any such

Continued on Page Seven.

Six Dead, 20 Hurt in New Fight at Fiume; Serb Troopship Halted by Threat to Sink It

ROME, July 7. (Associated Press.)—New clashes between the French and Italians at Fiume are reported in advices from that city. The casualties so far reported number six killed and twenty wounded.

General Savy, commander of the French troops at Fiume, says in an interview published yesterday in the Giornale d'Italia that the action of some of his soldiers who recently offended Italians in that city by cheering for Jugo-slavia was "most deplorable." He pointed out, however, that it would be a "mistake to generalize and make the fault of a few that of the whole French contingent."

General Savy says he did his best to be neutral in the question of Fiume, especially as he has in his command some Serbian troops, but he adds that he understands the position of the Italians, and that "if he were in their place he would have acted likewise." Expressing his regret for the incident, he says: "I am sorry there should be any feeling between two peoples who have fraternized at the front against the common enemy. Italy ought to be compensated for sacrifices, and when Fiume is assigned to Italy I shall be the first to rejoice from the bottom of my heart."

The National Council at Fiume yesterday passed a resolution enumerating the incidents caused by the attitude of French soldiers there, an attitude considered offensive to the feelings of the populace. The resolution asked withdrawal of the French troops, as their presence endangered friendly Franco-Italian relations.

Prevents Troops from Landing.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

MILAN, July 6.—The Fiume correspondent of the Corriere della Sera reports that Jugoslav troops made an attempt to disembark at Martinschizza, in rear of the Italian forces holding the armistice line. General Grazioli, the Italian Commander of the interallied contingents, having been forewarned of this design, informed the French General Savy, and asked him to thwart this move, as one likely to lead to unpleasant incidents. On General Savy's replying that he had no power to interfere, but would seek instructions from General d'Esperey, Commander in Chief of the Eastern armies, whose headquarters are at Constantinople, General Grazioli said he would take independent action.

When the huge transport, requisitioned by the French, belonging to the Hungary-Croatian Line, appeared before Martinschizza Bay, crammed with Serbian and Jugoslav soldiery, General Grazioli sent forward the Italian destroyer Stocco to order the steamer to return immediately to her port of departure, threatening that otherwise he would send her to the bottom of the sea.

The Serbo-Jugoslav transport took the wiser course.

When you think of Writing Think of WHITING.—Advt.

SIX (6) BELL-ANS IN HOT WATER quickly relieves indigestion.—Advt.

FALL MALL FAMOUS CIGARETTES. Cork and Plain Ends.—Advt.

IF YOU HAVE A BACKWARD CHILD see advertisement on Page 14.—Advt.

NIXON ESTABLISHES 2-CENT TRANSFERS AT 99 CITY POINTS

Grants Temporary Relief to New York Railways Co. After Hearing Experts.

TO CONTINUE FOR ONE YEAR

Provision Is Made for the City to Reopen Proceedings at the End of Six Months.

MAYOR AGAINST MOVE

Asserts in Statement That He Is Also Opposed to Public Officials Who Favor It.

Public Service Commissioner Lewis Nixon issued an order last night granting Job E. Hedges, as Receiver of the New York Railways Company, authority to charge 2 cents for transfers at ninety-nine of the 113 points of the street railway system throughout the city where transfers heretofore have been given free. Receiver Hedges had asked for authority to charge 3 cents for such transfers, and the Commissioner held a hearing all day yesterday, taking testimony of experts as to the necessity of abolishing free transfers in order to help out the crippled finances of the street car lines.

Commissioner Nixon issued the order after ASSISTANT Corporation Counsel Rohler had earnestly protested that such a course was not necessary. The Commissioner stated that it was imperatively necessary to charge for transfers if the lines were to be saved from disintegration. The order, he said, would continue in force for one year. In the meantime, he said, the city would be able to make the necessary appraisals, and if at the end of six months the city was not satisfied with the appraisals of the Receiver it is authorized to apply to have the proceedings reopened.

That Commissioner Nixon's order would meet with the decided opposition of the Mayor and other city officials was shown earlier in the day, when it was reported that the Public Service Commission would give its decision in the matter by night. The Mayor issued a statement in which he declared that he was not only opposed to abolishing transfer privileges, but was also opposed to public officials who favor it. The Mayor's statement was taken to mean that he would request the Corporation Counsel to bring action in the courts to restrain the received from carrying out the commission's order.

Move to Save Lines.

After Receiver Hedges and others had testified at yesterday's hearing regarding the necessity of charging for transfers, Commissioner Nixon announced his decision, as follows:

"The receiver who makes this application is an arm of the Federal court. He has appeared before this commission, stating in substance that if some immediate relief is not granted he will be compelled to disintegrate the lines under his control. Such a course, if possible, should be avoided. Having in mind the interests of the city and its taxpayers, the commission has resolved to grant the receiver temporarily a measure of the relief which he seeks. It has determined to empower him to charge 2 cents for transfers at points where he is legally entitled to charge for them.

"This relief, as stated, is temporary. The order will continue in force for one year. That will enable the city in the meantime to make the necessary appraisals. If at the end of six months the city is not satisfied with the appraisal of the receiver, it is authorized to apply to have this proceeding reopened. This hearing, therefore, is adjourned to July 7, 1920. This order is made upon condition that the lines of this company are not disintegrated. If they are, by order of Judge Mayer this commission will make such further order as the situation demands. Counsel for the respective parties will agree upon the form of the order."

Later Commissioner Nixon issued a statement in which he reviewed the finances of the New York Railways Company at length, and the necessity for the appointment of a receiver. He said:

Reviews Road's Finances.

This case concerns the application of the receiver of the New York Railways Company to charge 3 cents for transfers at all intersections of lines where there are no specific requirements by local franchise to furnish free transfers. It is really a continuation of the New York Railway Company's application in April, 1917, Case No. 2212, where the company asked for a charge of 2 cents for transfers. During the pendency of the application the Court

Continued on Page Eight.

MAGNIFICO—A cigar known by its bouquet. Mild, too. Of Key West make. Exclusively in UNITED CIGAR STORES.—Advt.

CALOX TOOTH POWDER Cleans—Whitens—Preserves—Advt.

(© International Film Service.)

R-34 WHEN SHE SHOT UPWARD, TEARING A HOLE IN HER FORWARD UNDERBODY.

LONDON IS COOL ON KAISER TRIAL

Many Regard Lloyd George's Announcement in the Commons with Misgiving.

DECISION WAS COMPROMISE

Limitation of Charge and Penalty Are Attacked as Opening Many Difficulties.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, July 7.—The cheers which Lloyd George evoked in Parliament by his announcement that the ex-Kaiser would be put on trial in London are recalled today as another instance of the allegation that the Premier knows the House of Commons better than he does the country.

Outside of coalition politicians, it is difficult to find men of light and leading who do not regard the proposed trial with misgiving, and in many quarters it is openly denounced as a blunder of the heaviest calibre.

It is pointed out that the decision arrived at in Paris is a compromise both in substance and in form, and Paris dispatches even state that the American delegates were surprised at the form which Lloyd George's announcement took. It is declared that the Americans were opposed to the proposal and the French cool about it, but the former are said to have deferred to British pressure on the understanding that the indictment should be limited to the violation of Belgium and Luxemburg and that in the event of conviction the death sentence should not be passed, or at all events not inflicted.

The Westminster Gazette says:

"It is clear that M. P.'s who applauded and the press which approved Lloyd George's announcement had a very imperfect idea of what was actually being proposed. They had vaguely in their minds the idea of an arch criminal being brought to justice for a long catalogue of political and other crimes, by which the war was launched and its conduct characterised — the conspiracy with Austria, the Serbian ultimatum, the violation of Belgium, the murder of Captain Fryatt, the adoption of poison gas and submarine frightfulness, deportations, and so forth—and they certainly had no idea that the indictment was to be limited, as The Times now tells us, to the violation of Belgium and Luxemburg.

"They imagined that in some way legal ground was to be provided by the plea that the defendant had broken international law and that the clear demand for his extradition could thus be presented to the Dutch Government. But if limited in the way proposed, a supreme offense against international morality and the sanctity of treaties, alleged in the treaty, the treaty stands outside all legal procedure as hitherto known, and the demand for extradition will have to be made on political grounds, which leave room for the widest argument, and the trial, if it takes place, will be confined to an incident which, though of great importance, is still only a very small part of the total indictment against the ex-Kaiser.

"Proceedings of such narrow scope, attended with such difficulties, political and legal, seem likely, on the face of them, to involve the Allies in all manner of risks and embarrassments without any corresponding advantages, if the trial takes place and conviction is secured."

ALLIES TAKE STEPS TO DEMAND KAISER

Bonar Law, Announcing This, Says Official Representations Have Not Yet Been Made.

LONDON, July 7.—"The Allies have not yet made by any official representations to the Dutch Government regarding the extradition of the former German Emperor, but necessary steps are being taken in the matter," Andrew Bonar Law, Government spokesman, said in the House of Commons today. His statement was made in reply to a question by a member.

In reply to a further question as to whether any unofficial communication had been sent to the Dutch Government, Mr. Bonar Law said:

"I would rather not say."

Another member then asked:

"Is the spokesman for the Government aware that nobody particularly wants the ex-Kaiser to be brought here?"

This question was received with cheers.

PARIS, July 7.—The question of the trial of former Emperor William was on the program for discussion by the Council of Three for several days while President Wilson was still in Paris, Reuter's Paris Bureau says today in an article regarding recent statements by the members of the American peace mission that Premier Lloyd George's statement on the subject in the House of Commons had come as a surprise to them.

The bureau which says that its in-

Continued on Page Five.

CARDINAL GIBBONS DEEMS ALL CATHOLICS to use THE MANUAL OF PRAYERS.—Advt.

SIX (6) BELL-ANS IN HOT WATER quickly relieves indigestion.—Advt.

IMPERIAL GRANUM, the Unrestrained Food, protects Babies from hot weather ills.—Advt.

R-34 RIPS FABRIC AND BREAKS GIRDER

Army of Men, Straining at Mooring Lines, Find Her Hard to Manage in Gusty Wind.

NO DELAY THROUGH MISHAP

Day Devoted to Repairs and Overhauling—The President's Daughters Among Visitors.

Plunging like a fractious horse and straining at her mooring lines in the gusty wind early yesterday morning, the R-34 twisted and broke one of her fore minor girders and tore a four-foot hole in the bow of her fabric envelope before those in charge could ease off the cables and bring her to rest above Roosevelt Field. The damage was more spectacular than serious, and by late afternoon the damaged fabric had been cut out and the work of re-covering the hole was under way. The principal work yesterday was repairing and overhauling the engines, and at this task a force of mechanics worked all day and into the night.

The R-34 had been at anchor all night with her nose close to the ground and her tail lifted heavenward, and there had been reports all during the dark hours that the men were having their work cut out for them keeping her steady. With the coming of daylight the special duty gangs, at least 600 men, began the work of getting the great ship again on an even keel. This was no small task. The coming of the warm sunlight expanded the gas in her bags and gave her greater buoyancy.

A gust of wind caught the forward rope while slack. The forward end of the huge balloon sprang upward, the momentum for a moment carrying the rope away from the men who held it. Then as the rope ran out to its anchor and the mooring held, the big gas bag stopped with a jerk, the fastened rope tearing off some of the outer fabric through which it ran. The anchor line itself which runs through the outer skin to the inner framework held, and hard pulling on the rope presently brought the bow down again to a level with the tail.

When the men finally got the ship's nose on a level with her tail she hung

Continued on Page Two.

EPOCA PURE HAVANA CIGARS EXCELLENCE and INDIVIDUALITY. The two fine points of this brand.—Advt.

EARLY START FOR R-34

Officers Expect to Pass Over City and Then to Head Across Ocean.

WORK ON ENGINE REPAIRS

Mechanicians Put In Busy Day, "Tuning Up" Machinery in Preparation for Flight.

MAITLAND VOICES THANKS

Expresses Appreciation for Reception Given to Dreadnought of the Air by Americans.

Weather Bureau Warns R-34 of Ill Winds Ahead

WASHINGTON, July 7.—Weather conditions will not be favorable for the return flight of the R-34 during the next forty-eight hours, according to a weather report forwarded to the airship at Mineola late today by the Navy Department. The forecast, prepared by the Weather Bureau, follows:

"Moderate north-northeast and northeast winds. Fair weather next forty-eight hours. Conditions not favorable for return flight within next fortnight hours, as weather will remain threatening over the sea and head winds will probably be encountered as far east as longitude 55.

"We are positively going to start on Wednesday," said General E. M. Maitland last night at Mineola. "We hope the winds may change, but wind or no wind, we will get away then."

Major G. H. Scott, commander of the British dirigible R-34, announced definitely at Roosevelt Field at 1:20 o'clock this morning, that the giant aircraft would not start on her return voyage to Great Britain until tomorrow morning.

Earlier in the night Brig. Gen. E. M. Maitland, who is special representative of the Royal Air Ministry on board of the R-34, said, in explaining the delay, that although twenty-four hours of unremitting work had been put on the engines, there still remained a number of slight repairs to be made.

The American officers assisting the British, Colonel Archie Miller of the Army and Lieutenant Henry W. Hoyt of the Navy, said they were planning for another day's stay of the R-34. It was pointed out that, in addition to engine trouble, the prevailing winds predicted for the next forty-eight hours were adverse to a flight toward Europe. If the engines had been in first-class shape, it is probable that the big ship would have sailed this morning, wind or no wind, but the combination reconciled Major Scott and his men to the delay.

During the morning the straining of the aircraft against the cables with which she was leashed tore a rent four feet square in the covering of the bag, but this was soon repaired, and had nothing to do with the decision to delay the flight.

With many searchlights illuminating her entire length of 650 feet, the R-34 floated 100 feet above the field last night, while American and British mechanics toiled unceasingly to put to rights five giant motors into shape. The superstructure of the dreadnought of the air made a striking picture against the black sky. Her nose was pointed downward, perhaps twenty-five feet nearer the earth than the stern, and all in all she resembled a giant fish poised for a dive. Standing out sharply in the glare against the dark background, she made a beautiful spectacle for tens of thousands of persons who came down after nightfall to see her.

The enforced delay is irksome to officers and crew alike, but like good sportsmen they are making the best of the situation.

Will Start Wednesday Sure.

"First of all," said General Maitland, when he was asked about the prospects for the flight, "will you say for me that we can never be grateful enough for the splendid reception you Americans have given us? Your soldiers and sailors here on the field have taken as great an interest in laboring over the R-34 as we have.

"In all probability we will leave sometime between midnight and dawn, Wednesday morning. We have been hoping against hope all day that we could get off tomorrow, but I have just learned that the repairs have not been completed on our motors. Besides, the weather is against us. There is a wind blowing dead against us now, and the weather reports say this condition will continue for forty-eight hours more.

"We positively will start not later than Wednesday. We hope the winds will change, but wind or no wind, we will get away then. We plan now to sail over New York City and then to

head out over the Atlantic. If the weather is favorable at the start, we probably shall take the southern course, going about 400 miles north of the Azores, but, if strong winds are blowing in an unfavorable direction, we probably will go north and return along much the same route as that by which we came. In either case we will cover at least 3,000 miles.

"There is nothing serious the matter with the airship," he continued. "Tomorrow will be taken up in getting the engines in good shape and loading our fuel. We shall take as much gasoline as the ship will carry. Whether we shall have a shortage by the end of the trip depends wholly on weather conditions.

"We want to get away as soon as possible, for every hour that an airship remains anchored to the ground without a shed to protect it is perilous. A high wind, more particularly a swirling gust, might carry away the moorings, and, in addition, there is a constant strain on the various parts."

General Maitland was asked about the damage done to the R-34 yesterday, and replied:

"The damage consisted of tearing away the parts of the airship to which the mooring ropes are made fast. As a result, we have had to resort to an inferior method of anchoring, and I fear a high wind would do much harm before we leave. It would not take a heavy gale to carry away the airship altogether."

Predicts Much Larger Airships.

General Maitland said that the personnel of the crew would remain the same as on the voyage to this country. "We shall all go back," he said, "except the stowaway." He said the stowaway would doubtless be returned to England by steamship.

The General was asked about Great Britain's plans for building bigger airships. He referred to his statement yesterday that he believed a ship would be constructed within a year which could make a non-stop flight from England to Australia.

"I expect the development in lighter than air craft will be startling to any one not in close touch with recent progress," he said. "Do you realize that the R-34 is virtually obsolete? We are building an airship in England today that is twice as large, and I hope in a year or so we will have one five times her size. With the increase in size, the practicability of transatlantic flights increases. The larger the airship is, the more efficient it becomes."

General Maitland explained that as the size of the dirigible is increased its power to carry weight is increased in a much higher proportion. In other words, while the R-34 can lift and carry twenty-one tons, a dirigible of twice its size could carry several times that weight.

"Another point in favor of the larger airships is that they can be made far more windproof. There will be no need of a shed for the airship of the future. As I see it, they will be built in a shed, just as an ocean liner is constructed on ways. Then, every six months or so, just as the ocean liner is sent to drydock, the airship will go into a shed for repairs and general overhauling. Also, the crews of the bigger ship will not have to be increased to any great extent, I should say. For the ship twice as big as the R-34 we will probably need ten more men. We will have vastly more space for light freight, mail and passengers.

"We did not expect to do great things on this trip. Our only plan was to demonstrate to England and to America the feasibility of transocean flying. We hope, from the experience gained on this trip, commercial aviation connecting England and America will be developed."

Thinks New York Was in Danger.

It was suggested to the General that the voyage of the R-34 proved there was never reason to fear a German Zeppelin raid on New York.

"I am not so sure of that," he replied. "Such a raid might not come this year, but if the war had continued it certainly would have come in another twelve months. Remember that the R-34 is not so large nor so powerful as some of the later Zepps."

Lieutenant Guy Harris, meteorological officer of the R-34, was eagerly watching meteorological data from London last night. A great deal depended upon these reports, he said, since world conditions as well as local weather reports had to be taken into consideration before the cruise was attempted.

"I am responsible for the R-34 being caught in bad weather. If harm should come to her as a result of adverse weather conditions which I had failed to report, I might be shot at sunrise," he said jocularly. "The R-34 certainly will not start this trip until fairly good conditions prevail, although the ship can stand any weather we may meet, even in the stormy Atlantic.

"In the Baltic cruise, for twenty hours we encountered a most violent gale. The R-34 lived through it, and, indeed, hardly noticed it, except that she slowed down. We would not leave in that kind of weather now, because this voyage is not a naval necessity and not much depends upon the speed with which we reach the other side."

Lieutenant Harris said that some pictures of extremely interesting cloud formations had been made on the trip over. These were taken, he said, not because of their beauty, but because various types of cloud indicate to skilled observers the weather that may be expected.

While work was being done on the motors the crew was having a needed rest. Last night the men came to New York. Major Scott, commander of the craft, stayed at Roosevelt Field superintending the work on the ship.

Hundreds of Men Hold Ship Down.

While they were working on the dirigible the 300 or 400 enlisted men, who were holding the big dirigible to her moorings by main strength all the afternoon, had no light task. Under the command of Lieutenant J. J. Quinn, the soldiers, for hours at a stretch, clung to the ropes and to the handrails of the R-34 to lessen the strain on the cables which held her to her concrete anchorage.

Lieutenant Quinn, commander of the American blimp C-4, spent the day, megaphone in hand, standing about thirty feet out in front of the nose of the airship. Two hundred soldiers hung on to the ropes, while fifty or sixty clung to the front gondola, and as many more to the stern. Lieutenant Quinn shouted orders from time to time, and the men swung the ship to the right or left in obedience to his commands. As the big air craft floated several feet from the ground, the position of the men on the gondolas, who had to stand, hands high above their heads, became uncomfortable in the extreme. It was explained that the Government was taking every precaution against a second accident like the one earlier in the day when the strain on the cables under the nose of the dirigible ripped a big patch out of the outer fabric.

At the close of the shift of one detail of men, when the soldiers, most of them overseas men awaiting discharge, began to grow hungry, one humorist started a cry for mess.

"No food, no balloon," he shouted.

"No food, no balloon," echoed his companions.

To the rhythm of that cry they swung the big dirigible back and forth, as their officers directed. The work of these men goes on all night, new shifts coming on to relieve the weary.

Great Throng Sees Airship.

The crowd that visited Roosevelt Field, according to estimates at the military headquarters, numbered several hundred thousand. By automobiles and on foot, all day long and even until after midnight, men women and children poured in a never ending stream through the gates of the field. They were prevented by the military police from approaching very near the dirigible.

Even at this distance all but the most minute details of construction of the great aircraft was visible from every part of the field. At night, as she hung gleaming in the glare of the searchlights, the big ship was visible for miles.

On its homeward trip, the R-34 will carry twenty-five pounds of mail. About 100 official letters have been received at the New York Post Office from officials in this country, congratulating British officials on the success of the trip. About 300 letters had been received yesterday from newspapers and private individuals marked for transmission to England by the dirigible. These were all put in the mailbag of the R-34. The postage on each letter was 2 cents, the regular rate.

R-34 Illuminated by 25 Searchlights Last Night While Repairs Were in Progress.

©International Film Service.

R-34 RIPS FABRIC AND BREAKS GIRDER

Continued from Page 1, Column 1.

so low that the bottoms of her gondolas were within four feet of the ground.

The great airship was practically freed from her mooring lines. She was held in position by a small army of men who hauled and pulled at the ends of lines that extended from her in every direction. It was hard work, but every man was apparently working with the best will and all smiling. Hour after hour they hung on until relieved by others.

Major J. E. M. Pritchard, in charge of the dirigible, looked at the long list of things needed to be done to put the engines into perfect condition, and gave it as his opinion that the R-34 would not be able to start upon her return trip to England before Wednesday morning. The repairs consisted mostly of replacing small parts that showed wear and in tightening and adjusting other parts. The Major explained that these things were to be expected after a flight of more than 100 hours.

It was explained that the performance of the R-34 had been creditable in every respect, and the fact that she was slightly damaged in the uncertain wind was considered a very small misfortune, when it was taken into account that anchoring a dirigible of the size of the R-34 in an open field was a matter of constant danger. As for the damage, be added that in England it would not have caused comment, and he figured out that the cost of repair would be about $35.

Yesterday was a day of activity for every man assigned to duty at Roosevelt Field. Major Scott was at work on his report, General L. E. O. Charlton, Aviation Attaché of the British embassy, was almost constantly on the scene, and Major Reichard was hard at it directing the men.

Keeping R-34's head to the wind was a task that required the skill of those who directed the job. These were men who had been trained for their work in England, and they did it well. Twenty feet from the pointed bow, and armed with a megaphone almost as big as himself, was an American Navy officer. He gave the orders that steadied the R-34 to every uncertain burst of breeze.

"Haul away to the right," he would shout.

A sailor with another megaphone stationed half way down the body of the dirigible would quickly relay the order. At the order the long lines of men would give in that direction. The great hull of the R-34 would swing as they gave ground.

"Steady!" would come the officer's command. The long lines would stand fast. The dirigible, not so quick to obey the spoken command, would drag them about before she too obeyed. The men hanging to the hand rails about each gondola would be dragged this way and that. Sometimes they would be lifted off their feet, and hung suspended in the air. To the officer's warning to keep the gondolas from dragging the ground they would put forth all their strength, and sometimes this was a task that strained their muscles.

All day long and into the night the swaying lines held the R-34 fast. It was, "Haul to the right," "Haul to the left," and "Steady" all the time.

Through the hole torn in her fabric and widened to make repair easier could be seen the interior of the great hull, the bags that hold the gas and the great metal ribs of the monster. One could also see the twisted girder that had given way under the strain of the wind. It was denied that this broken part was important to her strength; rather its purpose was to prevent the outer covering from collapsing.

At work inside the envelope were men repairing the damage, and the task of overhauling the engines went along all day. There were faint sounds of hammers against metal and the clank of machinery. A head would pop out of the "engine room," and an English voice would inform an officer that "We have tightened the bearing," or the voice would call for a piece of rubber hose, a bolt, a screw, or some other thing needed at the moment.

Under the envelope, in the shadow cast by the great ship, it was comparatively cool, but out in the sunlight, where the trailing lines were manned by American soldiers, it was hot. Under the hull, in the shadow, were grouped the officers who had charge of the work, those who had no duty to perform, and the civilians fortunate enough to get past the inner lines. This inner line was marked at intervals with white flags. Between the flags paced armed sentries. The number of those within this inner line was small, for the sentries, as well as those at the outer lines, obeyed the letter of their orders. With the exception of three or four distinguished visitors, no one was allowed to climb aboard the gondola or make his way through the twilight of the envelope to see the eighty tanks where petrol is stored, or view the other marvels of the first dirigible to cross the Atlantic.

Among those who did have opportunity to view the mysteries of the R-34 at close range were the President's daughters, Mrs. William G. McAdoo and Mrs. Francis B. Sayre, and two of Mr. McAdoo's children. They telephoned in the early afternoon to Colonel Archie Miller, in charge of the army's aviation activities on Long Island, at Hazelhurst Field. General R. M. Maitland readily gave the permission. Mrs. McAdoo, Mrs. Sayre, and Miss McAdoo were welcomed at the side of the dirigible by General Charlton and Major Pritchard. It was quite a task to lift the visitors up to the narrow entrance into the forward gondola while the soldiers hanging to the hand rails held the car as steady as they could. The visitors were lifted on board one at a time, and one made the trip of inspection under the direction of the Major and was lifted back to earth again before the other made the trip. They climbed the narrow iron ladder from the pilot house into the envelope and took a look about before they left.

No Material Damage Done.

Major Pritchard, between directing things and answering questions, found time to explain the accident to the R-34 and to talk about the plans that were being carried forward under his direction.

"No material damage has been done to the ship," he said. "She was simply shaken about when being hauled down and as she jumped in the gusty wind it tore some of her minor girders. These have nothing to do with the main structure of the ship. The tear in the fabric is about four feet square and it can be seen that this tear is about the place where the mooring lines run. The damage will not in the slightest interfere with the sailing of the ship.

"It must be thoroughly understood that mooring a ship like this on an open field is dangerous. We might lose her. All this was understood by the British Government. The Government knew of the conditions to be met on this side before we sailed. One great purpose in sending the R-34 across the Atlantic was to show England's friendship for this country and to strengthen the bonds of that friendship. When it was decided to send her the British Government wanted the American Government to build a shed in which to house her. This could not be done, so the British Government, knowing the risks, decided to send her anyway. So if the R-34 were to get away or be wrecked we would simply stand by with the knowledge that a difficult task had been well done.

"The work done today has been mainly going over the engines and taking on gas and petrol," said the Major, pointing to the great piles of cylinders that contain the gas and to the long lines of canvas hose leading away from the airship. Through this hose soldiers were feeding gas into the bags concealed in the envelope. Then he pointed aft to where, at a safe distance, was a great tank containing gasoline that was being pumped into the tanks.

"It looks now as though there was very small chance of getting away tomorrow morning; not before Wednesday morning," he said, thoughtfully.

"There is a long list of minor repairs to be made to the engines, such as fitting slipping clutches and replacing valve springs. There is nothing extraordinary in all this. The repairs are only such as would be expected after such a long flight. More than 100 hours in the air is quite a long time.

"After all, engines for air duty are not as reliable as heavy engines. They can't be in the nature of things.

"So far today we have put in about 500 gallons of petrol. We will take somewhere near 5,000 gallons. I estimate that we have now about 100,000 cubic feet of gas. We will take on in the neighborhood of half a million feet before we start. Of course, gas will leak when taken through a fabric hose and it may be we will use up a million cubic feet before we get our supply aboard."

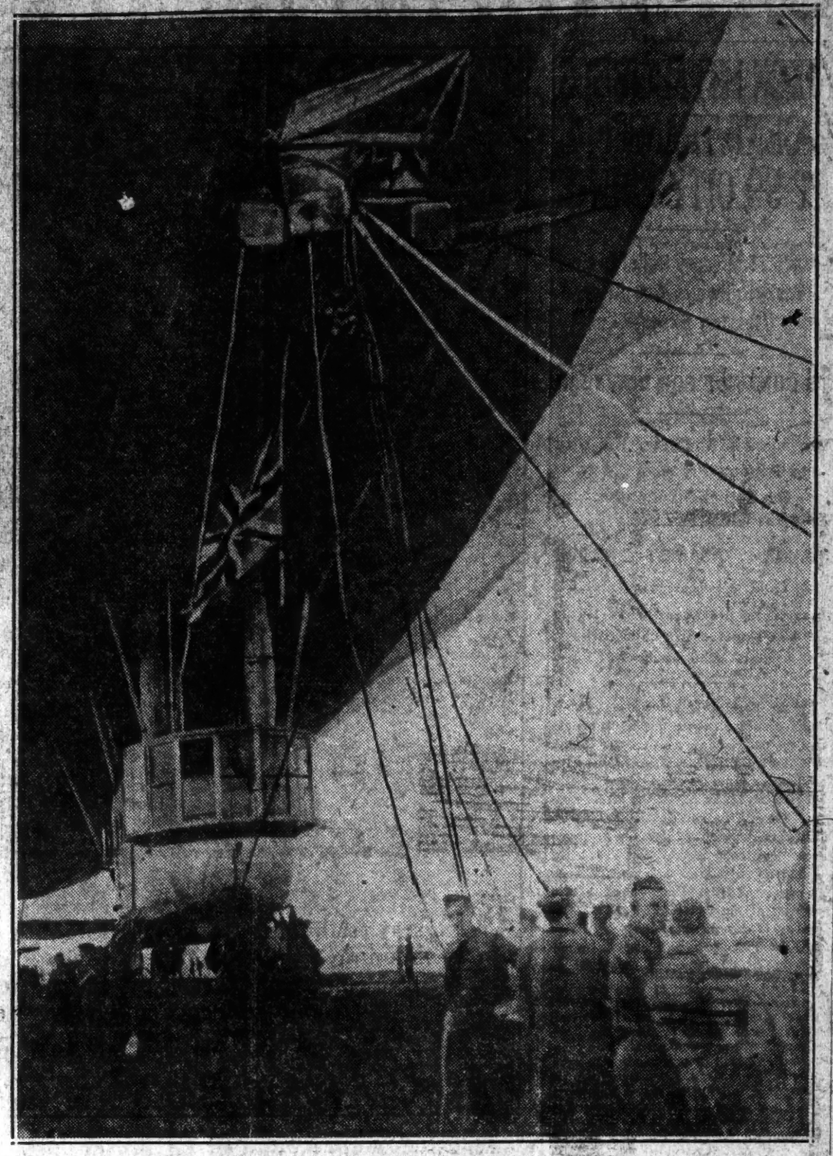
On the return voyage of the ship the United States Army will be represented by Colonel William N. Hensley of the Aviation Service. He will take the place of Lieut. Commander Zachary Lansdowne, who represented the United States Navy on the voyage westward.

"I am looking forward to the voyage with much pleasure," Colonel Hensley said. "I have more confidence in dirigibles as I think they are safer to ride in, but of course the airplane is more interesting."

Colonel Hensley is one of the men in the service wearing two wings on the left breast, signifying that he is capable of running lighter than and heavier than air machines. Colonel Hensley was born in Nebraska and was graduated from West Point in 1905. Before the war he was in command of the Balloon School at Arcadia, Cal., and during the war was Division Superintendent of the Southwestern Division, with headquarters at Dallas, Texas. He said that after he arrived in England he expected to visit France, Italy, and possibly Germany to study the aviation programs there.

It was pointed out by the Colonel that the R-34 was not the biggest dirigible ever built. The Zeppelin, ZR-72 was twice as large as the British ship, he said, and had a capacity of three million cubic feet of gas.

When darkness came last night and the last of the sightseers had departed the great searchlights were again turned upon the R-34, and she could be seen for miles around. On board there was no cessation of activity and the chouts of command and the notes from the workmen carried across the field.



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Hole Torn in the R-34 When Her Bow Got Away from Those Holding It

EARLY START NECESSARY.

By Leaving in the Night, R-34 Can Carry Larger Fuel Supply.

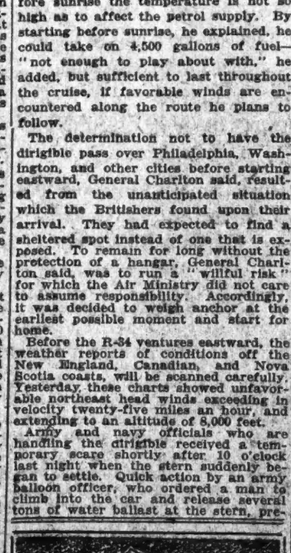
Up to the hour of postponement of the return flight of the R-34, last night, preparations had been under way to have the ship loaded to capacity by midnight. These were abandoned when it became certain there was no possibility that the engines could be overhauled in time for a start this morning.

The ship is expected to be in readiness by nightfall for an early getaway tomorrow. The early starting hour is necessary, Major Scott said, because before sunrise the temperature is not so high as to affect the petrol supply. By starting before sunrise, he explained, he could take on 4,500 gallons of fuel—"not enough to play about with," he added, but sufficient to last throughout the cruise, if favorable winds are encountered along the route he plans to follow.

The determination not to have the dirigible pass over Philadelphia, Washington, and other cities before starting eastward, General Charlton said, resulted from the unanticipated situation which the Britishers found upon their arrival. They had expected to find a sheltered spot instead of one that is exposed. To remain for long without the protection of a hangar, General Charlton said, was to run a "willful risk" for which the Air Ministry did not care to assume responsibility. Accordingly, it was decided to weigh anchor at the earliest possible moment and start for home.

Before the R-34 ventures eastward, the weather reports of conditions off the New England, Canadian, and Nova Scotia coasts, will be scanned carefully. Yesterday, these charts showed unfavorable northeast head winds exceeding in velocity twenty-five miles an hour, and extending to an altitude of 8,000 feet.

Army and navy officials who are handling the dirigible received a temporary scare shortly after 10 o'clock last night when the stern suddenly began to settle. Quick action by an army balloon officer, who ordered a man to climb into the car and release several tons of water ballast at the stern, prevented damage being done to the craft. Relieved of the water, the stern rose into a correct position. A gradual settling of the craft was expected until about 2:30 o'clock in morning, when the hydrogen in the bag reaches its highest point of contraction, and precautions were taken to prevent a sudden dropping of the ship.



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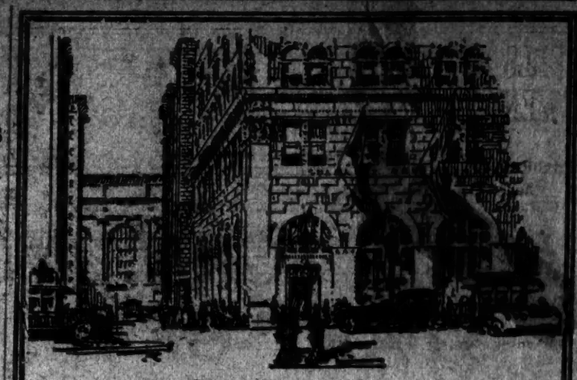

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TELLS HOW NAVY WENT TO R-34'S AID

Washington Gives Out Log of Messages to and from British Dirigible.

PATROL BOATS SENT OUT

Notified at 8:21 o'Clock Saturday Evening Aircraft Would Push On to Destination.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 7.—The Navy Department today made public this log of messages received from and sent to the British dirigible R-34 on July 5 and 6:

11 A. M. Received at the Navy Department:

For the Commandant of the Second Naval District.

Could destroyer proceed, if required, to southern end of Bay of Fundy to take His Majesty's airship in tow?

LIEUT.-COMMANDER LANSDOWNE, U. S. N., for the commanding officer of the R-34.

11:10 A. M. The following message has been sent by the Chief of Naval Operations to the commandant of the First Naval District:

U. S. S. Satilla, Cross Island, Me., to proceed to position of R-34 and render any assistance that may be necessary.

The commandant of the First Naval District has also been directed to send two destroyers immediately to render any assistance that may be necessary.

1:15 P. M. Received at the Navy Department:

Satilla left Cross Island, Me., 12:30 P. M. to the assistance of the R-34. COMMANDTNT FIRST NAVAL DISTRICT.

1:40 P. M. Received at the Navy Department:

Satilla left Cross Island, Me., at 12:30 P. M. to the assistance of the R-34. /U. S. S. Stevens and U. S. S. Bancroft will leave Navy Yard, Boston, about 3 P. M., to the assistance of the R-34. Subchaser No. 407 ordered from Bar Harbor to the assistance of the R-34. COMMANDANT FIRST NAVAL DISTRICT. DISTRICT.

1:50 P. M. Received at the Navy Department, by way of naval radio station, Otter Cliffs, Me. (Signals strong:)

Position, latitude 45.21 north, longitude 64 west. Course, southwest, true. Running out of fuel after flight from Britain. Please tell me if your destroyers are coming.

COMMANDING OFFICER OF THE R-34.

2:19 P. M. Sent to commanding officer of the R-34 from the Navy Department:

U. S. S. Satilla left Cross Island, Me., 12:30 P. M. to assist you. Two destroyers leaving Boston. Will communicate with you.

CHIEF OF OPERATIONS.

The message from the Commandant of the First Naval District was quoted to the R-34 and sent at the same time as the above messages.

3:08 P. M.:

Position noon 75th meredian, latitude 45:21 north, longitude 64:00 west. Course, southwest, true. Speed, 20 knots, standing down coast New Brunswick. Petrol running short; please have destroyers meet R-34 at the earliest possible.

4:07 P. M.:

First District, Boston. Sub. chaser leaving for assistance of R-34 at 13:45 (1:45) P. M. from Otter Cliffe, Me.

5:07 P. M.:

In accordance with orders from commandant of the First Naval District am proceeding to assistance of R-34, 2:30 P. M. U. S. S. STEVENS.

6:20 P. M.:

Proceeding to assistance of R-34, 3:20 P. M. D. S. S. BANCROFT.

7:45 P. M. From Otter Cliffs, Me.:

Following received through heavy interference from R-34: "Gasoline. R-34 wishes land Chatham. Can you supply hydrogen and (?) gallons gasoline early tomorrow morning. R-34.

8:21 P. M. From Commandant Third Naval District:

R-34 expected to arrive early Sunday morning. Dinner will be held at Garden City Hotel about noon Sunday.

9:35 P. M. From Otter Cliffs, Me.:

Canadian Press informs me that R-34 flying over Dominion Atlantic Railroad from Yarmouth about midnight G. M. T. (8 P. M. Washington time.) Please inform commandant First Naval District in order to route destroyers accordingly off Yarmouth.

11 P. M. From commandant Boston Navy Yard:

Sending out all available craft in the yard to assist R-34. Unable to get in communication with Bancroft or Stevens since they left.

11:09 P. M. From R-34, received at 11:09 P. M. (Washington time) from Otter Cliffs:

Position R-34, 67:30 west, 43.20 north; course, southwest by south by magnetic compass.

(Note: 85 miles southwest of Yarmouth, N. S., headed directly for Boston over the Gulf of Maine.)

Received 11:23 P. M.:

When at 67:30 west and 43:20 north, the R-34 sent the following dispatch: "Flying 1,500 feet. Come and meet us. Making for Boston. Rush—very short gasoline."

12:27 A. M., July 6. From Boston Yard:

U. S. S. Bancroft trailing R-34—24405.

The following order was sent from Chief of Naval Operations, Navy Department, to Rear Admiral Dunn, Commandant First Naval District:

Communicate with all stations along Maine coast. Get out everything available immediately and get in touch and keep in touch with R-34. Render every assistance possible. Keep Department informed of action taken.

Washington, 1:15 A. M. The following dispatch from the Bancroft to the R-34 was intercepted:

We see you are heading for Chatham on course 230; try speed 25 knots, keep me informed of your movements. The following dispatch from the U. S. S. Bancroft to the commandant of the First Naval District: Position 42:51 North 68:04 West, speed 23 knots or 24 knots. R-34 thinks fuel will hold out. (Time 12:53.) Weather report, wind northeast ten miles, clear temperature.

9:53 A. M. Sent by naval radio for the United States Weather Bureau to the R-34 at Roosevelt Field:

Moderate northeast winds. Fair weather next 48 hours. Conditions not favorable for return flight within next 48 hours, as weather will remain threatening over the sea and head winds will probably be encountered as far east as longitude 55 degrees.

2:01 P. M. Received by the Navy Department from radio department New York.

2:01 P. M. R-34 is still here. We will inform you on all matters pertaining to her.

Secretary Daniels today received this message, through General Charlton, the British attaché, from the Air Ministry of Great Britain:

The Air Counsel desires to express their most cordial and grateful thanks for the co-operation and assistance of the United States Navy rendered to H. M. S. R-34. AIR MINISTRY.

SAVES AIRPLANE AND CREW.

Mine Sweeper Makes Rescue Five Miles from Ambrose Light.

The navy's mine sweeper Falcon "swept up" an airplane, with its pilot and observer, yesterday, after they had been forced into the ocean by engine trouble, about five miles southeast of the Ambrose Channel Lightship. The ship first hoisted the pilot, then the observer, and finally the plane on deck, and brought them to port.

The Falcon was towing a naval target when her officers saw the plane, which had come from the New Jersey shore, alight on the water.

2,000,000 Francs for Air Prizes.

PARIS, Sunday, July 6.—Henri de la Meurthe Deutsch, President of the Aero Club of France, has given the club 2,000,000 francs to enable it to organize aviation competitions.

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Col. W. N. Hensley, U. S. A.,

Who Will Replace Lieut. Commander Lansdowne as American Observer on the R-34's Return Voyage.

MAYORS EXCHANGE GREETINGS BY R-34

Hylan Receives Letter from the Lord Mayor of London and Sends a Reply.

FIRST AIRSHIP MESSAGES

London's Chief Executive Rejoices In Friendly Rivalry Between England and America.

Mayor Hylan yesterday received a letter from Horace Marshall, Lord Mayor of London, brought here by the airship R-34. Mayor Hylan sent back an answer by the same conveyance.

The letter from the Lord Mayor follows:

The Mansion House,
London, E. C. 4.,
June 11, 1919.

My Dear Mr. Mayor:—

I am sending you, by airship R-34, this message of friendship and good will on the part of the City of London for the great and famous American city over which you so worthily preside. I trust it will reach your hands in due course, and be the first of its kind in that new method of civil and commercial intercourse which, I have no doubt, will be the great feature of the days to come. I am sure you will rejoice, as I do, in observing the keenness and the friendly rivalry with which our fellow countrymen are so enthusiastically engaging in this enterprising pursuit.

I shall welcome a reply from you by the same means if you will thus favor me.

Yours truly,
(Signed) HORACE MARSHALL,
Lord Mayor of London.

Mayor Hylan answered the Lord Mayor of London as follows:

City of New York,
Office of the Mayor,
July 7, 1919

Hon. Horace Marshall,
Lord Mayor of London,
The Mansion House,
London, England.

Dear Mr. Mayor:

I have your message of friendship of June 11 just delivered to me by the airship R-34. Accept my heartiest congratulations on the first crossing of the Atlantic by a dirigible. The successful trip of the R-34 demonstrates for all time that transatlantic navigation, through the medium of lighter-than-air craft, is not only possible but practicable. The big British dirigible successfully accomplished one of the three tremendously significant pioneer achievements in aeronautics.

Major Scott and his crew of the R-34 have made a vast contribution toward the conquest of the air, and the courageous enterprise has justly received universal plaudits. These gallant men are deserving of our highest felicitations for their daring and persistency. Following so soon in the wake of Read, Alcock and Hawker, it completes a remarkable series of aerial adventures. Out of the sum total of the experiences of these aviators will come knowledge which will expedite the placing in common use of aerial ships for civil and commercial communication.

America and Great Britain take great pride in the glowing success of aerial ventures which have been accomplished since the dark clouds of war have been swept from the horizon.

With best wishes for continued and greater success in this branch of science which is destined soon to revolutionize present-day means of travel and transportation, I have the honor to be

Sincerely Yours,
JOHN F. HYLAN,
Mayor.

Mayor Hylan's reply was sent at once to be ready for the start of the R-34.

RADIO TO AID MAILPLANES.

Post Office to Have Stations to Guide Fliers in Fog.

The Post Office Department has contracted for three radio stations, the first of a chain of wireless communicating centres in various cities to be used primarily for the direction of mail-carrying airplanes handicapped by fog, it was announced here yesterday by Emil J. Simon, manufacturer of radio apparatus.

Stations will be established at Bellefonte, Penn., and Cleveland, and at some point on Long Island or near Newark. Others will be erected at Washington and Chicago. Each station will have a steel tower 200 feet high and a range of approximately 400 miles to mail airplanes and approximately 700 miles between stations.

AIR CONQUEST ENDS AMERICA'S ISOLATION

Senator Edge Tells Elks' Convention We Cannot Stand Aloof from Old World.

WOULD SAFEGUARD RIGHTS

Says This Country Will Not Become Minority Stockholder in International Corporation.

Special to The New York Times.

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., July 7.—United States Senator Walter E. Edge of New Jersey declared tonight at the opening of the convention of the Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks that the United States cannot hold aloof from the problems of the world. The recent conquest of the Atlantic Ocean by airplane and dirigible have destroyed America's isolation, he said.

At the same time he sounded a warning lest the rights of America should be lost sight of at this time. The American people, he asserted, are opposed to the country being "a minority stockholder in an international corporation."

Senator Edge, Mayor Harry Bacharach of Atlantic City, and Bruce A. Campbell of East St. Louis, Grand Exalted Ruler of the order, delivered addresses at an immense meeting tonight on the Steel Pier.

Senator Edge in his address said in part:

"This is a crucial period in the history of our country. The President will arrive this week with the treaty of peace. The conflicting sentiment and opinions in the country must be massed in a melting pot of reason and conciliation, in order that we may determine our great problems in the interests of America and humanity, not in the interests of partisanship and self-aggrandizement.

"I have never taken the extreme view that we should toss Europe aside out of our thoughts and make war and treaties for America only. It might have been possible for us to lock ourselves up in our own closet a hundred years ago and draw the curtain on international activities, but I submit it is not possible or practicable today.

"The world progresses, and we must progress with it. Recent events, like the transatlantic flights of airplanes and the successful landing in this country of a great dirigible, carrying twenty-three persons across the ocean in a few days, speak eloquently of the fact that America's international responsibilities are different from what they were yesterday.

"On the other hand, while frankly admitting those responsibilities, it is our province and our duty to insist that the sovereignty of America be protected, that we forfeit no American right or privilege unnecessarily, in our frank and honest way, to conciliate the differences of peoples the world over, and meet the new international situation created by the war and by the march of progress.

"The American people, I believe, are opposed to America being a minority stockholder in an international corporation, yet they see the necessity of a corporation as a protector of peace, and they have no objection to America occupying in that corporation a position which is consistent with home-made Americanism, and at the same time America's duty toward the world.

"The necessity for the nonpartisan, impartial attitude of everybody, official and private citizen," concluded Senator Edge, "is not more urgent during the war than it is in this crucial period of peace."

Mr. Campbell, in his speech as ruler of the Elks, said:

"As we teach Americanism let us drive from our midst every element opposed to it, and every person who does not give full and undivided allegiance to our country, its institutions, and its flag, and who is not willing to subordinate everything to the one idea of free and democratic government and leave America for those who believe in but one flag. That flag is the glorious Stars and Stripes."

Bruce Campbell, Grand Exalted Ruler, disappeared into the air today while his wife and his brother officers of the Elks hunted for him. He went up in an airplane to an altitude of 5,200 feet and flew ten miles out over the Atlantic as the guest of W. W. Mountain, an officer of the Curtiss Aeroplane Corporation, who is an Elk himself.

Mrs. Rain, wife of the administration candidate for the next Grand Exalted Ruler of the Elks, also made a flight today.

The election of a Grand Exalted Ruler will be held tomorrow. Last minute reports give Frank L. Rain, of Fairbury, Neb., a decided advantage over Albert T. Brophy, of Brooklyn, the independant candidate.

Swift & Company's sales of beef in New York City for the week ending Saturday, July 5th, averaged as follows: Domestic beef, 18.88 cents per pound.—Adv.

ALASKA
Juneau—First National Bank.

ARGENTINE
Buenos Aires—Banco Espanol del Rio de la Plata, Banque Francaise du Rio de la Plata, Banque Francaise et Italienne pour l'Amerique du Sud, Banco Italo-Belge.

AUSTRALIA
Adelaide—Bank of New South Wales.
Brisbane—Bank of New South Wales.
Melbourne—Bank of New South Wales.
Perth—Bank of New South Wales.
Sydney—Bank of New South Wales.

ALGERIA
Algiers—Credit Lyonnais.

BELGIUM
Brussels—Banque de Bruxelles.
Antwerp—Credit Anversois.

BRAZIL
Rio de Janeiro—Banco Espanol del Rio de la Plata, Banque Francaise et Italienne pour l'Amerique du Sud, British Bank of South America, Ltd.

CHILE
Santiago—Banco de Chile.]

CUBA
Havana—Banco Espanol de la Isla de Cuba (with branches throughout Cuba), Banco Nacional de Cuba, M. Calvo y Cia. Mendoza y Cia. Trust Company of Cuba.

CANADA
Montreal (Que.)—Bank of Nova Scotia, Bank of Toronto, Merchants Bank of Canada, Imperial Bank of Canada, Royal Bank of Canada, Bank of Montreal.
Sydney (N.S.)—Bank of Nova Scotia, Merchants Bank of Canada, Imperial Bank of Canada.
Quebec (Que.)—Bank of Nova Scotia, Merchants Bank of Canada, Imperial Bank of Canada.

CANADA
Toronto (Ont.)—Bank of Nova Scotia, Bank of Toronto, Imperial Bank of Canada, Merchants Bank of Canada, The Standard Bank of Canada.
Hamilton (Ont.)—The Bank of Hamilton.
Vancouver (B. C.)—Bank of Nova Scotia, Dominion Bank, Imperial Bank of Canada, Merchants Bank of Canada.

CANADA
Winnipeg, (Man.)—Bank of Nova Scotia, Bank of Toronto, Dominion Bank, Merchants Bank of Canada.

CAPE OF GOOD HOPE
Cape Town—African Banking Corporation, Ltd.; National Bank of South Africa, Ltd.; Standard Bank of South Africa, Ltd.

CHINA
Shanghai—Asia Banking Corporation, International Banking Corporation.
Harbin—Asia Banking Corporation.
Hongkong—Asia Banking Corporation.
Peking—Asia Banking Corporation, International Banking Corporation.
Shanghai—Asia Banking Corporation, International Banking Corporation, Mitsui Bank, Ltd.

DENMARK
Copenhagen—Den Danske Handelsbank, Privat Bank of Copenhagen.

EGYPT
Alexandria—National Bank of Egypt (with branches throughout Egypt.)

EAST INDIES
Batavia (Java)—Chartered Bank of India, Australia & China; Hongkong & Shanghai Banking Corporation.
Singapore (Straits Settlements) —Chartered Bank of India, Australia and China; Hongkong & Shanghai Banking Corporation, International Banking Corporation.

FINLAND
Helsingfors—Kansallis-Osake Pankki.

GREECE
Athens—Banque Nationale de Grece (with branches throughout Greece), Banque d'Athenes.

ENGLAND
London—London Joint City & Midland Bank, Ltd., London County, Westminster & Parr's Bank, Ltd., Lloyds Bank, Ltd., Morgan Grenfell & Co., National Provincial and Union Bank of England, Ltd.
(With branches throughout England and Wales.)

FRANCE
Paris—Comptoir National d'Escompte de Paris, Credit Lyonnais, Morgan, Harjes & Co., Societe Generale.
With branches throughout France.

HAWAII
Honolulu—Bank of Hawaii, Ltd., Bank of Bishop & Co., Ltd.

HOLLAND
Amsterdam—Amsterdamsche Bank, Hope & Company, Banque de Mendes Gans & Cie.
Rotterdam—R. Mees & Zoonen, Rotterdamsche Bankvereeniging.

INDIA and BURMAH
Bombay—Chartered Bank of India, Australia & China, Hongkong & Shanghai Banking Corporation, International Banking Corporation.
Calcutta—Chartered Bank of India, Australia and China, Hongkong & Shanghai Banking Corporation, International Banking Corporation.

IRELAND
Belfast—Ulster Bank, Ltd. (with branches throughout Ireland.)
Dublin—The National Bank, Ltd.

ITALY
Genoa—Credito Italiano. All branches.
Milan—Banca Commerciale Italiana. All branches.
Florence—Haskard & Co., Ltd.
Rome—Banca d'Italia.

JAPAN
Kobe—International Banking Corporation, Mitsui Bank, Ltd., Yokohama Specie Bank, Ltd.
Tokio—Bank of Chosen, Industrial Bank of Japan, Mitsui Bank, Ltd., Yokohama Specie Bank.
Yokohama—Chartered Bank of India, Australia and China, Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation, International Banking Corporation, Mitsui Bank, Ltd., Yokohama Specie Bank, Ltd.

MEXICO
Mexico City—Mercantile Banking Co., Ltd.

NEW ZEALAND
Wellington—Bank of New South Wales, Bank of New Zealand.

PHILIPPINE ISLANDS
Manila—Chartered Bank of India, Australia & China, Hongkong & Shanghai Banking Corporation, International Banking Corporation.

PORTUGAL
Lisbon—Credit Franco Portugais, The Bank of Portugal.

SCOTLAND
Edinburgh—Royal Bank of Scotland (with branches throughout Scotland), British Linen Bank.

SWEDEN
Gothenburg—Aktiebolaget Gothenburgs Bank.
Stockholm—Aktiebolaget Gothenburgs Bank.

SPAIN
Madrid—Banco Espanol del Rio de la Plata (with branches in all principal cities of Spain), Credit Lyonnais.

NORWAY
Christiania—Centralbanken for Norge, Den Norske Creditbank.

SWITZERLAND
Zurich—Credit Suisse (with branches in all principal cities of Switzerland), Societe de Banque Suisse.

URUGUAY
Montevideo—Banco Espanol del Rio de la Plata, Banco Frances del Rio de la Plata, Banque Italo-Belge.

Great Foreign Banks We Are Working With

OUR PLAN of foreign banking service is to *co-operate* with the great established banking institutions throughout the world, obtaining from them for the benefit of our customers those full facilities and that expert knowledge of local conditions which can come only with long residence and business establishment.

WE HAVE felt that the great, experienced banks of England, France, Italy, Japan, China, South America, Australia and other countries are fitted to furnish through us the best financial service in their respective centers of commerce to American business men having foreign business.

OUR POLICY therefore is to co-operate and not compete with the Foreign banks, thus

placing at the disposal of our customers the best existing world-wide banking facilities.

SOME of the banks we are working with are mentioned in this advertisement.

WE INVITE YOU to make use of our facilities for—

Buying and selling telegraphic transfers on all parts of the world.
Issuing Letters of Credit, payable in all parts of the world, in Dollars and Sterling, or in other currency when required.
Issuing Drafts payable in any civilized country.
Effecting Collections throughout the world.
Securing Credit Information and Reports on Trade Conditions in foreign countries.
Financing Exports and Imports.
Issuing Documentary Credits and
Accepting Time Bills of Exchange.

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Downtown Office: 16 Wall Street

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Reinforced concrete building now being built for The Star Publishing Company, Long Island City. Edward Hahn, Architect.

If a contractor wants to build your new factory or warehouse on the cost-plus-percentage basis, there's a very simple question he should be willing to answer:

Get him to tell you about the volume of business he did in 1918. Then ask him how much he has this year.

If it's a great deal less than last year he may have a larger organization than he needs now, and that means a big overhead or over-manning your job.

If this year's volume compares favorably with the first half of 1918, it not only means low overhead, but that he got his business after the keenest competition in years, and there must be good reasons. You can safely consider him for your job.

Going to build? Phone Bryant 2908.

Barney-Ahlers
Industrial Construction
"Speed with Economy."

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English
Clothes
PRIVATELY TAILORED IN NEW YORK FOR MESSRS. JAMES McCREERY & CO.

THE PRICES ARE UNQUESTIONABLY LOWER THAN THE QUALITY OF THE CLOTHES WARRANT
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There are three convenient elevators in the McCreery 5th Avenue Arcade

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DOUBLE A
AA
BROWN
Shoe Polish
for dark tan & brown shoes
High Class polish for high class shoes. Made originally for the Army Officers' shoes, but now that the war is over — for *your* shoes. A dauber with each bottle.
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CORTEZ CIGARS
FOR MEN OF BRAINS
MADE AT KEY WEST
GROSVENOR NICHOLAS & CO.
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Smoky Fireplaces
Made to Draw
No payment accepted unless successful
Also expert services on general chimney work, flueing and ventilating.
Frederic N. Whitley, Inc.
Engineers and Contractors
217 Fulton St., Brooklyn

Explanation of the Peace Treaty.

The full text of the Germans' correspondence with the Allies, the proposals and counter-proposals, the interpretation and exposition of the various phases of the German Peace Treaty, appear in complete form in the July CURRENT HISTORY MAGAZINE, thus anticipating the actual text itself. The Treaty is explained in detail. This one feature covers 35,000 words, in the July number, and, besides, there are 39 other big features in the magazine. On news stands. 25c.—Advt.

URGE UNITED STATES TO BUILD AIR FLEET

Navy Men Want Government to Undertake Comprehensive Airship Program.

R-34 HAS PROVED ITS VALUE

Giant Craft Called Essential for Scouting and Communication Service.

There were two principal topics of conversation yesterday on the dreadnoughts that will go down the bay this morning to welcome President Wilson on his return from the Peace Conference at Paris. One was the homecoming of the President, and the other the arrival at Mineola of the British dirigible R-34.

The R-34 is a naval airship, and for this reason holds a peculiar interest to the officers and men of the American Navy. Whether the United States will do as the British Government has done, and give to its own naval service a fleet of great dirigibles is a question every officer in the American service would like to have answered.

"The airship of the R-34, or Zeppelin, type," said one naval officer, "is a naval arm of the first importance. The voyage of the R-34 of more than 3,000 miles without stop for fuel or gas emphasizes the great value of these giant dirigibles for long scouting flights for purposes of communication between sea and shore, and various other services of prime importance in wartime. Their use in peace time is of almost equal importance."

Concerning the dirigible as an auxiliary of the navy, The Army and Navy Journal this week prints an article in which it refers to the proposed creation of a great American naval air fleet.

"The proposed outlay of approximately $15,000,000 for rigid lighter-than-air craft," it says, "is a move founded on sound principles, as it will increase the efficiency of our fleets by giving them increased and necessary facilities for spotting and scouting in battle and in convoy work during the war. The fine weather generally prevailing in the Pacific and in the Caribbean, together with the great areas over which scouting would have to be carried on in the event of war, would give to the rigid airship a value almost inconceivable.

"It is but common sense to recognize that unless a start is made in the near future in building airships of the rigid type, the lead already taken abroad would entail almost insurmountable difficulties for those in the United States who aim, to compete with the leaders in this branch of aviation activity. Reconnoissance at the present time would seem to be a major rôle of naval aviation."

"The vast power which may now be applied in military operations, both on land and sea, the high speed with which large forces may be moved, the great number of units making up armies and fleets, and the immense areas over which operations extend, make the prompt and accurate procuring of intelligence of supreme importance. Certainly from high in the heavens, information of movements, dispositions and numbers can be most readily procured by lighter-than-air craft. It is known that the Germans, through the agency of the Zeppelin, were able to fix the position and disposition of the British fleet on the day following the battle of Jutland.

"Admiral Jellicoe in his book, 'The Grand Fleet, 1914-16,' states: 'The German Zeppelins, as their numbers increased, were of great assistance to the enemy for scouting, each one being, in favorable weather, equal to at least two scout cruisers for such a purpose.'

"We know now that the European nations engaged in the world war have created organizations as well as an interest which will insure on their parts further immediate and rapid progress in the mastery of the air, particularly through the use of the rigid airship, in which the United States has not even made a start. The problem for us is to gain a place abreast with the leaders in a field which offers tremendous possibilities.

"And to the United States Navy belongs great credit indeed for its foresight, its enterprise, and its recognition of this absolutely necessary auxiliary to the fleets, that it has adopted a program which promises to win for the United States its rightful place abreast of the leaders in this field. Let us turn a deaf ear to the low voice of the old conservatism warning against progress on the ground that some steps toward it may be faulty. That low voice is the same as that which history records as protesting against the use of metal as a material for the construction of the hulls for warships, and against the abolition of the lofty spars and sails as an auxiliary if not a primary means for the propulsion of these vessels."

NEW ARMY AIR RECORD.

Lieut. Fetters Makes First Flight Across the Cascade Mountains.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 7.—The War Department was notified tonight that Lieutenant Jay M. Fetters, flying from Portland, Ore., to points in Oregon, Washington, and Idaho, where the airplane had never been seen before, had reached The Dalles on the return trip, having covered 1,407 miles in 1,130 minutes. He was the first aviator to cross the Cascade Mountains, making twenty-five landings.

Captain Howell H. Smith, in a De Havilland Bluebird plane, on his flight from San Francisco to Ogden, Utah, averaged for the distance of 693 miles a speed of 132 4-5 miles an hour, and on the return trip to San Francisco he covered a distance of 655 miles at an average speed of 130 7-10 miles per hour. He flew at an altitude of 9,000 feet.

DISMANTLE HANDLEY-PAGE.

British Expedition Abandons Plan to Fly to New York.

Special to The New York Times.

ST. JOHN'S, N. F., July 7.—Orders recalling Frederick Wyatt, Marconi wireless operator aboard the Handley-Page Atlantic, to London, and the declaration today by Lieut. Col. E. W. Stedman, constructing engineer of the expedition, that he, too, is expecting to be summoned home, are taken as final indication that the Atlantic's flight to the United States, interrupted in Nova Scotia when the oil feed pipe broke, has been called off for good.

It was learned today that in addition to the trouble with the lubricating system the radiators, which were substituted when those first installed proved inadequate, worked unsatisfactorily, and that the water in them boiled.

Information received here by the Marconi engineers who installed the wireless aboard the biplane is that the sending, receiving, and direction finding apparatus worked well to the end. They say this is the first time "the wireless compass," as the direction finding installation is often called, has performed well in the air.

It is cold and foggy here today again, and Raynham therefore decided not to try the second flight, which he expects to make before "hopping off" for the other side in his rebuilt Martinsyde.

PARRSBORO, N. S., July 7.—The work of dismantling the Handley-Page biplane Atlantic, which crashed here on Saturday while on a trip from Newfoundland to New York, began today. Vice Admiral Kerr stated that as yet no definite plans had been made as to the disposition of the plane. He said that he might go to New York before returning to England.

Bider, Swiss Pilot, Killed by Fall.

BERNE, July 7.—Oscar Bider, reputed to be the leading Swiss aviator, was killed today in a fall from a height of 3,000 feet near Zurich. Bider, who was the chief pilot of the Swiss Army, was performing acrobatic tricks preparatory to a public exhibition.

WARSHIPS TO ESCORT PRESIDENT INTO PORT

Continued from Page 1, Column 1.

Woolsey, Tarbell, Conner and Yarnall, have been with the President since he left Brest. The Oklahoma also helped to convoy him across and will now become a unit of the main dreadnought squadron of the Atlantic Fleet.

The Pennsylvania left her anchorage opposite Ninety-sixth Street, yesterday afternoon and proceeded to a point opposite Tompkinsville, S. I., where early this morning she will be boarded by Vice President Marshall and the members of the Cabinet, who, as soon as the George Washington is sighted by the welcoming fleet, will extend their greeting to the President by wireless telephone.

When the George Washington enters the harbor the guns of Fort Hancock will fire the first land salutes, Forts Hamilton and Wadsworth, within the harbor proper, repeating the compliment ten minutes later, and Governors Island still later.

Somewhere down the Bay, probably off Quarantine, the official welcoming committee appointed by Mayor Hylan, will join the Presidential escort, the members of this committee being on the municipal steamers Correction and Porbit.

When the George Washington reaches the Government pier reservation in Hoboken the Vice President and the members of the Cabinet will proceed by launches to the pier to join the welcoming ceremonies that will attend the landing of the President.

On duty when the President arrives will be 1,100 policemen from the Jersey City and Hoboken forces. Mayor Griffin of Hoboken and Mayor Hague of Jersey City will head the New Jersey welcoming committee, while several thousand school children will be massed in River Street and will greet the President with "The Star-Spangled Banner" as he leaves the George Washington to embark for Manhattan on a special ferryboat. That part of Hoboken through which the President will pass on his way to the Fourteenth Street Ferry will be a mass of flags, and during his progress through the city twenty-one aerial bombs will be exploded in midair.

The President will land at Twenty-third Street about 2 o'clock. Automobiles will take him and his party to Carnegie Hall, where Mr. Wilson will make a brief speech in answer to addresses of welcome by Mayor Hylan and Governor Smith. Immediately after the exercises in Carnegie Hall President Wilson will go to the Pennsylvania Station to take a special train for Washington.

The George Washington was in almost constant wireless communication with the flagship Pennsylvania yesterday, the message stating that the President's ship would be off the Ambrose Channel Lightship between 11 A. M. and noon today and at her pier in Hoboken at about 1:30 P. M. The plans for his welcome were wirelessed to President Wilson, who replied that they were in every way satisfactory, adding a word of hearty greeting for Governor Smith, Mayor Hylan, and the members of the sub-committees charged with the work of arranging the welcome.

Vice President and Mrs. Marshall are due from Washington early this morning. Accompanying them will be Secretary and Mrs. Daniels, Secretary and Mrs. Glass, Secretary and Mrs. Lane, Postmaster and Mrs. Burleson, Attorney General Palmer, Secretary Wilson and Miss Wilson, and Secretary and Mrs. Baker. Acting Secretary Polk and Mrs. Polk, who are at Southampton, L. I., will join the party on the Pennsylvania this morning, as will also ex-Secretary and Mrs. William G. McAdoo, and Mr. and rs. Francis B. Sayre, Mrs. McAdoo and Mrs. Sayre being married daughters of the President.

The police arrangements for safeguarding President Wilson during his two hours' stay in New York are the most elaborate ever planned for the safety of the Chief Executive of the nation. Police Commissioner Enright will be in personal command of the men. Police lines will be maintained from end to end of the route followed by the President to and from Carnegie Hall, and only persons bearing special passes will be permitted within the lines.

Rodman Wanamaker, Chairman of the Executive Committee of the Welcoming Committee, issued a formal request to heads of business firms and householders along the line of march which the President and his escort will follow to put out American flags as a tribute to the President. The line of march will be from the Twenty-third Street ferry, east to Fifth Avenue, north to Fifty-seventh, and west to Carnegie Hall at Seventh Avenue. The return route will be east in Fifty-seventh Street to Fifth Avenue, south to Thirty-third Street, and thence to the Pennsylvania Station.

The order of the parade is as follows:

A squad of motorcycle policemen, in command of Lieutenant Anthony Howe.

Three platoons of mounted policemen, in command of Lieutenant Wood.

United States Army Band from Governors Island.

Regiment of soldiers, sailors, and marines, in command of Colonel John C. F. Tillson, stationed at Governors Island.

Automobile with eight detectives of the Police Department.

A squad of mounted policemen.

President Wilson and Mrs. Wilson, Governor Smith and Mayor Hylan, accompanied by automobiles on each side with Secret Service men, in command of Captain Joseph Murphy, who has been with the Presidential party since it first left the country.

Car No. 2—Vice President Marshall and Mrs. Marshall, Joseph F. Tumulty and Rodman Wanamaker.

Car No. 3—Miss Margaret Wilson, William G. Mcadoo, ex-Secretary of the Treasury, and Mrs. McAdoo, and Miss Behan, secretary to Mrs. Wilson.

Car No. 4—Secretary of the Treasury, Secretary of the Attorney General, and Judge Martin T. Manton, Chairman of the General Citizens' Committee.

Car No. 5—Postmaster General, Secretary of the Navy, Secretary of the Interior, and the Secretary of Agriculture.

Car No. 6—Secretary of Commerce, Secretary of Labor, and Under-Secretary of State.

Car No. 7—Members of the President's party, Bernard M. Baruch, Vance McCormick, and T. Lamont.

Car No. 8—Major Gen. Thomas F. Barry, Rear Admiral James H. Glennon, Judge Albert H. Gary, and Harry F. Sinclair.

Car No. 9—Alfred R. Johnson, ex-City Chamberlain; Herbert E. Houston, Abram I. Elkus, and Mrs. Charles L. Tiffany.

Car No. 10—John F. Sinnott, secretary to the Mayor; Commissioner Grover A. Whalen, and Supreme Court Justice Robert F. Wagner.

Members of the General Citizens' Committee will fall in behind in automobiles, three abreast.

At Carnegie Hall policemen will act as ushers. The police lines around the hall will be established an hour and a half before the President arrives, and only holders of tickets to the hall and special police passes will be permitted to pass through.

Carnegie Hall has been especially decorated for the ceremony. Those who had charge of the decorating were: Mrs. Dorothy Whitney Straight, widow of Lieut. Col. Willard Straight; Mrs. Schuyler Warren, Mrs. George Kerr, and Mrs. S. Sporborg.

The members of the Citizens' Welcoming Committee will assemble at Pier A before noon, when the official city steamers are scheduled to leave for the lower bay to join the naval escort. After the George Washington docks in Hoboken the members of the Citizens' Committee will be landed at Twenty-third Street.

Among the members of the committee who will go down the bay are Governor Smith and Mrs. Smith, Mayor and Mrs. Hylan, Robert Adamson, Mrs. Richard Aldrich, Otto T. Bannard, Mrs. August Belmont, Adjt. Gen. C. I. Berry, Nathan Bijur, Nicholas F. Brady, Thomas L. Chadbourne, John Proctor Clarke; Maurice Connolly, President of the Borough of Queens; Dr. Royal S. Copeland, Bertram Cruger, Supreme Court Justice Victor J. Dowling; Frank L. Dowling, President of the Borough of Manhattan; Henry P. Davison, Charles B. Dillingham, Mrs. William Kinnicutt Draper, J. Coleman du Pont, Abram I. Elkus, Police Commissioner Enright, the Rev. Father Francis P. Duffy, who was chaplain of the 165th Infantry; Leonard A. Giegerich, Frederic R. Coudert, Rear Admiral John J. Glennon, U. S. N.; Major Gen. Thomas H. Barry, U. S. A.; Colonel H. O. S. Heistand, U. S. A.; Judge Augustus N. Hand, Mrs. Daniel Guggenheim, Archbishop Patrick J. Hayes, Hamilton Holt, Supreme Court Justice Henry D. Hotchkiss, Herbert S. Houston, Supreme Court Justice Almet F. Jenks, Otto H. Kahn, Dr. George F. Kunz, George W. Loft, Chief City Magistrate William McAdoo, Supreme Court Justice Irving Lehman, Norman E. Mack, Judge Marvin T. Manton, Alfred E. Marling, Judge Julius M. Mayer, Robert L. Moran, Byron R. Newton, Charles F. Murphy, Mrs. Lewis Nixon, Major Gen. John F. O'Ryan, Postmaster Thomas F. Patten, William Church Osborn, George F. Peabody, Eugene A. Philbin, Alan A. Ryan, Jefferson Seligman, Charles M. Schwab, R. A. C. Smith, Nathan Straus; Oscar S. Straus, Mrs. Willard Straight, District Attorney Edward F. Swann, Mrs. C. L. Tiffany, Theodore N. Vail, Supreme Court Justice Robert F. Wagner, Felix N. Warburg, Francis Lynde Stetson, Henry L. Stimson, Benjamin Strong, General George W. Wingate, and Judge William H. Wadhams.

Admiral Wilson, commanding the Atlantic Fleet, issued final orders yesterday for the President's reception at sea. The dreadnoughts Utah, North Dakota, and Delaware, now at anchor in the North River, will get under way at 7 A. M. and proceed to Tompkinsville anchorage to join the Pennsylvania. At 7:45 A. M. the four dreadnoughts will proceed to sea.

At the same time thirty-six destroyers, under Rear Admiral Charles F. Plunkett, will leave their North River anchorages and will overtake the battleship division about the time it reaches the open sea. The destroyers are the Caldwell, Craven, Gwin, Radford, Stockton, Manley, Little Kimberly, Sigourney, Gregory, Stringham, Dyer, Colhoun, Stevens, McKee, Robinson, Ringgold, McKean, Harding, Gridley, Fairfax, Taylor, Bell, Mahan, Murray, Israel, Maury, Luce, Lansdale, Stribling, Belknap, McCook, McCalla, Rodgers, Ingram, and Bancroft.

As soon as the destroyers have overtaken the battleships the fleet will proceed at a uniform speed until the George Washington is met and the vessels returned and assembled in formation for the homeward escort. The orders issued by Admiral Wilson stipulate that there must be no cheering on any of the ships, "as the navy regulations do not authorize cheers."

WASHINGTON, July 7.—Climatic conditions prevented the carrying out today of plans for establishment of wireless telephone communication between the capital and the George Washington on which President Wilson is returning from France. Secretary Daniels had planned to use the wireless telephone to deliver to the President the first greetings of welcome.

LEAGUE CAN END FRENCH AGREEMENT

American-British-French Treaty a Temporary Measure, Says Paris Paper.

PARIS, July 7, (French Wireless Service.)—Le Petit Parisien, explaining the agreement entered into by the United State and Great Britain to come to the aid of France in case of unprovoked aggression by Germany, says:

"For the first time a convention of this kind is made public directly after its conclusion. This may be called an act of diplomacy accomplished in the face of the whole world; one, all the more decisive, for not being kept secret in the Chancelleries.

"The circumstances relative to its conclusion are known. The League of Nations cannot operate immediately. Years may go by before it really comes into force, and in the meantime France may again be the victim of aggression. The danger of aggression menaces France more than any country, which is a member of the League, America being far away, and England more than ever protected by the sea.

"Mr. Wilson and Mr. Lloyd George realized that France needed an immediate guarantee, the simple proclamation of which would keep in check any desire for aggression. The agreement published answers the purpose. It will come into force if any unprovoked act of aggression is made against France. But who could imagine in our country capable of provoking a war?

"The treaty does not impose any obligation on France, but her allies have bound themselves by it to provide her with the guarantees they deemed necessary. Finally, the treaty will remain in force until the League of Nations decides the League itself is sufficient guarantee against aggression.

"Such is the meaning of this unprecedented agreement. It will not be possible to misconstrue it."

WILSON WILL MEET SENATE COMMITTEE

Continued from Page 1, Column 2.

day that the President would address the Senate at 12:15 o'clock that afternoon.

As soon as the Peace Treaty is formally submitted to the Senate it will be sent to the Foreign Relations Committee. After that will come the effort of Senator Knox to separate the covenant from the treaty. The outcome of this proposal is in doubt, but the general impression is that the committee will not undertake such a separation, but will leave that question to the Senate itself.

Outside of the White House conference, Senators speculated today upon what method the President might use to keep in touch with the Senate committee during its deliberations. It was suggested by some that he might delegate some one for this task. The committee would want some one familiar with events at Paris, so that the reasons lying back of features embodied in the treaty might be explained.

Secretary Lansing was suggested as the logical man for this work. Some recalled reports by cable that he had opposed the Shantung settlement, and were disposed to regard him as a good man to give the information wanted if he felt at liberty to speak freely.

Secretary Lansing, it is understood, will not sail from Paris before July 18. Senator Hitchcock suggested today that President Wilson, through some medium, would see that the Senate committee had full information in its deliberations.

Senator Curtis, Republican whip, thinks that Mr. Lansing should be the one to consult with the committee.

"I assume that the President will not consult with the committee any more than he did before he went away," he said today. "I do not see that he has changed his attitude toward the Senate. The Foreign Relations Committee will want considerable information about what went on at Paris, and some one ought to give it who attended the conferences. If Mr. Lansing can be spared by the White House, he would be the man."

Senator Borah said today:

"I see no occasion for any one appearing before the Foreign Relations Committee to interpret the treaty. The Senate is not concerned in the reasons why certain things (such as the Shantung disposition) were included in the treaty. It has no concern why the League of Nations was written into it. The only concern of the Senate is whether the treaty, as it stands, is a document which it wishes to ratify. The next generation will not be bothered about reasons why, but the stern provisions of the treaty and of the League Covenant will be the things over which they will be concerned.

"For myself, would not be influenced in my attitude toward the League of Nations by any explanations that might be offered by the President or any one else. I am against the League Covenant because of the things to which it commits the United States, and I intend to oppose these in the Senate and to vote against them."

Efforts of Republican leaders to find how the Senate will stand on reservations to the League Covenant have been futile, because of the diverse attitudes of the opposition Senators. While most of the Republican Senators favor reservations of some kind, there is no agreement as to how far these should go. Borah, Johnson, Poindexter, and one or two other radicals insist that they will vote for no reservations that do not have the effect of amending the covenant. Conservative Senators, led by Mr. Lodge, favor less drastic reservations, but such as would express refusal of the Senate to be bound by the features objected to.

Apparently the Senate is a tie on any resolution that would amend the covenant. Forty-seven of the 49 Republican Senators are said to favor a qualifying resolution of some character. Rather than have the League rejected Senator McNary of Oregon, and Senator Colt of Rhode Island would vote against reservations. Senator McCumber of North Dakota, decided a few days ago for a qualifying resolution, and the opposition Senators count on him.

One Democrat, Reed of Missouri, is certain to vote against the League. Senator Gore of Oklahoma, has been counted upon to take the same position, but his attitude is said to have changed. He intends, it is now said, to stand with the Administration forces on final vote.

These shifts of two Republican and one Democrat give a total of 48 votes on each side.

Anti-League Senators are trying to reach a definite agreement on a qualifying resolution, hoping to swing Senator Colt into line. Senator McNary is regarded as almost certain to vote against any resolution that would invalidate the League covenant, although he would not vote against mild reservations.

Jonathan Bourne, Jr., President of the Republican Publicity Association, issued a statement today, urging that the Foreign Relations Committee, in its deliberation over the League covenant, ascertain why "bargains" were made by American delegates at Paris so as to save the covenant. He asked for inquiry on eleven points, as follows:

1. Is Mr. Wilson the principal author of Article X of the league covenant, by which we would be bound for all time to preserve "the territorial integrity and existing political independence" of all members of the League?

2. Why does Mr. Wilson insist that the absurd language of Article XXI. protects the Monroe Doctrine, particularly in view of the fact that English authorities positively assert that it does nothing of the kind?

3. Under what theory was it that the British Empire has six votes in the League while the United States and other nations are allowed but one each?

4. Why was the British Empire given control, in the form of mandataries, of about four-fifths of the captured German Colonial territory. This in spite of the fact that the British Empire already controlled one-quarter of the total land area of the whole world?

5. What was the so-called America scheme for a League of Nations? In what respect did it differ from, and why was it discarded in favor of, the British plan?

6. Just what were the considerations that induced Mr. Wilson to agree to urge the Senate an alliance, guaranteeing protection to France in the event of another war with Germany?

7. Is it not a fact that upon the rejection of the League of Nations by the United States Senate it will be promptly discarded by the other signatory nations and a separate peace with Germany proceeded with immediately?

8. Was there an accurate report, stenographic or otherwise, kept of the proceedings of the various commissions which transacted the real work of the Peace Conference? If so, is there any reason why the Senate should not be put in possession of a copy of every such record?

9. What is the true and unabridged story of the China-Japan-Shantung controversy?

10. Where did Mr. Wilson derive his authority, either as President of the United States or as its Peace Commissioner, to issue what amounted to an appeal to the Italian people to overthrow their Government?

11. Why should a portion of the Turkish Empire be selected for administration by the United States as mandatary?

Senator Brandegee received today from Governor Holcomb of Connecticut a letter reading as follows:

"I noted in The Hartford Courant this morning that you stated, referring to the League of Nations, 'We shall never vote for it until hell freezes over,' and a further statement, 'I will leave the Republican Party the moment it stands for the League.' I agree with the sentiments and approve of the forcible language. I am willing to go fifty-fifty with you on both propositions."

CALLS LEAGUE WAR TRUST.

Senator Johnson Says It Has Been Stripped of All Idealism.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., July 7.—United States Senator Hiram Johnson of California, speaking here tonight, declared that the proposed League of Nations was not in reality an association to prevent war, but "a league of armed nations in a gigantic war trust."

"In its very creation," declared the Senator, "it has been stripped of every idealistic purpose it ever had. It contains within itself the elements of many wars, and worse than that, it pivots, as in the Shantung decision, the chains of tyranny upon millions of people and cements for all time unjust and wicked annexations."

"This League of Nations, with the men who really wrote it, was meant to obtain peace only in so far as peace maintained forever inviolate their territories and their subject peoples, and it was meant that this kind of peace should be obtained by the exercise of the power and the force of the United States."

Summing up his arraignment of the League covenant, the Senator said:

"In a word, this League means that American boys shall police the world, that all the tottering nations of the earth shall be upheld by our guns and our bone, that Europe, Asia, and Africa may draw upon us in their every dispute and quarrel, that our nation will be at the mercy of European and Japanese diplomats who never had and never will have any sympathy with our aspirations or our ideals, that we with our glorious past shall guarantee the territorial integrity of every country on earth and the bondage of every suffering people in anguish begging for freedom, that we destroy our Monroe Doctrine and submit controversies on the American hemisphere to determination by foreign powers."

DENIES DISLOYAL SPEECH.

Nonpartisan League Organizer Explains Statement at Lakefield.

Jackson, Minn., July 7.—Joseph Gilbert, former non-partisan league organizer and co-defendant with President A. C. Townley, testified in District Court this afternoon that he had not conferred with Townley regarding the speech which Gilbert made at Kenyon in 1917 and at Lakefield in 1918, and that Townley had not conferred with him regarding addresses which Townley made during the war.

Townley and Gilbert are on trial charged with conspiracy to foster disloyalty by means of public speeches and literature.

Much of Gilbert's testimony concerned the speech he made at Lakefield Jan. 23, 1918. He was arrested while making the speech. The indictment charges that Gilbert, in this address declared:

"Your boys are better off on the farms than in the trenches, 5,000 miles away. Who will feed these boys when they are in the trenches 5,000 miles away?"

Gilbert testified today that he said:

"Why the boys on the farms are rendering just as valuable service toward winning the war as the boys in the trenches."

"I also said who would feed the boys in the trenches if all would be at the front," Gilbert added.

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at $35—$45—$75
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Coats and Capes — For Beach, Motor and Town
Regularly $75 to $125
at $35—$55
Fashionable styles in tricotine, velour, twills and novelty materials—in smart street shades and high color, richly lined with plain and figured silks.

Separate Skirts — Sports & Country Club Styles
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WASHABLE COTTON SKIRTS AT $8—$10—$12

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751 FIFTH AVENUE
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TUESDAY WEDNESDAY and THURSDAY
JULY 8th, 9th and 10th
MARY'S HATS
formerly selling at
$18 to $30
will be offered at
$10 $12 $15

COUNCIL CONSIDERS CHECK ON BELA KUN

Clemenceau Asks for Inquiry as to Strength of Forces Available to Use Against Him.

MIGHT MEET 200,000 ARMY

Allies Fear French Force Is Too Small, but Hesitate to Allow the Rumanians to Fight Hungarians.

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PARIS, July 7.—Premier Clemenceau appeared suddenly at the session of the Supreme Council, whereupon the French Minister of Foreign Affairs, M. Pichon, withdrew.

Mr. Hoover, who was present, repeated his statement that the revictualing of Poland, Czechoslovakia, the Russian provinces, and Rumania was practically crippled by Bela Kun's refusal to permit communication through Budapest, whence all the railway lines radiate.

Under Clemenceau's urging, the Council requested its military advisers to investigate Bela Kun's military strength and the number of allied troops which could be quickly thrown against him.

There are small French forces near Vienna, and Serbian and Rumanian forces to the southward. It is understood that the Allied Military Intelligence Bureau reports that Bela Kun's strength is spreading and that 200,000 Hungarians might rally to his support, although not half could be equipped.

Bela Kun has artillery available but no means of communication. It is asserted that he has been maintaining himself largely with allied supplies stolen from Hoover's relief trains which he seized.

The French and Americans think the French force at Vienna is too small to cope with even the unorganized Hungarian rabble, but are loth to permit the Rumanians to advance against Bela Kun for fear they will go on when once they begin their offensive. The Czechoslovaks cannot be organized against the Hungarians because Bela Kun is preventing communication and the transportation of supplies.

Crack Italian cavalry might be rushed against Bela Kun by rail, but it is understood that the Italians expect compensations for interfering with Bela Kun which America could not agree to.

SERVICE MEN HOLD JOBS.

Committee Says Only a Few Have Quit Work Once Found.

Denial of a report that former service men were not holding on to the jobs obtained for them was made in a statement issued last night by Alfred L. Smith, Executive Secretary of the Re-employment Committee for Soldiers, Sailors, and Marines, at 508 Pearl Street. He admitted that a small percentage of the men quit work when they found they were not suited for the particular job or that conditions were not satisfactory, but averred that this percentage was not any larger than that of civilians who were changing positions.

"Out of 896 former service men who were interviewed one day recently at the Re-employment Bureau, it was found that 472 were new registrants," said Mr. Smith. "Of the other 424, there were 54 men who had not been referred to a position and 173 who had been referred to but one job. There were 73 who had been sent to two openings, 49 who had been sent to three places, 29 who had been sent to four, 24 who had been directed to five employers, 9 who had been sent to six, 3 who had been sent to seven, 3 who went to eight, and 3 who had gone to nine local offices for a job.

"There were 42 men," he continued, "who had been previously placed once; 7 who had obtained positions twice, 2 who had got jobs in three places, and 3 who had received employment in four different organizations.

"Hundreds of men have visited places only to find that the job had been filled before they arrived. Sometimes a man man goes to nine employers but fails to connect. When we find a man has failed to get a job after being sent to several openings we make a special investigation to ascertain the cause."

Major Warren Bigelow, Director of the bureau, said that a woman who lives in Sherbrooke, Canada, has written him asking that he help locate her missing husband, who may be in New York City. The man sought is F. J. Pinfold, 37 years old, about five feet seven inches tall, weighing 136 pounds, thin in the face, and has "a dimple in the chin."

Pinfold served with the Royal Engineers, Marine Section, of the Imperial forces. He formerly lived in Seattle, Wash., and San Francisco. His wife has been left to support their 12-year-old boy, and has just come out of a hospital. Pinfold disappeared on June 23, the woman wrote, and he wore at the time his military trousers, a brown coat, and a dark blue cap.

WOMAN KILLED BY SENTRY.

Fired at Auto When Her Husband Drove Into a Camp Street.

NEWPORT NEWS, Va., July 7.—Mrs. Edward J. Shafer of Williamsburg, Va., formerly of Buffalo, N. Y., was killed today when a sentry at camp Alexander fired at an automobile in which she, her husband, and their two children were riding, in an attempt to halt the machine. Private Nichols, Company I, Twelfth Infantry, the sentry, is charged with murder.

He said he ordered the machine to stop when Shafer turned into one of the camp's side streets which was closed to visitors. The order was not obeyed, the guard said, and he fired at the automobile's tires. The bullet struck Mrs. Shafer in the back.

Shafer said he did not know the street was closed to visitors and that he did not hear the guard's command to halt.

Offers to Divide Salary with Men.

George A. Stanley, President of the New York & North Shore Traction Company, which operates lines of trolley cars from Flushing to Whitestone, in Queens Borough, and to Hicksville, in Nassau County, announced to the Board of Directors yesterday that he would give part of his salary to increase the wages of the motormen and conductors. Their wages are to be increased 3 cents an hour. The company has asked the Board of Estimate and the Public Service Commission to allow it a fare increase of 2 cents, but has not receive a favorable reply.

Iakowliw Ukrainian Chief at Hague.

By Cable to the Editor of THE NEW YORK TIMES.

THE HAGUE, July 7.—Referring to the cable dispatch from The Hague June 16, please publish that the Ukrainian Envoy Extraordinary at The Hague is Mr. Iakowliw. Your correspondent was talking with Koulichere, Secretary of the mission.

UKRAINIAN DIPLOMATIC MISSION.

The dispatch referred to included an interview with "Ukrainian Envoy Plenipotentiary Koulichere," in which the relations of the Ukrainians and the Poles were discussed.

American Coal Sent to Switzerland.

BERNE, July 7.—Several steamers have arrived at Rotterdam with American coal for Switzerland. This coal costs from 170 to 180 francs a ton, against 123 francs 40 centimes for German coal. The American coal, however, is delivered unconditionally, while Germany, France, and Belgium require return shipments of cattle, condensed milk, cheese, and other products.

Airplanes Watch Firing on Moving Sea Targets

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 7.—The Army Air Service reported tonight through Captain Glidden that for the first time firing at moving sea targets was observed from airplanes off Fort Hancock. This was a coast artillery experiment, and was characterized as successful. Heretofore observation from airplanes has always been on stationary targets.

Lieutenants Barksdale and Yost made the observations from a Curtiss plane, which was equipped with both receiving and sending wireless. Lieutenant Bernard Tooher, pilot, and Lieutenant Robert Best, observer, manned a relief plane, in case something should happen to the first plane. From a third plane photographs were taken by Lieutenant Harry H. Young and Burt E. Hinckley.

Nine shots were fired from twelve-inch forty-calibre Barrett coast defense rifles. The first three were ranging shots. Of the remaining six, five would have reached a target the size of a battleship. The moving targets were ten feet wide, 150 feet long, and thirty feet high.

WILL TRY TO TALK TO MARS.

Prof. Todd Will Go Up in a Balloon from Fort Omaha.

Special to The New York Times.

OMAHA, Neb., July 8.—Professor Avis Todd of Amherst College is to make a serious attempt to communicate with the planet Mars from a balloon which will be sent up from the War Department Balloon School at Fort Omaha next Sunday. The balloon will be piloted by Captain Leo Stevens, head instructor for the War Department, and will be sent to the highest point ever reached by man, if present plans are carried out.

Captain Stevens already holds the world's records for ballooning, having reached a height of 29,500 feet some years ago. He expects to take Professor Todd above that height next Sunday. One of the big spherical balloons used by the War Department will be used in the flight, and from thirty-six to forty hours will be consumed.

Professor Todd has worked for years on the idea of communicating with Mars, and reports at Fort Omaha are that he has now perfected his instruments and expects his next effort to be successful provided he can rise above 30,000 feet. Six years ago, with Captain Stevens as his pilot, he made an attempt to get into communication with Mars, but the balloon only got 22,000 feet high. The following year Professor Todd climbed a high peak in the Andes Mountains and set up his instruments, but found that proximity to the earth interfered.

KAISER HAS AMPLE MONEY.

Considered Likely He Will Retain Much of His Fortune.

AMERONGEN, June 14, (Correspondence of Associated Press.)—The former German Emperor has been discussing his financial problems for more than a week with Dr. J. Kriege, who has been in charge of the imperial estates and funds in Germany since the Hohenzollern abdication.

The former Emperor is not short of money, as he possessed a considerable amount on deposit in Holland before the war began. This was added to appreciably while hostilities were in progress. During the few weeks preceding his abdication, William and his followers transferred further large sums in ready cash.

But William is troubled as to the fate of his real estate. He possessed no fewer than fifty-five castles, hunting boxes and country seats scattered over the empire. The revenues of these properties are for the present, at least, in the hands of the new Government, which hitherto has paid from their proceeds all Herr Hohenzollern's bills forwarded to Berlin for settlement.

These accounts have been quite formidable, as the imperial refugee is called upon to pay for everything he consumes, as well as for his accommodations and the upkeep of his suite, besides paying the wages of the gardeners and domestics of the Bentinck estate who render him services while wood-cutting or in the household.

The expenses of the Dutch guard of gendarmes on duty around the castle also fall on the Hohenzollern purse.

The German Government's intentions concerning the former Emperor's private fortune cannot be learned here. Germans recently from the Fatherland say that there is a great deal of purely personal sympathy for William among all classes, and that it is likely he will receive a large portion of the value of what he owned. They say it is probable that most of the castles and country houses will be sold and the cash paid to William's account, but a number of them may be retained as Government property to be used for the purposes of local Government headquarters. This they consider an equitable arrangement which would not deprive the ex-monarch of his rights as a private citizen as, they believe, would be the case if his property were confiscated.

ALLIES TAKE STEPS TO DEMAND KAISER

Continued from Page 1, Column 8.

formation comes from authoritative conference circles, adds, that because of more urgent business coming up, discussion of the question by the council was postponed.

Nevertheless, the agency says, it is known that President Wilson had expressed himself strongly as to the place for the holding of the trial, and it asserts that there is every reason to believe he was fully cognizant of the decision to try the ex-Emperor in London.

COPENHAGEN, July 7.—Field Marshal von Hindenburg, former Chief of the German Staff, has written to Marshal Foch appealing for his support of efforts to prevent the extradition of the former German Emperor. Von Hindenburg offered to place his own person "fully and absolutely at the disposal of the allied powers."

Field Marshal von Hindenburg sent a telegram to President Ebert of the German Government on Friday, in which he assumed full responsibility for the war orders and proclamations issued in the name of the Emperor, according to a Copenhagen dispatch received in London Saturday.

ASSERT PLACE OF TRIAL WAS FIXED CASUALLY

French Give This Version, but Others Say the Kaiser Question Was Discussed Fully.

By RICHARD V. OULAHAN.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, July 7.—According to French versions, the decision to try the ex-Kaiser in London was reached by the Council of Four in the most casual way. In French official quarters it was said this evening that during a session of the Council Premier Lloyd George asked:

"Is there any objection to trying the Kaiser in London?"

Nothing was said by any of the others present, according to the account given. The inference drawn from what was said today was that the allied peacemakers forgot about the incident until they read Lloyd George's announcement in the House of Commons that it had been decided to have the ex-Kaiser's trial take place in London.

This version does not agree with information obtained from other sources, according to which the manner of the trial of the ex-Kaiser was talked over by the members of the Council of Four at some length. The initial proposal was that the trial should take place in Washington, it is said, and after this had been vetoed by President Wilson there was some consideration given to having the former Emperor brought to Paris to answer charges before some tribunal povided by the Versailles treaty. When this had been rejected as unwise, London was suggested, and there was evidently an agreement reached which justified the statement by Lloyd George.

One of the interesting features is that nothing appears in the minutes of the Council of Four regarding an agreement to place the ex-Kaiser on trial at any particular place. It is explained in this connection, however, that the Council kept only meagre records of its proceedings. During most of the time the Council was in session no secretary was present.

BERLIN INTEREST KEEN IN EX-KAISER'S FATE

Hears That if Holland Enters League He Will Be Handed Over—Lloyd George Assailed.

By GEORGE RENWICK.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, July 5.—The serious strike situation in Berlin and the tie up of railway traffic over the western and southern regions of Germany yield place in interest in today's Berlin newspapers to the question of the fate of William of Amerongen.

Vorwärts has it from a "well-informed quarter" that if Holland refuses to hand over the ex-Kaiser the Allies will be content to let the matter rest there, but if Holland enters the League of Nations she will have to agree to hand him over.

Lloyd George's speech in the House of Commons calls forth comment only from the extreme conservative press. Count zu Reventlow, who is quickly getting back to all the violence of his war and pre-war rhetoric, declares in the Deutsche Tageszeitung that the speech was pervaded by "a spirit of lies, insults, and bigotry."

The Tägliche Rundschau seems to take great comfort in the British Premier's statement regarding the part Great Britain played in the war, which proves to its Junker mind that "the war was England's war" and that "England was, is, and will be our enemy."

The Deutsche Zeitung says that despite all Lloyd George says, Germany "is not at the end of her tether. The spirit of Frederick the Great and of Bismarck will again help us to victory. The future belongs to us."

DEBATE GERMAN CONSTITUTION

Decision at Weimar That Naturalized Citizen May Be President.

WEIMAR, July 6, (Associated Press.)—The German National Assembly is still debating the new Constitution, and has indorsed the article qualifying any male citizen, native or naturalized, who has attained the age of 35 years, for the office of President.

The naturalization provision was included owing to the realignment of the German frontiers, depriving many former German subjects of their nationality.

The Constitution provides that the President shall be chosen by popular vote.

DUTCH PRESS SUGGESTS EX-KAISER BE EXILED

But if Allies Insist on Surrender They Want Fair and Impartial Trial.

By LEONARD SPRAY.

Copyright, 1919, by The New York Times Company.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

ROTTERDAM, July 6.—Commenting on the proposed surrender of the ex-Kaiser the Vaderland says that the desire to have vengeance on the German monarch for the evils of the war may be called foolish and unjust by some, but that it must be acknowledged that among the masses, who want to see him before his judges the feeling shown has its value. So long as these people see in him the embodiment of all the evil of war it is natural, it says, that they should wish to see him punished.

This journal asks if the British Government might not perhaps be glad to be helped out of their difficulty by the refusal of Holland to surrender the ex-Kaiser. It is of the opinion that the Dutch Government will follow strictly the legal forms, and that if they allow his surrender it will take place and that otherwise it will not. But Wilhelm II, it says, might be asked to leave the country and he could go nowhere but to Germany and, according to the Peace Treaty, the Germans would have to give him up.

The Vaderland also refers to the possibility of coming to agreement with the powers by which the ex-Kaiser might be banished to some distant island. This would be very different from giving him up to a trial by a court of his enemies.

It takes a great deal to rouse the Dutch people to any show of emotion. Whatever they may be feeling, it does not appear that they feel the question of the surrender of the ex-Kaiser is very vital. They did not ask him to come to Holland, but whatever happens they deem it must be done decently and according to the traditions of civilized and intelligent nations.

The Nieuws Van Den Dag writes:

"We feel that incitement to war or the lightly beginning of war is the greatest crime against humanity. We would rather see great criminals judged than small ones punished. Every anti-militarist must agree that such a criminal, however highly placed, should not escape his just retribution, and if there is an opportunity to judge him our country must not help him to escape.

"We, therefore, would put aside all legal scruples and traditions and would give up the ex-Kaiser to a court of justice which should inquire whether and how far Wilhelm of Hohenzollern deserves punishment for having caused or neglected to prevent war. But it must be a court of justice worthy of the name, one giving guarantees of impartial examination and a just sentence according to the customs and rules of civilization.

But there is a curious chapter in the Treaty of Versailles regarding guarantees which does not satisfy these conditions. We can hardly credit that such men as Lloyd George and Lord Curzon can have publicly declared the ex-Kaiser shall be tried in London by a court of the great powers. If the request to surrender him were made in such circumstances the answer must be that no civilized State where justice is held in honor would answer thus.

The Nieuws van den Dag suggests that agreement might be arrived at by which the ex-Kaiser could be removed to a place where he could do no further harm. The paper goes on to ask what would happen if the great powers should press the point to extremes, and concludes that the ex-Kaiser is not worth a single drop of Dutch blood, and that Holland would give way to force, which it could not oppose.

PERSHING TO LEAD TROOPS.

Will Head First Foreign Force to Pass Under Arc de Triomphe.

PARIS, July 7, (The Associated Press)—General Pershing and the members of his staff will ride at the head of American troops on Victory Day, France's national holiday, July 14, the commander of the American expeditionary forces will pass under the Arc de Triomphe, leading a composite regiment of American soldiers.

It will be the first time since the arch was erected that a General commanding a foreign army has had such an honor bestowed upon him. Other American Generals will take part in the parade. They have not yet been chosen, as the blending of France's national holiday into a victory day, commemorating her triumphs, was decided upon less than a week ago.

The regiment which will represent the American Expeditionary Forces is now being selected and is gathering at Pershing Stadium, so that companies may be formed and commanding officers appointed.

FOR JUSTICE TO THE JEWS.

Pichon Tells of France's Strong Support of Measures.

PARIS, July 7.—M. Pichon, the Foreign Minister, replying to a communication from members of the Chamber of Deputies asking information as to the attitude of France in the Peace Conference with regard to the Jews of Poland, Rumania and other countries, declares that from the beginning of the conference the French Government endeavored to obtain through consideration of the Jewish question, and asked that conditions of absolute equality be granted the Jews in new or enlarged States.

These efforts, M. Pichon says, resulted in the treaty already signed by Poland guaranteeing complete liberty and equality to Jews in political and religious matters. M. Pichon's communication in conclusion eulogizes the part the allied powers have taken in the defense of minorities, but asserts that no country was ahead of France in such defense.

SAYS JEWS OPPOSE REDS.

Those in Russia of All Classes Are Struggling Against Bolshevism.

A. J. Sack, director of the Russian Information Bureau in the United States, made public last night a cablegram he had just received from M. M. Vinaver, the recognized leader of the Russian Jewry and the chairman of the Central Committee of the Constitutional Democratic Party, who is now in Paris, in which Mr. Vinaver said:

"The entire Russian Jewry struggles against Bolshevism. This is true with regard not only to the bourgeoisie, but to the democratic classes of the Russian Jewry as well. It is sufficient to say that not a single Jewish Socialist faction has joined the Bolsheviki. All political factions of Russian Jewry are struggling against Bolshevism.

"The great majority of the Jewish population, including many of the poor, are being classed by the Bolsheviki with the so-called bourgeoisie, and every place where the Bolsheviki rule, the Jewish population, with a few insignificant exceptions, is suffering and starving.

"Only through establishment of a stable democratic régime can Russia be saved and with Russia the great part of the Jewish people who live within her boundaries. The American Jewry would help their brethren living in Russia very much if they would help us in our work of building up an anti-Bolshevist democratic Russia."

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ADVANCE MODELS
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An Important Sale of
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At $1.20
These are good shirts, smartly patterned, and very carefully made. Such an offering is very rare, and only because of an unusual trade opportunity is such a sale possible. The cloths are all closely woven, and come in
Neat Candy, Triple and Cluster Stripings, on light and dark grounds.

Made of Government Leather
Men's Cowhide Belts
Special at 55c
Leather for Government use had to be the finest procurable, in itself a recommendation of the sturdy quality of these belts. They come in three widths, and in two colors—Black and Cordovan. You never saw better belts at one dollar.
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Speedway Park, Sheepshead Bay

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HAND-MADE BLOUSES
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Fashioned of sheer voile, batiste or organdie in white or pastel tints, with soft collars, becoming necklines, engaging frills, hand embroidered designs or laces, and exquisite needlework.
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Throw a powerful breeze at a very wide angle, direct or alternating current.
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Electric Fan, non-oscillating, 8-inch, 1 speed .. $9.00
Electric Fan, non-oscillating, 8-inch, 3 speed .. $9.85
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Government Sale of Music Stands—2,100
Sealed bids will be opened 10 A. M., July 26, 1919, at Zone Supply Office, Chicago, Ill. Particulars, special bid forms may be obtained at above Office or Zone Supply Office, attention Surplus Property Officer, following Cities: Boston, New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore, Atlanta, St. Louis.

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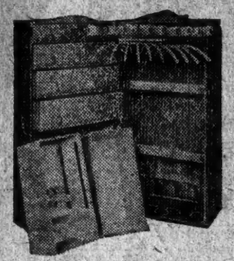

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FOIL ANARCHIST PLOT TO WRECK ROME

Sixteen Conspirators Seized Four Hours Before Time Set for Explosions.

SOUGHT TO WIN SOLDIERS

But Emissaries Who Approached Suburban Garrison Were Fired Upon and Dispersed.

ORDER REIGNS IN FLORENCE

Food Strike Declared Off and Troops in Control—Demonstrations in Other Cities.

ROME, July 7, (Associated Press.)—An anarchist plot to attack the central part of Rome by means of hand grenades and other explosives has been exposed by the arrest of sixteen of the conspirators four hours before the time fixed for carrying out the plans.

About the same time thirty anarchists motored to Fort Prat Alata, four miles from Rome, and tried to induce the garrison to join in an attack on the Rome market places. The soldiers fired on the anarchists and seized several of them. The others fled.

The city remains tranquil.

Quiet Restored in Florence.

Quiet has been restored in Florence and several other cities, where disorders have marked the food situation. Demonstrations against the high cost of living and against food profiteers, however, have occurred in Milan, Leghorn, Alessandria, and Brescia.

Premier Nitti declared to newspaper men that the sole cause of the recent disorders was economic. He appealed for their support in pacifying the radicals.

The Italian Socialist organizations have decided upon a general strike for July 20 and 21 as a protest against allied intervention in Russia and Hungary.

"Salus publica suprema lex," (the public welfare is the supreme law,) the ancient motto of the Romans, is being applied by the Italian Government at this critical moment of the national life of Italy.

"The Government closed one eye, indeed, in some cases both, for so long that the people took the law in their own hands," said a leading Italian statesmen. "They were aiming at giving a harsh but deserved lesson to profiteers. It was right that the people should punish those who made millions through the suffering of the entire population, which for over four years strained every nerve in the face of the greatest struggle of its history. With pitiless energy, however, as pitiless as its leniency heretofore, the Government now intends to repress any attempt to transform a just protest into something more serious."

Florence has been occupied by military forces, and the mobs now know that the machine guns of the troops were not taken there merely for show. The same thing has happened at other rebellious centres, especially at Ancona and Brescia, where many persons were wounded.

In Genoa, where the uprising against the cost of living took a most orderly form, the people imposed a reduction in all prices, watching the carrying out of this order and preventing any violence against shopkeepers. They intervened whenever attempts were made to ransack shops, putting down the disorderly elements with much greater energy than the police ever used. At Milan the people have presented an ultimatum, demanding that the prices of all necessities be materially reduced by Tuesday.

A mob ransacked nearly all the shot shops at Palermo, the troops being called out too late to prevent pillaging. When they appeared they were received with applause, the crowd shouting to the soldiers: "No firing, boys! We aren't at the front! Here we are all brothers, and all are against the vampires who have starved us."

From all towns where disorders have occurred the same report is coming. A week ago everything could be bought at high prices, but now the shops are closed, goods are lacking, and nothing can be found. Entire families in many places are in despair of finding something to eat.

Count Olgiati, Prefect of Florence, has been removed from office. He was transferred to that city from Milan during the war, after he had been unable to prevent a general strike in Milan.

Florence Strike Declared Off.

FLORENCE, July 6.—The food strike here was declared off at midnight Saturday. All is calm in the city.

Although there is a large colony of Americans in Florence, no American property was damaged in the disorders Friday and Saturday, so far as can be ascertained.

Large crowds assembled in the streets this morning, unaware that the strike had been declared off officially.

Rome Officials Cut Prices.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

ROME, July 5.—The usual picturesque market scene of placid housewives buying their morning supplies from stands piled high with vegetables, fruits, and flowers displayed under gay-colored umbrellas was turned today into one of excitement, shrieking, and yelling. The municipal authorities, foreseeing trouble if the high cost of living was not reduced, had issued a decree fixing the price of all necessities at half their former figure. They had also sent a great number of carabinieri to see that the new decree was carried out.

Many merchants at first refused to sell their wares at the reduced rates, but, seeing that the authorities did not mean to be trifled with and that they were liable to arrest or heavy fines, finally gave way—not, however, before having caused a great deal of excitement and discussion. The people, being hardly able to believe their good luck, bought freely, soon clearing the stalls of everything they contained. In the centre of the city every shop had two carabinieri stationed at the door who questioned every woman as to the prices she had been made to pay. If she had been overcharged they forced the shopkeepers to return the extra money. The Mayor of Naples is applying the same system in that city.

The Giornale d'Italia publishes a solemn appeal to the Italian people not to indulge in further excesses of destruction. The strikes which have occurred, it says, are only local so far and can easily be suppressed, but if they are allowed to spread the movement will inevitably fall into the hands of men without scruples, while the working men, especially those with families, will remain in the same position as before, perhaps even worse, as every one, in joy of seeming liberty, will refuse to work, every one wishing to command and no one to obey. If this should happen, it continues, food would soon begin to be scarce, foreigners would leave the country, capitalists would not invest money, and in a week prices would have again risen, thus making way for disillusion and discontent.

The writer ends by setting before his readers the terrible example of Russia, which has been able to live, although disorganized, because it possessed within its boundaries natural riches, such as coal, oil, wheat, and metals. "But what would happen to Italy," he asks, "if, frightened by our momentary superficial revolutionary fever, foreigners should refuse to send us coal? We should die of railway paralysis in three weeks. But in Italy we are only facing local episodes caused by the high cost of living. In Italy one plays at revolution as a child plays with firearms. In Italy one throws snowballs down hill, hoping that they will not become avalanches. And, as is always the case when one has to do with an intelligent child, a warning to reflect may prevent disaster. Therefore we ask every one to reflect."

2,355 OHIO TROOPS ARRIVE.

Had a Close Call in Fog at Sea—Deny Spur Camp Yarns.

The transport Edgar F. Luckenbach arrived here yesterday from France after a narrow escape from a collision with another vessel in midocean during a fog. While nearing New York the transport also lost a propeller. The ship that almost rammed the Luckenbach was a large Atlantic liner, but her identity was not learned. It was said she came so close to the transport that an object might easily have been tossed to her deck from the Luckenbach.

The transport brought thirty-one officers and 2,324 men. The troops were mainly the rear guard of the personnel of the Spur Camp, situated at La Mans. During the war the Spur Camp was known as the Second Replacement Depot, through which all the troops of the A. E. F. passed on the way to the front.

Lieut. Col. Frank A. Hunter, an attorney of Columbus, who resigned his seat in the Ohio State Legislature to enter the service, commanded the returning troops. He was also commander at Spur Camp. He denied the published reports that the men suffering from physical defects were forced into the labor battalions. He said the men in the labor battalions were volunteers and joined in order to remain longer in France.

The Spur Camp, he added, had the record of being the model camp of the A. E. F. Regarding certain criticisms there, Colonel Hunter said that these erroneous reports had become so current that the soldiers received letters from thir wives and families saying they they "never wanted to hear from them again."

COL. HOWLAND RETURNS.

Commander of Old 69th Speaks in High Praise of His Men.

Colonel Charles R. Howland, who commanded the old 69th Infantry on the march into Germany, returned yesterday on the transport Santa Ana which docked at Hoboken. Colonel Howland was in command of 1,379 troops on board. He is a regular army officer and a native of Jefferson, Ohio. Colonel Howland marched at the head of the 69th Regiment from France to Remagen-on-the-Rhine, where the regiment held the approach of the Ludendorff Bridge. Colonel Howland explained that the Germans built three bridges across the Rhine, using prisoners of war. One was called the "Crown Prince," another "Hindenburg," and the one at Remagen "Ludendorff."

"The old 69th Regiment is the finest organization in the American Army," Colonel Howland said. "Those boys have grit. We marched into Germany without a man dropping out of line and some of them walked through the mud with the soles worn clear off their shoes. They have wonderful grit."

Colonel Howland said he would not think of leaving New York without calling on Father Duffy. "He is the finest man in the world," said Colonel Howland. "I want to see Lieut. Col. Anderson, Major Kelly, and Major Henry A. Bootz.

Speaking of Major Bootz, Colonel Howland said: "Major Bootz is a soldier, every inch of him. There is not an officer in the French Army, the American Army, the Belgian Army or the German Army alive today who performed such a feat as Major Bootz performed. He had orders to charge and capture a certain objective, and when his men were half way to the destination they ran completely out of ammunition, so he ordered his command to fix bayonets and they actually took the objective."

POLES AND GERMANS CLASH.

Several Killed and Wounded at Kattowitz, Upper Silesia.

COPENHAGEN, July 7.—Several persons were killed and a large number wounded in disturbances Sunday at Kattowitz, Upper Silesia, according to advices from Beuthen. Germans and Poles took part in the disorders.

A mass meeting has been called at Kattowitz by the Germans to protest against the occupation of Upper Silesia by the Polish Army of General Haller, and to express a desire for the occupation of the region by American troops.

Four thousand Poles who came into the city from the surrounding country, it is said, attacked the meeting and threw the speakers from the platform. The casualties occurred in a fight between the Poles and the police and military.

French Cite American Aviators.

PARIS, July 7.—The Journal Official today prints citations of seven American aviators for their work in the Lafayette Escadrille. Those cited are William Thaw of Pittsburgh, Kiffen Rockwell, (dead) of Atlanta, Ga.; Robert Soubiran of South Boston, Mass.; Julian Biddle, (dead); Paul F. Baer of Mobile, Ala.; George E. Turnure of New York, and James Norman Hall of Colfax, Iowa.

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WARN THAT ITALY MAY BREAK AWAY

Must Join Germany, Russia, and Japan if Left Out of French Alliance, Says Bureau Here.

NOT BACKED BY EMBASSY

Official Sanction Claimed, but Officials at Washington Deny Authorization.

Italy will be forced into an alliance with Germany, Russia, and Japan if she is not taken into the alliance already drawn up by the United States and Great Britain for the defense of France, according to a statement made yesterday by the Italian Bureau of Information through Captain Alessandro Sapelli and Henry Rood, the director of the bureau. According to these men, the statement was made officially as representing the sentiment of the present Italian Government.

They declared that it was intended to be no suggestion of a threat, and that it was far from Italy's desire to link with those who had been her enemies during the war, but that if she were isolated politically and economically there would be nothing else for her to do. Above all, they maintained that the Italian people were deeply hurt by "the slap in the face" they had suffered when ignored in the understanding of the other three powers.

The immediate occasion for making public this position was an editorial in The London Morning Post appearing on Sunday and cabled yesterday to the Italian Information Bureau. In referring to it Mr. Rood said:

"The editorial deplores the fact that Italy has not been included in the Anglo-French-American Alliance, for it presents a danger not only to Italy, but to those other countries themselves. It also gravely deplores the current feeling that if Italy's isolation is effected, she will seek a rapprochement with the Central Empires. 'We believe that this suspicion is based on an absolutely false conception of Italian national sentiment,' it continues, and then, after reminding the British of the services rendered to the Allies, asserts that the cause of Italy is largely misunderstood in the allied countries, and emphasizes the fact that 'Italian delegates to the Peace Conference were not treated as they should have been.' The editorial concludes with the statement that 'fortunately, Italy knows that England is and always has been her true friend.'

"Now, there is no possibility of Italy forming an alliance with Central Europe unless forced to do so by being thrown overboard again, as she was in 1880, when, principally through the action of France, Italy was compelled to seek new allies in what became the Triple Alliance. It has always been an axiom of European statesmanship that no continental power can exist alone."

Mr. Rood was asked whether Italy desired an abrogation of the understanding framed between Great Britain and France on the other, or an invitation to Italy to join the other three. The answer of both the speaker and Captain Sapelli was emphatically that Italy wanted to be one of the group, that she had been deeply hurt by the slight offered her, and that there was no disguising the fact that a bitter feeling had recently grown up in Italy toward the Allies.

"Italy," said Mr. Rood, "needs protection from invasion by the Slav hordes from the east just as France needs protection from the Germans, and it was a foolish move on the part of Clemenceau to protect himself only along the northern border and at the same time leave the back door open in the south. Italy stands as a barrier to the movement of the eastern races. There is not the slightest danger of its being penetrated by Bolshevism.

"The present food crisis is not political but entirely economic. The Chambers of Labor, which in some cases, have taken over the control of affairs, correspond to the central unions in this country, and have no official connection with the Government, but the purpose is entirely economic. This can be said on the authority of a member of the staff of the American Embassy at Rome, who passed through New York last week. He said that the one reason why Bolshevism had not spread in Italy was that the whole people were united on the Fiume question. That taste kept them together, he declared.

"It is interesting to note in this connection that in Milan, for instance, manufacturers have got together with the laborers and have amicably settled hours of labor and wages. Another measure that has been taken by the Government has been the old age pension bill. This was passed about a month ago, but has not yet been ratified by the present Ministry. It provides for the payment of pensions to be derived from a fund, 30 per cent. of which will come from the funds of the unions, 30 per cent. from the Government, and the remaining 40 per cent. from the individuals themselves."

Both Captain Sapelli and Mr. Rood were emphatic on the problem of Fiume, the people of which, they said, had voted for annexation to Italy, because they felt that Italy was an organized Government which could protect the city, whereas Jugoslavia was not yet stable. It was because the people of the city themselves wanted annexation, they said, that Italians were interested. In connection with the Fiume dispute, they also said that secret messages to the Serbian Army had been intercepted.

"These orders gave instructions," said Mr. Rood, "to provoke military incidents with the Italian troops who are doing police duty in certain Adriatic areas in accordance with the terms of the armistice, the object being to report to the world that once more the Italian soldiers were butchering the Jugoslavs.

"Colonel Henry W. Anderson of Richmond, Va., who was in command of the Red Cross work in the Balkans, received a report from his representatives in Montenegro and Albania which described atrocities committed by the Serbian soldiers among Albanians and Montenegrins. These reports have been forwarded by Colonel Anderson to the Peace Conference. The Montenegrins are refusing to submit to occupation by the Serbian Army. King Nicholas has cabled that all he asks for the Montenegrin people is that the Allies grant them protection while they hold an American election to decide for themselves whether they wish to remain a monarchy, or become a republic, or unite with some other Balkan State.

"The Allies should remember what they owe to Italy. In 1914, three days before England declared war, the Italian Ambassador visited Viviani at 1 o'clock in the morning to tell him that the 600,000 French troops stationed along the Franco-Italian border might safely be removed, for Italy had no intention of fighting with the Central Powers. It is conceded that these troops were enough to turn the tide at the Marne and thus

"In October, 1918, Italy was prepared to smash right through to Vienna and make a peace on the basis of an unconditional surrender, but the troops were restrained. Ludendorff admitted in the Demokraten Politiken of Stockholm that he was compelled to ask for an armistice on the western front within six days, because, to the amazement of the German High Command, the entire Austro-Hungarian Army had collapsed under the terrific attack of the Italians.

"The United States has lent to Italy $1,600,000,000, but not one cent of this has gone to Italy. It simply went to purchase supplies produced right in this country. Now it is necessary for the United States to supply Italy with the things she needs which formerly came from Germany. This is especially true of food. She also needs fuel, lumber, and steel.

"However, if she cannot get economic aid, and is isolated politically, she will have to turn to Germany. Germany in turn will have allied herself with Russia, and ultimately Japan will come in. Italy does not desire this, and it can only be a possibility if she is forced to it."

Not Authorized by Embassy.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 7.—At the Italian Embassy it was said tonight that it had never authorized any statement to the effect that if Italy were not taken into the Anglo-French-American agreement she might be forced into an agreement with Germany, and eventually with Russia and Japan.

If such a suggestion was made by the Italian Bureau of Information, it was stated at the embassy, it was without the authority of the embassy.

FRANCE DECORATES RHEIMS

City Gets Legion of Honor for War Heroism of Its Citizens.

PARIS, July 8.—President Poincaré, accompanied by several Senators and Deputies, went to Rheims today and gave the city the Cross of the Legion of Honor. The decoration was given, President Poincaré said, in addressing the people of Rheims, "in solemn homage to the heroism of your great city."

The citation accompanying the decoration read:

"Martyr town, that an enraged enemy has destroyed because he could not continue to occupy it! Sublime population, that has given the greatest example of abnegation and disregard of peril and has displayed the most splendid courage in remaining for more than three years in continual danger, only leaving when ordered to do so! You have manifested a deep faith in the future of France, like the heroin French maiden venerated in Rheims, whose statue is erected in the centre of the city."

WANT MEDICAL RELATIONS.

French Organize to Co-operate with American Physicians.

PARIS, July 7.—The Temps announces that an organization has been formed with the object of establishing permanent relations between American and French physicians and surgeons.

Several commissions have been appointed by the organization. One of these will have in charge the establishment of a course of teaching for American physicians visiting France, and another the founding of a bureau of information.

A third commission will examine into means of organizing an exchange of articles on medical and surgical subjects between the journals of the United states and France.

MURDERS IN ASIA MINOR.

Thirteen Persons Slain Near Sokia —Greek Soldiers Mutilated.

SALONIKI, July 7.—Eleven Greeks and two Jews of French nationality have been killed by unidentified persons near the vicinity of Sokia, fifty miles southeast of Smyrna, according to the Athens Agency. The Sokia district is occupied by Italian troops.

In districts not occupied by allied troops the inhabitants are being recruited forcibly. A number of Moslems, who resisted, were shot. A number of Armenians and Jews were wounded during a reported attack by a band of Turks on Pergamus.

Bodies of several Greek soldiers were found mutilated.

Fall Kills Two Cuban Aviators.

HAVANA, July 7.—Two Cuban aviators, Sergeants Santiago Aleman and José Diaz, were killed this morning when the airplane in which they were flying caught fire and fell in flames near Columbia Barracks. The bodies of the aviators were badly burned. The machine was destroyed.

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Sport Frocks
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Formerly up to $75.00

125 Summer Dresses $19.75

Georgette, Challis, Linen Silk, Taffeta, Organdie

Formerly up to $45.00

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McGIBBON FOR QUALITY

CAPT. FRYATT'S BODY RECEIVED AT DOVER

British Pay Military Honors to the Victim of German Court-Martial.

SHOT AS A "FRANC-TIREUR"

But British Held He Broke No Law In Trying to Ram a German Submarine.

LONDON, July 7, (Associated Press.)—The body of Captain Charles Fryatt, executed in 1916 by the Germans for attempting to ram a submarine, was brought to Dover today on board a British destroyer escorted by vessels of the Dover patrol.

The casket, on a gun carriage, was drawn solemnly from the destroyer to the railway station accompanied by a naval escort and representatives of the civil authorities. It was placed in the station under a military guard for the night. It will be taken by train tomorrow to London, where national memorial services will be held at St. Paul's Cathedral.

The case of Captain Charles Fryatt has been classed with that of Edith Cavell. He was Commander of the British steamer Wrexham on March 28, 1915, when the German submarine U-33 ordered the Wrexham to stop near the Maas lightship. Captain Fryatt, acting, as he afterward said, under orders of the British Admiralty, attempted to ram the submarine. The German U-boat narrowly escaped by diving. His exploit was hailed in England as a brilliant one, and no attempt was made to keep identity a secret. Instead, the British Admiralty gave him a gold watch for his "brave conduct" and he was mentioned in the House of Commons. Thus the Germans learned the identity of the mariner who had attempted to sink their submarine.

More than a year afterward, on June 24, 1916, Captain Fryatt was captured by the Germans, together with the steamer Brussels, which he was piloting from Rotterdam to Tilbury. German warships took the Brussels into Zeebrugge. About a month later, July 28, the announcement came from Berlin that Captain Fryatt had been executed by shooting after a trial before a German court-martial. The German official statement declared that the Captain was executed for a "franc-tireur crime" against armed German sea forces. The trial was held at Bruges on July 27. The British Foreign Office had learned about ten days before that Captain Fryatt was to be tried, and through the American Ambassador in Berlin, James W. Gerard, had endeavored to provide for his defense before the German court.

The British Government asserted that Captain Fryatt's action in steering his vessel toward the submarine was essentially defensive, and that he had an undoubted right to act as he did. It was pointed out that the German prize regulations provided that in case a merchant vessel offered armed resistance the members of her crew, when captured, should be treated as prisoners of war.

The killing of Captain Fryatt aroused intense indignation throughout England and the sympathy of all allied Governments and peoples. Premier Asquith declared in the House of Commons that England would not tolerate a resumption of diplomatic relations with Germany after the war until reparation had been made for the murder of Captain Fryatt. After the armistice and the overthrow of the German Emperor and his Government, the new Government in Germany undertook an investigation of the trial, and a German commission decided that the shooting of the British Captain did not violate international law. It expressed regret at the rapidity with which the sentence was executed.

ROMANS RETURN TO CAVES.

Exorbitant Rents Drive Italians to Prehistoric Apartments.

ROME, June 23.—(Correspondence of The Associated Press.)—"Cave-men," relics of prehistoric days of human housing, live in Rome side by side with institutions of art and learning.

The caves are under the very shadow of the British Art School and the Italian College of Modern Arts, within a short distance of the National Stadium. On the other side of them is the Porta del Popolo, through which, before the days of railways, all pilgrims to Rome passed.

The reversion of Romans to the caves is not retrogression, it is evasion. Rents in Rome have been so extortionately high that these Romans have sought refuge in the tufa rocks of Rome. All efforts of the municipal police to eject the tenants from the caves have failed. The "cave-men" would go away, but return as soon as the eyes of the police were in another direction.

GERMAN ROADS TO REOPEN.

Strikers to Resume Provisionally—Food Riots in Westphalia.

FRANKFORT, July 6, (Associated Press.)—The railway strikers, who have been holding up train service in southern and western Germany, decided today to resume work, but insist that their demands be met. The workers will hold themselves in readiness for united action in case the Government's decision is adverse.

BERLIN, July 6, (Associated Press.)—The Government has been sending troops to important points affected by the strike of railway men in southern and western Germany.

The important centre of Frankfort tonight was completely in the hands of the strikers and Berlin was unable to communicate with the main station there. Trains from Berlin bound for occupied territory west of the Rhine are being held up by the Frankfort strikers. Southbound and westbound trains are also being held at the junction points in Hanover, Lehrte and Wittenberg.

The action of the strike leaders in quickly moving their headquarters from Berlin to Frankfort apparently outwitted the Government. The strategy of the strikers in moving to Frankfort, it is believed, was for the purpose of being able to deal a blow at the chief centres of the Prussian and Hessian railroads.

At Wittenberg Government troops are manning and dispatching food trains from Hamburg. At Hanover the students of the technical college are volunteering as enginemen and firemen.

There has been no change in the strike of the street railway men in Berlin. The populace was unable to make the usual Sunday excursions to nearby points and, instead, went to the various camps around the city. The Government announced that the suburban and belt line service would be resumed Tuesday.

The referee in the wage dispute between the banks and their employes has filed his report, which represents a compromise between the concessions offered by the banks and the demands of the workers. Both sides are asked to accept or reject the referee's verdict by July 11. An intensified state of siege has been proclaimed in Paderborn and Oeynhausen, Westphalia. The proclamation was issued after riots over the high cost of food had taken place in those towns.

GIRL KILLS CHICAGO LAWYER

Waits in His Office and Shoots Man She Alleges Betrayed Her.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, July 7.—Seventeen-year-old Margaret Selthamler was waiting for Attorney Benjamin Burr this afternoon when he returned to his office at 106 North LaSalle Street. Her half sister, Marie Larson, divorced wife of George Hermes, was with her.

"Well, what about it?" asked Miss Selthamler.

Burr smiled indifferently, and before he could speak the girl drew a revolver and opened fire. Two bullets hit the lawyer, one in the neck and one in the back above the hips.

"For God's sake, stop shooting, Margaret," he murmured, as he sank to the floor.

She continued firing until the six chambers in the revolver had been emptied. The three were alone in the office.

Stanley F. Suchana, machinist, working on the third floor, found the girl standing beside the body, the revolver still in her hand. Her half-sister was near her.

"I wish there had been more bullets," she said, calmly. "He's still alive. I meant to kill him."

She and the half-sister were arrested and while in the police station word came that Burr had died.

"Gee, I'm glad of that," she said, "he had it coming to him. He threw me down."

Subsequently the girl told a long story of alleged betrayal by Burr while he was obtaining a divorce for her mother two years ago.

NOSKE DERIDES TALK OF REACTION

Continued from Page 1, Column 3.

emergency it is planned that the Socialist and other labor parties' organizations will immediately declare a general strike all over Germany, which would make the transport of a single regiment impossible, even if the officers should not be deserted by the rank and file, and that it is asserted that such a military revolt would die a natural death within one week."

Herr Noske smiled, but showed no inclination to discuss details.

"But is not the Westarp-Heydebrandt ukase to the National People's Party, demanding the restoration of the monarchy under the Hohenzollerns, to be regarded as open rebellion against the present Government?" asked THE TIMES correspondent.

Giving Rope to Reactionaries.

"The present German Government is the most liberal imaginable," answered the Minister, "granting everybody freedom of speech and of the press, and so doing as Westarp and Heydebrandt refrain from actually conspiring to create an upheaval they can talk as much as they like. It would be astonishing if they talked differently after their families for centuries have lived off and in behalf of the Hohenzollerns, in whom they saw the embodiment of everything great and noble in the world. There is no accounting for one's ideals.

"But it is one thing to please one's self and one's clique with heroic pictures and grandiloquent talk, and a different thing actually to depose the dominating republican power. Westarp and Heydebrandt are much too shrewd to attempt anything of that sort, knowing that they would make themselves morally ridiculous, and we certainly can afford to let them talk."

"But didn't they feel backed by Generals Hoffmann and Borne, who threatened open rebellion and war against Poland?" asked THE TIMES correspondent.

"Now you have named two high officers whose attitude is the best proof of my contention that duty to the Father and Fatherland outweighs all other considerations with them. I can quite sympathize with their horror at signing the Versailles treaty—especially seeing that they are honest soldiers, at the so-called 'dishonor paragraph.' They may have said a little too much—that is the nature of our old school Generals—but it was not meant for publication and was never intended to provoke a revolutionary spirit against the Government, and when those Generals quieted down and saw things in the unmerciful truth of daylight, they dutifully made up their minds to make the best of the situation and help the Government fulfill its contract with the enemy."

"But is it the eastern frontier where those Generals command," interposed THE TIMES correspondent—"the Baltic States, with East Prussia, Courland, Esthonia, and Lithuania—which States are to act as an incubator from which monarchism will spread again to the east and west."

Blames British for Baltic Crisis.

"Doubtless there are such wild schemes," assented Herr Noske, "and the military and political confusion in the Baltic provinces have considerably helped them flourish. But this confusion is mainly due to the Entente's indiscriminate interference. The English commander wants this, the French that, and the German commander, having been on the spot longer than either, knows that neither is possible. The Americans, too, have arrived in the Baltic provinces, but they have confined themselves principally to benevolent aid for the suffering peoples.

"The English are really responsible for all the confusion. They hope to gain a permanent foothold in the Baltic provinces for furthering their political and mercantile purposes in Eastern Europe. It is generally forgotten that the armistice conditions compelled Germany to keep troops in the Baltic areas to ward off the Bolshevist danger. Until the English arrived the Germans were quite in unison with the native Government, and the military forces held the Bolsheviki at bay. When the English interfered, trouble between the natives and the Germans arose. Now the Entente wants us to evacuate the Baltic provinces, but that cannot be done quickly because only one railway is available, and the rolling stock is reduced by the armistice conditions.

"It is charged, you say, that thousands of German soldiers have deserted and joined the Baltic army which is alleged to serve the interests of the Baltic Barons. It would not astonish me if some adventurous youths, fearing a life of drudgery is vanquished Germany, preferred military service in the Baltic provinces; but their number cannot be large if my information is correct. The Baltic army, consisting not only of the Baltic Barons, but the sons of the masses of the German Baltic people, was always much larger than either the Lettish or Esthonian army, and, with the German regiments, was mainly instrumental in preventing Russian Bolshevism from inundating Western Europe and perhaps the whole world.

"Now the Germans have been ordered home, and immediately the Bolsheviki bombard Riga, where many thousands of German subjects are in mortal danger. Nevertheless, the Entente will not permit German ships to call at Riga and remove them, simply because England wants to keep the German flag from all Baltic ports, reserving them for British ships exclusively, no matter how many Germans are killed or maimed.

"Have you noticed that Die Freiheit is arousing some of your regiments in Berlin of anti-Semitism, insinuating that they are pledged to take a leading part in the pogroms that are predicted?" asked THE TIMES correspondent.

"Please let the world know that neither a reactionary revolt nor anarchist coups or pogroms in which either or both classes of extremists would take part are possible at the present time," said the War Minister with apparent conviction, "for the simple reason that none of the elements in question will fulfill their threats, knowing that if they do so they will be treated without mercy.

"Certainly there are anti-Semites among my officers. I cannot command them to change their ideas, but there is no anti-Semitic regiment. Large numbers of our people are incensed at the fact that most of the names of the Bolshevist leaders in Russia, Hungary, the Baltic Provinces, Austria, and Germany are clearly Jewish—even the Berliner Tageblatt deplores that fact—but if some anti-Semitic fanatics should incite the masses against the Jews in Berlin or anywhere in Germany they would find my officers and men ready to deal with them as quickly and as radically as we have suppressed all other uprisings."

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SULZER TESTIFIES ON STOCK LOSSES

Says Lilly & Co. Owed $3,600 or More on His Trading Account.

DENIES INTEREST IN FIRM

Employes at Kilroe's Inquiry Are Unable to Tell if Sulzer Holdings Were Sold.

Ex-Governor William Sulzer was invited to the District Attorney's office yesterday and questioned concerning his trading account with J. Frank Lilly & Co., brokers of 62 Broadway. A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against this firm and the District Attorney several days ago requested the police to arrest Lilly, following an examination of complaints from some 200 customers. The books of the concern showed that Mr. Sulzer had received a check for $7,000 a few days before Lilly disappeared.

Assistant District Attorney Edwin P. Kilroe, in the course of his examination of ex-Governor Sulzer, put many questions to him as to his relation to the brokerage concern.

"You were not interested in the firm at all?" was asked.

"No, Sir," was the reply.

"You didn't act as counsel for the firm?"

"No, I was just a customer," said Mr. Sulzer, adding that he was "sent there by a friend."

"But you were a frequent visitor at the place?"

"I never was at the office more than half a dozen times in my life."

"Reports we have received," said the Assistant District Attorney, "would indicate that you were a frequent visitor, that you were in close touch with Mr. Lilly, and that you were even in private conferences with him."

"There is no truth in that," retorted Mr. Sulzer.

"In fact, it was assumed that you had a financial interest in the firm."

"There is no truth in that. In fact, if I had known on June 25 that Lilly & Co. were not absolutely responsible I would have closed up my account then, but I thought they were perfectly good and that they were doing a very good business. I will leave this memorandum with you, Mr. Kilroe."

The memorandum referred to by ex-Governor Sulzer contained a statement of his account with Lilly & Co. on June 25. He said the firm then owed him $4,650.76.

"At that time I owed Lilly & Co. $5,244.25, and Lilly & Co. owed me 200 shares of C., C., C. & St. L. railroad stock and 1,000 shares of United States Steamship stock, having a market value of about $13,000," continued Mr. Sulzer. He asserted that, in accordance with these transactions the amount due him was approximately $4,650 in excess of the amount obtained by check, and that assuming the firm's statement of the account to be correct, the amount due him was at least $3,600.

Assistant District Attorney Rorke, who examined the securities seized at Lilly & Co.'s office, said he had not yet found Governor Sulzer's securities. Mr. Rorke will ask stock exchange houses to place valuations on the securities taken from Lilly's safe.

NIXON ABOLISHES FREE TRANSFERS

Continued from Page 1, Column 4.

of Appeals decided in the Quinby case that the Legislature had not given the commission power to increase street railway charges above those fixed by local franchises.

In line with this decision, the commission held in the Third Avenue Railway case, No. 2211, also an application for a charge of 2 cents for transfers, that its power to grant the desired relief was limited by local franchise provisions, which fixed the maximum single fare at 5 cents, and pointed out that relief must be sought from the city as represented by the Board of Estimate and Apportionment. Following this declaration, the New York Railways Company did not pursue its application in Case No. 2212, but turned to the city for a modification of the franchise restrictions. When the city did not act upon the application, the company again turned to the commission, which body as then constituted went out of office before action was rendered.

The case has been presented to the commission as a matter of great emergency, and it has been so considered by the commission. The property has been operated by a receiver since March 20, 1919, and there is a motion before Judge Julius M. Mayer in the United States District Court for the Southern District of New York to separate some of the leased lines on account of default in the payment of rent. The case has been presented by counsel of the receiver from the standpoint that if no financial relief is now granted the court will authorize the separation of the property, but that with relief the present system may be maintained.

Six-Month Return $200,000.

Commissioner Nixon pointed out that the greater portion of the case before Judge Mayer had been presented on the basis of operating results for the six months ended March 31, 1919, and he said that for these six months the operating income above operating expenses and taxes, exclusive of any allowance for reserves, amounted to $200,000 in round figures, and that, accordingly, the earning power of the company at present fares had been set at about $400,000 a year. He continued:

Testimony was presented showing that a three-cent fare charge for transfers would bring a maximum additional revenue of $900,000 a year, so that if the application be granted the company would have available a total income above operating expenses and taxes of about $1,300,000 a year. This would be far from being an adequate return on the investment. It would not even be sufficient to pay rents on the leased properties, but would enable the receiver to pay the rentals on the most important lines and thus keep the heart of the present New York Railways system together.

Counsel for the receiver believes that if only the least profitable lines were now cut off from the system the owners would finally be compelled to accept a substantial reduction in their present rentals and the properties could ultimately be brought back into the system with greatly reduced rent charges. The present operating condition of the company was so presented that conclusions might be misleading. While the income above operating expenses and taxes for the six months ended March 31, 1919, amounted to only $200,000, this does not properly show a present earning power of only $400,000 a year. Stating the operating results separately by months, it appears that the low return of only $200,000 for six months was due to the very exceptional months of October, November and December, when traffic was demoralized on account of the influenza.

The Commissioner stated that in January operating conditions began to improve and in March, the last of the six months' period, the net earnings above operating expenses and taxes amounted to $109,238, or over 50 per cent. of the total for the six months. For April, he said, the net earnings were $188,865, for May the gross receipts were about $34,000 greater than April, while in June they were about $5,000 less. Figures for operating expenses and taxes for these two months, he said, were not available, but if they were in the same proportion as for April the net earnings above operating expenses would be about the same as for April. He then said:

April is considered a typical or average month of the year. Its gross receipts are not the greatest of the year, but about normal, as are the expenses. If, then, the April results for this year be taken as representing what may reasonably be expected during the next year, we have resultant net earnings in excess of $400,000 per year. On the other hand, the commission realizes that maintenance of the property has probably not been adequate because of lack of resources, that there has been no allowance for reserves, which should properly be made, and that huge present obligations exist that must be paid. The commission is thoroughly convinced that in spite of the great improvements in operating conditions since the beginning of the year the company is not now earning and is not likely to earn a fair return upon its investment, if indeed it will hereafter be able to earn even rentals on leased lines. The commission, after careful consideration of all the facts, has decided to grant conditionally a charge of 2 cents for transfers.

Average Return Not 6 Per Cent.

Commissioner Nixon said that on the basis of the return to the State Tax Commission it is shown that the average return since the reorganization of the company in 1912 has been under 6 per cent., and during the last year has been far below fixed charges. The Commissioner said in closing:

The case, however, is not a simple one in spite of the company's financial difficulties. I believe that, except where there are specific requirements for free transfers at intersections of two lines, the commission possesses ample authority to deal with transfers as may seem reasonable under the circumstances, and I am now acting according to this view.

My decision is this: I shall allow a charge of two cents for transfers at all points except where free transfers are now legally required. But this permission shall extend only to July 1, 1920, and is further conditioned upon the entire New York Railways system being kept together as at present constituted. Under ordinary circumstances I should consider a charge for transfers as wholly unreasonable, resulting in gross discrimination between different classes of passengers and different parts of the city and in establishing a disjointed system of rates.

But in the present case the choice is between an unreasonable system of rates and dissolution of the service. Which of these evils will cause the greater inconvenience to the public? The answer to my mind is clear, and I therefore seek to maintain the unity of the present system at the cost of a very unsatisfactory method of charging for service.

Move to Gain Time.

The charge for transfers becomes reasonable only because it would be more unreasonable to permit the collapse of the service. My thought in limiting the increase to one year is in part to await further traffic development, but chiefly to make possible a satisfactory permanent settlement between the companies and the city.

The present franchise under which the company operates is unreasonable in two respects, first, restrictions on fare, and, second, the permanent or long-time rights granted in the streets. Neither restrictions nor privilege is justifiable. Both should go, the one with the other. My desire in granting temporary relief is to obtain sufficient time to get these adjustments.

I hope that the city may be prevailed upon to consent to a flexible fare, while the company or the various financial interests will, in turn, give up their long-time or permanent rights to the streets. If these two things be accomplished it would then not be difficult to determine the value of the property and to fix reasonable rates. The city would then have the way clear for any transportation policy that may seem reasonable in the future, while the company would have safeguarded its investment in street railway property. But unless the two things be accomplished there can be no final satisfactory settlement. In the end the charge for transfers would prove unsatisfactory and probably unworkable. It is justified only as a financial makeshift to gain time for settlement along proper lines.

This is Mayor Hylan's statement:

I am opposed to abolishing transfers in any part of the city, as that will mean an increase in fare and will place an additional burden on the people. I am also opposed to public officials who favor it. Many people purchase homes in different sections of the city on the representation and with the distinct understanding that they can get to and from their homes for a five-cent fare, and they should not be denied this privilege.

These transit corporations have been permitted to use valuable privileges and over $200,000,000 of the city's money has been spent to construct the lines which these corporations are now operating, and yet they complain that they are not making money. It is time that public officials, both administrative and judicial, understood that the people have some rights.

The last session of the Legislature was requested to pass legislation which would give the municipality the right to take over and operate our public utilities, but this legislation was not passed. A bill was presented which had the approval of the conference of Mayors, which was in the interest of the transit corporations. I opposed this bill, as its object was to saddle the City of New York with the property of the transit corporations at an exorbitant price, thereby placing a further burden upon the people and bringing about higher taxation.

The corporations do not want the City of New York to take over and operate the transit lines unless they get an exorbitant price for their equipment and franchise rights. The legislation was defeated and the reform organizations favored mandatory legislation which was passed and placed upon the statute books, which will place a burden upon the people to the extent of from fifteen to twenty million dollars, thereby increasing the tax rate from twenty to twenty-five points. The purpose of this mandatory legislation is to add additional burden on the city so that it cannot take over the transit lines, as there will be no available funds for such purpose.

Says Appraisal Is High.

At the hearing before the commission on the request of Receiver Hedges for 3-cent transfers Frederick C. Wood, assistant to General Manager Hedley of the Interborough, when cross-examined by Assistant Corporation Counsel Edgar J. Kohler, said that a 3-cent transfer charge would increase the income of the company from passenger transportation by $839,000, while the 2-cent charge would increase it by about $748,000. He was not prepared to give figures on the basis of a 1-cent transfer charge. Such a charge, he thought, would decrease the number of passengers by 20 per cent. On a 2-cent basis he figured the reduction would be 40 per cent., and on a 3-cent basis about 20 per cent.

Assistant Corporation Counsel Kohler asserted in substance that the effort of the bondholders to separate the Eighth and Ninth Avenue railway lines from the New York Railways Company was merely a "bluff" to compel Commissioner Nixon to grant the company authority to charge for transfers, and in this he was supported by Corporation Counsel Burr. Dr. Edward W. Bemis, an economist member of the Advisory Board of the Interstate Commerce Commission, who has appraised street railways of many cities, testified for the city. He declared that the appraisal submitted was too high, and added that if it had been fair in the beginning the company would not be in its present predicament. He advised a one-cent transfer charge, and said that a higher charge would drive people to the elevated and subway lines.

When Receiver Hedges took the stand he was asked by Mr. Kohler if he was opposed to the return of the Eighth and Ninth Avenue lines to their owners.

"I am," replied Mr. Hedges.

"You are still opposed to it?"

"Yes. I sincerely hope the court will not grant those lines. I hope we can keep the system going as it is. I have a very pronounced conviction that those roads should not be severed. That is my hope and I shall hold that opinion until the court issues an order to the contrary."

EDITOR HELD FOR SPEECH.

Howwich, Arrested by Scranton Police, Notifies Martens Here.

SCRANTON, Penn., July 7.—Nikolai Howwich, editor of The Novy Mir, a New York publication, who says he is a personal friend of Lenin and a former co-worker of Trotsky, was held under bail here this afternoon on charges of seditious utterances. He was arrested following a radical speech at a mass meeting in which he advocated the use of force.

Howwich is a naturalized citizen, a graduate of the University of Petrograd and took his Master of Arts degree at the University of Pennsylvania, but upon being arrested he at once communicated the fact to L. A. C. Martens, the so-called Soviet Ambassador to this country.

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Sport's great whirl in white is on, brightening the landscape far and near.

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No color is more appropriate in every field of Summer sport—nothing cooler, in appearance and reality.

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DRAMA

By John Corbin

"Gaieties of 1919" Big and Gorgeous.

THE SHUBERT GAIETIES OF 1919, a revue in two acts and twenty-five scenes. Dialogue by Edgar Smith. Lyrics by Alfred Bryan, with additional songs by Blanche Merrill. Music by Jean Schwartz. Produced under the personal direction of J. J. Shubert. At the Forty-fourth Street Theatre.

Principals — Ed Wynn, Stewart Baird, Marjorie Gateson, Julia Ballew, Ted Lorraine, Gladys Walton, Harry Fender, Marguerite Farrell, George Hassell, Augustus Minton, William Kent, Jimmie Fox, Ina Williams, Kuy Kendall, the Glorias, Freda Leonard, Kathryn Hart, Elora Hoffman, Gilda Gray, Hermosa Jose, Frank Kingdon.

"The Shubert Gaieties of 1919" opened last night at the Forty-fourth Street Theatre, with Ed Wynn as the chief funmaker, beginning even before the curtain rose, and a large cast of singers, dancers, specialists of this or that. The show spread its elaborate self over many scenes in two acts and ran late without tiring.

The "Gaieties" is a revue of the now well-known type, the kind of extravaganza that gets itself talked about in the provinces and attracts tourists by the thousands—and incidentally New Yorkers. Its scenes run all of the way from "the lounging room of a suburban mansion," through Greenwich Village, to "a hotel in Paris," traveling from shore to shore by airplane. One whole scene is devoted to the shimmy.

The shimmy, in fact, goes through the whole show, conversationally and physically. Every one talks about it, and does it. Apparently it is one of the things relied upon to make the show go.

But it is not the only thing. For exampie, there's the scenery, which is elaborate, full of color, often charming and novel. Some of the sets appeal delicately to the eye. Others make their impression with a loud noise. One of the most attractive, because of its lighting effects and the dancers in it, is that of "The Lamp of Love." The dancers are Gladys Walton as the Moth, and Ted Lorraine, as the Flame. Llora Hoffman also sings in this scene, as in another, and by pure voice and won as much applause as any principal in the performance.

Comedy, sometimes clever, sometimes rough without wit, plays a large part in the show. First of all, of course, there is Ed Wynn, who comes on before the curtain goes up to introduce Mr. Plot, whom he immediately sends away, saying that he is not wanted in "The Gaities." Plot comes back just once more, is promptly banished, and that is the last that is heard of him. But Wynn goes on. Every time it is necessary to shift the scenery he comes out with his conversation and the audience is in no hurry for the next act.

There are others in the show besides Wynn, however. There is Steward Baird, who sings, and William Kent, who cuts up as well as leads in a song or two. Marguerite Farrell scored last night with "I'm Irish," and the audience wanted more of Ina Williams every time she appeared. Ted Lorraine's voice and dancing make the performance better than it would be without them. There are also dancing numbers by the Glorias and White and Clayton. Others noted in the cast are Gilda Gray, Harry Fender, Kuy Kendall, Kathryn Hart, Marjorie Gateson, and George Hassell.

Costumes in musical revues have outrun words to describe them. Those in "The Gaieties," in this sense, are indescribable. Beau Nash might do it—no one else can. But they are there to be gazed upon and wondered at. And some of them are to be admired, even by men unfamiliar with their technicalities.

"The Gaieties of 1919," therefore, is a summer show, extravagantly staged, elaborately presented. For those who will not miss the sparkle and wit lacking, it has about everything desired for the season's amusement.

Some of the songs that seemed to catch the ear of last night's audience were "Baby Vampire," by Julia Ballew; "Don't Take the Girls Away," by William Kent and chorus; "Crazy Quilt," by Ina Williams; "Beautiful American Girl," by Stewart Baird; "Bealstreet Blues," by Gilda Gray; "What Are We Going to Do?" by Marjorie Gateson, and "Cosy Corner," by Julia Ballew, Kuy Kendall and chorus.

BOY TRIES TO END LIFE.

Had Been Released Following Arrest as "Juvenile Delinquent."

Herman Zaritsky, 11 years old, of 119 East 108th Street, attempted suicide yesterday afternoon after being released on bail from detention on a charge of "juvenile delinquency." He and two other boys, it is said, broke into the stationery store of Isaac Baskowitz of 124 East 108th Street, and after stealing $30 worth of candies and cigarettes, were arrested by Detective Mancini of the East 104th Street Precinct.

The other boys, Samuel Gordon, 14 years old, of 129 East 109th Street, and Samuel Shapiro, 12 years old, of 326 East 102d Street, were released on bail also, but Zaritsky felt ashamed after Desk Lieutenant McNeil had lectured him for his act; and while walking home with his mother said that she would have no more trouble from him, as he was going to kill himself. Thereupon he ran toward the East River, followed by his mother, who screamed for help. Patrolman McNamara heard her cries, and caught the boy just as he was about to jump into the river. Zaritsky was again taken to the stationhouse, but Lieutenant McNeil decided that the boy would be safer at the Children's Society, and he was sent there. The three boys will be arraigned at the Children's Court this morning.

Mgr. Taaffe Ends Long Pastorate.

After forty-seven years as Rector of St. Patrick's Church, at Kent and Willoughby Avenues, Brooklyn, the Right Rev. Mgr. Thomas Taaffe has resigned and will become Pastor Emeritus. He was ordained fifty-six years ago, and celebrated the golden jubilee of his priesthood here in 1913. Born in Dromard, County Longford, Ireland, in 1837, Mgr. Taaffe was an alumnus of All Hallows College in the old country. At St. Patrick's he has built a girls' school costing $100,000, and remodeled a boys' school at a cost of $40,000, the two schools now having 1,000 pupils enrolled.

Marie Dressler at the Palace.

Marie Dressler heads the bill at the Palace this week. "Kiss Me," a musical tabloid by William B. Friedland, featuring Ethel Carcoran in singing and dancing, is also prominently on the program. Others are Maryon Vadie and Otis Gygi, dancer and violinist; Bernard and Duffy, comedians, in "Have a Smile"; Joseph E. Bernard in Willard Mack's "Who Is She?" the Lightner Girls and Newton Alexander, Eddie Foyer, the Four Harmony Kings, and the Yip, Yip Yaphankers. There are also motion pictures of the R-34 made by the Kinogram Company.

THEATRICAL NOTES.

F. Ray Comstock and Morris Gest have accepted for production in the early Fall a Chinese musical comedy entitled "The Rose of Cathay," by Guy Bolton, with music by Armand Vecsey.

Morris Gest received word by cable yesterday that Mlle. Guida, who staged the dances for the London "Chu Chin Chow" and is coming to America to do the same work for the second "Chu Chin Chow" here, has sailed on the Olympic.

"John Ferguson" moved from the Garrick to the Fulton Theatre last night to get more room for the people who want to see it.

May Yokes has been engaged by John Cort to play the leading feminine comedy role in "Three's A Crowd."

Mme. Pessoa, wife of the President-elect of Brazil, has written to John E. Golden thanking him for her visit to "Three Wise Fools," and for permission to produce the play for charity in Brazil. Mme. Pessoa's daughter, Laurite, will take Miss Manken's part.

"Up in Mabel's Room" will reach its two-hundredth performance tonight at the Ellinge Theatre, and "La La Lucille" will celebrate its fiftieth at the Henry Miller.

Renee Adoree and Lewis Bleden have been engaged by the Shuberts for "Oh Uncle," which will be seen here next week.

Flora MacDonald has been engaged by Thomas Dixon for "The Red Dawn."

Robert Edeson has left the cast of "The Good Bad Woman" and is now under the management of A. H. Woods. He will appear next month in "The Woman in Room 13," and later in the season will have a new play.

TELLS OF FORD EDITORIAL.

Blake Says Border Failure Meant Anarchy—Policy on U-Boats.

Special to The New York Times.

MOUNT CLEMENS, Mich., July 7.—"We considered that Henry Ford was opposing the Government in protecting its citizens on the border, and that without such protection government did not deserve the name and became anarchy," said Tiffany Blake, chief editorial writer of The Chicago Tribune, when asked in the trial of the Ford libel suit today to explain his attitude of mind at the time of approving the editorial, "Ford Is an Anarchist."

In response to a question by Weymouth Kirkland of Tribune counsel, Mr. Blake began to picture homicide, pillage and outrage by Mexicans, but Attorney Alfred Lucking stopped his narrative by an objection. Mr. Blake said that the policy of The Tribune had been nothing but strict Americanism, and quoted repeatedly Decatur's toast, which appears at the paper's masthead:

"Our country! In her intercourse with foreign nations may she always be in the right, but our country, right or wrong."

In expounding this Mr. Blake said that The Tribune's policy on the submarines before the American declaration of war on Germany had not been as strict as that adopted by the American nation, in which The Tribune coincided when the declaration was made. Mr. Blake testified that The Tribune had regarded the submarine as an implement of war which the United States might find necessary to employ at some future time in protecting its long coast line, and that, insisting on the doctrine of visit and search, it had held that a submarine should not be treated differently from other vessels merely because it traveled beneath the waves.

Immediately following the sinking of the Lusitania, he said, The Tribune believed war logical, but after the long controversy between President Wilson and the Kaiser, the newspaper could not see its way clear to indorse plunging the nation into war at the cost of thousands of American lives over mere technical legal points. At all times, he declared, the paper announced its resolution to be squarely back of the President when argument had given way to action.

One editorial in regard to which he was questioned remarked that "in regard to violations of our national rights, the United States seemed to be adamant toward Germany but flexible toward Great Britain."

The editorial added that this might be taken as an indication that the Administration believed that war with Germany would be the ultimate solution in obtaining the country's greatest good, and that in giving this much indication President Wilson was to be commended, because it was the nearest he had come to letting the people into his confidence.

"We always ended our discussions when the President came to a decision," said Mr. Blake.

He denied the statement in one of the opening addresses of the plaintiff's counsel that The Tribune was actuated by pro-German or capitalistic motives in its policy toward Mexico, or any other policy. As to Standard Oil and International Harvester influences, he said they never came into The Tribune office.

MISS BOYD KILLED IN MAINE.

New York Artist's Car Was Struck by Passenger Train.

KITTERY, Me., July 7.—Miss Jean Boyd of New York died tonight as a result of injuries received when an automobile was struck by a passenger train at a crossing on the York Beach branch of the Boston and Maine Railroad today. Mrs. Henry Tuck of Mount Vernon, N. Y., her sister, was slightly injured.

Miss Boyd, who was an artist, had maintained a Summer home at Kittery Point for several years. Her sister had been staying with her there.

To Begin Assembling NC-4 Today.

The NC-4, in which Commander Read made the first flight across the Atlantic, which is now aboard a lighter at Pier 30, Brooklyn, will be taken today to Sheep Meadow, Central Park, where, after is it assembled, the machine will be on exhibition. The work of assembling the seaplane will take from four to seven days, it was said last night. It is expected that the NC-4 will reach the Seventy-ninth Street pier in the North River at 8 o'clock this morning.

TROOPS TO RETURN SOON.

War Department Announces Units Assigned to Early Convoy.

WASHINGTON, July 7.—These organizations have been assigned to early return:

Company D, 301st Water Tank Train; Evacuation Hospital 13; Evacuation Ambulance Company 23; Laundry Companies 516, 527, 550; Sales Commissary Unit 59; Service Park Units 302, 361, 364, 406, and 409; Repair Unit 327, section 8, group B; Field Remount Squadron 333; 339th Infantry, First Battalion Headquarters Medical detachment Companies B, D, and F; 337th, Field Hospital; 813th Pioneer Infantry Headquarters; First Battalion, Companies A, D, L, C, I, K, and M; Headquarters Second and Third 815th Pioneer Infantry Headquarters; First and Second Battalion Companies A to L inclusive, and Headquarters Company, Medical detachment Supply Company; Companies I, K, M, and Third Battalion Headquarters; Motor Transport Companies 610, 603, 606, and 820; Service Park Units 307, 402, 414; Motor Truck Companies 412, 413, and 541; Graves Registration Units 301, 303, and 305 to 313 inclusive; Mobile Laundry Unit 322; Ambulance Company 44; Hospital Trains 36, 43, 53, 54, 55, 57, 59, 60, 61, 62, and 63; 816th Pioneer Infantry Headquarters, Headquarters Company, Supply Company Headquarters, First Battalion Companies A, B, C, and D, detachment Company E, Company F, and Medical detachment.

NEWPORT NEWS, Va., July 7.—The transport Aneon arrived today with 3,000 officers and men. Units aboard included the 1st Pioneer Infantry Repair Unit 322, group A, sections 1 to 4, inclusive; group B, headquarters and sections 5 to 8, inclusive, and group C, section 9, 10 officers and 354 men, the St. Nazaire Dental detachments 84 and 84, and several casual companies.

"Greenwich Village Nights" Postponed.

The opening of "Greenwich Village Nights," scheduled for this evening at the Greenwich Village Theatre, has been postponed again. The revue will be given next week.

P. S. C. HEARINGS IN BRONX.

Deputy Glennon Will Inquire Into Service Matters in That Borough.

Deputy Public Service Commissioner Edward J. Glennon will begin next week to hold public hearings in the Bronx on matters affecting that borough. Heretofore all public hearings have been held before the commission at its Manhattan offices. The first of the hearings will be on the complaint of Richard J. Lynch against the Bronx Gas and Electric Company for not supplying gas to his property.

The Deputy Commissioner will also hold a hearing upon the service of the Interborough Rapid Transit Company in connection with the transfer at 167th Street on the Jerome Avenue line.

The Deputy Commissioner held a hearing yesterday on the Interborough subway service to learn if the company was obeying the commission's order to file a schedule of operation. Captain George F. Caggeti, Chief of the Transit Bureau of the commission, put in evidence several reports showing the cutting off of trains and criticising the company for abandoning trains in the face of heavy overloading.

After Arthur G. Peacock, counsel of the company, had declared that the company was living up to the commission's order, the hearing was adjourned for two weeks to give the Transit Bureau time to make further observations.

BROOKLYN WINS A CANNON.

Gets One Captured from Germans for Loan Work.

Brooklyn wins a captured German cannon as a reward for the largest oversubscription of the five boroughs of New York City in the Victory Liberty Loan. Nine other communities in the Second Federal Reserve District also get cannon as prizes, according to announcement yesterday by the Liberty Loan Committee. Here are the winning cities and towns:

Brooklyn, Wallkill, Ulster County; Union, Broome County, and Deferiet, Jefferson County, New York; Paterson, Bayonne, East Orange, West Orange, South Orange, and Scotch Plains, Union County, New Jersey.

The captured German cannon will be distributed very soon, upon orders from Washington.

GANGSTERS BATTLE POLICE.

Passerby Wounded by Bullet During Scuffle on Sidewalk.

Returned to police duty uninjured after eighteen months' service with the military police overseas, Patrolman Patrick Hackett of the East Fifty-first Street Station was badly beaten by gangsters yesterday morning. He was saved from possibly fatal injuries by the arrival of Detective Michael Fitzgerald of the Fifth Inspection District.

When John Burke, a bartender, of 228 East Forty-sixth Street and Thomas Burke, a chauffeur, of 339 East Forty-third Street finally were overcome by Hackett and Fitzgerald all four were badly used up, and John Maher, 17 years old, of 227 East Forty-seventh Street, a passerby, was on his way to the Flower Hospital with a bullet in his leg.

Hackett told five men who were loitering at Third Avenue and Forty-third Street to move on. They argued with him until Fitzgerald joined the policeman. Twenty minutes later, as Hackett reached Third Avenue and Forty-second Street, two men attacked him. Hackett said John Burke got his club away from him and felled him. The two Burkes then began to beat him, he says, cutting open his head.

Hackett drew his revolver and fired three shots. One of the bullets wounded Maher, who crawled on hands and knees to a nearby restaurant.

Fitzgerald heard the shots and ran to Hackett's assistance. When arraigned before Magistrate Tobias, in the Yorkville Court, both Burkes waived examination. They were placed under $2,000 bail each for the Grand Jury.

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Nadine Face Powder is cooling, refreshing and harmless and protects against winds and sunburn. Leaves the skin soft and smooth as rose petals.

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"Rocky Mountain National Park"
"Mesa Verde National Park"
"Zion National Monuments"

"Pike's Peak or Bust," was the half-comic, half-tragic legend carried by the prairie schooners crossing the great plains back in '49. Pike's Peak, then, meant gold. If you didn't find it, you "went bust."

Pike's Peak is there today—more than 14,000 feet altitude—and other equally impressive peaks of the Rockies—Longs and Grays, Buckskin and Ouray, Spanish and Culebra.

And great ranges of mountains, too—Saguache, Sangre de Cristo, San Juan, Uncompahgre, Wasatch, Uintah, Oquirrh—noted in song and story.

But now you go there in luxurious trains, on rails of steel.

You go for the gold of renewed health, the silver of vacation rest.

There is no possibility of failure, no going broke. Everywhere you find a multitude of wilderness outing joys, just around the corner from resort hotels. And, if you search for it, the fabled pot of gold at the end of the rainbow.

Summer Excursion Fares

Ask the local ticket agent to help plan your trip—or apply to nearest Consolidated Ticket Office—or address nearest Travel Bureau, United States R. R. Administration, 646 Transportation Bldg., Chicago; 143 Liberty St., New York City; 602 Healey Building, Atlanta, Georgia.

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ON THE COOL ROOF 9 O'CLOCK REVUE & MIDNIGHT FROLIC

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"A whirlwind of Joan, Fun and Pretty Girls."—Stephen Rathbun, Sun. Eve. Sun.
George White's SCANDALS OF 1919
with ANN PENNINGTON, 35 others, and 50 Beautiful Scandal Mongers—50

GAIETY Broadway, 46th St. Mats. Tom'w & Evenings at 8:30. Sat. at 2:30.
LIGHTNIN
SMITH-GOLDEN SUCCESSES
3 WISE FOOLS

CRITERION B'way, 44th St. Evgs. 8:30. Mats. Tom'w (Pop.) & Sat., 2:30.
COHAN & HARRIS Thea., W. 42d St. Eve. at 8:15. Mats. Tom'w & Sat., 2:15.
The Royal Vagabond
Biggest Success Since "The Merry Widow."
A Colossalized Opera Comique.

Henry Miller's Thea., 124 W. 43d St. Eve. 8:15. Mats. Thurs. & Sat.
LA LA LUCILLE
A New Musical Farce

GLOBE, Eve. 8:30. Mats. Tom'w (Pop.) & Sat. "Distinguishment—Best on B'way."—Dale.
SHE'S A GOOD FELLOW

Knickerbocker B'way 38th St. Eve. 8:15. Mats. Tom'w & Sat. 2:15.
8th BIG MONTH COOLED BY ICED AIR. John Cort's Musical Comedy.
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PRESIDENT DE VALERA
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REPUBLIC OF IRELAND
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Admission Free.

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Musical Comedy to be given for men in uniform. Rehearsals every Monday, Thursday, 8:15 P. M., Runford Hall, 66 E. 41st St.
Apply in person or 'phone to Volunteer Entertainment and Training Bureau of War Camp Community Service, Vanderbilt 8856, 44th Street and Madison Avenue.

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PLAZA Madison Ave., 59th St. BILLIE RHODES. "Is Matrimony a Failure?" CHARLIE CHAPLIN. "Behind the Screen."

STRAND B'way at 47 st. Constance TALMADGE in "The Veiled Adventure" Sennett Comedy. Strand Orchestra.

Loew's New York Theatre & Roof Cont. 11 A. M. to 11 P. M. Roof to 1 A. M. BESSIE BARRISCALE "The Man Beneath."

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"Sets the pace for Summer shows."—Telegram.
LEW FIELDS presents A LONELY ROMEO
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EAST IS WEST
ASTOR With FAY BAINTER
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A Little Journey
With Cyril Keightley and Ethel Dane. Rachel Crothers' Refreshing Comedy IN A COOL THEATRE

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Big Musical Comedy Splash
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125 PEOPLE—50 SCENES
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LOUIS MANN in FRIENDLY ENEMIES

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NEW YORK, TUESDAY, JULY 8, 1919.

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THE PRESIDENT'S RETURN.

President WILSON will be greeted and welcomed today as a great American who has accomplished a great work. The cavilings have been so insistent as to obscure at times the greatness of the work and the man. It is not to be expected that they will decrease, for the approach of a Presidential campaign makes for partisanship; but now that the work is done, so far as it could be done in Europe, the opposition is beginning to fall into a dimmer perspective. The President's political enemies continue their faultfinding with the Treaty and the League, but they have become more cautious, the heart has gone out of them as they have had it borne in upon them that the country approves Mr. WILSON'S work and looks with disfavor on their tactics of partisan obstruction.

Of course, his work is only half done. He had his difficulties in Europe, and now he comes to confront others here. But they will be less formidable than they seemed a little while ago, and his triumph is assured. The voices of Republican newspapers, especially in the West, are rising in angrier protest than before against the attempt to commit the Republican Party to a policy of opposition to the League of Nations. This country wants peace, and welcomes the covenant as a sincere effort to secure it. The sober judgment and desire of the American people have inclined in that direction the more the Borahs and Poindexters and Johnsons have preached the old doctrine, What do we care for abroad?

And this in spite of the fact that the President himself, with his usually potent speech and personality, has been absent and silent, and that the clamoring group of Senators have been incessantly at work. Mr. TAFT and many others have been check-reins on the Johnsonian gallop, but no one but the President himself can speak for the President and for what he has done. His tour of the country will be met, we firmly believe, with such popular acclaim that nothing done against him in his absence will be able to endure. It must have been galling to a man of his nature, working there for months for the good of his own country and the world, to feel that every ill-informed or ill-willed man in public life was privileged to flout him in his absence, while he, because of those very labors, bore an imposition of silence. Some such feeling LLOYD GEORGE has manifested, but from the President no word of any kind has come except the generalities to which he was condemned during his brief visit to this country in February.

Now the tables are turned; and we shall be much mistaken if the Republican Senators do not have to come to a new reckoning with the people. They are reported to be debating among themselves whether to follow his itinerary or precede it. They will find before long that it makes little difference which they do. The American people know that Mr. WILSON has labored whole-heartedly and unselfishly to make America a potent influence for good and the world safe from war, and that eminence and quality of service will not go unrecognized. It would be hard to think of a great President being rebuked by the people for his labors in their behalf.

A STRIKE FOR DIVIDENDS.

The Cleveland trolley men struck on Sunday, and we are told that "trolley "wires were short-circuited and "burned, switches spiked, cars "stoned, and other damage was done. "Several persons were injured by "flying glass during the disorders, "following which six strikers were "arrested." There is not novelty enough about that to call for remark, but the position of the company is one perhaps never before taken. The City Council offered the company funds sufficient to pay the increased wages demanded, but the company declined to accept them unless the Council also authorized an increase of dividends by 1 per cent. Hitherto capital has adopted TOLSTOY'S policy of non-resistance, even the Chinese hunger strike being too militant for pacifist capital. It hitherto merely has withdrawn itself from investment in railways and public utilities, and the public has gone on short allowance of their services. But that is different from a strike for increased dividends. In form capital's strike merely stands on existing conditions, confronting the city with a "war" between capital and labor, as the result of the company's refusal to join the strikers to raise fares against the public. That or bankruptcy is always the indirect result of an increase of costs beyond earnings.

In Cleveland it would be a direct result, for the Cleveland Council controls fares. In this city there was a weak movement for co-operation between the companies and their employes to get an increase of fares for their joint interests. That was blocked by the opposition of the city authorities, who would not allow an increase of fares for any consideration, considering it popular to force the companies into financial inability to maintain services on the scale which the public wants. Cleveland passengers now will have opportunity to take sides between the company, which is offering to maintain old fares if it is protected in operating under the old wages, and the Council, which favors labor over capital. The disorders show that there is no scarcity of labor at the established rate of wages.

In Canada there is an attempt to prevent the increase of fares by reduction of costs. That would be an addition to the dividend fund in fact although not in form, but it would come from public funds as directly as the demand under the Cleveland capital strike for dividends. The Canadian argument in both Toronto and Montreal is that the companies were taxed when they were making profits enough to allow taxes for their franchise to come before dividends. The franchise has lost its value under the war increase of costs, and the tax is virtually paid by the riders rather than by the carriers. As the tax collectors were partners in the companies' profits, they also should share the losses, and by foregoing taxes would enable the companies to maintain their solvency and services at the old rates.

In New York also the companies' tax payments have increased with costs and wages, while profits decreased, but the receiverships show that cannot continue. The connection between the solvency of the companies and the comfort of their passengers is so close that there is little difference between the cost of living for the companies and their riders. If the fares are increased the connection will be no closer, but it will be clearer to some who do not see it now.

KNOWING THE ENGLISH.

Whether Germany will be able to take up arms again within a decade or a generation is at present a matter of conjecture. But about the industrial war there can be no question—it is already declared. A nation that was overrunning the world, by force of commerce as by force of arms, has been shorn of its outlying possessions and turned back upon itself, having no means of subsistence except the industry of its brain and hands. With perhaps a single exception, it is the most prolific of modern nations. The population of its two chief rivals, England and the United States, is relatively static. In a word, the condition precedent to all great invasions of the past has been restored, and in an intensified form. A distressed and disliked but prolific and high-spirited race is looking over its narrow borders into a world of comparative luxury. Though future warfare be limited to trade, it will not be less bitter; presumably the victory will not be less decisive. The situation has long been obvious; but there is danger that we may lose sight of it in the rejoicings of peace and in the enjoyment of the hectic prosperity with which we are surrounded. More than ever before, it is necessary that Englishman and American shall understand each other.

In times of peace, such understanding is largely a matter of the good sense and enlightenment of individuals, and it does not come easily. Even in our relations as allies there has been cause of friction covered by forbearance. A strong basis of fact exists for the notion that our boys won the war; but it is equally obvious that, except for England's quick sense of the world's peril in 1914, except for her heroic endurance through the long years in which we tarried, there would not have been a war for us to win. This issue resulted in much shedding of tunics upon the village greens of France. The case was aptly put by a recent correspondent, himself an American who fought three years in the English Army. On the fighting line, English and Americans had only enthusiasm for each other and comradely gratitude. The other feeling was engendered behind the lines.

The sad truth is that neither Briton nor American shows at his best in familiar conversation. However firmly the Briton is convinced of the superiority of his people, he becomes wretchedly unhappy if any one comments on it. His native pride becomes hopelessly entangled with his conventional modesty of demeanor. The American is conventionally expressive, especially when ill at ease—prone to say what he feels and sometimes, in the way of eager good comradeship, a trifle more. When he expresses appreciation of England how is he to know that the gloom which falls upon his guest is the result, not of arrogance, but of a shyness as great as his own?

Let no man think that these differences are small. Like the perfection of which MICHAEL ANGELO spoke, family life is made up of a thousand trifles. But family life is no trifle. It is as a family that England and America stand together against the conquered but still indomitable German. And we stand not only as the rivals of Germany in commerce, but as the rivals of each other. The industrial war upon which we are embarking has many elements that call for prudent consideration, none more so than this element of Anglo-American cordiality. Against each other and for each other, we must fight fair; more than that, we must fight with the closest mutual comprehension. The Germans will do their best to drive a wedge between us. Too often they have done so. And they will not do their work stupidly.

THE COLGATE PRICE CASE.

The recent decision of the Supreme Court in the Colgate case continues to be discussed by manufacturers and retail merchants. In Virginia the Colgate company was indicted for violation of the Sherman act because it had refused uniformly to sell its products to dealers who did not sell to the public at prices which the company suggested or specified. The District Court sustained a demurrer which asserted that the indictment failed to charge a violation of the Sherman act or any other Federal law. Upon appeal the Supreme Court decided in favor of the company by unanimous vote, and said:

> In the absence of any purpose to create or maintain a monopoly, the Sherman act does not restrict the long recognized right of trader or manufacturer, engaged in an entirely private business, freely to exercise his own independent discretion as to parties with whom he will deal. And, of course, he may announce in advance the circumstances under which he will refuse to sell.

This probably foreshadows the character of the court's decision in several pending cases in which manufacturers are accused of violating the Federal Trade Commission act by conduct like that of the Colgate company—withholding goods from dealers who did not sell at suggested or specified prices. Orders recently given to certain manufacturers by the Commission direct them to discontinue attempts to maintain resale prices, and forbid them to "impose "any penalties whatever on pur"chasers for failure to adhere to or "observe such prices." Refusal to sell again to such retailers is, of course, a penalty, but the Supreme Court says it may be lawfully exacted. In most cases the resale prices suggested or required by manufacturers of specialties are reasonable. The right to insist upon them appears now to have been established, for the court of last resort says the prodducer "may exercise "his own discretion as to parties with "whom he will deal," and "may an"nounce in advance the circum"stances under which he will refuse "to sell."

ON R-34.

"Thunderstorms in airships should always be avoided if possible," says Lieut. Commander ZACHARY LANSDOWNE in his story of the voyage of R-34 across the Atlantic. But apparently a thunderstorm may be too quick for a dirigible. Passing down Fundy Bay "atmospherics became very bad." General E. M. MAITLAND records in his log, "and a severe "thunderstorm was seen over Cana"dian coast moving south." Major SCOTT put his helm up, so to speak, with the design of fleeing from the black wrath to come, in which, however, he was not quite successful. The fringe of the storm caught R-34 in its embrace. "We had a very bad time," says General MAITLAND; "indeed, it is "quite the worst experience from a "weather point of view that any of "us have yet experienced in the air." What might have happened if the vortex of the storm had whirled the airship about and the jagged lightnings had struck at her, it sends a chill down the spine to think of. Of what use would the flying clothes with the parachute harness have been?

The master of a ship on the salt sea, which seems solid and sustaining by comparison with the air, is indifferent to an "electrical disturbance"; it may set his hull or his cargo on fire—that is the worst that may happen. The skipper up aloft in the sky with thunderheads bearing down upon him fears that if he fails to escape the storm's lightning bolt may rip his fabric and explode the great envelope, or the gasoline tanks may be set off like a string of firecrackers, in which case there would be no wreckage. Until a dirigible passes through a great storm centre it will not be known how she fares in such a convulsion. It is significant that when R-34 ran into the edge of a great blow she bounced up 500 feet with "the rudder hard down." The storm never gripped her, nor did she have an intimate experience with lightning. Science may be able to provide immunity, but at present no air pilot desires contact with lightning or cares to encounter the hurricane force of wind.

July and August are not the months that timid travelers would choose for sailing across the Atlantic through the air, but until meteorological conditions above the sea are better known, (and more about them will be known after the return trip of R-34,) it will not do to mark the Summer months as perilous. Some of the Winter gales might be worse for dirigibles than the season of thunderstorms. There can be no guarantee of security on a ship of the sea or on a ship of the air. The dirigible is surely coming into commercial use, and there will always be demands for tickets and berths, no matter what the dangers of navigation prove to be.

Life on R-34 seems to have been pleasant enough when winds were not rude and thunderstorms kept their distance. The cloud effects were an entrancing kind of scenery, the air had a tonic effect, appetites were keen, and Lieut. Commander LANSDOWNE became drowsy when he wanted to stay awake. An air voyage to Europe would apparently rout insomnia. After reading General MAITLAND'S log every man or woman with imagination will feel a desire to know the sensations of a voyage in a dirigible. What could be so rare as a flight in June or in mellow September, when winds are laid? It is a consoling thought, by the way, that even in Summer electrical storms are not common on the North Atlantic. What an opportunity the dirigible on a steady keel will afford the astronomer!

Major SCOTT and his ship's company are to return to Scotland with the least possible delay, and with the prevailing Summer winds they should have a swift and easy passage back. Their adventure will stimulate American interest in aeronautics. They are the first to come to the Western Hemisphere in a real ship of the air. Their achievement is not a sporting event, but a pioneering expedition that will prove of great value to civilization. America would like to play the host to these Argonauts of the air who have made a brief visit of so remarkable a character, but if they must go at once it wishes them bon voyage all the way across.

SMUTS AGAINST THE WORLD.

It is impossible to put aside the suspicion that General SMUTS'S opposition to the trial of the ex-Kaiser, an opposition which he threatened to carry to the extent of a speech in plenary session of the Conference with newspaper men from all the world within hearing, was greatly influenced by considerations of South African politics. The story told in Paris that the British Government, when opening negotiations with the Boer leaders after the South African war had become a guerrilla struggle, had insisted on the surrender of certain Boer commanders, among them SMUTS and BOTHA, and that sympathetic recollection of those times influenced SMUTS'S attitude toward the Kaiser, will require a great deal of corroboration before it can be accepted. It is true, as SMUTS said, that the South African war lasted nearly two years after the first overtures; but hitherto it has been supposed that the obstacle was the unwillingness of the Boers to assent to formal extinction of their independence. Certainly the Peace of Vereeniging, finally concluded in 1902, provided complete amnesty for everybody.

There was no parallel between the cases of the Boer officers and WILLIAM HOHENZOLLERN; they had not committed a "supreme offense against in"ternational morality and the sanctity "of treaties," nor indeed any offense at all. There was no reason why they should have been given up, or asked for; and the entire course of events makes it extremely improbable that the demand was ever made. There is good reason, both moral and practical, for asking for the surrender of the Kaiser. Moreover, the allegation that the South African war was protracted by this supposed demand is beside the point, in view of the fact that the present war is already over, and has been over since Nov. 11. To be sure, a statesman who has seen and experienced the good results of the policy of conciliation pursued by the victors in South Africa may reasonably plead for "a spirit of pity, mercy, and forgiveness"; but there was nothing in South Africa which called for such an excessive amount of forgiveness as the crimes committed by the army which swore personal allegiance to the Kaiser, or by the ruler and statesmen who began the war. More probably General SMUTS had in mind the vigorous activity of the Nationalists in South Africa—repressed, when they broke into rebellion, by BOTHA and himself and other sensible men, but now active and vociferous. He may have thought that a South African politician would fare better hereafter if he had made a display of mildness toward the defeated enemy.

However, a plenary session with all correspondents present was not the place to say all this; and while General SMUTS, like, perhaps, the delegate from Honduras who was so unfeelingly shut off, would have liked to say his say, it was well that he was not permitted. Somewhere between April 28 and May 6 he was convinced that he could afford to let the rest of the allied world have its way; and the fact that he was eventually satisfied with making a general statement about the Peace Treaty is plausible reason for thinking that the whole affair was largely intended for an Afrikander Bancombe.

It may be true that the Germans will resent the trial of the Kaiser—at least, that some Germans will. But those Germans who will resent it will resent anything; their resentment at losing the war can hardly be heightened by anything else. The whole question is a matter of practical expediency as well as of justice. An example must be made of a ruler who used his enormous power for an attack upon a peaceful world. There is good reason for thinking that the example of NAPOLEON might have been followed, that the allied Powers might by their own authority have relegated him to an exile as safe as any can be made in these days of aviation. He must receive exemplary punishment, and he must be removed to some place more remote than Amerongen, where he cannot be made the centre of Legitimist plots disturbing to Germany and the world.

As for resentment, there would be universal resentment if the greatest criminal of the war—the criminal whose "supreme offense against in"ternational morality and the sanctity "of treaties" made the lesser crimes possible—should escape without any punishment but the loss of his throne, and this a loss which he might ultimately retrieve. Nobody supposes that the Kaiser is going to be hanged; aside from the express stipulation that his life was to be spared, which has been credited to the American delegation, we may suppose that the other allied leaders can recognize that such a punishment as this is far too slight for theoretical justice and far too heavy for practical desirability. After his trial the Kaiser will be no worse off, materially, than he is today; we all know that he will end his days in some country house, probably as comfortable as the castle at Amerongen, where he will have enough to eat, and a garden to walk in, and any number of logs to saw up. But he will have been sent to this easy prison after a solemn trial by judges of the highest character, after a full inquiry into the crime with which he is charged, after the presentation of all evidence and opportunity for counsel for the defense to make all possible pleas for the prisoner. The moral effect of such a sentence will be long in dying out; and those Germans who resent it will by such a feeling give one more proof that they are determined to be, as EDUARD BERNSTEIN has called them, moral accessories after the fact to the Kaiser's crime.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

Only Airships Have Been Stormbound.

For so many weeks now, have readers of the papers been considering atmospheric conditions chiefly in relation to the journeys of airplanes and dirigible balloons that there has been created a widespread impression that all through these weeks, on the North Atlantic Coast, at least, this year's weather has been notably bad and stormy. As a matter of fact, even in Newfoundland, there has been nothing at all remarkable about it, unless it be that storms have been both less numerous and less severe than usual.

Ships that sail or steam the surface of the sea have gone quietly and successfully about their businesses, and only the fragile craft of the air have watched the skies with anxiety and been obliged to postpone their departures through many weary days of waiting. Even they, incidentally, have shown fear of the weather only when voyages prolonged to the very limit of known—or hoped—possibility were in contemplation.

The war taught the operators of airplanes that they had little to fear, when flights of a few hours were in question, from any except the most violent of tempests, and from fogs, which made flight useless. The dirigibles, too, have been tested in bad weather until their commanders think only about the perils of rising and landing in high winds. Once aloft, they do not mind gales, if only they blow in the right direction.

In the era of aerial navigation that seems to be approaching, meteorology will be studied as never before, even in the days of sailing ships. The steamships have caused this important science to be neglected, for to them weather is of small account except as it affects coal bills, and disturbs the digestive operations of passengers. In time the aviators may come to know as much about cyclones as do the migratory birds, for they are learning fast under the compulsion of necessity.

Distance and Time Are Different.

Just why the R-34 chose the course she did, instead of one considerably further south, has not yet been explained. Her route was, indeed, a close approximation to the "great circle" connecting her point of departure and her destination. It was therefore the shortest she could have followed, but it also took her into a region where storms and fogs are so frequent that they may be said to constitute climate rather than weather, and the navigation of such a region did not tend to the conservation of the precious fuel on which arrival depended.

Great circle sailing is fine for steamships, and even vessels moved by the wind rightly aspire to keep the shortest course, but aircraft might often profit by departing from the old-time navigator's ideal.

A Precedent Hardly Relevant.

Much consolation and something of hope have been gained by our "liberals, radicals, and defenders of radicals"—that is, by our Bolsheviki, near-Bolsheviki, and friends of Bolsheviki—from reading up the case of JOHN WILKES and assuming that the judicial action taken in regard to the seizure of WILKES'S papers would, or should, control our own courts when they come to consider the so-called raids on the Rand School and the office of their much admired MARTENS.

Yet between the ancient and the modern instance there is hardly any likeness, and their differences are so great that the bearing of the one on the other is almost purely imaginary. In the first place, WILKES, though a rather obnoxious person, from most points of view, was the foe of a British administration, not of the British Government as distinct from that administration. He hated HALIFAX and BUTE, and made himself hated by them because of scurrilous attacks in his paper, The North Briton, but it was merely factional or partisan warfare that he conducted with his sharp and ruthless pen.

His object, so far as he had one beyond the satisfaction of his joy in controversy, was not the overturning of the British Empire or the abolition of its Constitution, but the return of the Whigs to power. As a member of Parliament, his legal immunities were violated when under a general order issued by Lord HALIFAX his papers were seized and he was himself imprisoned. This was so obviously an abuse of authority that it was severely denounced by the Lord Chief Justice as subversive of right and liberty, and WILKES had the pleasure of seeing his enemies made to pay heavily for what they had done.

More Than Politics Is Involved.

If the "defenders of radicals" could prove that the objects of their anxieties and the subjects of their indignations were doing no more here than WILKES did in London, and that they were the victims of arbitrary and lawless power exercised by the Minister of a would-be tyrant, then the judgment to which they appeal might serve their purpose. But, of course, they can do no such thing. The warrants used in New York the other day were issued by Magistrates at the request of a legislative committee on more than reasonable suspicion that the evidence found would be found. If there were any irregularities of procedure, our courts are open, but resort to them will have its dangers, for the evidence secured disclosed not the malice of a bitterly partisan politician, but an elaborate propaganda in action for the substitution of Bolshevist methods and principles for the constitutional democracy under which most of us are living, if not in complete satisfaction with it, at least with no desire to change it for the system so brilliantly inaugurated in Russia by Messrs. LENIN and TROTSKY.

WILKES was no model of the proprieties, but he managed to make himself regarded with favor by no inconsiderable group of sensible Britons as a champion of liberty. At least once he had a good, a perfect, case against real oppressors. It is not a case lightly to be recalled by people who in reality or pretense are trying to establish Soviet government here and throughout the world.

A LEAGUE FOR REPUBLICANS.

Reservations and Interpretations If They Must Have Them.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In the main, the League of Nations is acceptable to a preponderating percentage of the people and of the Senate. A League in some form is inevitable. It may well be that we shall find that the Senate will be willing to accept the present covenant if it can be convinced that it means what we are told that it means, and this point can be safeguarded by the adoption by the Senate either of reservations of contemporaneous interpretations which, if not subsequently rejected by the other nations, will operate as an assent to the American position. Thus we would be in no danger of a realization of the fears of those who justly opposition to the covenant on the ground that it is susceptible of an interpretation clearly not now in the minds of the framers of the document.

The basic idea of the League of Nations is wholly in accord with the well-established Republican principles and Republican traditions. In his last speech delivered in 1901, President McKinley said:

> "No nation can longer be indifferent to any other." The period of aloofness is passed.

President Roosevelt, in his address before the Nobel Peace Prize Committee in 1910, said:

> "It would be a master stroke if those great powers honestly bent on peace would form a league of peace not only to keep the peace among themselves, but to prevent, by force if necessary, its being broken by others."

And the New York Republican State Convention made this formal and far-seeing declaration in its platform at the Saratoga Convention in July, 1918:

> "We favor the immediate creation by the United States and its allies of a League of Nations to establish, from time to time to modify, and to enforce, the rules of international law and conduct. The purpose of this League should be, not to displace patriotism or devotion and loyalty to national ideals and traditions, but rather to give to these new opportunities of expression in co-operation with the other liberty-loving nations of the world. To membership in this League any nation might be admitted that possesses a responsible Government which will abide by those rules of law and equity, and by those principles of international justice and morality which are accepted by civilized people."

There is no danger that President Wilson will perpetuate his power through his advocacy of the League unless the Republicans make a partisan issue of the covenant. The League is an idea born out of the agony of war, out of the determination that the incalculable waste of life and treasure shall hereafter be neither the sin nor the fate of civilized nations. McKinley, Hay, Roosevelt, Root, Choate, and Taft sponsored it before Mr. Wilson came into power. Republicans who commit the mischievous error of encouraging an unwarranted prejudice against the League because Mr. Wilson, through the accident of position, is its champion, may give the President a coveted issue for 1920, and in doing so may endanger the chances of the confirmation of a covenant which has great potentialities for enduring peace.

CHARLES D. HILLES.

New York, July 5, 1919.

HAIL!

Lo! what a glory shines upon the sea!
A radiance till now unknown is born
Upon the pathway of the sun. Forlorn
Were she the breathless, waiting land;
for he
Who sailed in knightly quest into the dawn
Bore in his heart his people's sacred vow
That Might and Wrong, throughout the ages gone
Supreme, must yield to Right and Justice now.
And he, for him and his eschewing aught
Of selfishness, amid dark counsels fraught,
With doubt, a covenant secure should build
Of lasting peace. And now, the vow fulfilled,
He comes; a champion who would not fail—
The faithful knight who found the Holy Grail.

CHARLES A. TOWNE.

WEAKNESS OF PROHIBITION LAWS.

They Will Not Enforce Themselves, but Must Depend on the Support of Public Sentiment.

By CECIL W. BROWN.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Now that the reformers are winning victories with little or no opposition, and are in full control of all, or nearly all, of our legislative bodies, it may not be out of place to point out to them, and to those they are endeavoring to convert to their doctrines, the reason for their ultimate and absolute failure. Failure will result whether or not the Supreme Court decides as constitutional that monstrous piece of legislation (for it is in no way fundamental) known as the Eighteenth Amendment.

In 1904 James Coolidge Carter prepared, at Dr. Eliot's request, a series of lectures to be delivered before the Harvard Law School. Due to the author's death, these lectures were never delivered by him, but were published in 1907 by G. P. Putnam's Sons under the title, "Law: Its Origin, Growth and Function." These lectures most admirably developed the fact that law in its true sense is nothing more or less than custom, and such has been the case from prehistoric times. Hence, since law is self-created and self-existant, and is the fruit of the myriads of concurring judgments of all the members of society pronounced after a study of the consequences of conduct touching what conduct should be followed and what should be avoided, it is impossible to make law by legislative action. In order that this statement may not appear too sweeping it might be well to state that no reference is here had to adjective law, but only to substantive law, and largely to private substantive law. Nor does it refer to that mass of legislation which deals with a State in its corporate capacity.

It is not denied that customs change, and as they change it is within the province of a Legislature to formulate what the new custom is. If, however, no statutes were passed the common or unwritten law would take care of itself.

It is manifestly impossible to cause the destruction of all liquor, even in the relatively small territory of the United States, nor in fact does the amendment prohibit its manufacture. The inhibition is purely against certain uses. That thousands of cellars of the well-to-do are fully stocked is the subject of daily comment, particularly by those whose circumstances did not permit them to do likewise, and who, in consequence, feel keenly what is to them purely class legislation. It is idle to argue that when this stock is gone custom will change, and the demand for liquor will cease. The stock will never be gone until some way is found to prevent fermentation.

If there is no likelihood of custom changing to this radical extent—for it has changed decidedly in favor of temperance (not teetotalism) in the last twenty years—how, if Mr. Carter's premises are correct, is the law to change? The answer is simple: The law won't change, legislation to the contrary notwithstanding.

The following is quoted from the tenth lecture of the series mentioned above:

> "Take, for instance, the case of laws prohibiting the manufacture or sale of intoxicating drinks. The evils of drunkenness are so manifest that great numbers of excellent people are impressed with a conviction that some measures must be taken to repress them. The first efforts in this direction were a resort to what are called moral methods. The attempt was made to arouse a public sentiment so strong as to prevent men from indulgence, and discourage the sale of the mischievous article; but the results of such efforts are generally too slow and gradual to satisfy aroused and earnest minds. Besides the desire of doing good, the selfish determination is formed of carrying out a purpose, and the purpose comes to seem so important that no inquiry is made concerning the means except to consider what will be most effective. It suits the judgment of some and the temper of others to convert the practices they deem so mischievous into crimes, and they think if nothing else will prevent indulgence in them, the fear of heavy punishment will at least be effective, and, indeed, many think that the force of law is so great that the mere enactment of a prohibition law will accomplish the desired end, and all are inclined to believe that even if the laws are ineffective for the purpose for which they were enacted, they will at least do no harm. But men forget that their acts, whether in enacting and attempting to enforce written laws, or of whatever other nature, are subject to the great law of causality and will draw after them their inevitable consequences.
>
> "The law when enacted will not execute itself. It requires the active interposition of man to put it in force. Evidence must be found and prosecutions set in motion, and as this is a task in which good men are commonly found to be unwilling, or too indolent, to voluntarily engage, others must be sought for who will undertake it. The spy and informer are hired, but their testimony is open to much impeachment, and is met by opposing testimony often false and perjured. The trials become scenes of perjury and subornation of perjury, and juries find abundant excuses for rendering verdicts of acquittal or persisting in disagreements, contrary to their oaths. The whole machinery of enforcement fails, or, if it succeeds at all, it is in particular places only, while in others the law is violated with impunity. Attempts are made to insure a more general and effective execution of the law by imposing the duty of detection upon the ordinary policemen, and giving them summary powers. This enables such officers to extend indulgence for a price, and makes their places positions of value which speedily fall into the hands of those who will not scruple to sell their indulgences, and bribery and corruption on a vast scale are the result. The necessity felt by the violators of the law to purchase protection carries the struggle for the control of the police establishment into politics, and mischiefs almost endless follow. An especially pernicious effect is that society becomes divided between the friends and the foes of the repressive law, and the opposing parties become animated with a hostility which prevents united action for the purposes considered beneficial by both. Perhaps the worst of all is that the general regard and reverence for law are impaired, a consequence the mischief of which can scarcely be estimated.
>
> "If, at the expense of all these evils, the reformation sought by the law were really and fully effected, the benefit it would not be worth the price paid for it, but it generally turns out in the end that the legislation is wholly inoperative and that the condemned practices, through successful bribery and by various devices, are carried on much to the same extent as before the enactment of the law. * * *
>
> "These features of the use of intoxicating drinks which are the sources of evil, such as drunkenness in public places, and disorderly resorts, are condemned by custom and directly lead to violence and crime. Laws designed to suppress these practices are in accordance with the true principles of legislation. Intoxication in public may, therefore, be punished, and the traffic may be restricted to a class of persons of approved responsibility if the laws of this character we now have do not accomplish all that may be fairly expected from them, the fault lies in lack of proper execution arising mainly from the negligence and indifference of citizens themselves. * * * Moral ends can never be gained except by moral means."

CECIL W. BROWN.

Providence, July 5, 1919.

DECREE AGAINST GERMANY.

Versailles Document Viewed as Such Rather Than a Treaty.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The document which was executed at Versailles will be a treaty of peace among all of the other nations that executed it, but it is something quite different so far as Germany is concerned, and it is to be regretted that international usage and practice perhaps provided no means of emphasizing the distinction.

Germany's position at Versailles presents the case of an unwilling defendant convened before a court of justice having entire right to adjudicate, with ample power to enforce its decrees, and it was with a view of impressing this distinction, not only on Germany, but on the whole world, that the representatives of the allied Governments and the United States in returning to the German delegates, on June 16, the revised terms of the treaty, also delivered to them, through Marshal Foch, the opinion of the court. The reasons assigned in this opinion are known by all intelligent and soundly constituted people the world over to be beyond controversy, and to constitute a basis, as deep as human thought can penetrate, for the decree against Germany expressed in the treaty of peace between the other nations.

The most that can now be said is that when Germany shall have performed the terms of the decree, (which, of course, may be amended if circumstances justify amendment,) she will, for the first time since Aug. 2, 1914, be in position to ask of the allied nations and the United States a treaty giving consideration to the will of the German Government and people.

Since the period mentioned there could be no agreement between the will and purpose of the German Government and people, of the one part, and the will and purpose of the Governments and peoples of the allied nations and the United States, of the other part. The cessation of hostilities must necessarily have been accomplished by a decree based on victory, and not by a voluntary treaty of peace.

The world, then, may well be inquiring why the signature of Germany's delegates was required to the decree against her embraced in the treaty of peace between the other nations. The answer is obvious. It was to afford evidence to the world that Germany had full notice of the provisions of the decree against her, as awarded by the allied nations and the United States in fact as it is the practice in courts of equity for the counsel of the losing party to indorse on the decree the fact that it has been examined by him before it is entered by the court and made operative against his client.

O. M. DILLARD.

Norfolk, Va., June 29, 1919.

So Villa Must Be Alive.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The leading article in your Sunday Magazine for the 22d discusses at some length the question, Is Pancho Villa alive or dead? A client of mine, the head of a large mining enterprise in Chihuahua, who knew Villa well in the days prior to the Columbus raid, has, within the last forty days, had a personal interview with him that lasted several hours.

F. W. S.

Santa Barbara, Cal., June 26, 1919.

SUFFRAGE LEADERS.

Dr. Anna H. Shaw's Place Among the Pioneers of the Movement.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The National Woman Suffrage Association is deeply appreciative of your comprehensive sketch of Dr. Anna Howard Shaw, which is essentially accurate. Will you permit me to correct one slight error? It says that when Miss Susan B. Anthony resigned the Presidency of the association, in 1900, the choice of her successor rested between Dr. Shaw and Mrs. Carrie Chapman Catt, and that Miss Anthony finally designated the latter, as being the more experienced, and Dr. Shaw was made Vice President at Large.

Both women were eminently qualified for the position, although Dr. Shaw, as the older of the two, had been longer engaged in work for the suffrage. She could not accept the Presidency because it carried no salary with it and she was entirely self-supporting. She had been Vice President at Large ever since Miss Anthony gave up that office to accept the Presidency, of the retirement of Mrs. Elizabeth Cady Stanton, in 1892. She continued to hold it, as it allowed her time and freedom for paid lectures. When the state of Mrs. Catt's health compelled her resignation, in 1904, Dr. Shaw was obliged to accept the Presidency without salary. Immediately after Miss Anthony's death, in 1906, Miss Mary E. Garrett of Baltimore and Dr. M. Carey Thomas, President of Bryn Mawr College, her devoted friends, raised among a group of suffragists, as a memorial to her, a fund of $60,000, to be paid in yearly installments of $12,000. Then for the first time in its history the President, Corresponding Secretary, and Treasurer of the association received salaries for work which consumed practically all of their time.

When the five years were ended the annual receipts of the association enabled it to continue paying $2,500 to the Secretary and $1,000 to the Treasurer, which she used to pay a bookkeeper. Dr. Shaw never again received a salary, but she gave some paid lectures, and generous friends looked after her bank account. This was always the case with Miss Anthony, who never received a dollar of salary for her fifty-five years' labor. During Dr. Shaw's two years of strenuous and absorbing work for the Government, which finally resulted in her death, she never received or would have accepted a dollar. After she resigned the Presidency, in 1915, a few appreciative friends, men and women, arranged for an annuity of about $3,000 a year. Mrs. Catt father-the Independent means from her husband, and has given thousands of dollars to the cause. The Leslie bequest was not made to the National American Suffrage Association, which is entirely dependent on individual contributions.

IDA HUSTED HARPER.

New York, July 5, 1919.

For the Real Championship.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Now that we have a new champion, I would suggest a three-round bout between Mr. Dempsey and the head of the Anti-Saloon League.

JOSEPH DELLA VALLE.

New Haven, July 5, 1919.

OFF TO SEEK TRADE IN ARCTIC LANDS

Leden Expedition Sails Tomorrow for Exploration in Northern Waters.

WILL DEAL WITH NATIVES

Plan Survey of Mineral Products and Food Supplies—Ethnologists in Party.

The first arctic expedition for the purposes of commercial exploration will leave New York tomorrow on the 138-foot yacht Finback, in charge of the Norwegian explorer Christian Leden. While the head of the party is essentially an ethnologist, other members of the expedition will seek information for the group of Boston bankers and Americans of Norwegian birth who are financing the enterprise, regarding the desirability of investing in the resources of the North.

The project has been in preparation for two years, but has been held up by the war. No news has been given to the public up to this time because of the fear of competition in the field to be explored. Even now the names of the backers are being withheld and the particular regions have not been divulged.

Leden's expedition will be the only one in the arctic this Summer except that started last year by Roald Amundsen from Norway. The two will probably not meet each other, as Amundsen is making for the pole, while Leden will explore the island north of Hudson Bay, west of Greenland, and also the northeastern corner of the American mainland.

Leden has been in the north on four other expeditions, three times in Greenland and once in the arctic part of Canada, and it was on this last expedition that he discovered mineral deposits which on this trip he will explore for their commercial possibilities. In 1909 he went under the leadership of Knud Rasmussen, the expedition being financed by the Carlsberger Foundation.

In 1910 he led his own party to East Greenland, the funds being supplied by the King of Norway. Again in 1912 he went to Greenland, and in 1913 he traveled through North Canada, and spent three years among the Eskimos to the north and west of Hudson Bay. This time he was supported by the King and Queen of Norway, the University Museum of Christiania. He also had a commission from the Geological Survey of Canada, which is under the Department of Mines.

To Trade with Natives.

All of these expeditions were primarily for ethnographic and anthropological research work, but incidentally the last revealed minerals of apparently great value. These consist principally of copper, iron, and possibly gold. The length of time taken in preparation has been caused by the difficulty in getting the right kind of supplies, especially in the matter of food, and of suitable exchange articles with which to pay off the Eskimos.

Money has no lure for these people, but sweets of all kinds, like sugar and molasses, and tobacco. Before the war these were not easily obtainable. Other attractions for the Eskimos are tobacco, matches, knives, and needles. The only kind of needles of native manufacture are made of bone. They are difficult to make and more difficult to sew with.

For the women Leden will take looking glasses, colored handkerchiefs, beads, and fancy articles of all kinds. The Eskimos have a reputation for little desire to bathe, but they do like perfumed soaps, which they use with glee when they get it.

Another difficulty experienced has been the getting of the right kind of men to form the crew, but this has been overcome, for they will have as leader a famous old Arctic captain, George Comer, a member of the Explorers' Club. He will bring the ship back in the Fall, while the party will make its way overland. The chief difficulty, however, was to get a suitable ship in which to make the voyage.

The requisites for such a voyage was that it be especially strong and not too large. Leden considers himself lucky in being able to procure a strongly-built yacht belonging to a well-known Boston yachtsman named Foster. He built the boat in 1916, and lavished money upon it to make it the very best possible. Fashioned of superior materials on the fisherman's model, it is expected to weather the dangerous arctic ice.

It is fitted with a 250 horse power Sterling engine such as is used on submarine chasers and in the smaller boats of the navy. The boat will go at ten knots on the engine alone, but with a favorable wind will make sixteen knots. She is fitted with electric light and wireless apparatus having a receiving range of 3,000 miles, so that she will get the news of the world all the way up.

There will be eight men in the crew and seven in the exploring party. They expect to reach their destination by the end of this month, even before the breaking up of the ice. Mr. Leden would not state the exact landing place when he told of the voyage last night, but said that it would be somewhere north of Hudson Bay and near Baffin's Land. They will travel over the ice in pursuit of polar bears, and when the ice breaks will continue after them in the motor launch they will have on board. They will also take along two American whaling boats for sailing along the coast and into the inlets, and will have canoes and dories to take over the ice.

To Take Records of Language.

Mr. Leden told last night of the special work in which he is personally interested. For his work in ethnography he will take with him instruments for taking measurements of the bodies of the Eskimos. He will have phonographs to record the music and language of the people, and will, of course, bring back with him specimens of all the utensils, household accoutrement, and clothing which they use. A record of their customs will be made.

"For instance," he said, "it is interesting to note the way in which these people get their fuel. They dig under the snow for the lichen which grows on the rocks, and then, after they have shaken the snow out of it, use it for their fire. The peculiarity of lichen is that it will burn even after it has been soaked by the rain.

"For food we shall have little worry because anybody with a gun and the energy to go out and hunt there is not danger of starvation. For instance, on my last expedition the little sailing boat which I was using was wrecked and I lost nearly all my supplies. For eight months of the year I lived on raw, frozen meat, which is just as easy to digest as cooked meat, especially if there is fat in it. It is better than cooked meat, for the cooking takes out certain salts that have then to be supplied by the use of vegetables. And all fear of scurvy is eliminated. Caribou, which exists up there in great quantity, is the best venison I have ever tasted.

"Whale meat and walrus are very good eating, and are extremely nourishing. Seals and bears exist in plenty, while splendid salmon can be caught all Summer. The eggs from wild geese and duck, and from the eider ducks and sea gulls, are palatable and nutritious. However, the birds themselves are not eaten unless the big game becomes scarce. The Arctic caribou and the musk ox will some day, I am sure, become of commercial value for food, as they may easily be domesticated. The wool from the musk ox is also of very fine quality.

"When I get to the North I expect to see some native tribes who have seen little of white men before, and in two of those tribes are many who have never seen a white man. One of the tribes has seen only five white men in all their history, and they killed them all. They came at different times and undoubtedly were unfamiliar with the language of the natives and could not make their mission understood. The first was a Canadian traveler, who went there fourteen years ago, and then came two Americans. Two Catholic priests were killed in 1916. I shall not have any trouble, for I speak the language, which is practically the same throughout the North.

"I shall take with me a moving picture outfit with which I shall show the Eskimos how the white man lives. The films will give him an idea of city life, and country life. He will see trains, and motor cars, and airplanes. The only difficulty about some of these is that the Eskimo idea of an evil spirit is a sleigh with harness but no dogs. He sees it move along without any visible means of propulsion. He calls it the 'tornrak,' and he is very likely to think the motor car a tornrak.

"The last time I came out of the North was two and a half years after the war had started, and I knew little about it until I got into the civilized parts of Canada. In fact, it was about a year before I knew that there was a war at all. And now this is the first Arctic expedition to start out since the closing of the war, and the first with a commercial purpose, with the possible exception of that of Frobisher many years ago when he went up to Baffin's Bay to load his ship with gold. He brought the gold back but found out to his sorrow that it was only iron pyrites. Sir John Franklin went out in search of a northwest passage which he thought might have a commercial value, but he lost his life in the attempt."

ALBERT SPALDING TO WED MISS MARY PYLE

American Violinist, Decorated for War Service, Betrothed to Society Girl Noted for Beauty.

An interesting engagement that will be formally announced on Thursday is that of Miss Mary Vanderhoef Pyle of this city and Albert Spalding, the famous American violinist. Miss Pyle is the daughter of Mrs. William Scott Pyle of 375 Park Avenue and Oakdene, Bernardsville, N. J.

Miss Pyle is prominent in society and is noted for her beauty. Mr. Spalding is the son of Mr. and Mrs. J. Walter Spalding of New York and Florence, Italy. He returned here last month after several years' service overseas as a lieutenant, abandoning his career to go into the war. He went over in November, 1917 as a liaison officer, and was later sent to Italy, where he received his training as a flier. He was then detailed as aid to Major F. H. La Guardia, a member of Congress who served in the American Air Service in Italy.

Mr. Spalding was honored for his service in Italy, having been decorated by the Italian Government with the Cross of the Italian Crown, the highest decoration that can be conferred upon a foreign citizen. Last March he took part in an American concert in Rome, the program comprising all American music, receiving an ovation.

The violinist was born in Chicago on Aug. 15, 1888, and his mother was a noted pianist. At the age of 10 he played before the Duke and Duchess of Connaught, and made his professional debut in 1905 at the Nouveau Theatre, Paris. He is the only American violinist who ever appeared at La Scala, in Milan, and has appeared in practically every country of the civilized world.

He has appeared as soloist with the New York Symphony, New York Philharmonic, Boston Symphony, and many other famed musical societies. His compositions are well known, including many American folk-lore compositions and musical settings of poems of Eugene Field and James Whitcomb Riley.

His clubs are the Century, Friars, and the Rumson Country Club of Rumson, N. J. His Summers, before the war, were spent at Monmouth Beach, N. J.

The wedding is to take place in the immediate future, and will be a quiet one.

LEGUIA NAMES CABINET.

Provisional President of Peru Expected to Issue Call for Elections.

LIMA, Peru, July 4, [Delayed.]—As a sequence to the overthrow of the Pardo Government this morning, with Augusto B. Leguia assuming the office of Provisional President, a new Ministry was sworn in tonight, headed by ex-Premier Meliton F. Porras as Prime Minister and Minister of Foreign Affairs. In addition to Dr. Porras, the other members of the Cabinet are:

Minister of the Interior—MARIANO H. CORNEJO.

Minister of Justice—ARTURO OSERES.

Minister of War—General CARLOS ABRIL.

Minister of Finance—ISMAEL D. IDIAQUEZ.

Minister of Public Works—SALVADOR GUTIERREZ.

Provisional President Leguia is expected to issue a decree tomorrow calling for general elections for Senators and Deputies throughout the republic, entirely reconstituting the present Congress. These elections will be held some time this month.

Jas. Speyers Off for Pacific Coast.

Mr. and Mrs. James Speyer of 1058 Fifth Avenue have left for a trip to the Pacific Coast. They have been spending the early Summer at their country home at Scarborough-on-Hudson.

Mrs. Grace W. Rives Left $3,000,000

Special to The New York Times.

NEWPORT, R. I., July 7.—The will of Mrs. Grace W. Rives was probated here today. Letters testamentary were granted to William C. Rives of Washington and Arthur Adams of Quincy, Mass. According to the petition the personal estate will not exceed $3,000,000. All of the estate, both real and personal, was bequeathed to her son, William C. Rives of Washington.

Joseph D. McArdle's Funeral.

The funeral of Joseph D. McArdle, well-known newspaper and theatrical man, recently assistant city editor of the New York City News Association, who died Sunday at Bellevue Hospital, was held at Hugh P. Connelly's Mortuary Chapel, 402 East Seventy-ninth Street, at 5 o'clock last night. The Rev. Father Cunningham of St. Monica's Church sang the service. Interment will be in Calvary Cemetery this morning.

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MISS URQUHART ARRIVES

Virginia Girl and Her Fiance, Lieut. George H. Warren, Jr., Get Their Marriage License.

Special to The New York Times.

NEWPORT, R. I., July 7.—Members of the cottage colony will entertain soon in honor of Count and Countess Mario Di Zoppola, the latter formerly Miss Edith Mortimer, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Stanley Mortimer, who are expected here between July 15 and 20 to visit the parents of the Countess. The Count and Countess are on their honeymoon, planning to sail for Italy July 28, when the Count, who is a Captain in the air forces of the Italian Army, will resume his duties.

Sumner Gerard of New York and Miss Betty Pierson, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. J. Fred Pierson, Jr., in the first golf tournament on the links of the Newport Country Club a few days ago were the best players in medal play handicap.

Registered at the club today were Mrs. Cornelius Vanderbilt, Miss Vanderbilt, Mr. and Mrs. F. Gray Griswold, Miss Cass Canfield, Cass Canfield, Jr., the Rev. Herbert Shipman, Stanley Mortimer, Jr., Mr. and Mrs. George Dallas Dixon, Mrs. Henry F. Godfrey, James T. Banks, Jr., Herbert Judge of New York, visiting Mr. and Mrs. Cyril Judge; E. P. Pearson, Ogden Reid of New York, visiting Mr. and Mrs. J. Norman de R. Whitehouse; J. F. Archbold of New York, visiting Mr. and Mrs. M. M. Van Buren, Sunnyfields Farm; W. F. D. A. Rutherford of London, at Hill Top Inn: Ralph M. Johnson, Miss Linzee, Hermann Oelrichs, Miss Margaret Perin, Mrs. William Disston of New York, visiting her son-in-law and daughter, Mr. and Mrs. John Wanamaker, Jr.; Mrs. F. Lothrop Ames, George McFadden, Jr., Mr. and Mrs. George von L. Meyer of Boston, guests of Mrs. Ward Dougherty; Mr. and Mrs. Frederick O. Prelinghuysen, Jr., and Mrs. Eugene S. Reynal, Mrs. Barger Wallach and Mrs. Frank Spencer Witherbee.

During the coming Fall the marriage of Miss Lucy Patterson, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Rufus L. Patterson of New York, and Lieutenant H. Casimir De Rham, son of Mrs. De Rham of Newport and New York and nephew of Mrs. C. Lorillard Spencer, will take place in Southampton, L. I., or in New York. Miss Patterson is to come to Newport to visit Mrs. De Rham, mother of her fiance, who recently returned from overseas duty with the American Expeditionary Forces.

Miss Katherine Augusta Urquhart of Charlottesville, Va., who will marry Lieutenant George Henry Warren, Jr., of Newport and New York, son of Mr. and Mrs. George Henry Warren, in Trinity Church July 12, arrived today, to be the guest of her cousin, Mrs. James A. Stillman, who entertained for Miss Urquhart tonight at dinner, whose honor a number of other entertainments will be given, including a dinner by Mr. and Mrs. Warren. The young couple obtained their marriage license at the City Hall this noon. Miss Urquhart is 22 and her fiancé 29.

Mrs. Charles S. Whitman was a luncheon hostess today.

Miss Amy Townsend of New York is at Bateman's. Post Mitchell of New York is at Pine Lodge for the Summer.

Mr. and Mrs. Ogden Mills will arrive from Staatsburg the latter part of the week.

Miss Hancox Wed to Shepard Nash

Mrs. Howard Morgan Cowperthwait announces the marriage of her sister, Miss Marie Wall Hancox, to Shepard Nash, on last Saturday in St. Thomas's Church. Mrs. Nash is a daughter of the late Mrs. Catherine Wall Hancox and a granddaughter of the late Mr. and Mrs. William Wall. Mr. Nash is a son of the late Mr. and Mrs. Abner Nash of Lumberton, N. C. He was with the first Aviation Service, A. E. F., at Issoudun.

Wed to Major C. H. Pangburn.

The marriage is announced of Major Clifford Hayes Pangburn of the American Red Cross station at Camp Dix, N. J., and Miss Marjorie Metcalfe, a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. William C. Metcalfe, which was celebrated on July 2 at the home of the bride's parents, 2,797 Morris Avenue, this city. Mr. Pangburn is a son of Mr. and Mrs. L. H. Pangburn of New Haven, Conn., and is a Yale graduate of 1912. Mrs. Pangburn is a granddaughter of the late Robert Metcalfe of South Orange, N. J.

Marzall-Dwyer.

The marriage is announced of Miss Catherine Marcella Dwyer, daughter of Mrs. Catherine Dwyer of 575 West 150th Street, and Ensign John A. Marzall, U. S. N., of Chicago, which took place on July 4, the Rev. Prahy officiating. A dinner was served afterward at the Hotel Plaza. Miss Marie Davis attended the bride, and Ensign Harold D. LosKamp was best man. The couple will spend the Summer at Shawnee on the Delaware.

Miss Amy Hahn Engaged.

The engagement is announced of Miss Amy Hahn, a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Berthold Hahn of 26 West Ninety-first Street, to Emanuel Grossman of Brooklyn. Miss Hahn is spending the Summer at the Edgemere Club, Edgemere, L. I.

Bushnell—Palmer Engagement.

Announcement is made of the engagement of Miss Winthrop Bushnell, a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Ericsson F. Bushnell of 145 West Fifty-ninth Street, New York, and Monmouth Beach, N. J., to Carleton H. Palmer, a son of Lowell M. Palmer of Brooklyn.

Miss Bogert to Wed W. C. Strunk.

Mr. and Mrs. John Jacob Bogert of Harrington Park, N. J., announce the engagement of their daughter, Miss Mary L. Bogert, to Walter C. Strunk of this city. Miss Bogert is a graduate of the Dwight School at Englewood, N. J. Mr. Strunk is a mechanical engineer, and was graduated from Swarthmore College, class of '09.

Shearson—Dodd Betrothal Broken.

It was announced yesterday that the engagement of Miss Janet Shearson, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John Shearson of this city, and John M. Dodd had been broken by mutual consent. Mr. Dodd is the son of Mrs. E. R. Burnett of 27 West Seventy-third Street.

Mount Washington Hotel Opens.

Special to The New York Times.

BRETTON WOODS, N. H., July 7.—The opening of the Mt. Washington Hotel today marked the real beginning of the White Mountain season, and many invitations were sent out by the management for the opening dinner this evening. All day long parties arrived by automobile, some from New York and other cities and others motoring from various other White Mountain points to spend the day.

Among the guests are Dr. and Mrs. J. Blake White of New York, who have been at the Mt. Pleasant House to await the opening of the hotel. Manager C. J. Root entertained many members of his organization, and several private dinner parties were also given.

JOHN GERRIN FOUND DEAD.

Former Superintendent at Hotel McAlpin Locked in Gas-Filled Flat.

John Gerrin, 40 years old, who before his retirement a year ago on account of ill health had been for seven years Superintendent of Service at the Hotel McAlpin and is said to have originated the idea of regular military drills for hotel employes on the hotel roof, was found dead in his apartment, 112 East Seventeenth Street, yesterday afternoon by his wife, upon her return from a shopping trip.

She found the door to the apartment locked from the inside. Detecting the odor of gas, she called Superintendent John Prem of the building, who forced open the door. Gerrin was found sitting in a chair in the kitchen, his body fallen over the gas range, the jets of which were open. Dr. Butler, who responded to a call to Bellevue Hospital, worked over Gerrin for nearly three hours but was unable to revive him.

DR. AMOS J. GIVENS DEAD.

Prominent Alienist Was Proprietor of Stamford Hall Sanatorium.

Dr. Amos J. Givens, an authority on mental diseases, proprietor of the Stamford Hall Sanatorium, which he established in 1891, died last night at his home in Stamford of heart disease, after an illness of several weeks. Dr. Givens was 60 years old, and went to Stamford from Middletown, N. Y., where he was connected with the State Hospital. His Stamford sanatorium became one of the largest and best known in the United States, and had treated some of the most prominent people of the country.

Dr. Givens ranked high as an alienist and a specialist in nervous diseases. He was President of the Fidelity Title and Trust Company of Stamford. Surviving are his widow and three adopted children.

GEORGE R. WEBB DIES.

Organized Street Railways and Telephone Companies in Many Cities.

Special to The New York Times.

BALTIMORE, Md., July 7.—George R. Webb, capitalist and organizer of street railways and telephone companies, died here today of heart disease at the age of 60. Mr. Webb began his business career with the Baltimore & Ohio Railroad. Subsequently in connection with Harry M. Nye he constructed the Baltimore & Northern Railroad. Then with Alexander Brown & Sons, bankers, he consolidated the street railways of Baltimore, and for a short time he was the President of the amalgamated companies.

Mr. Webb's activities rapidly broadened. He organized the Maryland Telephone Company, the Pittsburgh and Allegheny Telephone Company, Wilmington Light & Power Company and the Duquesne Light Company of Pittsburgh.

At a later period, with Baltimore associates, he consolidated the United Railways of San Francisco, and with Pierre S. du Pont and Harry P. Scott he consolidated the street railways and light and telephone system of Wilmington, under the name of the Wilmington and Philadelphia Traction Company.

Obituary Notes.

Mrs. MARY MAYOR, a resident of Brooklyn nearly all her lifetime, and widow of Frederick Mayer, died on Saturday at her home, 315 Lafayette Avenue, Brooklyn, aged 60 years.

Mrs. ANNA K. LEWIT, wife of Louis Lewit, a manufacturer of infants' wear, died on Sunday at her residence, 172 Prospect Park West, Brooklyn.

Mrs. MARY KIRBY, widow of Robert Kirby, a builder, died in her eighty-first year yesterday at her home, 1,410 St. Mark's Avenue, Brooklyn. She was born in England and left a son and three daughters.

LORENZO ARNOLD, for many years in the employ of the Behrmann Shoe Company, in Manhattan, died yesterday as a result of injuries he received in an automobile accident three months ago. Mr. Arnold was 86 years old and lived at 158 Willow Street, Brooklyn.

Mrs. SARAH SONNENSHEIN, 55 years old, wife of Isaac Sonnenshein, a produce dealer in Wallabout Market, died yesterday at her home, 270 Penn Street, Brooklyn.

WILLIAM F. HAWKHURST, for forty-five years in the employ of Bliss, Fabyan & Co., in Manhattan, died on Sunday at his home, 1,103 Bergen Street, Brooklyn, in his eighty-ninth year. He was a member of Bedford Lodge, 574, F. and A. M.; Constellation Chapter 306, R. A. M., and Clinton Commandery, 14, Knights Templar.

Miss FRANCES MERRITT, a retired school teacher, died at her home in Elmhurst, L. I., on Saturday, aged 78 years.

Mrs. ELIZABETH ANN DURBUR, 79 years old, widow of Henry W. Durbur, who was a picture frame manufacturer of the old City of Brooklyn, died at Stroudsburg, Penn., on Saturday and the funeral services will be held at the home of her daughter, 463 Seventy-fifth Street, Brooklyn, this afternoon. She was born in Bristol, England.

Mrs. EMOGENE A. FISK, wife of Semuel R. Fisk of Rockville Centre, L. I., a well known newspaper man of Nassau County, died on Saturday.

HOLMES C. BUCHER, 42 years old, traffic manager of the Phelps Dodge Copper Company of this city, died Sunday night in the Muhlenberg Hospital, Plainfield, N. J.

WILLIAM A. FINN, 54 years old, general manager of the Fifth Avenue Auction Rooms, Inc., died Thursday at his home, 100 West 130th Street, and was buried Sunday at Woodlawn Cemetery.

Mrs. MARY E. GODWARD, wife of George W. Godward, President of the Godward Realty Company, 200 Broadway, died suddenly Saturday afternoon at her home at 127 West Seventy-sixth Street. Mrs. Godward was born in this city fifty-six years ago. The funeral will be held at the Campbell Funeral Church at 11 o'clock this morning.

JOHN G. BOHLENG, who for many years had been in the banking business in this city, died Saturday at Fort Peine, Ala. He was born in New York forty-four years ago and lived at 110 Taylor Street, Brooklyn.

HARRY M. MEAD, who was an auditor for the New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad, with offices in this city, died yesterday at his home at Sound Beach, Conn., of influenza. He was born in Athens, N. Y.

CHARLES GALLAWAY, 60 years old, of 34 Van Houten Avenue, Passaic, N. J., who was chief engineer at the Madison Square Hotel, Madison Avenue and Twenty-sixth Street, died suddenly of heart disease yesterday afternoon in the taxicab he had engaged to take him from the hotel to the Erie ferry at Eleventh Avenue and Twenty-third Street.

CHARLES L. LINK, a retired patrolman of the 47th Precinct, died Sunday. The funeral will be held tomorrow morning from the home of his sister, Mrs. C. Maesinger, 2,030 Second Avenue, thence to St. Lucy's Roman Catholic Church, East 104th Street.

Born.

GELLMAN.—Dr. and Mrs. I. I. Gellman, (nee Kitty F. Cohen,) wish to announce the birth of a son, June 24, 1919.

Engaged.

PALMER—BUSHNELL.—Mr. and Mrs. Ericsson F. Bushnell of 145 West 59th St., New York City, and Monmouth Beach, N. J., announce the engagement of their daughter, Miss Winthrop Bushnell, to Mr. Carleton H. Palmer, son of the late Lowell M. Palmer, Brooklyn.

Married.

DESSAR—ASCHHIM.—July 5, by Rev. Dr. Dainard, Esq., daughter of Mrs. Mollie Aschaim, to Herbert J. Dessar.

NASH—HANCOX.—July 5, 1919, at St. Thomas's Church, New York City, Marie Wall to Shepherd Nash of Lumberton, North Carolina.

Married.

NORBY—LAUGHLIN.—July 7, 1919, Fifth Avenue Presbyterian Church, New York City, Mrs. May Willson Laughlin to Charles Wilmot Norby.

PANGBURN—METCALFE.—At the residence of the bride's parents, July 2, 2,797 Morris Av., New York City, Marjorie, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. William C. Metcalfe, to Mr. Clifford Hayes Pangburn, Major American Red Cross, at Camp Dix, N. J.

Died.

APPLEBONE.—Max, suddenly on July 6, beloved husband of Sarah, (nee Caro,) father of Florence, Charles, and Mortimer. Funeral from his late residence, 1,216 Evergreen Av., Bronx, Tuesday 1:30 P. M. Kindly omit flowers.

BARON.—On July 6, Malvina, in her 80th year, widow of the late Samuel Baron and beloved mother of Mrs. Max H. Straus, Henry S., Albert, Hugo S., Max D., Benjamin F. and Leo A. Baron. Funeral from the residence of her daughter, 35 West 82d St., on Tuesday, July 8, at 10 o'clock. Interment at Salem Fields.

BLUM.—After a short illness, Clarence Blum, beloved son of Alice and the late Isaac Blum. Southern papers please copy.

BOHLING.—On July 5, 1919, John G., son of John Bohling, 110 Taylor St., Brooklyn. Funeral services will be held at THE FUNERAL CHURCH, (Campbell Building,) Broadway and 66th St., on Wednesday morning, at 10 A. M. Interment Greenwood.

BORTHWICK.—At Newark, N. J., on Monday, July 7, 1919, James Tytler Bothwick, in his 80th year. Relatives and friends, also members of HOBOKEN LODGE, No. 106, K. of P., are respectfully invited to attend funeral services at his late residence, 134 Lincoln Av., Newark, on Wednesday evening, July 9, at 8:30 o'clock.

BUCHER.—At Plainfield, N. J., on Sunday, July 6, 1919, Holmes C. Bucher, in his 43d year. Services at his late residence, 1,121 Gresham Road, Plainfield, N. J., on Tuesday, July 8, at 2 P. M.

BURDETT.—At her home in Edgewater, N. J., Mrs. Emma Watkins Burdett, daughter of the late Charles S. Watkins, in her 83d year. Funeral private.

BUTLER.—Hattie, aged 30. Chapel Stephen Merritt Burial and Cremation Co., 161 8th Av., corner 18th St.

BRADY.—On July 6, 1919, Hugh J. Brady, aged 61 years. Services at his late residence, 123 William St., Orange, N. J., Wednesday, at 3:30 P. M.

CLOKEESY.—John, beloved husband of Helen, and son of John and the late Mary Clokeesy. Funeral from his father's residence, 2,387 University Av., near Fordham Road, Bronx, on Wednesday, July 9, at 10 A. M., thence to the Holy Rosary Church, East 119th St. and Pleasant Av. Solemn requiem mass will be celebrated. Interment Calvary Cemetery. Automobile cortege.

COAN.—At Westwood, N. J., on Saturday, July 5, 1919, Harold E. Coan, son of John J. Coan, in his 17th year. Funeral services on Tuesday, July 8, 1919, at the residence of his parents, Lafayette Av., Westwood, N. J., at 1:30 P. M. Interment at Westwood Cemetery. Newark Evening News please copy.

COLLINS.—On Seventh Month, 6th, 1919, Sarah Willets, wife of Richard S. Collins, in her 92d year. Funeral, 117 East 61st St., third day, Seventh Month, 8th, at 10:30 A. M. Services also at her late residence, at Purchase, N. Y., at 2:30 P. M. Kindly omit flowers.

COLLYER.—After a brief illness, Edith A., wife of Louis G. Collyer, in her 33d year. Funeral services will be held at her late home, 135 Grove St., Montclair, N. J., Wednesday evening at 8 o'clock. Interment Oak Hill Cemetery, Nyack, N. Y., Thursday morning.

DURVUR.—Saturday, July 5, 1919, at Stroudsburg, Pa., Elizabeth A. Treasmore, widow of Henry W. Durvur, aged 79 years. Funeral from the residence of her daughter, Mrs. Edward L. Stoddard, 435 70th St., Brooklyn, Tuesday, July 8, 2:40 P. M. Interment Evergreens.

ENTZ.—Saturday, July 5, 1919, at the New Rochelle Hospital, Bradford Pierce, beloved son of Justus Bulkley and Sarah De Forest Entz, aged 13 years. Funeral services at the home, Beachmont Drive, New Rochelle, N. Y., on Tuesday, at 3 P. M.

FARRINGTON.—On Saturday, July 5, 1919, Gertrude F. Farrington, beloved daughter of Anna F. Fenton, and the late William H., and sister of William A. Farrington. Funeral services on Tuesday, July 8, at 3 P. M., at her late home, 163 Prospect Park West, Brooklyn.

GANS.—Gus M., of Little Rock, Ark., brother of Sol Gans of Little Rock, and Mrs. William Kay of New York. Services at Universal Funeral Chapel, 587 Lexington Av., at 11 A. M. Funeral at Little Rock, Ark.

GODEFFROY.—On July 7, 1919, Adolph E., son of the late Adolph E. and Antoinette Godeffroy and dearly beloved husband of Elizabeth H. Godeffroy, in his 70th year, at his home, Neversink Lodge, Godefroys, Orange County, N. Y. Funeral private.

GODWARD.—On July 5, Mary E., beloved wife of George W. Godward of 930 West End Av. Services CAMPBELL'S FUNERAL CHURCH, Broadway and 66th St., Tuesday, 11 A. M. Interment Woodlawn.

GOLDSTEIN.—Abe J., in his 39th year, of 900 Fox St., Bronx, beloved son of Annie and of the late Louis Terell, beloved brother of Arthur, Joe, Tom, Charles, Leah Sherwin, Rebecca Finkelstein, Birdie Hirsch, and Rae Goldstein. Funeral will take place on Tuesday, July 8, at 10 A. M., from chapel of Meyers & Co., 225 Lenox Av. Interment at Mt. Hebron Cemetery, Flushing, L. I. Please omit flowers.

GOEBELSMANN.—August, Officers and members of Bronx Lodge, B. P. O. Elks, No. 871, are requested to attend the funeral services of our deceased brother at his late residence, 208 St. Ann's Av., this evening at 8:30 o'clock.

LEO J. EERHART, Exalted Ruler.

GOLDSTEIN.—Abe J., On Monday, July 7, our dear friend and associate employe of the firm of Arthur Goldstein & Co., passed away, and we desire to express our deepest regret in the loss we sustained. While his connection with the firm was that of a relative, yet we always found him a very congenial fellow-worker, a true friend, and in whose integrity and fairness was never questioned.

We owe it to his memory to inscribe these words, "We lost a valuable friend." We also extend to the bereaved family our deepest sympathy.

EMPLOYES OF ARTHUR GOLDSTEIN & CO.

GREENWOOD.—On Monday, July 7, 1919, Mary Greenwood, daughter of the late Fanny Lammer and John Greenwood of Brooklyn. Funeral service will be held at St. Bartholomew's Chapel, Park Av. and 5th St., on Wednesday at 10 o'clock. Interment at Greenwood Cemetery.

GRIFFEN.—At Mamaroneck, N. Y., on July 7, Louise M., daughter of the late Stephen C. and Jane Field Griffen. Services will be held at her late residence Wednesday at 2 P. M. Interment Greenwood Union Cemetery, Rye, N. Y.

GRODGINSKY.—Lena, on Sunday, July 6, age 56, beloved wife of the late Samuel Grodinsky, and beloved mother of Etta Levin, Lillian Rosenthal, Ida Rosenthal, Sarah Altman, Rose Lunitz, Benjamin and Arthur Grodin. Funeral at late residence, 51 East 96th St., Tuesday, July 8, at 10 A. M. Kindly omit flowers.

GRODGINSKY.—Mme. CONGREGATION KEHILLATH JESHURUN with deep regret announces to its members and seatholders the death of Lena Grodginsky, the wife of our late member, Samuel Grodginsky. Funeral Tuesday, 11:30 A. M. from her late residence, 51 East 96th St. JOSEPH POLSTEIN, President. HENRY M. MAYPER, Secretary.

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Died.

SAUTER.—July 6, 1919, Frank C. Sauter, beloved husband of Aldine N. Sauter, in his 50th year. Funeral services at his late residence, 320 6th St., Brooklyn, Tuesday evening, July 8, at 8:30 o'clock. Interment private. Schenectady, N. Y., papers please copy.

SIMONS.—NEW YORK STATE SOCIETY OF THE CINCINNATI. Secretary's Office. General order: The President with deep regret announces to the society the death of Colonel James Simons, Vice President General of the General Society of the Cincinnati and President of the Society of the Cincinnati in the State of South Carolina, at his home in Charleston, S. C., on Friday, July 4, instant, in the 80th year of his age.

TALBOT OLYPHANT, President.
FRANCIS BURRALL HOFFMAN, Sec.

SCHMIDT.—Augustus, former County Assessor of Marion County, Ind., beloved husband of Laura Pearson Schmidt, and devoted father of Mabel, July 5, in his 70th year. Services THE FUNERAL CHURCH, (Campbell Building,) Broadway at 66th St., Tuesday, 2:30 P. M. Indianapolis papers please copy.

SMYTH.—On Friday, July 4, Marion Armstrong, widow of John Francis Smyth, in her 74th year. Funeral services private. Interment Greenwood Cemetery. Kindly omit flowers.

TAYLOR.—Martha W., wife of William J. Taylor, at Huntington, L. I., July 7. Funeral from late residence, Huntington, L. I., Wednesday, July 9, at 11 A. M.

TAYLOR.—John. Services CAMPBELL FUNERAL CHURCH, Broadway and 66th St., Wednesday, 11:30 A. M.

VALENTI.—Angela, beloved mother of Frank Valenti, Mrs. Mesicool, Mrs. D. Borgia, Mrs. W. J. Young, George Valenti, Julia Valenti. Funeral from her late residence, 190 Wadsworth Av., Wednesday, July 9, at 10 A. M., thence to the Church of St. Elizabeth, 167th St. and Broadway, where a mass of requiem will be offered for the repose of her soul at 10:30 A. M. Interment Calvary Cemetery.

WALLER.—At his residence, 7 Franklin Place, Morristown, N. J., on Sunday, July 6, Elwyn Waller, in the 74th year of his age. Funeral private.

WOLK.—On Monday, Jerome, son of the late Mr. and Mrs. Sigmond Wolk. Funeral Wednesday, July 9, 2 P. M., from Meyers Chapel, 225 Lenox Av.

WRIGHT.—On July 7, Helen Reed, beloved wife of the late Theodore Anthony Wright. Funeral from her late residence, 701 West 178th, on Wednesday at 2 P. M.

In Memoriam

NIBLO.—A solemn requiem high mass, third anniversary, in loving memory of Josephine Cohan Niblo will be held at the Church of the Blessed Sacrament, 71st St. and Broadway, at 10 o'clock Saturday morning, July 12.

WEINNER.—Elizabeth. In cherished memory of by devoted wife and our mother, who died July 8, 1917.

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A. J. Clapp, President

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YANKEES SNATCH VICTORY FROM DEFEAT WITH A STIRRING NINTH INNING RALLY

FIVE HITS IN NINTH TOPPLE SENATORS

Outburst by Murderers' Row Turns Yankees' Impending Shutout into 3 to 2 Victory.

BAKER'S HOMER TIES SCORE

Singles by Lewis, Pipp, and Pratt Decide Battle—Peck's Hitting Streak Reaches 28th Game.

Miller Huggins's famous Murderers' Row, extremely passive for eight innings, came into evidence yesterday in all its fury in the ninth, when the Yankees and Washington Senators clashed in the closing game of their series at the Polo Grounds. In this final frame the members of this famous death-dealing combination vented their pent-up wrath on Eric Erickson and Harry Harper and turned what looked like a Yankee rout at 2 to 0 into a Yankee victory by a score of 3 to 2.

J. Franklin Baker, Maryland agriculturist and run producer, was the big noise in the Yankees' victorious outbreak. Baker tickled a home run into the far reaches of the upper right field grandstand, scoring Roger Peckinpaugh ahead of him, with the two runs which pulled Miller Huggins's tribe even with the opposition. Duffy Lewis, Wally Pipp, and Derrill Pratt, other capable members of the famous Row, followed with a bevy of singles which put the finishing touches on Baker's terrific thump. Pratt injected the final and decisive blow, for it was his single off the right field wall which scored Lewis with the winning run before a putout had been registered in the final frame.

Baker's circuit clout was the second of the day. Val Picinich, the Senator catcher, lamped one of Ernie Shore's slants into the left field bleacher section in the second frame, giving the visitors their first marker. Alongside of Baker's punch, however, Picinich's fourply wallop paled into insignificance.

Bad Blow to Erickson.

Baker's mighty blow in the ninth came like a letter from home. The Yankees previously had been mesmerized by the pitching of Eric Erickson, in whose powerful right arm were placed the hopes of Clark Griffith. Erickson had gone along through eight innings yielding but four scattered hits, and with first base the general deadline for most of the ambitious Yankee base runners. Baker got as far as third in the fourth stanza and in the eighth Muddy Ruel, running for Truck Hannah, became acquainted with the surroundings of the second corner in every other inning, exclusive of the ninth, but three men faced the Washington hurler, which indicates that Mr. Erickson was well supplied with the substance commonly referred to as "stuff."

The attentions of the crowd pulled the Yankees out of their morbid condition in the ninth, and after a short-lived experience with the Huggins artillery Mr. Erickson shuffled off the field in a dazed condition, headed for the cooling showers. A two-run advantage which the Senators enjoyed from the seventh frame was shoved into the discard and everybody was sent home happy.

Roger Peckinpaugh launched the Yankees off on their winning rally with a clean single to center. Erickson was cautious in serving to Baker, and before the Senator hurler realised it, Umpire Evans had called off three balls. Erickson burned over a strike, and started to whiz another past Baker, but Frank fooled him. The Yankee third baseman swung with all the power in his shoulders and sent the horsehide flying among the seats in the upper left field grandstand. Bedlam broke loose with the blow, and as Baker trotted over the rubber following Peckinpaugh, he was acclaimed with applause which reverberated vociferously throughout the stands. Fans who had started dismally for the elevated exits came scurrying back to their seats to be in at this critical situation, and with everybody settled comfortably in his or her seat again the Yankees went right out and won the game.

Pratt's Hit Ends It.

Duffy Lewis lashed a single just out of reach of Janvrin to right field, and Clark Griffith went into a frenzy. The Washington leader signaled Erickson off the hill and summoned Harry Harper into the fray in an effort to prevent the inevitable. Harry wasn't up to the occasion, however, for his left-hand offerings held no terrors for the Yankees. Pipp bunted the first ball offered him and reached first safely, while Joe Leonard stumbled in his eagerness to field the slow roller. Lewis raced to second. Derrill Pratt followed with a single which bounced off the right field stockade, chasing Lewis home from second with the winning run.

Long Ernie Shore started the game for the Yankees and twirled impressively for eight innings. Picinich's home run in the second started the Senators' scoring, and in the seventh an error by the redoubtable Ping Bodie resulted in another Washington marker. Ernie turned back the fighting Senators in every other inning, despite the fact that he was reached for nine safe blows.

Erickson rapped a single to Center starting the seventh, and when Bodie let the pill roll through him Eric raced to third. Leonard followed with a grounder to Pratt, who chose to kill off Erickson at the plate, but the Washington pitcher beat the throw and Leonard rested on first. A snappy double play by Baker, Pratt and Pipp saved Shore from further pounding in this frame.

In the eighth another ticklish situation confronted Shore, but he rose to the occasion and turned back the Senators. Rice beat out a hit to Pratt, starting the inning, but was forced on Menosky's rap to Shore. Picinich beat out a bunt down toward third, Rice reaching second. Shore tightened his grip here and fanned Shanks. Then Janvrin skied to Bodie for the third out.

Senators Threaten Frequently.

Picinich's circuit drive into the bleachers in the second came like a bolt out of the blue. In the third, with two down, Foster and Milan singled, but the threatened trouble was averted when Rice forced Milan. The fourth found the Senators again threatening a score, but again Shore repulsed them. The Yankee twirler winged Menosky to start the inning and Picinich followed with a sacrifice. Shanks died by the air route to Bodie, and then a wild pitch sent Menosky to third. Janvrin fanned, ending the inning.

Jack Quinn went to the hill in the ninth after Manager Huggins had lifted Shore in an eighth-inning attempt at salvaging the game. The veteran started poorly, but recovered before any damage could be accomplished. Erickson drew Pipp out of position with a hard grounder starting the inning, and Quinn, covering first, dropped Wally's throw. The Yankee relief hurler took a firm grip on himself here, however, and disposed of Leonard, Foster, and Milan in order.

The Yankee outlook didn't hold anything bright in the early innings. Duffy Lewis got a lift in the second on Foster's poor throw to first, but the Yankee fly chaser was promptly caught napping off first and thrown out by Picinich. In the fourth, with two down, Baker singled to center and hurried to third on Lewis' rap to the same garden. In the pinch Pipp was fanned.

Roger Peckinpaugh got a single to centre in the sixth, lifting his hit record to twenty-eight consecutive game hits. Two were out when Peck got his blow, and the Yankee shortstop was thrown out for the third demise trying to pilfer second.

Wickland Misses Opportunity.

In the seventh, with two down, Truck Hannah singled sharply to left. Manager Huggins immediately had visions of a productive rally and started utilising his strategy accordingly. The Yankee leader called Ruel out of the dugout to run for Hannah and motioned Samuel Vick to bat for Shore. Vick was resting during the fracas because of an injured leg. He worked Erickson for a pass, and Fewster was summoned to run for the injured outfielder. Al Wickland, playing right field in Vick's absence, had the chance of a lifetime to attract favorable attention to himself, but fell down hard. Al rolled a grasser to Janvrin and was an easy out at first, drowning the Yankee hopes.

Shortly afterward followed the Yankee uprising which has been chronicled above.

The score:

NEW YORK. (A.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
Wickland,rf	4	0	0	1	0
Peck'p'kpn,ss	4	1	2	1	0
Baker,3b	4	1	2	1	4
Lewis,lf	4	1	2	3	0
Pipp,1b	4	0	1	11	2
Pratt,2b	4	0	1	2	3
Bodie,cf	3	0	0	3	0
Hannah,c	3	0	1	4	0
Ruel,c	0	0	0	0	0
Shore,p	0	0	0	0	1
aVick	0	0	0	0	0
bFewster	0	0	0	0	0
Quinn,p	0	0	0	0	0
Total	33	3	9	27	14

WASHINGTON. (A.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
Leonard,1b	5	0	1	10	0
Foster,3b	5	0	1	2	2
Milan,cf	4	0	0	2	0
Rice,rf	4	0	1	1	0
Menosky,lf	3	0	0	0	0
Picinich,c	3	1	2	7	0
Shanks,ss	3	0	1	4	2
Janvrin,2b	4	0	0	1	2
Erickson,p	4	1	1	0	2
Harper,p	0	0	0	0	0
Total	36	2	6	*24	10

* None out when winning run was scored.
a Batted for Shore in eighth.
b Ran for Vick in eighth.
Errors—Bodie, Quinn, Foster.

New York	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3—3
Washington	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0—2

Two-base hit—Leonard. Home runs—Picinich, Baker. Sacrifice hit—Picinich. Double play—Baker, Pratt and Pipp. Left on base—New York, 6; Washington, 10. Bases on balls—Off Shore, 1; Erickson, 1. Hits—Off Shore, 9 in 8 innings; Quinn, 0 in 1; Erickson, 7 in 8 (none out in 9th); Harper, 2 (retired no batsmen). Hit by pitcher—By Shore (Menosky). Struck out—By Shore, 4; Erickson, 4. Wild pitch—Shore. Winning pitcher—Quinn. Losing pitcher—Erickson.

Curves and Bingles.

Up to the ninth inning Clark Griffith was the noisiest man on the field. Even the humorous Nick Altrock was docile beside the Washington leader. When Baker scored his mighty blow, however, Griff was transformed into a dejected human, whose sadness was increased in the final few minutes of the game.

Every time Peckinpaugh comes to the plate is the signal for an outbreak of applause. The fans are rooting for the Yankee shortstop to continue his consecutive game hitting streak.

Peck hasn't failed in twenty-eight games to date and is sailing toward Cobb's record.

In addition to getting his hit Peck supplied a fielding piece which gained rounds of applause yesterday. In the sixth inning the Yankee shortstop leaped high in the air and speared Picinich's liner, which seemed ticketed for left field.

Nick Altrock had an off day yesterday. He seldom appeared on the coaching lines, and when he did he didn't cut up any capers.

Nick got in all of his comedy before the game started. During the game he collected a lot of coins thrown at him by fans back of the Senators' dugout.

The Yankee dugout reminded one of a gymnasium in the ninth inning when Baker rapped out his home run. Every occupant of the bench went wild and did all sorts of calisthenics and gymnastic stunts from playing leapfrog to turning back somersaults.

The fans didn't have as much room as the players, so they had to confine their ecstatic demonstrations to vocal displays.

The crowd didn't leave anything wanting in the way of noise.

Al Wickland just missed a spectacular catch of Joe Leonard's Texas Leaguer in right in the fifth. Wickland made a hard run for the catch, and when he missed the blow went for a double.

Wickland hasn't yet found his batting eye. In four trips to the plate he failed to get a bingle.

Milan was forced back to deep centre for Pratt's hard hit fly in the second.

There's no limit to the ground Foster covers. The Washington third baseman ran over almost to the stands for Bodie's foul in the fifth.

Picinich held a conference with Erickson in the ninth after Eric had pitched three straight balls to Baker. The confab didn't result in anything more serious than a home run.

Manager Huggins almost jumped out of his shoes when the winning run was scored.

In the fifth, with Pratt up, remarks from the Washington bench aroused the ire of Umpire Billy Evans, behind the plate. Nobody knew what remarks the Senators were addressing to the umpire, but Billy wheeled suddenly and emptied his pockets of four balls, and his system of appropriate rejoinders. There was deep silence from the visiting bench thereafter.

BASEBALL

Yesterday's Results.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

New York, 3; Washington, 2.
Boston, 2; Philadelphia, 0.
(First game.)
Boston, 5; Philadelphia, 4.
(Second game.)
St. Louis, 5; Cleveland, 0.
(15 innings.)
Chicago, 8; Detroit, 2.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

New York, 10; Philadelphia, 6.
(First game.)
New York, 7; Philadelphia, 2.
(10 innings.)
(Second game.)
Pittsburgh, 14; St. Louis, 9.

Standing of the Clubs.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
New York	40	22	.645
Chicago	41	25	.621
Cleveland	36	29	.554
St. Louis	32	31	.508
Detroit	32	33	.500
Boston	30	34	.469
Washington	28	35	.424
Philadelphia	17	45	.274

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

	Won.	Lost.	P. C.
New York	42	21	.667
Cincinnati	44	23	.657
Chicago	37	23	.544
Brooklyn	34	23	.515
Pittsburgh	35	23	.515
St. Louis	27	40	.403
Boston	24	38	.387
Philadelphia	18	42	.300

Where They Play Today.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

St. Louis at New York.
(Game starts 3:30 P. M.)
Pittsburgh at Brooklyn.
(Game starts 3:30 P. M.)
Cincinnati at Boston.
Chicago at Philadelphia.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

No games scheduled.

GIANTS TAKE TWO AND REGAIN LEAD

Phillies Are Easy in Opening Game of Double Header, but Carry Second to 10th Inning.

PHILADELPHIA, July 7.—The Giants climbed back into first place in the National League pennant race today and in that position they return home to make a long battle against the Western contenders. Their drop into second place, even if only for a few hours, served to make them realise the danger of the situation and spurred them on to better efforts today. As a result, they up and smote the hapless Phillies twice in the double header this afternoon, winning by scores of 10 to 5 and 7 to 2. The final contest made their fifth straight victory over the Phillies, but they had to go ten innnings to gain the verdict.

After a comparatively easy victory in the first game, the Giants encountered some very good pitching by Hogg in the second contest. The Philadelphia hurler allowed only five hits up to the tenth inning, when with one man out he seemed to go to pieces. The Giants seized the opportunity to bang out five hits and piled up enough runs to make victory certain.

The first game was a slugging bee in which the Giants did most of the slugging. They drove both Packard and Woodward from the mound and found Murray, who was last in the box, as easy as the others. In all, they gathered eighteen hits and won easily. Barnes allowed only five hits in the eight innings he was on mound duty for the Giants.

The Giants returned to New York tonight, where they will remain until late this month. They will meet all the Western clubs during their home stay, and it is the feeling among the New York players that this month may decide the pennant race, or at least have a very important bearing on it. This is the opportunity McGraw hopes his men will seize to gain such a lead that they will not be in danger when they again take to the road.

Benny Kauff started the batting spree which landed the Giants back in the lead today. He opened the second inning of the first game with a single, moved up on Zimmerman's out, and tallied when Chase hit safely for a base. Chase went to second on the throw to the plate, and Gonzales hit to Bancroft, who attempted to head off Chase at third. However, the throw was bad and the ball hit the runner, Chase romping home as the ball rolled out into left field.

The Phillies made one in their half on a fumble by Chase and a single by Luderus.

The Giants pounded Packard hard in the third and sent him to the clubhouse. Four singles in a row by Young, Fletcher, Doyle, and Zimmerman and a force at the latter Chase figured in the scoring of three runs.

Safe hits by Kauff, Zimmerman, and Chase and an error by Pearce added two to the total for the Giants in the next inning. Murray was in the box in the sixth for the Phillies. Murray was a trifle wild. Singles by Doyle and Zimmerman and a pass to Kauff gave McGraw's men another pair of runs. In the ninth Jimmy Gonzales doubled and Burns sent him home with a single for the final run of the contest.

The Phillies picked up a run in the sixth inning. Kauff lost Callahan's fly in the sun and it went for a double. The runner advanced on an out, and scored when Baird beat out an infield tap. In the ninth Perritt went to the box with the score 10 to 2, and the Phils added three hits and three runs. Burns reached Hogg for a single the first time up in the second game. He dashed for second, no one covered the base for Adams's good throw, and the ball went into centre field. Burns scoring on the error. The Giants did not score again until the sixth, when Fletcher hit the ball into the left field bleachers for a home run.

The Phillies made their runs in the seventh. Luderus singled, Whitted sacrificed, and Meusel scored while Bancroft was being retired. Adams sent Luderus home with a single to left.

Hogg had fanned Burns in the tenth, when he weakened without warning. Young walked, and Fletcher doubled off the right field wall, scoring the outfielder. Fletcher counted on a single by Doyle. Kauff and Zimmerman followed with safe hits, filling the bases. Chase chimed in with a single to right, scoring Doyle and Kauff, and Zimmerman went to third, from where he tallied on a sacrifice fly by McCarty. Toney finally closed the inning with a fly.

The scores:

FIRST GAME.

NEW YORK. (N.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
Burns,lf	6	0	3	2	0
Young,rf	5	2	1	1	0
Fletcher,ss	4	1	1	1	3
A.Baird,as	1	0	0	0	3
Doyle,2b	4	2	2	2	5
Kauff,cf	4	2	2	3	0
Zim'rman,3b	5	1	2	1	1
Chase,1b	5	1	1	14	0
McCarty,c	3	0	1	4	1
Toney,p	4	0	0	0	4
Total	41	10	13	28	17

PHILADELPHIA. (N.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
Callahan,rf	5	1	2	3	0
Pearce,2b	4	0	0	4	4
D.Baird,3b	2	0	1	0	4
Cavan'gh,3b	1	0	0	0	0
Meusel,cf	4	1	1	2	0
Luderus,1b	4	1	2	11	1
Whitted,lf	4	0	0	2	0
Bancroft,ss	4	0	0	1	4
Adams,c	4	0	1	6	1
Hogg,p	2	0	1	0	2
aCravath	1	0	0	0	0
Total	35	3	8	27	16

a Batted for Hogg in tenth.
Errors—Fletcher, Meusel, Adams.

New York	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	5	—7
Philadelphia	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	—2

Two-base hits—Kauff, Fletcher, Callahan. Home run—Fletcher. Stolen bases—Burns, Baird. Sacrifice hit—Whitted. Sacrifice fly—McCarty. Double play—Chase and Zimmerman. Left on bases—New York, 8; Philadelphia, 4. Bases on balls—Off Hogg, 7. Struck out—By Toney, 3; Hogg, 3.

TO ASK WAIVERS ON BARRY.

Connie Mack Preparing to Release Veteran Second Baseman.

BOSTON, July 7.—Connie Mack announced tonight that he would ask for waivers on Jack Barry, and if they were not obtained he would give him an unconditional release. Barry, who is a second baseman, was recently traded by the Boston American League Club to Philadelphia, but refused to report unless given a three years' contract.

Eastern League.

Pittsfield, 5; Providence, 3.
New Haven, 3; Waterbury, 1.
Worcester, 10; Bridgeport, 1.

American Association.

Columbus, 6; Louisville, 3.
Toledo, 3; Indianapolis, 2.

Southern Association.

Chattanooga, 3; Memphis, 2; first game.
Chattanooga, 4; Memphis, 1; second game.
Nashville, 2; Little Rock, 0.
New Orleans, 6; Atlanta, 4.
Mobile, 1; Birmingham, 5.

Five Leading Batters in the Major Leagues

National League.

Player and Club.	G.	A.	B.	R.	H.	P.C.
Cravath, Philadelp'a.	56	184	21	67	.364
Myers, Brooklyn	62	255	34	79	.336
Young, New York	63	245	37	81	.331
Roush, Cincinnati	62	237	34	73	.282
Kauff, New York	63	237	39	76	.321

American League.

Player and Club.	G.	A.	B.	R.	H.	P.C.
Peckinpaugh, N. Y.	57	209	51	78	.284
Veach, Detroit	63	243	36	81	.349
Cobb, Detroit	49	194	34	67	.345
Flagstead, Detroit	54	177	25	61	.345
Jackson, Chicago	59	247	34	84	.340

SKEETERS' HITTING MAKES GAME EASY

Bill Donovan's Team Takes Opener of Series with Reading by Score of 9 to 2.

Heavy hitting and perfect fielding proved a winning combination for Bill Donovan's Skeeters in their opening of a series with Charlie Doolin's Reading team in Jersey City yesterday afternoon and enabled the home players to carry off the victory by a margin of 9 to 2.

Jersey City harvested fourteen hits, twelve off Donahue, who retired in favor of Bernhard at the end of the sixth frame. Russell for Jersey City was found for ten hits, but proved effective with men on the bases. Wigelsworth, with two singles and a triple, led at bat for the winners.

The score:

JERSEY CITY.	AB	R	H	PO	A	E
Moore,ss	4	1	2	3	6	0
Fitzs'ons,2b	4	0	1	0	0	0
Bauman,3b	4	0	0	1	4	0
Kane,rf	4	1	1	1	0	0
Wendell,1b	2	2	1	0	1	0
Wigsworth,lf	3	1	2	2	0	0
Foley,cf	4	0	1	2	0	0
Hudgins,c	4	0	1	6	0	0
Russell,p	4	0	0	1	5	0
Total	34	5	9	14	27	14

READING.	AB	R	H	PO	A	E
Burns,cf	4	1	3	2	0	0
Wisser,rf	3	0	0	0	1	0
Hummell,1b	4	0	0	11	0	0
Walsh,3b	4	0	1	3	0	0
Sheridan,2b	4	0	2	3	3	0
Doolan,ss	3	0	0	4	1	0
Schwarz,lf	3	0	1	1	0	0
Konnick,c	3	1	1	6	0	0
Doolin,c	1	0	1	3	0	0
Donahue,p	2	0	0	0	2	0
Barnhard,p	2	0	0	0	2	0
Total	33	2	10	34	13	0

Errors—Konnick, Doolan (2.)
Jersey City ..... 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0—1
Reading ..... 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 1 0—2

Two-base hit—Doolin. Three-base hits—Wigelsworth, Konnick, Sheridan. Stolen bases—Foley (2.), Hudgins, Hummell. Double plays—Moore and Wendell; Moore, Bauman and Wendell; Sheridan, Doolan, and Hummell. Left on bases—Jersey City, 5; Reading, 4. Bases on balls—Off Russell, 6; Donahue, 2. Hits—Off Donahue, 12 in 6 innings; Barnhard, 2 in 2.

Other International Scores.

	R.	H.	E.
Buffalo	1 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 4—6	12	0
Rochester	1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—1	9	1

Batteries—Harscher and Bengough; Heitman and O'Neill.

	R.	H.	E.
Binghamton	1 0 0 0 3 0 0 0 5—9	12	2
Toronto	0 0 0 0 1 1 2 0 1—5	8	2

Batteries—Martin, Higgins, and Fisher; Herscher, Sandberg, and Deufel.

STANDING OF THE CLUBS.

	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
Baltimore	50	29	.714
Toronto	42	30	.583
Newark	38	33	.535
Buffalo	35	34	.507
Binghamton	34	37	.485
Rochester	31	38	.449
Reading	24	43	.358
Jersey City	24	44	.353

WHERE THEY PLAY TODAY.

Reading at Jersey City.
Baltimore at Newark.
Binghamton at Toronto.
Buffalo at Rochester.

BAD DAY FOR PITCHERS.

Six Boxmen Yield 31 Hits While Pirates Defeat Cardinals, 14 to 9.

PITTSBURGH, July 7.—Pittsburgh defeated St. Louis today, 14 to 9, in the hardest-hitting game of the season at Forbes Field. All five visiting pitchers were batted hard, and the only reason Mayer was kept in the game was because his team was always in the lead. He was hit especially hard in the last four innings.

The scores:

PITTSBURGH. (N.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
Bigbee,cf	5	2	2	1	0
Terry,ss	6	1	3	0	6
Stengel,rf	5	1	2	3	1
Southw'th,lf	4	0	0	2	0
Cutshaw,2b	5	2	2	4	3
Baker,1b	5	2	2	10	0
Mollwitz,1b	0	1	0	2	0
Caton,3b	4	2	2	0	3
Schmidt,c	5	2	2	5	0
Mayer,p	3	0	0	0	3
Total	46	14	15	27	16

ST. LOUIS. (N.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
Smith,rf	5	1	1	2	0
Miller,lf	5	1	1	2	0
Paulette,1b	5	0	1	10	0
Hornsby,2b	5	1	2	1	0
Shotton,rf	4	2	2	1	0
Heathcote,cf	4	2	3	1	0
Lavan,ss	5	0	1	3	1
Snyder,c	5	0	1	3	1
Ames,p	1	0	0	0	0
Sherdell,p	0	0	0	0	0
aSchultz	1	0	0	0	0
Bolden,p	2	0	0	0	0
bMcHenry	1	0	0	0	0
Tuero,p	0	0	0	0	1
Fabburn	1	0	0	0	0
Goodwin,p	0	0	0	0	0
Total	48	9	16	24	12

a Batted for Sherdell in fourth.
b Batted for Holden in seventh.
c Batted for Tuero in eighth.
Errors—Terry, Cutshaw, Miller.

Pittsburgh	0	0	0	0	0	2	5	2	5	—14
St. Louis	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	6	—9

Two-base hits—Hornsby, Lavan, Fishburn, Terry, Cutshaw (2). Three-base hits—Shotton, Stengel, Schmidt. Home run—Saier. Sacrifice fly—Southworth. Double plays—Lavan, Miller, and Paulette; Saier, Cutshaw, and Saier. Left on bases—St. Louis, 8; Pittsburgh, 5. First base on balls—Off Ames, 2; Bolden, 1; Mayer, 1. Hits—Off Ames, 9 in 3 1-3 innings; Sherdell, 2 in 2-3; Bolden, 3 in 3; Tuero, 4 in 1; Goodwin, 3 in 1. Hit by pitcher—By Bolden, (Saier). Struck out—By Sherdell, 1; Bolden, 1; Mayer, 1. Wild pitch—Sherdell. Losing pitcher—Ames.

BROWNS ON TOP IN TENTH.

Austin's Triple, with Coveleskie's Wild Heave, Beats Indians.

ST. LOUIS, July 7.—A triple by Austin and a wild pitch by Coveleskie in the tenth scored the run that gave St. Louis its third successive victory over Cleveland today, 3 to 2. As a result St. Louis moves into fourth place, Detroit having lost to Chicago. The locals tied the score in the ninth on two straight triples, after Morton had held them to three hits.

The score:

ST. LOUIS. (A.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
Austin,3b	5	1	2	1	2
Gedeon,2b	4	1	1	2	3
Tobin,lf	4	0	1	1	0
Sisler,1b	3	0	0	8	1
Williams,cf	2	1	1	5	0
E.Smith,rf	3	0	1	4	0
Gerber,ss	4	0	0	2	5
Severeid,c	3	0	1	0	0
Shocker,p	3	0	0	0	3
aDemmitt	1	0	0	0	0
Sothoron,p	1	0	0	1	0
Total	33	3	6	30	10

CLEVELAND. (A.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
E.Smith,rf	4	0	2	1	0
Wamb'g's,2b	3	0	1	3	6
Speaker,cf	4	0	1	2	0
Wood,lf	4	0	1	1	0
Wagner,3b	3	1	1	0	2
Johnston,1b	3	0	0	12	0
Lunte,as	3	0	0	1	2
bHarris	1	0	1	0	0
Evans,ss	1	0	0	1	0
O'Neill,c	4	0	0	6	3
Morton,p	4	0	0	0	8
Coveleskie,p	0	0	0	0	1
Total	35	2	5*	30	17

* Two out when winning run scored.
a Batted for Shocker in 8th.
b Batted for Lunte in 9th.
Errors—Austin, Severeid, Sothoron, Morton.

St. Louis	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	—2
Cleveland	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	—2

Two-base hit—Gardner. Three-base hits—Gedeon, Tobin, Austin. Home run—Williams. Stolen bases—Wambsganss, Speaker, Elmer Smith. Sacrifice hit—Wambsganss. Double plays—Gedeon, Gerber, and Sisler; Wambsganss and Johnston. Left on bases—Cleveland, 9; St. Louis, 5. Bases on balls—Off Morton, 2; Shocker, 5; Coveleskie, 2. Hits—Off Shocker, 5 in 8; Morton, 5 in 8 1-3. Struck out—By Morton, 4; Shocker, 5; Sothoron, 2; Coveleskie, 1. Wild pitch—Coveleskie. Winning pitcher—Sothoron. Losing pitcher—Coveleskie.

Miss Truax Wins Two Swims.

Miss Carol Truax beat Miss Vivian Leavitt in a 100-yard swimming race held on Mirror Lake. Miss Truax also won a victory in the 100-yard swim at Lake Placid during the welcoming celebration for soldiers and sailors.

Giants vs. St. Louis To-day. Polo Grounds 3:30 P. M. Adm. 50c.—Advt.

RED SOX TAKE BOTH GAMES.

Defeat Mackmen, 2 to 0, in Opener, and Follow with 5 to 4 Victory.

BOSTON, July 7.—Boston ended its home stay today by taking both ends of a double-header from Philadelphia, 2 to 0, and 5 to 4. The first game was a duel in which Sam Jones had the better of Naylor, with Ruth and Hooper starring in the field.

Perry was bumped for three runs in the second inning of the second game, in which the hitting and fielding of Strunk, Dugan and Shannon were features. Pennock weakened in the e

RICKARD'S ESTIMATE OF GATE RECEIPTS AT TOLEDO FIGHT NOW DWINDLES TO HALF A MILLION

RECEIPTS OF FIGHT NOT OVER $500,000

Official Accounting Still Incomplete, But Rickard Estimates That Sum as Total.

WILLARD STARTS HOME

On Way to Kansas with Wife and Friends in Seven-Passenger Motor.

TOLEDO, Ohio, July 7.—Jess Willard, dethroned heavyweight champion of the world, tonight is on his way to his Lawrence, Kan., home and permanent retirement from the ring. Willard, accompanied by his wife, and two personal friends, began the long motor trip late this afternoon.

The defeated champion is making the trip in a seven-passenger car he purchased here during his training period for his contest with Jack Dempsey. Willard expects the trip will take about a week. The swelling over his left eye had entirely disappeared, and the only marks he bore were a slight discoloration over the eye and a cut lip.

The task of checking up the gate receipts and attendance of the Independence Day battle proved so stupendous that Promoter Rickard announced tonight that the official accounting would not be completed until tomorrow. Rickard, however, estimated that the receipts would not exceed $500,000, which came as a big surprise, as Rickard had said a week ago that the advance sale had reached that figure.

Allegations made by William G. Rocap, a sporting writer of Philadelphia, that there was collusion between Rickard and Willard in promoting the championship match were investigated today by the Toledo Boxing Commission, under whose license the contest was staged. The commission gave Rickard a vote of confidence and invited Rocap to present any evidence he may have.

The commission, of which Mayor Schreiber and C. H. Wall, Director of Public Safety, are members, adopted a resolution declaring that it had been unable to find any evidence of collusion, and that the contest was conducted squarely and honorably, and that Rocap be notified to present all proofs, if he has any, to the commission within a week, or forever hold his peace.

The refusal of the Ohio Board of Motion Picture Censors to allow pictures of the contest to be exhibited caused disappointment here. Hundreds of persons waited outside of picture theatres hoping that the picture would finally be approved. Frank K. Hall of New York, who, with Rickard and Willard, owns the picture, said $200,000 would be lost in Ohio because of the board's action.

OHIO BARS PICTURES OF FIGHT.

Rodenburg Act May Also Prohibit Their Display Elsewhere.

COLUMBUS, O., July 7.—The Willard-Dempsey fight pictures may never be seen by the public. In Ohio, at least, they will not be placed on exhibition. The Ohio censorship board today officially rejected the pictures as being unfit to be exhibited in public.

The probability of the pictures being shown in other states is believed to depend upon what construction is to be placed upon the Rodenberg act, which prohibits prize fight pictures being handled in interstate commerce. If the Rodenberg act does not bar pictures of boxing bouts and the Willard-Dempsey fight is construed under the act as a boxing bout, then it is believed here that the pictures may be shown in other states if approved by the state censor boards.

Under the Ohio state law the fight was considered to be a boxing match.

KAMINS WINNER ON POINTS.

Gets Verdict Over Seeman in N. Y. A. C. 110-Pound Bout.

A rushing aggressive which swept aside the defensive efforts of his rival earned Dave Kamins of the Clark House A. A., National and Metropolitan A. A. U. 108-pound boxing champion, a decision over Sol Seeman of the Brooklyn A. A., New York State titleholder, last night in their bout at the New York A. C. The youngsters clashed in a special bout at 110 pounds. Kamins took the judges' award at the expiration of three interesting rounds.

Kamins, an awkward southpaw boxer, did the aggressive work in each of the three rounds. There were times when his execution was faulty, for Seeman frequently upset the rushes of the national champion with well-calculated blows to the face and body. The Brooklyn lad, however, lacked initiative and seldom went on the offensive. This resulted in Kamins's gaining a lead in points which stood with him to the final bell. The large crowd of spectators did not agree with the decision of the judges, and openly voiced their disapproval.

Four knockouts were recorded during the tournament, all in the first round. Two of the decisive results were furnished in the 110-pound class and the other two in the 130-pound class for novices.

H. Bright of the Mercury A. C., a newcomer in amateur boxing, added another victory to his list when he outpointed Edward Kreger, Pastime A. C., in their session at 128 pounds. This contest was among the most interesting of the night, with both boxers working willingly throughout.

In the 140-pound class N. Rosenblum, ultimate winner of the prize, was forced to go four rounds against Otto Favenza, Pastime A. C., in order to gain his way through the semi-final round. In the final Rosenblum defeated B. Freibaum in three rounds.

The summaries:

110-Pound Class.—L. Goldberg, 71st Regiment, defeated J. Mecca, unattached, one round, referee's decision; C. Solsberg, Harlem Y. M. C. A., defeated M. Geller, unattached, one round, referee's decision.

Final Bout.—Goldberg defeated Solsberg, three rounds, judges' decision.

128-Pound Class, Special Bout.—H. Bright, Mercury A. C., defeated E. Kreger, Pastime A. C., three rounds, judges' decision.

140-Pound Class.—N. Rosenblum, Clark House A. A., defeated O. Favenza, Pastime A. C., four rounds, judges' decision; B. Freibaum, Clark House A. A., defeated H. Pitt, Pastime A. C., three rounds, judges' decision.

Final Bout.—Rosenblum defeated Freibaum, three rounds, judges' decision.

130-Pound Class, Novice.—F. Maxwell, Union Settlement A. C., defeated R. Thies, Morningside A. C., one round, referee's decision; E. Nemerowsky, Brooklyn A. A., defeated T. Buck, Brooklyn A. A., one round, referee's decision.

Final Bout.—Maxwell defeated Nemerowsky, three rounds, judges' decision.

115-Pound Class, Special Bout.—J. Epstein, Mercury A. C., defeated L. Green, Brooklyn A. A., three rounds, judges' decision.

110-Pound Class, Special Bout.—Dave Kamins, Clark House A. A., defeated Sol Seeman, Brooklyn A. A., three rounds, judges' decision.

Olympia A. A. to Stage Bouts

Promoters of the Olympia A. A. of Philadelphia are making plans for an attractive card of six-round bouts proposed for the Philadelphia National League Baseball Park July 14. Negotiations are progressing for bouts between Joe Lynch, the west side bantamweight, and Pete Herman, holder of the title; Battling Levinsky and Harry Greb, the Pittsburgh light-heavyweight, and Lew Tendler, persistent challenger of Benny Leonard, and Joe Welling of Chicago.

BUTLER PRAISES RACING.

Is Necessary Adjunct to Breeding, He Declares.

President James Butler of the Empire City Racing Association, whose Summer meeting will be inaugurated on Saturday and will continue to Thursday, July 31, is an optimist on the subject of racing, and he is also a firm believer in the necessity of trials of speed in connection with the horse breeding industry. Mr. Butler has an extensive breeding stud at East View Farm in Westchester County, with the celebrated sire Pebbles, by Ben Brush, at its head.

"Without racing," said Mr. Butler yesterday, "we would be all at sea in the matter of horse breeding. This applies with equal force to the trotting as well as the running turf, and, by the way, the best of the trotters that I have bred and raced in the past all had a strain of thoroughbred blood in their pedigrees. It is only by breeding the best to the best that we make progress, and we only get a knowledge of the weak spots in a man's or horse's make-up by setting him a task that will call for a supreme effort.

"The thoroughbred long ago established a record for courage and endurance. He is a dominating influence in the horse world, improving every other breed with which he is crossed. Racing therefore means something big in an economic way to every country where it is permitted, as well as furnishing a stirring means of recreation to the public.

"The man who witnesses the great turf battles of the year gets a lot of pleasure from the sport, but the individual who derives the greatest return of all is he who breeds and races the product of his own stud. When you follow the youngsters from their earliest days in the paddocks by their mother's side up through the various breaking and training processes and then see them battling with others of their kind, and bringing your colors home in triumph, there is a satisfaction that nothing else approaches.

"While I have not seen a race this year," resumed Mr. Butler, who lost his son Pierce in the battle of the Argonne, "I understand that the crowds are greater than at any time since the days prior to the Hughes anti-racing legislation. It was natural that the pendulum should swing back. The public have always been fond of racing, and I look for the sport to go on making new friends constantly. We expect to share in this increased prosperity at Empire. Where extensive preparations have been made for the comfort of our guests. The clubhouse has been greatly enlarged and the accommodations are equal to any on the Metropolitan circuit. It will be our endeavor to give the very finest of racing during the period of our meeting."

CUDGEL HAS TOP WEIGHT.

Will Carry 130 Pounds in Empire City Handicap.

The following are the weights for the Empire City Handicap, at one mile and a furlong, to be run Saturday, the opening day of the Empire City Jockey Club meeting:

Cudgel	130	Papp	108
Sun Briar, (imp.)	129	Blue Laddie	106
Old Rosebud	129	Boniface	106
Dominant	127	Bally	105
Weary Willie	126	Enfilade, (imp.)	105
Sunny Slope	125	Alibi	104
Star Master	123	Gloomy Gus	104
Exterminator	122	King Pandit	102
Midway	120	Aurum	102
Omar Khyam, (imp.)	120	Foreground, (imp.)	103
Purchase	118	Salvestra	100
Laulac, (imp.)	118	Tumbolo, (imp.)	98
Tr. M. Morris, (imp.)	113	B. Shannon, (imp.)	100
Tippity Witchet	114	Recount	98
Sunflash 2d, (imp.)	114	Zenith	98
Vindex	113	Kashmir	98
Jack Hare, Jr.	112	Thunderclap	97
Roamer	112	Sycamore, (imp.)	97
Corn Tassel, (imp.)	112	The Tryman, (imp.)	97
Sweep	111	Balustrade	96
Regal Lodge, (imp.)	110	Siesta	93
The Snob	110	Star Class	97
Forward	110	War Machine	96
Handstrong	110	Osgood	93
Be Frank	109	Grimalkin	92
George Starr	108	Friendless	90

TICKET OUTFOOTS FIELD AT FINISH

Miller's Veteran Wins Barrow Handicap—Loftus Set Down for Two Days.

Andrew Miller's brown five-year-old horse Ticket won the leading event at the Queens County Jockey Club meeting yesterday, the Borrow Handicap, at one mile and a sixteenth. He led a field of nine starters easily, and rewarded his supporters handsomely at 15 to 1.

The veteran campaigner fancies a cushionlike track softened by an overnight rain, and such were the conditions yesterday, as well as when Ticket won before at Aqueduct, on June 27. The odds in the previous victory were 8 to 1. On July 4, too, Ticket was second to African Arrow, at 3 to 5 for place in a three-horse contest.

Kilts 2d was the pacemaker, while Ticket was the last to get into motion at the start. Kilts 2d set a merry clip, with African Arrow and Frederick the Great, the favorite, the contenders until the last sixteenth, when Ticket, which had been gradually improving his position, made his effort and sprang into the lead. He won by a length and a half, with Kilts 2d the same distance before Daddy's Choice, which finished third.

Although Frederick the Great did not make good, the favorites won in three of the six races, but twice by a margin so close that each time the throng was on its feet, cheering the horses on. Housemaid was favorite in the first race, and gained the verdict from Ting-a-Ling, with Johnny Loftus riding, by a nose. It would have been a wider margin, except that Loftus started a bumping match in the last half furlong and permitted Ting-a-Ling to carry Housemaid to the far outside of the track. Only the gameness of J. J. Hailenback's mare saved her, or the roughriding would have got Ting-a-Ling home in front.

There was no appeal made to the judges or stewards on behalf of Housemaid by owner, trainer, or jockey, Davis having the mount, and the offense was so flagrant that none was necessary. Ting-a-Ling was disqualified, which placed Thomas F. McMahon in second and Sedan in third place. The stewards suspended Loftus for two days. He was allowed to fill his engagements for the day, as usual, but did not bring either of his three other mounts home first.

The other close finish furnished by the successful favorite was in the fifth race, for nonwinners since May of two races. G. W. Loft's imported colt John L. Day was the medium of a plunge and backed to 9 to 5, but he had only a nose the better of the outsider, J. E. Widener's Sunny Hill, at the wire. Only the judges' decision could determine the result. There was a sigh of relief from the multitude when they saw John L. Day's number run up. He was in front throughout, Sunny Hill only being supplanted in the last few strides.

In the two-year-old race for maidens, at six furlongs, that closed the card, James Butler's Tearaway, by Broomstick—the Invisible Guide—the Brighton Stables' Furlough, the second choice, were the leaders to the stretch. Here Furlough was being acclaimed the winner, when the favorite, Gladiator, by true gladiatorial manner, mowed down the field with a dazzling rush and nipped Furlough by a length or so on the post.

In the second race, at a mile and a sixteenth, R. C. Griffith's imported Blarwood 2d nosed out Goaler, also an importation, at the finish, while Tapagour, the favorite, was lost in the ruck. Harwood 2d pulled up lame after the race, and since rainee is said the old gelding has probably seen his last race.

The Iroquois Handicap, at a mile, was a three-length victory for Blairgowrie, while the favorite, Natural Bridge, gained a place by the same margin from Duchess Lace. Leading Star, the early speedster, finished last.

The summaries:

FIRST RACE.

For three-year-olds and upward; selling; purse $1,115.15. Six and a half furlongs.

Horse and Age.	Wt.	Jockey.	Odds.	Fin.
Housemaid, a.	117	Davies	6-5	2-5 1nk
Ting-a-Ling, 6.	106	Loftus	2-1	even 2d
T. F. McMahon, 5.	100	Pickens	30-1	12-1 3d
Sedan, 5.	110	Fator	3-1	even 4
Sweepist, 5.	90	Richcreek	10-1	12-1 5
Happy Valley, 4.	110	Ward	10-1	6-1 6
Jack Leary, 3.	106	Seideman	60-1	20-1 7
Orderly, 6.	115	Carroll	15-1	6-1 8
Master Karma, 6.	110	Obert	20-1	8-1 9
Overrule, 5.	113	Metcalf	100-1	40-1 10

*Disqualified.

Time—1:18 3-5.

Start good; won driving. Housemaid, b. m., by Broomstick-Ethel Page; owner, J. J. Hailenbeck; trainer, F. M. Taylor. No bid for winner.

SECOND RACE.

For three-year-olds and upward; claiming; purse $1,115.16. One mile and a sixteenth.

Horse and Age.	Wt.	Jockey.	Odds.	Fin.
Harwood II., 5.	115	Davies	3-2	5-1 1nk
Goaler, 5.	106	Rice	7-1	5-2 2d
M'ntain Rose II., 4.	113	Hamilton	18-5	3-2 3½
King John, 4.	118	Richcreek	5-1	2-1 4
Topagour, 5.	106	Shutt'ger	11-5	4-5 5
G. M. Miller, a.	115	Collins	15-1	6-1 6
Tie Pin, a.	109	Wida	20-1	8-1 7
Gala Dress, 5.	96	Wessler	7-1	5-2 8
Malice, a.	103	Erickson	60-1	20-1 9
Alma B., 5.	108	Preece	60-1	20-1 10

Time—1:46 3-5.

Start good; won driving. Harwood II., imp., ch. s., by Cicero-Dictate; owner, E. C. Griffith; trainer, G. R. Bryson.

THIRD RACE.

The Barrow Handicap; selling; for three-year-olds and upward; added money $1,215.16. One mile and a sixteenth.

Horse and Age.	Wt.	Jockey.	Odds.	Fin.
Ticket, 5.	110	Shut'ger	15-1	6-1 1¼
Kilts II., 5.	122	Davis	18-5	3-2 2½
Daddy's Choice, 6.	114	Kummer	10-1	4-1 3d
African Arrow, 4.	114	Loftus	6-1	2-1 4
Tenon Bon, 4.	110	Fairbr'er	7-2	6-5 5
Belle Manene, 5.	110	Wessler	15-1	6-1 6
Game Cock, 4.	112	Walls	6-1	5-2 7
F'd'k the Great, 4.	114	Fator	4-1	6-5 8
Air Man, 6.	114	Burns	20-1	10-1 9

Time—1:47.

Start good; won handily. Ticket, br. h., by Ballot-Princess Orna; owner, Andrew Miller; trainer, A. J. Goldsborough. No bid for winner.

FOURTH RACE.

The Iroquois Handicap, for three-year-olds; added money, $1,415.16. One mile.

Horse and Age.	Wt.	Jockey.	Odds.	Fin.
Blairgowrie, 3.	108	Ambrose	16-5	even 1st
Natural Bridge, 3.	112	Fairbr'er	9-5	2-5 2d
Duchess Lace, 3.	108	McT'gart	20-1	7-1 3d
Chasseur, 3.	108	Fator	7-1	2-1 4
Leading Star, 3.	117	Wells	11-5	7-10 5

Time—1:39.

Start good; won easily. Blairgowrie, ch. c., by Knight of Ellerslie-Thistle-Belle of Fermont; owner, R. H. McC. Potter; trainer, A. G. Blakeley.

FIFTH RACE.

Claiming; for three-year-olds and upward, non-winners of two races since May 14. One mile and a sixteenth.

Horse and Age.	Wt.	Jockey.	Odds.	Fin.
John L. Day, 4.	108	Kelsay	7-5	1-2 1nk
Sunny Hill, 3.	108	Preece	15-1	6-1 2½
Millrace, 4.	105	Kummer	12-1	5-1 3nk
Lucina, 5.	118	Haynes	6-1	5-2 4
Paddy Dear, 5.	118	Loftus	15-1	6-1 5
Sasin, a.	115	Metcalf	16-5	6-5 6
Mary Belle, 5.	111	Richcreek	5-1	2-1 7
Stitch in Time, a.	103	Sn'dem's	15-1	6-1 8
Zinnia, 5.	103	Hamilton	30-1	10-1 10
Flurnest, 5.	98	Wida	30-1	10-1 10

Time—1:46 4-5.

Start good; won driving. John L. Day, imp., b. c., by Day Comet-Beautiful Sight; owner, G. W. Loft; trainer, M. Hirsch.

SIXTH RACE.

For maiden two-year-olds; purse $1,115.15. Six furlongs.

Horse and Age.	Wt.	Jockey.	Odds.	Fin.
Gladiator, 2.	115	Kelsay	2-1	1-2 1st
Furlough, 2.	115	Loftus	2-1	8-5 2d
Le Glouzux, 2.	115	Walls	20-1	8-1 3d
La Rabiea, 2.	112	Ambrose	15-1	6-1 4
Teacher's Pet, 2.	115	Pickens	10-1	4-1 5
American Boy, 2.	115	Rice	10-1	4-1 6
Eastern Glow, 2.	112	Esser	15-1	6-1 7
*Ace of Aces, 2.	115	Collins	15-1	6-1 8
Captain Alcock, 2.	115	Butwell	10-1	4-1 9
Sir Clarence, 2.	115	Huff	100-1	40-1 10
*Midian, 2.	115	Fator	15-1	6-1 11
Pointes, 2.	115	Davies	50-1	20-1 12

Time—1:14 3-5.

*Coupled.

Start good; won easily. Gladiator, b. c., by Superman-Lednawana; owner and trainer, W. Booth.

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PLANNING A RECORD MEET.

Crack Athletes Expected to Compete in Camp Dix Games.

The biggest athletic meet ever held in this country is planned by the Knights of Columbus and the Amateur Athletic Union for the men still in the service, or who have been honorably discharged, at Camp Dix, N. J. The great meet will cover two days, Sunday, Aug. 31, when the preliminaries or trial heats will be conducted, and the finals on Labor Day, Monday, Sept. 1.

It is expected that many of the stars in America will compete, for most of the lads who hold world's track and field records, and swimming marks, too, helped Uncle Sam in his recent trouble. Most of the lads who are at present competing in the inter-allied games in Paris will probably enter.

One of the features of the meet will be a marathon run, over a twenty-mile route, from Trenton, the State capital of New Jersey, to Camp Dix. The swimming meet will be held in the new pool recently opened by the Knights of Columbus at Camp Dix.

This monster meet, which will be the American athletic world's way of celebrating victory, was planned by Secretary Frank Wandle of Camp Dix and Sam Dallas of Philadelphia, President of the A. A. U. Originally the idea was to confine the games to the army, but upon consultation it was deemed best to have the games for the benefit of boys of all branches of the service, whether mustered out or still in the service.

Mass Athletics Fail in Big Ten.

The innovation of mass athletics in the colleges composing the Western Intercollegiate Conference did not attract the success expected, according to the reports submitted by the colleges holding membership in the Big Ten. The failure of the plan was disclosed with the announcement of Coach Robert Zuppke of the University of Illinois that the winners would not be announced. Coach Zuppke was one of the judges. Only three universities submitted results of the mass athletics activities. They were Chicago, Illinois, and Wisconsin. Rain interfered with the plans of the other universities.

AQUEDUCT ENTRIES.

FIRST RACE.—Selling; for two-year-olds; five furlongs. *Hackamore, 113 pounds; Betsinda, 113; Feather, 105; Hush, 105; Toucanet, 107; Marcelle M., 107; Who Cares, 112; Master Bill, 112; Steve, 106; Farsan Dore, 115; Clarabella, 110; Shillelagh, II., 112.

SECOND RACE.—Claiming; for four-year-olds and upward; one mile and a furlong. *Rockport, 101, pounds; Poor Butterfly, 109; *Zinnia, 90; *Janisa, 101; *Lord Herbert, 101; Diadi, 105; *Dragon Rock, 101; Chester Two, 114; Charles Francis, 105; Miss Erro, 105.

THIRD RACE.—The Handspring Handicap; for three-year-olds and upward; seven furlongs. Leading Star, 98 pounds; Lucullite, 125; War Cloud, 120; Sunny Slope, 125; Naturalist, 104.

FOURTH RACE.—The Astoria; for fillies, two years old; five furlongs. Indiscretion, 109 pounds; His Choice, 109; Sekket, 109; Phaeacy, 104; Kallipolis, 116; Toujours, 116; Sub Rosa, 109; Wendy, 112; Germa, 109; Flying Flower, 109.

FIFTH RACE.—The Bramble Handicap.—For three-year-olds and upward; one mile. Sunny Slope, 120 pounds; Natural Bridge, 97; *Bondage, 102; Ballet Dancer, II., 95; Balustrade, 90; Lucullite, 124; Thundercap, 100; Recount, 100; Bally, 110.

SIXTH RACE.—Conditions; for maidens, three years old and upward; one mile. Henry G., 115 pounds; Cromwell, 112; King Asrippa, 109; Somewhere in France, 105; Hohokus, 112; Cleaver, 116; Rodgers, 112; Courting Colors, 112; Phantom Maid, 107; Dahinda, 107; Yvette, 107; Frostyboy, 112; Dotta's Best, 105; Athilde, 107; Daydue, 112.

WOMAN HEADS NEW BUREAU

Mrs. Wadsworth to Have Charge of Husbandry Work.

AVON, N. Y., July 7.—This region, which has long enjoyed the reputation of producing half-bred and three-quarter-bred horses of the highest quality, has been honored by the Federal Government through the appointment of Mrs. Herbert Wadsworth, the head of the Genesee Valley Breeders' Association, as a specialist in the work of animal husbandry.

This indefatigable horsewoman undertook the work of general purpose horse improvement in the valley a decade ago, and working in conjunction with the breeding bureau of the Jockey Club, she has long maintained at "Ashantee" thoroughbred sires of the type necessary for the work in hand.

The excellence of the plan challenged the attention of the authorities at Washington, and the official designation followed. A permanent Bureau will be established at Avon, and it is Mrs. Wadsworth's intention to have a horse in every eight square miles of territory. This will obviate the hardship of bringing mares from 16 to 20 miles as is done at present; in fact one enthusiast, Mr. Harry Gale of East Aurora, brought a mare fifty-six miles to be bred to Estimator, one of the best horses in the valley.

No part of the Empire State surpasses the Genesee region in fertility. There are pastures of blue grass the equal of anything in Kentucky or Virginia. The purest of spring water comes from a limestone source. The country is peopled by farmers of intelligence, and it was not a difficult task to enlist their sympathies and aid when Mrs. Wadsworth and Lieut.-Col. Shiverick inaugurated the Genesee Valley Breeders' Association. Mares were donated by the breeding bureau of the Jockey Club and by members of the parent racing organization; by Mrs. Wadsworth herself, and by friends of the horse in various parts of the country who believed in the movement.

There are now seventy selected mares under the care of the association, and there are hundreds of superb young thoroughbred, half, and three-quarter bred horses from foals up to four-year-olds, to give testimony of the value of the plan.

"We who live in the valley," said Mrs. Wadsworth a few days ago, "have always believed that we can breed as good horses here as in Kentucky or Virginia. We have hoped that some gentleman interested in racing would establish a stud in this vicinity and give us a chance to prove it. To that end we pledge our cooperation. Our climate is equable. Pastures come early and furnish an abundance of the finest grass until late in the season. They do not dry up in July and August, because of the abundance of shade. Thousands of acres of blue grass can be bought or leased much lower than the same acreage in Kentucky.

"We have already shown," resumed Mrs. Wadsworth, "what can be done in hunter type production. What cleanbreds we have produced have good bone. To illustrate, let me say that I have just sold to Mrs. Charles Rice of Boston a four-year-old mare, Autumn Days, by Shot Gun, out of Jenny Mac, by Macbeth. This mare's dam stands 15.1 hands, but her daughter is well over 16 hands and weighs 1,265 pounds. She is an ideal steeplechase prospect, but is destined for the hunting field.

"There is an increasing interest in the so-called half bred everywhere, and I believe that the time is ripe for the establishment of a stud book for hunters, chargers and remounts. Such a work would be an invaluable guide to breeders, as the genealogy of the dams could be traced in every instance through such a channel.

"Many hunters which are called half bred, are in reality three-quarters or seven-eighths bred. Let us have the breeding of these dams under affidavit if necessary so as to keep our cities clear. There is no need to record the sires, as only thoroughbreds would be used, and these would be already enrolled in the American Stud Book.

"The work should be under the care of the breeding bureau of the Jockey Club at the outset," said Mrs. Wadsworth in conclusion, "but I believe that in time it would carry such a powerful appeal that the Federal Government would want to take it over. The Genesee Valley Breeders Association would be willing to undertake the task of inaugurating the movement, working of course, under the supervision of the Jockey Club, which has done so much for the preservation of our best type of horse."

SWIMMERS IN TITLE RACES.

Two Metropolitan Championship Events at Lake Hopatcong July 18.

The majority of the district's leading swimmers will compete for the Metropolitan A. A. U. women's half mile and men's junior national one mile titles at Lake Hopatcong, N. J., July 18. This is evidence in the entries already received for the two title races, which will be conducted under the auspices of the Alamac Athletic Association.

Miss Charlotte Boyle, the Sea Gate star, captured the women's 880-yard title last year, when the race was conducted at Rye Beach, N. Y. Miss Boyle is expected to defend her title. The men's junior national race is expected to attract every local swimmer eligible for the title. Entries will be received up to July 15 by H. Latz, Mount Arlington, N. J.

A 220-yard handicap swim will be conducted in addition to the two title races. Other events include canoe tilting contests and other aquatic novelties.

FRANK DEWEY WINS AT NORTH RANDALL

Feature of Grand Circuit Opening Is Grilling Race—Record Crowd in Attendance.

CLEVELAND, July 7.—Frank Dewey, driven by Walter Cox, today won the eleventh renewal of the Edwards Stake, of $3,000, for 2:08 pacers, the feature of the opening of the 1919 campaign of the Grand Circuit harness racing season at North Randall, after a grilling race. Three of the fourteen pacers qualified as heat winners.

The only upset of the day came in the one-mile dash for three-year-old trotters, which was won by Kentucky June, third choice in the betting. The final race fell to the undefeated half-mile star Grace Direct.

Notwithstanding the street car strike, the largest crowd that ever witnessed the opening day's racing at North Randall was present.

The summaries:

2:30 TROT, FOR THREE-YEAR-OLDS.

Value $590.

Kentucky June, b. f., by Manrico, (W. Fleming)				1
Little Lee, ch. g., by Axworthy, (McDonald)				2
Nihila, br. f., by Silko, (Engleman)				3
A. Betty Arnold Watts, b. f., by Junior Watts, (C. Trainor)				4
Atalanta, b. f., by Atlantic Express, (W. Trainor)				5
Mabel Worthy and Harveta also started.				

Time—2:10.

2:22 CLASS, TROTTING.

Purse $1,200.

Joseph Guy, b. h., by Guy Axworthy, (Hyde)	1	1	1	
Silko, b. g., by Silko, (White)	4	3	2	
Harmony, b. g., by Tregantle, (Murphy)	2	4	3	
Molly Knight, b. f., by General Watts, (Geers)	3	2	6	5
Tommy Direct, b. g., by Director Joe, (McDonald)	5	4	3	
Baron Deforest, Prince Hal, Alice Mokoma, Cord Axworth, Robert Bennett, Betty Thornton, and Virginia Bingen also started.				

Time—2:08¼; 2:09¼; 2:12¾.

FOREST CITY, TWO-YEAR-OLD TROT.

Value $1,600.

Natalie the Great, b. f., by Peter the Great, (Thomas)	1	1	1	
Dudette, br. f., by Etawah, (Geers)	2	2	3	
Harvest Horn, b. g., by The Harvester, (P. G. Jones)	3	4	2	
El Stout, ch. g., by El Canto, (Stout)	4	3	4	

Time—2:15¼; 2:17¼.

THE ADWARDS, 2:08 CLASS—PACING.

Purse $3,000.

Frank Dewey, b. h., by John Dewey, (Cox)	1	1	1	
Darvester, br. h., by C. by The Harvester, (W. Fleming)	9	1	2	2
O U C, b. g., by C. The Limit, (Ward)	7	12	6	2
Red Bearer, b. g., by Cup Bearer, (Whitney)	5	2	8	ro
John R. Braden, b. h., by John R. Gentry, (J. Carter Thomas)	6	6	3	ro
Dan Hedgewood, Peter Mauer, Ethel Chimes, Maggie Wreath, Highland Lassie, Mowrer Boy, Alexander the Great, Kathleen Gale, and Ormonde also started.				

Time—2:06¼; 2:04¼; 2:04¼; 2:12¾.

2:06 CLASS—PACING.

Purse $1,500.

Grace Direct, b. m., by Walter Direct, (Beck)	4	1	1	
Jay Mack, ch. h., by Liberty Jay, (Whitehead)	2	2	2	
Symbol Baron, blk. m., by Symbolet, (McMahon)	5	2		
Rascal, b. g., by Sunglass, (Willis)	3	4	4	
Betsey Hamlin, blk. m., by Lorenso Hamlin, (Moore)	6	4	5	
Edward F. and Lizzie Baldie also started.				

Time—2:05¼; 2:04¾; 2:05¼.

One of the feature events on the program at North Randall is the Tavern "Steak," which will have its tenth renewal. This was originally established for amateurs in 1910, and became popular at once. On the first running there were so many entries that it was raced off in two divisions.

In 1914 the association made the Tavern "Steak" open to professionals and amateurs. Since that date the former has moved in front in all of them. Dick McMahon won it in 1914 with King Clansman, while Geers followed the next year with The Guide. Fred Edman piloted Busy's Lassie in 1916 with Grand Chimes and placed the record at the race at 2:06¾. In 1917 the battle was between Early Dreams and Royal Mack, Murphy winning with the latter. He also made another bid last year with Allan Watts but was defeated by Prince Loree in 2:06¼.

The popularity of the Tavern "Steak" is shown by the fact that thirty-one nominations were received in it this year. Some of them have fallen by the wayside while Truxton, one of the first horses named, is now in Denmark. Cox named him as well as Mignola, which has been on the sick list, his good four-year-old McGregor the Great, and Brother David. Murphy also has four to pick from, his group being Lotto Watts, Mariondale, Constantine the Great, and Peter Vaughn.

The Edwards Purse has, since it was established, been the first big pacing event of the year. Murphy won the first one with George Gano in 1910 when he kept him in front almost all the way down the line. He was followed by The Abbe and Vernon McKinney, who placed the record of the race at 2:05¾, where it remained until last year when A Game of Chance lowered the colors of Peter Look in 2:03¼. In the interval the first moneys have been paid to the owners of Joe Patchen II., Del Rey, Peter Stevens, Russell Boy, Ben Earl, and Colonel Armstrong.

Twenty-two nominations were received in the Edwards Purse this year and a large field can be looked for when the horses turn for the word next Wednesday. Cox has won this race twice and will make an effort to land it again with the handsome Frank Dewey. If he is beaten there is very apt to be a new record for the event. Frank Dewey will take the word with Peter Look, who made such a bold bid last year, Omonde, Dan Hedgewood, Darvester, Captain Mack, or Mourer Boy from the Kline stable, Edna Early, Red Bearer, Peter Maurer who paced in 2:08¼ over the half-mile track at Rockport, and other Direct C. Burnett, Ethel Chimes, or Sanardo from the Murphy stable.

According to the reports, Geers is going to make a very bold bid for the Futy Sweepstake for three-year-old trotters with Hombigbee, as he has been in 2:07¾. In this event, the Etawah gelding will be expected to take the word with either Princess Etawah or Brussiloff from the Ellis stable, as well as Dark Flower, Peter L., Abbie Putney, and Sunny Sue. The winner of this race will give the public a line on what First National and a few others, which are not named in it, will be expected to meet in the National Stallion Stake at the Cleveland August meeting.

BRADLEY WINS NET MATCH.

Mount Pleasant Boy Now Eligible for National Preliminary.

Richard Bradley of the Mount Pleasant Tennis Club won the qualifying round of the National Boys' Tennis Championship, played yesterday at the Country Club of Westchester. He is now eligible to play in the New York division, the winners of this playing in the finals next month.

Bradley won from Herbert N. Rawlins, Jr., of the Country Club of Westchester, in straight sets, 6—3, 6—4. The contest was closer than the score represents, Rawlins growing wild in the latter part of both sets. The players alternated in winning games on service in the opening of the first set. The match stood three-all at the end of the sixth game, and then Bradley, by steady work, took the remaining three games.

The winner came through in pinches in the second set, and bested Rawlins' lead of one game, when the score stood 2—1 at the opening of the fourth game.

Bradley disposed of Albert Aiken in the first round, 6—1, 6—0, and Rawlins beat Ernest Kuhn, 6—3, 6—7.

K. OF C. ATHLETIC CARNIVAL.

Long Island Chapter to Hold Games at Celtic Park July 20.

What in all probability will be one of the biggest athletic carnivals of the outdoor season will be the coming games of the Long Island Chapter, K. of C., to be held at Celtic Park, Long Island City, on Sunday afternoon, July 20.

The program, which consists of ten events, is expected to attract many of the star athletes of the East and West. The list of open events is as follows: 100-yard dash, handicap; 300-yard dash, handicap; 1,000-yard run, handicap; 880-yard run, novice; two-mile relay race, one-mile relay race.

The events closed to members and Councils of the Long Island Chapter are the Inter-Council relay, 100-yard dash, handicap, and 600-yard run, handicap. The latter feature of the program will be the Connellian mile special scratch invitation race.

The committee in charge of the arrangements is composed of some of the best known names in the Amateur Athletic Union and every effort will be made by them to make the coming games the best athletic carnival held by the Long Island Chapter, Knights of Columbus.

GERMAN ENTRIES BARRED.

Jockey Club of England Puts Ban on Horses of Enemies.

Ostracism of Germany, as far as racing and breeding are concerned, is the policy that has been adopted by the Jockey Club of England. The proposition that no entries for races in the future will be received from German, Austrian, Hungarian, Bulgarian, and Turkish subjects has been formally put before the club for a vote and it has been carried. It was also decided that no application for admission to the Stud Book of horses owned by the enemies shall be accepted.

"In regard to this action of the Jockey Club, The Field says the following:

"It was decided that no application for admission to the Stud Book of horses owned by enemies shall be accepted by Messrs. Weatherby, and, further, that they (Messrs. Weatherby) are requested to give special consideration to the circumstances under which horses were stolen from Belgian owners, and the doubt which must prevail as to genuineness of certificates received from Germany.

"As regards the theft of Belgian horses, Lord Jersey told a curious tale to his fellow-members, a tale of disgraceful behavior which is quite in keeping

NEWTON PREPARES RAND SCHOOL ACTION

Comes Here to Support Petition to Supreme Court to Revoke Charter.

McADOO HEARS ARGUMENT

Counsel for Socialist Society Demand That He Vacate the Recent Raid Order.

Papers have been prepared by Deputy Attorney General Samuel A. Berger in support of a petition to the Supreme Court to withdraw its approval of the charter granted in 1901 to the American Socialist Society, conducting the Rand School of Social Science, which was raided on June 21 by agents of the Legislative committee investigating sedition activities and propaganda in this State. The papers were being held last night for the purpose of awaiting the approval of Attorney General Charles D. Newton, who was expected to decide today whether to proceed with the action or not.

The petition to the Supreme Court, it was explained last night by a person familiar with the proceedings, is a necessary preliminary to a formal action for the forfeiture of the charter under which the American Socialist Society is operating the Rand School, or to an alternative petition to have the affairs of the society which is a membership corporation, placed in the hands of a receiver.

The recent conviction of the American Socialist Society in the Federal courts on charges of having circulated seditious literature through the publication and broadcast sale of Scott Nearing's pamphlet, "The Great Madness," has furnished the State authorities with what they declare to be an essential ground for the proposed action. The raid, in which a truck-load of radical literature, correspondence and other documents was seized, has afforded the Attorney General, it was said last night, justification for charging in his complaint against the American Socialist Society that the Rand School up to the present time has continued to circulate literature as objectionable as the pamphlet that fell under condemnation in the Federal courts.

Attorney General Newton, who arrived in this city last night from Albany, said that he would make no comment on the proposed action against the Rand School until he had had an opportunity to examine the evidence in support of the petition. Deputy Attorney General Berger said he did not feel at liberty to discuss the matter at all.

Lawyers representing the Rand School and the American Socialist Society appeared before Chief Magistrate McAdoo yesterday to demand an oral hearing on their petition to vacate the search warrants under which the Rand School was raided and the big safe of the Society of the Commonwealth Centre, owner of the building at 7 East Fifteenth Street, in which the school is being conducted, was forced open.

Chief Magistrate McAdoo informed S. John Block and I. M. Sackin, attorneys for both societies, that under orders of his physician he was leaving the city for some weeks' rest and had turned the case over to City Magistrate Charles E. Harris, who will be Acting Chief Magistrate during his absence.

The lawyers indicated that they would not proceed before Magistrate Harris and insisted that Chief Magistrate McAdoo should hear their argument. The Chief Magistrate told counsel for the Rand School that he felt certain that he was well within the law in turning the case over to his substitute on the Magistrate's bench.

Counsel registered a further protest against the disposition made of the papers seized in the raid, which they declared, had been brought to the Prince George Hotel and turned over to counsel for the Legislative Committee instead of being left, as the law provides, in the custody of the Chief Magistrate who issued the search warrants. Since then some of the correspondence and other documents seized in the raid have been introduced in evidence before the Legislative committee. Chief Magistrate McAdoo announced that he had ordered all the seized correspondence and other papers brought forthwith to his office, there to remain in the custody of the court. The papers have been in the custody of the Legislative committee ever since the raid on the Rand School.

It was said last night that additional documentary evidence affecting that institution would be introduced in evidence when the committee resumes its public hearing today. The Legislative committee is scheduled to meet at the City Hall at 10:30 this forenoon.

SOCIALIST OFFICE MOBBED.

Speaker at Columbia, Penn., Beaten and Leader Threatened.

LANCASTER, Penn., July 7.—A mob of 3,000 persons tonight attacked W. W. Cox, about whom nothing is known here, while he was in the act of addressing a labor meeting on a street corner of Columbia, the largest borough in this county.

Cox, after being roughly handled eluded the crowd, but was discovered later on board a trolley car and dragged to the street, where he was severely beaten. Chief of Police Campbell and the Town Constable, the only police protection in the borough, finally fought their way through the mass and placed Cox under arrest. He was hurried to the lockup.

With Cox out of its reach, the crowd turned its attention to the Socialist headquarters and completely ransacked the place. This done, the citizens of the borough marched to the home of J. P. Brenner, a prominent Socialist. Constable Blair appealed to the crowd to be calm and promised to place Brenner under arrest.

The officers entered the home of Brenner by a rear window and found him in a room on the second floor with a loaded shot-gun in one hand and a loaded revolver in the other. He was arrested and sent to the lockup.

JAPAN EXPLAINS ITS STAND.

Wants Its "Rights" Excluded from Consortium to Aid China.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 7.—Baron Takahaski, the Japanese Foreign Minister, is reported in advices received from Tokio today as having declared that Japan's "rights" in Manchuria, Mongolia, and Shantung will be excluded from the operations of the new consortium for loaning money to China.

According to these advices the Kenseikai party, the opposition party, in the Japanese House of Representatives, is attacking the Japanese Government's intention to join the new international banking syndicate for China, on the ground that economic loans are not excluded from the business scope of the new consortium.

Baron Takahaski has issued a statement to the Japanese press replying to the attacks and stating his belief that he does not err in subscribing to the new enterprise. The Kenseikai party has stated its position, in a resolution just passed, to be that Japan's economic loans should be made in an open market. It considers the action taken by the Japanese Government regrettable. The party also wants to place all special rights, as stipulated in treaties, outside the new consortium.

It also wants the conveyance of old loans to the consortium to be made at the option of the parties concerned, and wants the economic loans, to be handled by the new syndicate, to be confined to those relating to railways and canals.

Baron Takahaski has taken the position that if Japan does not subscribe to the new consortium and takes independent action, Japan would be internationally isolated, because, as he sees it, China, which is just now anti-Japanese in its sentiment, would then seek funds in America. In the statement just issued at Tokio, the Japanese finance minister asserted that Japan's rights in Manchuria and Mongolia were to be excluded from the new loan group, and that the rights in Shantung were also to be excluded as they are taken over from Germany.

FREIGHT BOAT BLOWS UP.

Submarine Chaser Rescues Belle Harbor's Crew of Five.

The 75-foot double decked freight boat, Belle Harbor, belonging to the Rockaway Beach Excursion Line, caught fire last night going from Hempstead Harbor to Rockaway Point with provisions for the Summer colony at that place. After the crew of five had been taken off by a submarine chaser the freighter blew up and sank.

The freight boat left Emmons Avenue, Sheepshead Bay, and was nearly opposite Rockaway Beach when she developed engine trouble. A passenger boat, the Manhattan of the same line, took her in tow and later, the engine trouble being remedied, the Belle Harbor started again under her own steam. More engine trouble followed and a fire started in the engine room.

The crew signaled for assistance, and just after they were rescued a gasolene tank exploded and blew off the top decks, the ship sinking.

Death Sentence for Walters.

William Walters, 19 years old, of No. 417 East Sixty-eighth Street, convicted of the murder of Leo Rubin, a grocer at 812 East Seventieth Street, on March 29, was sentenced by Judge Rosalsky in General Sessions yesterday to die in the electric chair during the week of Aug. 18. May Berry, 851 East Eighty-first Street, and Walter's sister, Marguerite, were arrested for attempting to aid Walters in an escape from the Tombs Prison. Sheriff Knott, who sent Under Sheriff John Cosgrey to Sing Sing Prison with the condemned man, said the death house was filled with prisoners awaiting execution. This is the first time in the history of the new death house of its cell capacity being exhausted.

HYLAN FOR CLEAN STREETS.

Tells Enright to Arrest People Who Throw Paper About.

Mayor Hylan yesterday requested Police Commissioner Enright to get after people who litter the streets with paper. In a letter to the Commissioner the Mayor wrote:

"The Street Cleaning Department is bitterly complaining because of the large volume of paper that is strewn about the streets and in the parks of the city. It is a violation of the ordinance to throw paper in the public thoroughfares and same should be discontinued.

"The police should give immediate attention to violators of such ordinances, and summon the offenders to court. The people want the city streets kept clean, and must aid in this work by refraining from throwing their refuse in the streets.

"Likewise do not let up in your campaign in putting an end to speeding in the streets of this city. Pedestrians have some rights, and the police should do their part to see that they have the opportunity to exercise the rights, and privileges guaranteed to them by law, and not be run down by speeding vehicles."

GEO. H. PRIMROSE STRICKEN

Little Chance for Recovery of Veteran Minstrel and Dancer.

SAN DIEGO, Cal., July 7.—George H. Primrose, who acquired fame and popularity a generation ago as a dancer with the minstrel show of Primrose and West, is seriously ill in a hospital here. His physician announced today there is small chance for recovery. Primrose is 66 years old.

George H. Primrose, who was born in London, Can., made his first appearance on the stage with McFarland's Minstrels, in Detroit, Mich., as an "infant" clog dancer, at the age of 15. While a member of Skiff & Gaylord's Minstrels, five years later, he met William H. West, with whom he formed a co-partnership that existed for nearly thirty years. From 1898 to 1903, Mr. Primrose was associated with Lew Dockstader in Primrose & Dockstader Minstrels, and since then he has headed his own company except for such periods as he appeared as a vaudeville headliner.

Naval Orders.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 7.—The Bureau of Navigation issued the following orders today:

Stevens, Cmdr. L. H., to aid and flag sect. of Pacific fleet.

Richardson, Cmdr., ordered home and await orders.

Mitscher, Lt. Cmdr. M. A., ordered home and await orders.

Read, Lt. Cmdr. A. C., ordered home and await orders.

Scanland, Lt. Cmdr. F. W., to command subdivision No. 10.

McIntyre, Lt. Cmdr. E. A., to Naval Academy.

Barnes, Lt. Cmdr. G. C., and Smith, Lt. Cmdr. C. W., to the Zeppelin.

Shea, Lt. Cmdr. F. L., to the Chicago.

Baugh, Lt. H. V., to the Connecticut.

Cohen, Lt. M. Y., to the 0-11.

Radford, Lt. A. W., to ride of staff and flag of Div. No. 1 of Pacific fleet.

Ferguson, Lt. D., to Langley Field, Va.

Lehman, Lt. H. J., to the Vermont.

Dorney, Lt. W. A., to the Acolus.

Theis, Lt. J. H., awaiting orders.

Devlin, Lt. F. B., to naval recruiting station at Pittsburgh.

Curtis, Lt. S. J., to the Harrisburg.

Parker, Lt. E. N., to the Kittery.

Gilley, Lt. R. F., to the Santa Teresa.

Carlson, Lt. E., to the Culgoa.

Stevenson, Lt. E., to the Lake Crescent.

Moore, Lt. R. H., to the George Washington.

ARMY ORDERS

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 7.—The War Department published the following army orders today:

Medical Corps.

Bloombergh, Col. H. D.; Henderson, Maj. R. J., and Babcock, Maj. H. E., to Hosp. No. 31, at Carlisle, Penn.

Coffey, Maj. A. M., to Gen. Hosp., at Ft. Bayard.

Breed, Maj. N. P., to Camp Upton as member of Board of Medical Examiners.

Dewitt, Maj. F. B.; Sanborn, Maj. F. R., and Lynch, Capt. E. E., to Camp Sherman.

Merrill, Maj. W. G., to Camp Grant.

Freer, Maj. A., and Brumbach, 1st Lt. E. B., to Hosp. No. 19, at Otsen, N. C.

Duckwall, Maj. E. F., to Camp Meade with overseas replacement depot.

Following assigned to Air Service and to instruction at Medical Research Laboratory, Hazelhurst Field:

Campbell, Capt. H. R.; Shoemaker, Capt. W. E., and Goodyear, 1st Lt. H. M., to Hosp. No. 3, at Colonia, N. J.

Beadick, Capt. J. J., and Menefee, Capt. C. D., to Hosp. No. 30, at Plattsburg Barracks.

Dickinson, Capt. W. F., to Astoria, L. I., with 62d Inf.

Dunning, Capt. M. B., to Hosp. No. 28, at Ft. Sheridan.

Stayton, Capt. C. A., to Walter Reed Hosp.

Dever, Col. D. G., to inst. at Camp No. 10, in New Haven, then to Ft. Slocum.

Smith, Capt. A. W., to inst. at Medical Research Laboratory, Hazelhurst Field.

Stoddard, Capt. J. K., and Jobson, Capt. A. M. C., to Hosp. No. 6 at Ft. McPherson.

Knotts, Capt. R. R., to Hosp. No. 43 at Hampton, Va.

Pavy, Capt. A. B., and King, 1st Lt. P. N., to Hosp. No. 43 at Hampton, Va.

Johnson, Maj. H. A., to Hosp. No. 31, at Carlisle, Penn.

Thomas, Capt. H. B.; Friedman, 1st Lt. S. S.; Wetherell, 1st Lt. F. S.; Deering, 1st Lt. G. E., and Kemp, 1st Lt. L. S., to Hosp. No. 41 at Fox Hills, N. Y.

Ryan, 1st Lt. T. J., to Hosp. No. 2 at Ft. Henry.

Hunter, Capt. J. R., to Hosp. No. 2 at Ft. McHenry.

Freedman, Capt. C. S., to Letterman Gen. Hosp., San Francisco.

Strumwasser, Capt. S., to Air Serv. Depot at Garden City, N. Y.

Pollock, Capt. J. K.; Underwood, Capt. C. A., and Campbell, 1st Lt. W. E., to Camp Sherman as med. examiners.

Edge, 1st Lt. S. S., to Camp Normoyle.

Felt, 1st Lt. G. S., to Hosp. No. 20 at Ft. Des Moines.

Goodwyn, 1st Lt. T. P., to Hosp. No. 6 for discharge.

Nesbit, 1st Lt. W. E., to Ft. Sam Houston.

Dorsey, 1st Lt. H. C., to Hosp. No. 8 at Otisville, N. Y.

Maislen, 1st Lt. S., to Hosp. No. 16 at New Haven, Conn.

Mayo, 1st Lt. L. T., to Ft. Slocum.

MacMichael, 1st Lt. E. H., to Hosp. No. 6 at Ft. McPherson.

Baker, 1st Lt. F., to Army and Navy Gen. Hosp., at Hot Springs, Ark.

Powers, 1st Lt. R. A., to Letterman Gen. Hosp, at San Francisco.

Gardner, 1st Lt. W. E., to Hosp. 21, at Denver, Col.

Charles, 1st Lt. R. L., will report to Surg. Gen.

Kelly, 1st Lt. T. J., to Port of Embarkation, at Newport News.

Kirksey, 1st Lt. O. T., to Ft. Riley.

Rosenberger, 1st Lt. A. L., to Hosp. 31, Carlisle, Penn.

Doege, 1st Lt. K. H., to Hosp. 2, at Ft. McHenry.

Levy, 1st Lt. A., to Camp Dix.

Shirley, 1st Lt. A. R., to Hosp 4, at Ft. Porter, N. Y.

Sanitary Corps.

Gerstenzang, 1st Lt. A., to Hosp 18, at New Haven.

Riesenberg, 1st Lt. M., to Chillicothe, Ohio.

Davidson, 1st Lt. L., to Base Hosp. at Ft. Bliss.

Infantry.

Oury, Col. W. H., detailed as Prof. of Mil. Science at Cornell Univ.

Wittenmyer, Col. E., to recruiting duty at Ft. Logan.

Dichmann, Col. H. M., to treatment at Letterman Gen. Hosp., San Fran.

Goodrich, Col. P. M., and McClam, Col. C. A., to Camp Meade with overseas replacement depot.

Conrad, Col. B., to Madison Barracks, N. Y., with 65d.

Albright, Col. F. H., to Ft. George Wright with 21st.

McClellan, Col. B. F., to Camp Shelby with 20th.

Douglas, Maj. J. N., to Camp Knox.

Bendel, Lt. Col. C. S., relieved from duty with Director of Purchase.

Terrell, Lt. Col. F. E., detailed as prof. of mil. science, at Kansas State Agric. College.

Hathaway, Capt. L. R., permanently appointed.

Stephens, Capt. J. W. G., and Rawls, Capt. W. A., Jr., permanently appointed.

Atkins, Capt. M. D., to Joplin, Mo.

Fleeter, Capt. H. J., to Walter Reed Gen. Hosp, for treatment.

Northrup, Capt. F. G.; Alexander, Capt. H. A., and Post, Capt. F. R., hon. discharged.

Hermann, Capt. J. R., to Presidio, with 44th.

Clark, Capt. J. W., to treatment at Hosp. No. 28, at Ft. Sheridan.

Meyers, Capt. H. W., to Los Angeles, for temp. duty.

Griffin, Capt. C. C.; Clark, Capt. M. W., and Burgess, Capt. F. V., to Disciplinary Barracks, at Ft. Leavenworth.

Following to Ft. McIntosh, with 37th: Bogan, Capt. L. D.; Hockwald, Capt. H.; Schultz, Capt. O. C.; George, 1st Lt. W. H.; Kelley, 1st Lt. R. Murphy, 1st Lt. W. M. Brown, 1st Lt. R. N.

Coast Artillery.

Long, Col. J. L., to Ft. Wright.

Murphy, Col. T. E., to Hoboken, N. J.

Cavalry.

Conrad, Lt. Col. C. H., Jr., placed on detached officers' list.

Gregg, Capt. J. P., relieved from present assignment with A. E. F., France, and from duty with Sorbonne Univ. detachment, Paris, detailed asst. to Mil. Attache, Belgrade, Serbia.

Galley, Capt. J. K., Jr., to Camp Meade.

Putnam, Capt. H. L., permanently appointed.

Air Service.

Dodd, Col. T. F., command Langley Field.

Lathrop, Maj. E. A., to St. Paul as cmdg. off. of Air Service Mechanics' School, St. Paul, Minn.

Cope, Maj. J., D., to New York for temp. duty.

Stokes, Capt. J. W., relieved from present duty as asst. to Mil. Attache at London and will proceed to Wash. for temp. duty and discharge.

Doublin, Capt. J., to San Antonio.

Jhirs, 1st Lt. J. P., to Omaha, Neb.

Wilson, 1st Lt. J. B., to Chicago.

Stanley, 1st Lt. G., to treatment at Army Aviation Hosp. at Coopperstown, N. Y.

Rogers, 1st Lt. H., to Wash.

Klady, 1st Lt. C. A., to Detroit for discharge.

Engineers.

Randall, Lt. Col. G. B., to Camp Grant for discharge.

Church, Maj. E. C., to Governors Island, N. Y., for discharge.

Haynes, Capt. A. R., to Camp Lewis for discharge.

Symonds, Capt. G. R. B., to Camp Humphreys.

Marsburg, 1st Lt. E., Jr., to Camp Meade.

Field Artillery.

Pearce, Col. E. D., to command Coast Def. of New Orleans, at Jackson Barracks, La.

Helmick, Lt. Col. C. G., and Starbord, Lt. Col. A. A., to Wash.

Head, Lt. Col. F., to Camp Grant, with 11th.

Force, Maj. J., to Camp Meade.

Eneboe, Maj. E. T., to Camp Knox.

Jacobson, Capt. C. W., to Univ. of Ga., as Asst. Prof. of Mil. Science.

Arthur, Capt. L. C., Jr.; Dixon, Capt. R. H., and Murphy, 1st Lt. W. M., to Camp Ft. Bliss, with 82d.

Allen, Capt. E. E., to Hosp. No. 30, at Plattsburg Barracks.

Echols, 1st Lt. O. P., permanently appointed.

Signal Corps.

Strider, Maj. H. E., to Caldwell, N. J.

Hart, Maj. H. W., to Charleston, S. C.

Kennedy, Capt. S. J., to Hosp. 31, at Denver, Col.

Appenfelder, 1st Lt. F. A., to Walter Reed Gen. Hosp.

Ordnance.

McPhail, Maj. T., and Williams, Capt. S., to Aberdeen Prov. Ground.

Hagana, Capt. W. H. F., to Chicago.

Holmes, Capt. W. T., to Columbus, Ga., as cmdg. off. of 144th Ord. Depot Co.

Dewolf, Capt. H. R., to Rock Island Arsenal.

Austin, Capt. T. B., to Toronto, Ont.

Andrew, Capt. H. G., to Washington.

Kelley, 1st Lt. W. D., to Watertown, N. J.

Hill, 1st Lt. W. E., to Rock Island Arsenal.

Durkee, 1st Lt. C. H., to Camp Meade.

Kyrick, 1st Lt. G. J., Jr., to Ft. Monroe, Va.

Quartermaster Corps.

Douglas, Maj. J. N., to Camp Knox.

Blake, Maj. F. J., to Los Angeles.

Lansing, Capt. L. S., to Ft. Leavenworth, Kas.

Stalker, Capt. J. R.; Luce, Capt. E. S., and Wheeler, Capt. E. W., to Wash.

Noce, Capt. B., Jr., to Camp Custer.

Hill, Capt. J. P., hon. discharged.

Hunter, Capt. H. C., to Hosp. No. 21, at Denver, Colo.

Bremerman, Capt. C. F., to El Paso, Texas.

Maney, Capt. L. J., to Ellington Field.

Shepard, Capt. N., to San Antonio, Texas.

Wardrop, 1st Lt. M. S., to Camp Travis.

Carter, 1st Lt. F. L., to Camp Grant.

Miscellaneous.

Howell, Col. D. L., and Cole, Col. E. T., U. S. A., ret., relieved from active duty.

Haynes, Col. P. H., Gen. Staff, will report to Chief of Staff.

Agnew, Lt. Col. H. M., Insp. Gen.'s Dept., to San Antonio, Texas.

Bullard, Lt. Col. D. C., U. S. A., to Camp Gordon for discharge.

Boothe, Lt. Col. E., Adjt. Gen.'s Dept., to Governor's Island, N. Y., for discharge.

Dukes, Lt. Col. W. H., Adjt. Gen.'s Dept., to Gen. Staff College.

Haynes, Lt. Col. H. F., Transp. Corps, to Southern Dept. for discharge.

Kilbourne, Maj. C. E., Gen. Staff, relieved from detail as member of Gen. Staff Corps.

Lincoln, Maj. J. R., unassigned, to Camp Dodge for discharge.

Barlow, Maj. W. S., U. S. A., retired, relieved from active duty.

Hecox, Maj. F. C., and Foster, Capt. O. C., M.T.C., to Chicago.

Crosby, Capt. J. F., Vet. Corps, to Camp Knox.

Murphy, Capt. J. W., U. S. Guards, to duty in connection with recruiting service, Adjt. Gen. of Army.

Johnson, Capt. J. O., Ord. Dept., and Lacy, 1st Lt. R., Engrs., to Hoboken, N. J., for transp. to France as members of National Service Threat Commission.

Smith, Capt. B. H., tanks, to Camp Meade, with Tank Corps.

Heiskell, 1st Lt. M., Engs., to Wash. for discharge.

Carlson, 1st Lt. A., Ambulance Ser., to Washington for discharge.

Ashton, 1st Lt. J. H., Rail Transp. Service, to Camp Upton.

Trammell, 1st Lt. S., C. W. S., to Washington.

Howells, 1st Lt. O., Vet. Corps, to Ft. D. A.

Russell, Capt. H. G., to Wash.

Flanders, 1st Lt. G. H., Dent. Corps, to Walter Reed Gen. Hosp., Wash., D. C.

Georgs, 1st Lt. R. S., Dent. C., to treatment, Gen. Hosp., Ft. Bayard.

Resignations.

Taylor, Capt. G. S., F. A.

Jordan, Capt. R. C., Jr., C. A.

Landolt, 1st Lt. H. L., Inf.

Challias, Capt. J. V., M. A.

Gwilliam, Capt. M. H. M., Inf.

Gile, Maj. R. D., Air Ser.

Leaves.

Forter, Col. R. S., M.C., extended 15 days.

Lacey, Col. F. S., Gen. Staff, 14 days.

Goodrich, Col. P. M., 10 days.

Moss, Col. G. W., Inf., 1 month.

Richie, Col. C. S., Engs., 1 month.

Comly, Col. G. S., C. A., extended 20 days.

Fuger, Col. A. S., F. A., extended 15 days.

Winslow, Col. H. E., Engs., 10 days.

Dichmann, Col. H. M., Inf., extend 2 months.

Randall, Lt. Col. G. B., Engs., 15 days.

Bullard, Lt. Col. D. R., U. S. A., 15 days.

McLean, Lt. Col. D. A., F. Cav., extended 1 month.

Edwards, Lt. Col. G. M., M. C., extended 7 days.

Harry, Lt. Col. S. A., Inf., 10 days.

Haines, Lt. Col. H. H., Transp. Corps, 15 days.

Boothe, Lt. Col. E., Adjt. Gen.'s Dept., 15 days.

Patner, Lt. Col. E. W., C. A., 1 month.

Falk, Maj. D. B., Inf., extended 15days.

Chaney, Maj. R. A., M. C., 1 month.

Hecox, Maj. F. C., M. T. C., 15 days.

McKain, Maj. C. L., Inf., extended 7 days.

Scott, Maj. R. E., M. C., extended 1 month.

Smith, Capt. M. W., Inf., 1 month.

Riecke, Capt. H. A., Inf., 2 months.

Blanchard, Capt. H. D., F. A., extended 15 days.

Clark, Capt. J. W., Inf., 1 month.

Burdett, Capt. W. C., Inf., extended 1 month.

Webb, Capt. R. A., M. C., 1 month.

Haynes, Capt. A. R., Engs., 15 days.

Barendse, 1st Lt. B. M., Inf., 1 month.

Marburg, 1st Lt. C., Jr., Engs., 14 days.

Boothe, 1st Lt. E., Adj., 14 days.

Hayes, 1st Lt. T. G., M. T. C., 10 days.

Simons, 1st Lt. L., Inf., 20 days.

COURT CALENDARS

CASES WILL BE CALLED IN THE ORDER GIVEN BELOW.
(C) This character means *versus* or *against*.

FEDERAL.

Southern District.

DISTRICT COURT—Mack, J.—In Room 2, twelfth floor, Woolworth Building, at 10:30 A. M., Admiralty.

Fiske(B & P Oil-spiem SS. | Ber White Coal Co(Penn RR.

DISTRICT COURT—Smith, J.—In Room 231, Post Office Building, at 10:30 A. M., Criminal calendar.

Trial calendar: L. Harmewitz et al. | Last day to file demurrer: Benjamin Gordon.

NEW YORK COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

APPELLATE DIVISION—Recess.
APPELLATE TERM—Recess.
SPECIAL TERM—Part I.—McAvoy, J.—At 10:25 A. M.—Litigated motions.

Forbes(Hylan, (2.)
Parker(Parker, (2.)
Re McKay.
Wetzel(N. Y. Tribune, Inc.
Harris(De Mess, (2.)
People State of NY(Binser.
Ludlam(Ludlam.
Mayer(Meyer.
Re McGill.
Zweig(Orad Realty Co.
Giglio(Giglio.
Martin(Binghampton S S Co.
Kannagraph Co(Stanpagraph Co.
Bloomingdale(Bloomingdale.
Aetna Casualty & Surety Co(Oliner.
Cohen(Cohen.
Raymond(National Nassau Bank.
Julian(Coleman.
Bandes(Roman Baths.
Keller(Keller.
Korostoff(Hartford Accident(Lindern Co.
Strauss(Bristol.
Segar(Hutton.
People ex rel. Ferri(Ind Ord Sons Italy.
Rose(Rose.
Rookashefsky(Tomback.
Mashos(Reynolds, Inc.
Murphy(Adkinson.
Dexter(Dubin.
Met Sav Bank(F W Holding Co.
Gibson(Quicksilver Mining Co, (2.)
Reilly(Cox.
Hoschel(Golden.
Lion Brewery of NY(Sofield.
Bank for Savings(Landesman.
Re Columbia Trust Co. (Southack.)
Levison(Weinstein & Bricher, Inc.
Goldfrader(Berkelheimer.
De Barrios(Barrios.
Ygleslas & Co(Hued.
Re Shubert Theatrical Co.(Geiland)(Shubert Theatrical Co.
Strecher(Schlanger.
Alliance Selling Assn(Morgan & Hamilton.
Attanasio(Attanasio.
Kreisleheimer(Propper.

Franklin Savings Bank(Frankfeld.
Same(Klaber Realty.
Same(Klaber.
Totta(Federal Line, Inc.
Leyland Shipbuilding Co(Canadian Bank of Commerce.
Pacific Coast Borax Co(Shippers' Nav Co.
Rubin(Krcoks. (2.)
Banks(Liebman.
Western Dev Co(Harvey.
Bruscs(Mead-Morrison Mfg Co.
Henry(Elmendorf.
Carus(Bassick.
Murray(Lente.
NY Title Ins Co(White.
Schussler(Ordoba.
Sivina(Primberg.
Nati Sur. Co(Seaich.
Streb(Chatham-Phenix Nati Bank.
Dewitz(Drewitz.
People ex rel. McConnel(Schmickl.
Denbosky(Denbosky.
Purdy(Purdy.
Sotsky(48th St Co.
Quinn(Quinn.
Lewis(Stern.
Bellone(Amer Railway Express Co.
Hill(Gimbel Bros.
Stanton(Stanton.
De Normandie(Bay View Hgts Land Co. (2.)
Rector(Rector.
Re Wengrofsky.
Schwartz(Un Dy Co.
Oestreicher(McBarron, (2.)
Sweedler(Leibowitz.
Oestreicher(McBarron.
Jackson(Joice Co.
Cutler(Cutler-Hitis(Gluesman.
Re Irving Fire Ins Co.
Bendelari(Huttin.
Elliott(Elliott.
Edelson(Wilner.
Mackay(Walcoff.
Gruenwald(Gruenwald.
Abisco(Abiscott.
L & N Organic Products Co(Moran.
Clinton Point Stone Co(Cons Machy & Wrecking Co.
Re FBO Clothing Co.

PART II.—Gategan, J.—At 10:30 A. M.—Ex parte business.
PART III.—Recess.
PARTS IV., V., VI., VII., and VIII.—Adjourned for the term.
TRIAL TERM—Parts II. and III.—Recess.
PARTS IV., V., VI., VII., VIII., IX., X., XI., XII., XIII., XIV., XV., XVI., XVII., and XVIII.—Adjourned for the term.

Surrogates' Court.

CHAMBERS—Cahalan, S.—At 10:30 A. M.—Motion calendar:

Julius E. Rosenblum,
Daniel Zitter,
Peter Bilinski,
Harold L. Colton,
Ernest W. Kunzl, (2.)
Aron Datesgold,
Peter Hayden,
Frank Fuegleln,
Charles F. Reilly,
James P. McQuaide,
Henry Hilton,
Michael Reid,
Nathan M. Markwall,
Ray B. Merrizon,
Emily M. Copp,
Amos F. Eno,
Girardo Fromolaro,
Edward Hughes,
Margaret Carton,
Filippo Carbinale,
John E. Keogh,
Salvatore Musumeci,
Dora Zagon,
John Hackett,
Samuel Ipp,
Edward Hughes,
Nicolo Lopes,
Celesia F. Diamond,
Reuben H. Weaver,
Isidor Slotnor,
Richard Stahl,
Frances E. Hageman,
William Ziegler,
Max Roth,
John W. Hunt,
Anna Held, (2.)
Catherine Radigan,
Henry Amy,
Johanna Cohen,
Henry Hess, Sr.
Elizabeth Motrison,
Treadwell Cleveland,
Emma Baxter,
William Sheahan,
Emil Wolff,
August Preuss,
Gideon Fountain,
Ellen Meaney,
Kacho Ibe,
Alfred L. M. Ballows,
John O Brokaw,
Sylvester C Hill,
Joseph S. Richards,
Alexander Morgan,
John F Carrer,

Christopher Flanagan,
Frank B Tesson,
Adeline Grant,
Kate McLoughlin,
Jos G MacDonough,
Sarah A Porter,
Dora B. Pereira,
Henry S Oakley,
Marion Solomon,
Cornelia Carroll,
Thomas Flaherty,
Giuseppe Caradonna,
John C R Eckerson,
George Malesa,
Michael J Nolan,
Patrick J Waters,
James L Carter,
Pietro Zapolari,
Joseph Higgins,
Amanda Downs,
Anna A McAlpin,
Herbert A Craft,
Lewis F Montayne,
George J Jackson,
Laura Borchardt,
Anna H Field,
Veronica V Heck,
Harry C Stahl,
Alice T Ketchum,
Edward Clarke,
Thomas Gibney,
R A Timmerscheidt,
Catherine Colfer,
Elsie Stiebling,

Estates of—Issue of fact:

Charles Finck,
Augustus Finck,
John W McClellan,
Siegfried Koppel,
John McMahon,

Wills for probate:

Annie E P Allen,
Anna M Doublitt,
John Pommer,
George Andonian,
Frank H Bloet,
Emile Kradewatter,
Sarah Maas,
Jacob Rauner,
John H. Deeves,
Maybelle Mamlok,
George O'Reilly,
Charles W. Coleman,
Emilie Bischof,
Catherine Masterson.

TRIAL TERM—Adjourned for the term.

City Court.

SPECIAL TERM—Part I.—Schmuck, J.—At 10 A. M.—Litigated motions.

White Robinson, Inc(Stone Grosa Co.
Rosen(Handelman.
Dunstan(Burnett.
Hicks(Davis.
Munta(Chaimowitz.
Fisher(Bauchle.
Smith(Goldstein.
Rainer(Vensel (2.)
Lupo(Hauck.
Persky(Simon.
Edelman(Kershowitz.
Blumenreich(Stonemor Realty Co.
Kleitman(9th Av Amusement Co.
Hamburger(A & B Export & Imp Corp.

Cummings(Kalbach.
Paolo(same.
Cumming(same.
Savino(same.
Vinegar(Kandel.
Comins(Kresge.
Gimbel Bros(Saire.
Camarinos(Karagianis.
Pfinder(Duggan.
Weitzman(Friedman.
Sinnon(Pan Tan Dress Amer. Watch & Diam(Princess Hat Wks.
Rainier Heating Co(Nestor Holding Co.

SPECIAL TERM—Part II.—Schmuck, J.—At 10 A. M.—Ex parte business.
TRIAL TERM—Parts I., II., III., IV., V., VI., VII., and VIII.—Adjourned for the term.

Receiver Appointed.

SUPREME COURT—Cavegan, J.—St John's Guild(Rudford Franklin—Mark Rafalsky.

KINGS COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

APPELLATE DIVISION—Second Department—Recess.
APPELLATE TERM—Second Department—Recess.
SPECIAL TERM—Part I.—Kelby, J.—At 10 A.M.

Scllepp(Scllepp.
Richer(Liberal Trading Co.
Fortuna(A Tickle & Jardin Co.
Parcels(NY Butchers Calfskin Assn.
Flannery(Holland.
Bette(Gutman.
Maloney(Sheehey.
O'Brien(Corwith.
Holfeater(C I & B RR & sns.
Terolia(G Carrizzo & Co.
Henry(Dalzwell.
Lingold(Baum.
Re Sully.
Mann(Mann.
Insler(Seppoe.
Ruland(Tuthill, Co. Treas.
Vascara(Bailey Co.
Werner(same.
Feeley(Segrist.
Payne(Payne.
Zingone(Morrissey.
Krauss(Krauss.
Culkin(Shults Bread.
Butterfass(same.
Re Florence M Williams (alleged incompetent.)
Re Theodore Phillips (same.)
Re Mary or Mary W Root (same.)
Re William Pickbohm (same.)
Re Martha Martenka (same.)
Re Alonzo L Latham (same.)
Re Mary or Mary L Alexander (same.)
Re William or William

Iam P Maule (same)
Re Margaret or Margaret C Cordes (same.)
Re James or James C O'Connor (same.)
Barr(Jackson.
Re Liberty Av (Newsberger.)
Keowan(Caville et al.
Re Annunziata (Palazzo.)
Hofner(Mos'owitz.
Peo ex rel Wohl(Leo.
Taylor(Taylor.
Wiener(Fox.
Cohen(Delancey & Eldridge Rty & I Co.
Murphy(Lane.
Mfrs Trust Co(Michaels.
Mikelson(Alco Stable Co.
Reichenthaler(Kentucky Derby Co.
Smith(Smith.
Re Mary Carey.
Ryder(Bell.
Wallach(Bendleston & Woers, Inc.
Re E 92d St (Oeschler Corp.)
Re Kalman Ress.
Naethiger(Jeffries.
Herbery(Stire.
Mead(Seymour.
Cowden(P E Paul Co.
Courdy(Rabah.
Benner(Walsh.
Marhoff(Lowenthal.
Stern(Bauer.
Same(Darling.
Same(Dietz (2.)
Nevins(Friedman.
Krauss(Krauss.
Gulin(Nicolay.
Peo ex rel Gans(same.

TRIAL TERM—Part I.—Ex parte business at 10 A. M.
PART II.—Kelby J.—Ex parte business at 10 A. M.
PART III.—Cropsey, J.—At 10 A. M.
TRIAL TERM—Adjourned for the term.

Surrogate's Court.

CHAMBERS—Wingate, S.—Day calendar at 10 A. M.:

Wills of:
Franz App.
Phebe Clark.
Rafeal Grayefsky.
Edward Esterbrook.
Libertas Chalmers.
Sarah Peake.
Anne Brown.

William Barrett.
Henry Gelbahan.

Administration of:
George Zeltman.

Accountings of:
Frederick Miller.
Charles Wilson.

County Court.

CIVIL—No day calendar.

WESTCHESTER COUNTY.

Surrogate's Court.

AT WHITE PLAINS—Slater, S.

Wills for probate:
Annie T. Oakley.
Rose Butler.
G. Guidevirian.
Margaret A. Van Horsen.
John Lennon.
Fisher A. Baker.
Anna M. Van Schaick.
Executors'n acc't'g.:
Mary P. Flockhart.

R. B. Van Cortlandt.
Timothy McQuade.

Temporary administrator's accounting:
Sarah H. Bush.

Administrator's accounting:
John J. Barthel.
Frank Reilly.

Compulsory acc't'g:
Alfred Todd.

BRONX COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

SPECIAL TERM—(Chambers)—At 10 A. M. Ex parte business.
SPECIAL TERM—Motion calendar.

Lacrico(Beer.
Weinstein(Davis, (2.)
Bretter(Goodwin Welding Co.
Jacobson(Brody.
Castleano(Castleano.
Edwards(Edwards.
Wolkow(Wolkow.
Nelson(Nelson.
Baust(Baust.
Knopf(Knopf.
Miles(Columbia Nat F

THE BUSINESS WORLD

Children's Wear Featured.

Retail stores throughout the country have come to see the importance of children's and infants' wear departments, according to the representative of such a line, and as a result trade in such goods was never so big. In tracing the rise of such departments, this wholesaler stated that formerly the idea was to get a woman interested in goods of this character only as a means to obtaining her patronage in other parts of the store. While this idea is still considered sound, he said that the profits in infants' wear have become much more important factors than they were. Women are asking for the best kinds of goods in this class and are more willing to pay fancy prices than if they were buying for themselves.

Progress of Domestic Laces.

The domestic manufacturers of laces are putting forth their efforts to hold the gains they made during the war with good results. While the tendency among these houses during the war was to create their business along quantity lines, more attention is now being paid to quality, and even the most critical buyers are forced to admit that some of the home product compares very favorably with the best of the imported material. Several houses in particular have confined their work to original designs carried out in the finest workmanship, and representatives of wholesalers carrying both domestic and imported lines are generous in their praise of the progress made in lace making in this country.

After the Spring Silks.

Buyers in the silk market at present are making active inquiry for the new Spring lines. The manufacturers, however, are not quite ready to talk the new season, as they feel the problems of the old one have yet to be fully settled. Several advances made on standard lines during the last few weeks have not served to ease the demand even a bare trifle. In fact, there seems ground for believing that such increases have only stimulated the buying element. It appears to be the opinion in the trade that the coming season will show fewer novelty lines than ordinarily, each house being content to make the standard specialty that will give it less trouble than some new style that might put kinks into production.

To Produce Mors Summer Clothes.

The shortage which has occurred in men's Summer clothing has, according to one clothing manufacturer, fastened the attention of not a few houses on this branch of the industry. Concerns making a specialty of such garments are laying plans for big increases in production for the 1920 season, and orders for fabrics suitable for this kind of trade are double and treble what they were a year ago. Furthermore, to guard against uncertain deliveries, goods will be taken in just as quickly as they are turned out by the mills, whereas the usual delivery time was October, November and December, with the bulk of the shipments coming in the last month.

Hand-Painted Hats.

Hand-painted women's hats along sport lines are finding an active call. One manufacturer, the bulletin of the Retail Millinery Association says, is doing extremely well with hats of this type. One model is in navy felt on the beret effect and has an allover painted design of field flowers. On sailors and side-roll models the hand painting appears on the crown and upper brim. Looped silk floss is combined with a hand-painted motif to ornament another design of orchid felt with a medium-size roll brim. Another novelty in the millinery line is the use of patent leather. This material is being used more now as one of the principal materials instead of as a trimming, as formerly.

Questionnaire on Luxury Tax.

Returns on the questionnaire on the luxury tax recently sent out by the National Retail Dry Goods Association are just beginning to come in. The organization, through the inquiry addressed to its members, is endeavoring to find out just how the tax is affecting stores throughout the country from the standpoint of the collecting expense, the trouble caused customers and the sentiment among customers regarding the tax. While the association is not just ready to say what the results of the canvass will be, it is understood the stores are finding in some cases that the cost of collecting the tax is as much as the tax yield.

Slow Clothing Deliveries.

Manufacturing clothiers, now that the conditions affecting the Fall season are seen in a clearer light, are no more hopeful over the delivery question than they were several months ago. Piece goods deliveries continue to be slow, and no amount of persuasion can hasten them. Even the trips of heads of firms from out of town markets have proved fruitless where it was thought that the appearance of these important personages might have some effect on local mill agents. The same situation which the mills face in regard to their productive efforts is met in the clothing factories, and the result of both slowing down is bound, to be late delivery, clothiers assert.

BUSINESS NOTES.

Ostrich feathers valued approximately at $100,000 and consigned direct from South Africa will be sold at auction on Thursday, July 10. Merchandise will be ready for inspection tomorrow at 9 o'clock at the warehouse of the New York Fur Auction Sales Corporation, 48-52 Great Jones Street.

B. G. Pitmcher, formerly with the Turner Halsey Company, has been appointed manager of the Textile Export Department of the Caravel Company, Inc., international merchants, 300 Broadway.

BUSINESS RECORDS

In Town.

ROBERT E. REID, broker of 20 Brown Bros., a petition in bankruptcy has been filed against him by the following creditors: George Duffey, $320; Schuyler T. McGovern, same, and Thomas R. Arden, $1,040. It is claimed that Reid has admitted in writing his inability to pay his debts and willingness to be adjudged a bankrupt.

ARON MAISTRE, manufacturer of dresses at 35 East 116th St.—Judge Hand has issued an order dismissing the petition in bankruptcy filed on June 14, settlement on a 75 per cent. cash basis having been accepted by all of the creditors.

VICTORY BAKERY, INC., at 539 East 169th St., has filed schedules in bankruptcy with liabilities of $8,803 and assets of $100. Among the largest creditors are Washburn-Crosby Co., $815; F. Smith, $367, and Jaburg Bros., $381.

Weekly Failure Report.

Bradstreet's reports ninety-two failures in the United States for the week ended July 12, as against 122 for the previous week, and 106, 170, 192, 200 for the corresponding weeks 1918 to 1915. The New England States had 11; Middle, 28; Western, 19; Northwestern, 5; Southern, 16; Pacific, 10; Canada, 3. This had 8 against 6 for the previous week. In the United States about 80.0 per cent. of the total number of concerns failing had $5,000 capital, and about 84.0 per cent. had from $5,000 to $20,000 capital.

JUDGMENTS.

The first name is that of the debtor; the second that of the creditor and the date when the judgment was filed:

In New York County.

Avila, Bienteric—G. C. Franciscus...$370.14
Butterfield, Charles, costs.....118.05
Billings, William P.—I. Hudson & Co.....38,004.71
Cowles, John S.—J. Parsons, costs.....154.00
Franco American Lamp Company, Bert Eisenberg and Daniel Samilson—Manufacturers Trust Company.....270.80
Cafe De Paris, Inc.—H. Lissauer.....253.50
Finsblock Reality Company—Lawyers' Mortgage Company.....1,921.94
Gaston, Clara D.—G. Booth.....11.57
Hasenmayer, Jr.—B. Hector.....126.54
Hill, Ira L.—M. P. Beegle.....314.70
John Corell & Co. and John Corell—H. Bernard, admr.....2,109.94
Longacre Construction Company—Abendroth Bros.....1,101.99
Joblin, Morris—American Woolen Company, New York.....3,108.77
Kingston, John A.—M. Romoff.....146.41
Linden, Rolf H.—C. Constantinidi, et al.....139.60
Same—C. Steebdal, costs.....106.35
Lash, Victoria—W. W. Ritchie.....178.56
Moss, Arthur H.—G. Littman.....450.86
McKay, George U. & Fire Co.—Inc.....109.55
Matthews Realty Company—Lawyers' Mortgage Company.....2,377.43
Pfeuljer, Frank F.—Manhattan.....207.85
Peterson, Hilma B.—B. Coler.....1,811.45
Pfeuljer, Thomas M.—Franklin Simon & Co.....447.18
Rodicky, Louis—A. Orinstein.....100.04
S. & C. Dress House—Joseph Impostato.....1485.20
Raphael Philip A.—Bear Mill Mfg. Co., Inc.....906.20
Star Co.—H. C. Fisher, costs.....136.25
Ungar, Isaac—S. Taub.....403.34
Welsch, John, and J. Welsch & Co.—Critter Bros.....975.02
Weinstein, Gussie—Lakeside Fish Co.....154.70
Same—Port Clinton Fish Co.....167.10
Same—Eagle Fish Co., inc.....116.30
Same—Charles Lyons, Inc.....201.75
Young, Anne M.—J. G. Russell.....940.25
Weld, Peter J.—S. Gordon.....414.27
Wheeler, Howard E.—Stevens-Ayleworth Co.....5,043.66

In Bronx County.

Fields, Arthur D.—H. Prater.....$106.26
Same—Same.....105.76
Mensch, Jacob, and ryman Weintraub—M. Gottfried.....65.73

SATISFIED JUDGMENTS.

The first name is that of the debtor; the second that of the creditor and the date when the judgment was filed:

In New York County.

Proparo, Rudolph and Rincenza—De Lidia & Co., April 23, 1918.....$151.22
Layman, Hebron B.—J. Knevitsz, June 17, 1919.....028.68
Posner, Samuel, Alfred Posner, Edwin Posner and Walter D. Goodis—G. D. Bogart; June 5, 1919.....105.08
Seidel, Chas.; To-Commodore Hotel Co.Ist. Corp., May 26, 1919.....107.30
Amelon, Lorman—L. Chivers; Dec. 4, 1913.....537.60
Weber, Joseph—M. Weber; May 16, 1916.....2,937.51
O'Reilly, Mary H.—C. B. Starkie; May 25, 1916.....204.48
Eckhardt, Peter C. and Louise—F. Frey; Mar 29, 1916.....155.45
Burns Bros.—M. Artuch; Dec. 9, 1916.....445.06
American Piano Co.—J. Dockweiler; April 22, 1916.....2,947.86
Same—Same; June 13, 1917.....135.46
Same—A. Draugste; June 12, 1919.....135.45
Same—Same; April 21, 1916.....8,145.20
Eisenberg, Felix H.—Leavy & Jacobs; Dec. 19, 1917.....337.63
Veth, Richard C.—Mil. City Bank of N. Y.; June 19, 1918.....9,734.15
Elliot, William and Clarence C. Burger C., Geol.; June 16, 1919.....863.90
Victor Hote Co.—H. A. Sisson; July 1, 1919.....1,952.11
Drane, Mary M. E.—I. S. Hopkins; Oct. 21, 1917.....225.00
Same—Same, C.—Gimbel Bros., N. Y.; Oct. 21, 1918.....253.20
Power, Camille C. D.—J. A. Fischer; June 17, 1919.....106.35
Drane, Mary M. E.—I. Roth et al.; May 15, 1916.....541.36
Drane, Mary M.—B. Borchardt; Dec. 29, 1914.....336.34
Fay, Chas. E.—One Hundred and Nineteeth St. Realty Co.; May 12, 1915.....111.91
Stokes, Wm. B. D.—H. B. Stoddard; June 18, 1918.....1,101.70
Huber, Theresa M.—H. Nascoit; Feb. 4, 1919.....139.41

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES

EXPORT OPPORTUNITY.—AN ESTABLISHED EXPORT AND IMPORT COMMISSION BUSINESS WHICH IN 1918 TRANSACTED NEARLY $1,000,000 BUSINESS SHOWING A HANDSOME PROFIT TO PARTNERS $50,000 TO $100,000 IN CASH, AND GUARANTEES TO PROVIDE FOR FURTHER EXPANSION; THE BUSINESS IS WELL ORGANIZED AND HAS STRONG REPRESENTATION ABROAD; THE GROWTH OF LONG-STANDING AFFILIATIONS; IT IS CONTROLLED AND MANAGED BY A YOUNG (BUSINESS-ESSENTIAL) OF FIFTEEN YEARS' EXPORT EXPERIENCE; IT OPERATES AS BUYING AGENT FOR OVERSEAS FIRMS AS FOREIGN SELLING AGENT FOR AMERICAN MANUFACTURERS, AND AS IMPORTER OF PRODUCE; THIS ADVERTISEMENT IS DESIGNED TO ENLIST THE SUPPORT OF AN EXPERIENCED BUSINESS MAN, WHOSE REPUTATION IN AS UNIMPEACHABLE AS THE PROPOSITION PRESENTED. G 427 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

Hotel manager wanted, to run Summer hotel; valued at $50,000; interest will be given in the business and commission allowed on extra business; applicant must furnish first-class references. G 22 Times Annex.

CAPITAL TO INVEST.—CAUTION.

$6,000 to invest in business standing investigation with services by man familiar importing; answers confidential. N 767 Times Downtown.

Have $5,000 to invest, partner or purchase, manufacturing women's wear; will devote time. Business Exchange, 299 Broadway, Suite 1207-1209.

Young man desires to buy resident buying or mail order business; cash. F 1035 Times Harlem.

Salesmen will invest $1,000 in established business; principals only. B 249 Times.

CAPITAL WANTED.

A BIG BUSINESS OPPORTUNITY is offered by a large Western manufacturer of a well known article to establish a jobbing business in any part of New York or Pennsylvania, having good shipping facilities and in a good manufacturing or farming territory. Only investment necessary is in stock of goods to be carried, for which there is a demand. The line is well known and advertised. Address "District Sales Manager," F 287 Times.

Export house wants active partner, with $10,000, who can invest $5,000 immediately; full experience unnecessary; telephone for appointment. 5423 Farragut. The Quinto Co., 1,123 Broadway.

I want to borrow $7,500 for one year; will pledge stock, secured by New York real estate worth $30,000 as security; principals only. H 35 Times.

Interior decorator, established business, requires partner; must be interior decorator; capital required $5,000. F 235 Times.

Wanted, man for position of treasurer of an established business; must invest $5,000. F 273 Times.

BUSINESS CONNECTIONS WANTED.

Have you an automobile or cash enough to buy one? If so, we can show you a chance returning you many dollars each week. We are manufacturers of a patented auto accessory, which will make your incomes as big as you have the ability to expand. Start in any territory. We have an unusual opportunity that will interest large capital as well as small, and we need a capable, experienced solicitor. Room 327, Columbus Circle Bldg., 1,834 Broadway.

Am going to France, Switzerland, Belgium, and Germany (if possible,) on a merchandising errand for the firm I am buyer for; will gladly execute a number of commissions, importing, exporting, or establish connections for reputable firms; have exceptional executive ability and knowledge of the business world; references furnished. F 1053 Times Harlem.

A former New Yorker, now living in Colorado, a graduate of Harvard, with experience in mining engineering, seeks an opportunity to represent an Eastern company in the Western field; he can supply ample assurance from prominent New Yorkers as to his integrity and ability. Address X 329 Times Annex.

Sales agent, acquainted with wholesale grocers, hotels and restaurants; Greater New York, wants represent products of merit. B 230 Times.

AGENCY FOR BRITISH ISLES, English salesman, thoroughly acquainted, desires represent reliable concern. E 34 Times.

Would like to secure agency or selling rights for meritorious article; Christian; have capital. N 762 Times Downtown.

Have $1,500 to invest in garage business, want partner with $800, who is an expert automobile mechanic. H 26 Times.

FOR SALE.

Paying dairy farm, with or without stock and tools, has a lot of timber; wonderful view-point; beautiful spring water; high altitude; grand place for Summer hotel or Summer home; has graphite deposit. Y 9 Times Annex.

Manufacturer of art embroidery wants a man with $5,000 to take over a running business in conjunction with one by the best employes; satisfactory terms can be arranged. Bond Corp., 15 East 22d.

Concession in magnificent hall, newly decorated, opposite principal hotels, facing ocean; dancing or other diversion. Fox, 512 Sewall Av. Phone 1628-J, Asbury Park.

Shoes.—35,000 pairs men's leather shoes; good assortment; suitable European or domestic retail trade; sacrifice price $6.12½; July delivery. Exporter, D 59 Times.

Ladies' retail dress shop for sale; one of the prominent stores in West 116th St.; sacrifice. For full particulars apply Goldberg Brothers, 35 East 10th.

For Sale.—Patented 5 and 10 cent household necessity; sell outright or on royalty basis. Communicate P. Rotter, 253 West 54th St., New York City.

Will buy shirt factory in operation now, anywhere within 100 miles of New York, about 50 machines. P. S., 182 Times.

BUSINESS NOTICES.

SPANISH BUSINESS LETTERS.—Specialty export, import; benefit by my practical experience and knowledge; send me your work and have it done well; sales letters, collection letters; letters on any subject. Guarantee first-class work. Phone Barclay 8180. Suite 2431, Park Row Building.

FOR EVERY BUSINESS MAN.

The Annalist, published by The New York Times Company, deals with the great trade topics of the day and furnishes useful and reliable information on Stocks and bonds, banking, foreign and domestic commerce and manufacture. 10c on news stands, $4 a year.—Adv.

THE WEATHER.

WASHINGTON, July 7.—Forecast:

The air pressure is high and rising over the Great Lakes, the Middle Atlantic, and New England States and in the far Northwest and is low off Cape Hatteras and over the Plains States and the Rocky Mountain region. During the last twenty-four hours there were showers and thunderstorms along the Atlantic Coast and in the Gulf States, Colorado, Northern Arizona, North Dakota, and Minnesota; fair weather was general in other regions.

Normal temperatures for this date prevail generally over the United States.

The outlook is for generally fair weather during Tuesday and Wednesday in the States east of the Mississippi River except that local thundershowers are probable in the South Atlantic, East Gulf States, and Upper Michigan.

Moderate temperatures will continue generally east of the Mississippi River during the next forty-eight hours.

Winds off Atlantic Coast—North of Sandy Hook, gentle to moderate variable, mostly north and northeast, partly cloudy weather.

Sandy Hook to Hatteras—Moderate north and northeast, cloudy; Hatteras to Florida Straits, moderate variable winds and local showers.

FORECAST FOR TODAY AND WEDNESDAY.

New England, Eastern New York, Eastern Pennsylvania—Fair Tuesday and Wednesday; moderate temperature.

New Jersey—Partly cloudy on the coast, fair interior Tuesday; Wednesday fair, mild temperature.

Western Pennsylvania, Western New York—Fair Tuesday and Wednesday, not much change in temperature.

The temperature record for the twenty-four hours ended at 11 P. M., taken from the thermometer at the local office of the United States Weather Bureau, is as follows:

	1918.	1919.		1918.	1919.
3 A. M.	62	69	4 P. M.	77	80
6 A. M.	63	67	6 P. M.	73	72
9 A. M.	70	76	9 P. M.	69	67
12 M.	75	79	11 P. M.	64	65

This thermometer is 414 feet above the street level. The average temperature yesterday was 73; for the corresponding date last year it was 70; average on the corresponding date for the last thirty-three years, 72.

The temperature at 8 A. M. yesterday was 66; at 8 P. M. it was 70. Maximum temperature, 80 degrees at 3 P. M.; minimum, 63 degrees at 7 A. M. Humidity, 80 per cent. at 8 A. M.; 78 per cent. at 8 P. M.

The barometer at 8 A. M. yesterday registered 29.99 inches; at 8 P. M. it stood at 30.07 inches.

Weather in Cotton and Grain States.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 7.—Forecast:

N. C., S. C., Ga., Fla., Miss., and Ala.—Fair Tues. and Wed.

Tenn. and Ky.—Fair Tues. and Wed.

Ind. and Ohio.—Fair Tues. and Wed.

Mich.—Fair Tues. and Wed.

Ill. and Wis.—Fair and warmer Tues.; unsettled Wed.

Minn.—Showers and cooler Tues.; fair Wed.

Iowa.—Cloudy Tues. and Wed.

N. Dak.—Fair Tues. and Wed.

S. Dak.—Unsettled and cooler Tues.; fair and warmer Wed.

Neb.—Thunder showers and cooler Tues.; fair and warmer Wed.

Kan.—Cloudy Tues.; thunder showers and cooler Wed.

East Tex.—Cloudy in north Tues., unsettled and showers in south; cloudy Wed.

West Tex.—Fair Tues. and Wed.

Fire Record.

A.M. Owner. Loss.
12:05—185 Rivington St.; Morris Liber. Not given
5:25—510 W. 17th St.; Merchants Re. Slight
5:25—Foot Broadway, state; Inter. R. R. Co. Slight
7:00—724 St. and Broadway, state; U. S. A.—Greenwich St. (fence); Not given
8:05—2,470 Hughes Av.; Tony Dover. Slight
9:30—70 E. 112th St., Not given Slight
Park.
1:45—480 Cherry St., Not given Slight
2:10—56th St. and 3d Av., barrel of milk Motor Transport Corps, U. S. A. Slight
4:35—438 E. 48 St.; Seaboard Storage & Warehouse Co. Slight
5:10—438, 44, 46 E. 48 St.; Seaboard Storage & Warehouse Co. Slight
6:15—219 W. 146 St.; M. Collins. Slight
8:50—Foot 3d Av. Greenwich St. (fence); Not given Slight
6:35—187 West End Av.; G. Cohen. Slight
7:45—2,738 9 Av.; M. Blackburn. Slight
8:00—127 E. 113 St., (Dutchwalter); M. Cott. Slight
8:25—234 Central Park West; C. Stone. Slight

Police and Fire News.

Police Department.

Leave of Absence (without pay)—Patrol T. R. Foster, 1056, for 4 days, from 12:01 A. M., July 9.

Applications for Full Pay While on Sick Report Approved—Patrol Patrick Blake, 20th, from 10:45 P. M., June 25, during disability; James McNaughton, 70th, from 12:55 A. M., June 18, during disability; Michael O'Brien, 101st, from 1 P. M., June 21, during disability; John Fox, 113th, from 9 P. M., June 23, during disability; C. A. Bunel, 120th, from 10:30 P. M., June 17, to 12 noon, June 27.

Fire Department.

Revocation of indefinite leaves of absence, to take effect 8 A. M. on dates specified, they having been honorably discharged from the army: July 8, Fireman 2d grade W. L. Moran, Eng. 8; July 9, Fireman 3d grade C. F. Hornberger, Eng. 257; July 10, Fireman 1st grade Charles Kelly, Eng. 257.

The members of the department band will report to Fireman A. J. Muir at Pier A, North River, at 12:30 A. M. Tues., July 8, for examinations: Cmuniformer Fireman J. E. Dunn of H. & L. 40, to take effect A. M. July 11; Ununiformed Fireman Andrew Grady of H. & L. 30, to take effect A. M. July 13.

Retired: Engineer of Steamer William Cunningham, Eng. 276, on an annual pension of $900, to take effect 8 A. M. July 10.

Special leaves of absence: Lieut. Robert Laird, Eng. 44, for 96 hours, from 8 A. M. July 10; Engineer of Steamer Joseph Collins, Eng. 211, for 6 hours, from 9 A. M. July 8; Fireman 1st grade James Kiernan, Eng. 288, for 12 hours, from 8 A. M. July 8; Fireman 4th grade T. Lee Dolgran, Eng. 16, for 9 hours, from 9 A. M. July 8.

The Civil Service.

City.

Medical and mental tests for telephone operators, Grade 1, will be held on July 10. There are eighteen candidates. The same tests will be held on July 15 for laboratory assistant (bacteriology) until the same date.

Applications for inspector of gas, Grade 2, will be received until July 24, and for laboratory assistant (pathology) until the same date.

United States.

The commission announces for July 16 an examination for buyer, for men, at New York. Vacancies in the office of the Port Utilities Officer, Port of Embarkation, New York, at $1,800 a year, will be filled from this examination. Competitors will be examined in spelling, 5; arithmetic, 15; penmanship, 5; letter writing, 15; copying and correcting manuscript, 10; experience, 50.

Applicants must show that they have had at least one year's experience in the position of buyer or purchasing agent of various commodities, or that they have been employed for at least two years in positions in which the purchase of commodities on a large scale was involved. They must have reached their eighteenth birthday on the date of the examination.

Education Notes.

John D. O'Meara has been nominated for Attendance Officer, at $1,200 a year.

Public School 83, Richmond, will be discontinued as an independent school in September and made an annex to Public School 11.

A class will be organized on Sept. 15 in the building of the Richmond County Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children at Castleton Avenue, New Brighton, as an annex to Public School 16.

As a result of recent announcement of the Board of Examiners that it would accept satisfactory completion of certain courses in approved institutions in lieu of written examinations for certain promotions, Hunter College Summer School will offer a 90-hour course in geography and elementary science to meet this need of teachers. Mr. S. L. Ammerman, a science teacher in Washington Irving High School, will conduct the course. Instruction will continue daily during the term of the Summer session.

The vacation school at Public School 124, Brooklyn, will be transferred to Public School 90, and the playground in Public School 84, the Bronx, to Public School 57. Classes for evening schools in Manhattan will be transferred for the Summer session to Public School 62.

Evening school 70, Manhattan, will be merged with the annex to evening school 40 during this Summer.

The Board of Education will hold a meeting tomorrow afternoon.

The Board of Superintendents has recommended the appointment of Mattie Rives as supervisor of domestic art in vacation schools for this Summer.

The appointment of Miss A. Rhode as a kindergarten teacher in Public School 156, Brooklyn, has been recommended.

SHIPPING AND MAILS.

Miniature Almanac for Today.

(By the U. S. Coast and Geodetic Survey.)

Sun rises.....5:32 | Sun sets.....8:29

THE TIDES.

	High Water. A.M.	P.M.	Low Water. A.M.	P.M.
Sandy Hook	4:40	5:12	10:37	11:44
Governors Island	5:28	5:53	11:41	12:00
Hell Gate	7:52	8:01	2:00	2:08

Arrived—Monday, July 7.

SS Louisville, Brest, June 20.
SS Giuseppe Verdi, Gibraltar, June 25.
SS Monterey, Havana, July 5.
SS Manchioneal, Port Antonio, June 30.
SS Lake Crystal, Antilla, July 2.
SS Chrysolite, Bermuda, July 6.
SS Yamhill, Liverpool, June 28.
SS Taunton, Antilla, July 2.
SS Flint, Immingham, June 23.
SS Siam, Brest, June 26.
SS Port Stanley, St. Thomas, June 28.
SS Edgar F. Luckenbach, St. Nazaire, June 27.
SS Cabos Tres Forcas, Saville, June 16.
SS J. E. O'Neill, Tuxpam, June 27.
SS Pennant, Galveston, July 2.
SS West Kyska, London, June 23.
SS Santa Ana, Bordeaux, June 30.
SS Atenas, Cristobal, June 30.
SS Ormesbest, Cristobal, June 28.
SS San Juan, San Juan, July 2.
SS Creole, New Orleans, July 2.
SS Lenape, Jacksonville.
SS Siam, Brest, June 26.
SS Rayo, Port Arthur, June 28.
SS Fort Riley, Seattle, June 7.
SS City of Everett, Philadelphia, July 2.

Incoming Steamships.

DUE TODAY.

Arabian	Hull	June 16
Wendyk	Barbados	June 17
Turvercrown	Dartmouth	June 17
La Savole	Havre	June 28
Oklahoma	Brest	June 29
Eastgate	Havre	June 14
Splendor	Genoa	June 12
Procyon	Havre	June 17
Muscatine	St. Nazaire	June 23
Lake Shiver	St. Nazaire	June 21
Favorite	Brest	June 21
Manitou	Brest	June 27
El Valle	Galveston	June 30
Frederick	Brest	June 30
Kentucklan	St. Nazaire	June 27
Deepwater	Bordeaux	June 26
Marsia	Marseilles	June 28
George Washington	Brest	July 1
Comal	Galveston	July 1
City of St. Louis	Savannah	July 5

DUE TOMORROW.

E. F. Luckenbach	St. Nazaire	June 27
Re D'Italia	Marseilles	June 23
El Alba	Galveston	July 3
Nansemond	Brest	June 26
Yarness	Brest	June 30

DUE THURSDAY.

Pretoria	Brest	June 30
Valacia	Bordeaux	June 29
Harvard	Brest	June 29
Pasaro	Marseilles	June 25
Fresno	St. Nazaire	June 30
Henderson	St. Nazaire	June 30
W. A. Luckenbach	Brest	June 30

DUE FRIDAY.

Santaolivia	Bordeaux	June 28
West Apsum	St. Nazaire	June 28

DUE SATURDAY.

Valacia	Brest	June 29
Roma	Marseilles	June 26

Outgoing Steamships.

SAIL TODAY.

	Mails Close.	Vessels Sail.
Abangarez, Panama	7:00 A.M.	10:00 A.M.
Wilhelmina, Brest		11:00 M.
Santa Rosalia, Buenos Aires	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Vindalia, Glasgow		12:00 M.
Mohawk, Jacksonville		12:00 M.

SAIL TOMORROW.

Iroquois, Turks Isle		12:00 M.
Maracaibo, San Juan		1:00 P.M.
Lancaster, Brest		12:00 M.
Santa Cecilia, Brest		12:00 M.
Arizonan, Brest		12:00 M.

SAIL THURSDAY.

Patricia, Brest		12:00 M.
Von Steuben, Brest		12:00 M.

SAIL FRIDAY.

Maurstania, Southampton	8:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Mt. Vernon, Brest		12:00 M.

SAIL SATURDAY.

Baltic, Liverpool	8:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Caronia, Liverpool	8:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Carmania, Liverpool	8:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Calamares, Brest		12:00 M.
G. Washington, Brest		12:00 M.
Santa Ana, Brest		12:00 M.

SAIL SUNDAY.

Leviathan, Brest		12:00 M.
Louisville, Brest		12:00 M.
Kentuckian, Brest		12:00 M.

Foreign Ports.

Arrived.

SS Kentucky, at Dalny, June 27.
SS City of Exeter, at Calcutta, June 29.
SS Bawean, at Port Natal, June 29.
SS Mongolian, at Rio Grande, July 2.
SS Clan Malcolm, at Colombo, July 3.
SS Hermione, at Tampico, July 3.
SS Borneo Maru, at Yokahama, June 28.
SS Clan Stewart, at East London, June 28.
SS Tanafjord, at Carpedania, July 2.
SS Hakusan Maru, at Yokahama, July 1.
SS Tajima Maru, at Yokahama, July 1.
SS Sorland, at Bergen, June 29.
SS Italia, at Genoa, July 2.
SS Fullerton, at Havre, July 3.
SS Jacques Cartier, at Havre, July 3.
SS Wakulla, at Havre, July 3.
SS Col. Edwin Gregson, at Antwerp, July 4.
SS Lansing, at Archuaul June 29.
SS Starlitz, at Campana, July 3.
SS Clan Chumneth, at Singapore, July 3.
SS Orpheus, at Glasgow, July 4.
SS Aquitania, at Southampton, July 7.
SS Santa Luisa, at Callao, July 3.
SS Nordkap, at Buenos Aires, July 3.

Sailed.

SS Salerno, from St. John, N. B., July 7.
SS Kazembe, from Oran, June 28.
SS Tarantia, from Genoa, July 2.
SS Keelew, from Barry, July 3.
SS Michigan, from London, July 5.
SS Carmania, from Halifax, July 6.
SS Cabo Menor, from Seville, June 30.
SS Nidaros, from Bergen, June 30.
SS Korean Prince, from Santos, July 2.
SS Salto, from Montevideo, July 2.
SS Wynooche, from Antwerp, July 2.
SS Victorious, from Liverpool, July 6.

Passed.

SS Brunswyk, New York, for Rotterdam, passed Frawje Point.
SS White Prince, Singapore for New York, passed Perim.
SS City of Norwich, via Port Said for Manilla, passed Perim.
SS Heilig Olev, New York for Copenhagen, passed Dunnet Head.
SS Narvik, New York for Gothenburg, passed Dunnet Head.
SS Svealand, New York for Copenhagen, passed Dunnet Head.
SS Aquitania, New York for Southampton, passed Isle of Wight.
SS Madawaska, Calcutta for New York, passed Perim.
SS Lake Linde, New York for Rotterdam, passed Dunnet Head.
SS Remier, New York for Antwerp, passed Dungeness.
SS Saxoleus, New York for Dunkirk, passed Dungeness.
SS Keltner, New York for Antwerp, passed Dungeness.

Transpacific Mails.

Connecting mails close at G. P. O. and City Hall Stations at 5:30 P. M. as follows:

Hawaii, via Seattle—SS Clymont, July 5.

Japan, Manchuria, Philippine Islands, China, and Netherlands East Indies, via Seattle—SS Kashima Maru, July 7.

Hawaii, Guam, Japan, Korea, China, Siam, Ceylon, India, and Netherlands East Indies. These mails are forwarded to the Pacific Coast daily for dispatch to destination by the best opportunity.

BANKRUPTCY NOTICES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—In the matter of LOUIS V. HOPKINS and EDMUND BOYD, individually, and as copartners, doing business under the name of HOPKINS & BOYD, Bankrupts.—No. 29411.

To the creditors of the above named bankrupts:

Notice is hereby given that personal property belonging to the estate of the above named bankrupts will be sold under the direction of John T. Townsend, Referee in Bankruptcy, at public auction under the rules and practice of this Court, by Charles Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer, at No. 539 Broadway, New York City, on July 9, 1919, at 10:30 A. M.

The property to be sold consists of the following:

3 shares of Southern Railway Co. preferred stock, Trust Certificate;

31 shares of the capital stock of the Varian Realty Co.

Also all the right, title, and interest of the Trustee in a policy of life insurance for $5,000 on the life of the bankrupt, Louis D. Hopkins, in the U. S. Life Insurance Co.

The Trustee reserves the right to withdraw any of said property from sale, unless it shall bring at least 75 per centum of its appraised value.

New York, June 25, 1919.

JOHN T. TOWNSEND,
Referee in Bankruptcy.
31 Nassau Street, N. Y.

J. HARRY HULL, Attorney for Trustee, 27 Liberty Street, N. Y.

LEGAL NOTICES.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS—BY ORDER OF George Addington, Albany County Judge and Acting Surrogate.

Notice is hereby given, according to law to all persons having claims or demands against James Boyd Neal, late of the city of Albany, in said county, deceased, that they are required to exhibit the same, with the vouchers in support thereof, to the subscriber, the executrix of the last Will and Testament of said deceased, at her place of transacting business as such executrix, in the law office of Frank C. Tobin, No. 93 State Street, in the city of Albany, New York, on or before the 24th day of July next.

Dated, Albany, N. Y., this 19th day of January, A. D. 1919.

MARGARET BRADY FARRELL,
Executrix.

CHARLES J. TOBIN, Attorney for Executrix, 93 State Street, Albany, N. Y.

CUNARD ANCHOR
Passenger and Freight Services
NEW YORK to LIVERPOOL
Caronia ..... July 12
Carmania ..... July 22
Orduna ..... Aug. 1
Caronia ..... Aug. 9
Carmania ..... Aug. 16
Royal George ..... Aug. 30
NEW YORK to SOUTHAMPTON
Mauretania ..... July 11
Aquitania ..... July 28
Aquitania ..... Aug. 23
NEW YORK to PLYMOUTH, HAVRE and LONDON
Saxonia ..... July 17
NEW YORK to PLYMOUTH, HAVRE and SOUTHAMPTON
Royal George ..... July 26
NEW YORK to GLASGOW
Columbia ..... Aug. 23
21-24 STATE STREET, NEW YORK

INTERNATIONAL MERCANTILE MARINE LINES
AMERICAN
PHILADELPHIA—LIVERPOOL
Northland ..... July 12
Haverford ..... Aug. 7
WHITE STAR
NEW YORK—LIVERPOOL
Baltic ..... July 12
Celtic ..... July 22
Cedric ..... July 22
Adriatic ..... July 24
Lapland ..... Aug. 2
Baltic ..... Aug. 16
Celtic ..... Aug. 30
HALIFAX—SOUTHAMPTON
Olympic ..... July 17
Offices, 9 Broadway, New York

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Regular Sailings From ENGLAND to Brazil AND Argentine
by Royal Mail & Nelson Line
(b) CENTRAL AMERICA
(a) The Royal Mail Steam Packet Co
(a&b) The Pacific Steam Navigation Co
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Sailing dates and rates on application.
S.S. BILLITON S.S. SOERAKARTA
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J. D. Spreckels & Bros. Co., Gen. Agts. Passenger Office, 461 Market Street. General Office, 3 Pine St., San Francisco

HOLLAND-AMERICA LINE
NEW YORK to ROTTERDAM
via Falmouth & Boulogne-Sur-Mer
S. S. NOORDAM.....July 16
S. S. ROTTERDAM.....Aug. 2
S. S. NEW AMSTERDAM....Aug. 20
For Rates and Further Information Apply General Passenger Office, 24 State St., N. Y.

SCANDINAVIAN AMERICAN
Denmark
Norway Sweden
Fred'k Vill July 8 Oscar II.....Aug. 2
Hellig Olav.....Aug. 9 Frederik VIII
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PROPOSED

GEN. HINDS PRAISES TEAM WORK IN WAR

Chief of Artillery Says That All Branches of the Service Co-operated with Allies.

FOR UNIVERSAL TRAINING

E. C. Detlysen, Here from Genoa, Tells of Italy's Need of Raw Materials.

Team work won the war, said Major General Ernest Hinds, Chief of Artillery, of the A. E. F., who returned yesterday on the Giuseppe Verdi. He said that it was the universal opinion in the army, from General Pershing down to the buck private, that all branches of the American Army service, co-operating with the other allied soldiers, pushed the war to a quick and vigorous finish after the turning point at Chateau-Thierry.

The people of the United States, he said, ought not to forget that the brunt of the war fell on the British and French before the United States entered with its reserves of young and enthusiastic men. In the late Summer of last year, after Chateau-Thierry, when the possibility of ending the war in 1918 was conceived, men were hurried in great numbers into battle with perhaps insufficient training, he said, and many lives were sacrificed, but this did not compare with the number of lives that would have been sacrificed had not that effort been made and had the war continued for another Winter. He asserted that had England and France been unable to supply the Americans with artillery the war would have been lost.

General Hinds said that when the armistice was signed there were no guns of American manufacture, made after we entered the war, in use in the front lines. He made the statement by way of illustrating that it takes eighteen months to turn out large guns. However, he said that when the armistice was signed artillery made in the United States was being turned out in quantities and was arriving in France, but none of it had reached the battlefront when the armistice was signed. General Hinds praised the American artillery units. He said that the officers developed with great rapidity and showed the result of their education and native intelligence. General Pershing, he continued, expressed himself as well satisfied with the work of the artillery.

Advocates Military Training.

General Hinds advocated a year or less of universal military training for American boys when they reach the age of 20 or 21. He said the young men could well spare a year at that age, and declared that within five years after serving their period in the army they would be just as far ahead in their chosen pursuits as if they had not given a year to the country. He maintained that a year in the army would give them the discipline they need. After their training, he suggested, the young men would be put in the reserves. He did not think this would tend to establish militarism in the United States.

"It will be good for the men physically, and will be of as much benefit to them as to the country," he added.

General Hinds wears the decorations of the Legion of Honor, and the corresponding Belgian and Italian decorations together with the American D. S. M. He went to France in September, 1917, assigned to the staff of General Pershing. His first command in France was the artillery school at Saumur. Then he was placed in command of the artillery of the First Army Corps and later, when the office of Chief of Artillery was created, he was designated to fill the place.

Lieutenant Thomas Jones of Chicago, also on board, has the distinction of having served in six major operations with the 6th Marines. He was cited for bravery and commissioned an officer from the ranks. He was never wounded or gassed.

T. Hart Anderson, Jr., Second Secretary of the American Embassy at Rome, arrived with his wife and four months' old daughter.

Says Italy Needs Raw Materials.

E. C. Detlysen, sub-manager for the National City Bank at Genoa, said that Italy needs raw materials badly at the present time. The greatest need is for cotton, but an immense field for all kinds of American products exists in Italy, and Italians are anxious to do business with America.

Another casual was Private William T. Ritchie, Jr., of Rahway, N. J., son of the landing agent of the line. He was liaison runner with the 16th Machine Gun Battalion. At the interallied games in Coblenz he won the one-mile race.

Twelve Red Cross and twenty-eight Y. M. C. A. workers from Italy said that the biggest job in Italy at the present time, especially in Sardinia, is the combating of German propaganda. For this purpose they said that 300,000 lire have already been spent in Sardinia alone. Marcell Diefelt, a Belgian, 11 years old, came over as a stowaway. He was sent to Ellis Island.

WANTS CITY GARBAGE AUTOS

Queens President Would Displace Rented Teams with Trucks.

In a statement issued yesterday through Public Works Commissioner Frank X. Sullivan of Queens, Borough President Connolly indicated that he intended to ask the Board of Estimate to provide city-owned automobile trucks for the Street Cleaning Bureau, and to thus abolish the system of hiring privately owned horses and carts to do the work. This statement was the answer of the Borough President to demands for an increase from $6.50 a day to $8 a day for teams, and from $3.25 to $5.50 a day for horses and carts. The statement of Commissioner Sullivan said:

"The owners of teams and trucks hired by this department are apparently unable to rent their trucks to the city at the price that the city allows for such hire. It is unfortunate that this condition exists. The Borough President under the circumstances believes that it would be best to make application to the Board of Estimate for the purchase of automobile trucks. This will eliminate the hiring of teams and trucks."

The cart and truck owners made their demands upon the borough administration after organizing a union. As the result of a strike yesterday it was impossible for the Street Cleaning Bureau to remove all of the garbage in Queens. It was said last evening that orders had been given to transfer to the Street Cleaning Bureau teams and auto-trucks of the Highway Bureau and in addition automobile trucks would be hired, so that beginning today there would be no delay in making collections by the Street Cleaning Bureau.

Wheat Director Aids Exporters.

All shipments of wheat flour to destinations in the Western Hemisphere may be exported from the United States under a General License H. S. 250, without applying for individual licenses, according to an order, effective yesterday, of the United States Wheat Director. This action is expected to facilitate the business of American exporters, jobbers and millers to a considerable degree.

ADVERTISEMENT.

"How much Turkish?"

11

Some men don't like any "Turkish" at all.

See Thursday's Papers

—NOT AN ADVERTISEMENT FOR ANY PARTICULAR CIGARETTE

—It may even make you like your present cigarette better

ADVERTISEMENT.

TO THE BUSIEST MAN IN NEW YORK

Somewhere someone needs me as assistant. I am 25, excellent business training, good address. Used to doing big things. Secretary, advertising, reporter, stenographer. Just back from overseas. p 120 Times.

ADVERTISEMENT.

FOLLOW THE ARROW AND YOU FOLLOW THE STYLE IN COLLARS

ADVERTISEMENT.

CONQUEST OF THE ATLANTIC.

A feature of the July Number of the CURRENT HISTORY MAGAZINE, published by The New York Times Company, is a complete, exhaustive, nonsecretive account of the conquest of the Atlantic by aircraft, covering each undertaking in detail, and, in addition, the full text of the correspondence between the Allies and the Germans, which completely explains the Peace Treaty, together with 29 other big features. On news stands, 35c.—Advt.

FIVE Years in Service— a Pair of Truck Tires

Well may the Ernest Eulert Mustard Mills, 675 Morgan Street, Brooklyn, lay claim to a national record for tire service.

Twin Goodrich De Luxe Truck Tires, they announce, on the left rear wheel of one of their 3-ton truck have been serving faithfully day in and day out for *five years*—piling up 40,000 miles and still taking the sledge-hammer blows of the road with an even inch-and-a-half rubber tread left.

Such service—the most noteworthy recorded—proves convincingly:

That De Luxe Tires have exceptional durability.

That De Luxe Tires possess a live, flexible, rubber compound that will not deteriorate no matter how the years roll by.

And with these essentials can carry your loads anywhere at lowest cost.

Mileage adjustment, 10,000 miles.

We Sell and Apply De Luxe Tires

AKRON RUBBER TIRE CO.
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SCHOONMAKER CO., INC.
89 Walker St. 'Phone Franklin 3218

SERBER RUBBER CO., INC.
451 W. 16th St. 'Phone Farragut 7119

GOODRICH De Luxe TRUCK TIRES

PACKARD TRUCKS ELIMINATE EXPENSE OF RESERVE EQUIPMENT

One of the most successful eastern trucking contractors has one rule for his business. It is "Keep Moving." It is a good rule—especially now when increased activity in local transfer work and short-haul freighting call for the efficient use of motor trucks.

"KEEP MOVING" in a truck requires ability to *keep moving all the time.* It calls for reserve of power—a "high factor" of stamina and quality.

With the ordinary truck, "keep moving" means a truck or two trucks in reserve all the time. Two or three trucks to do the work of one.

You are apt to find it in a truck like the Packard, with records in a hundred different lines of business in every part of the globe—records of useful work, mileages of a hundred thousand and upward.

Trucking contracting and motor freight transportation call for very accurate cost keeping. But the most nicely adjusted rate sheet cannot keep its balance if the trucks are unreliable. And an increasing ratio of repair charges cannot be met forever by an increase in rates.

The trucking contractor—the man who is going to sell transportation, must buy the trucks on the basis of delivering transportation at known cost. Part, at least, of his investment must give him insurance that he will be able to maintain his rates.

* * *

The Packard name on a truck constitutes such insurance.

If any man or concern interested in buying such a truck will inquire for a schedule of Packard prices, he will find that even the first cost of such insurance is the lowest he ever saw.

The final cost is no cost at all because, considering the life of a Packard truck—100,000 miles—and the low cost of upkeep during its life, there is no truck on the market can compare with it.

The Packard Freight Transportation Department is available to any business man for facts and figures in trucking costs and cost keeping.

There is no charge made and no obligation entailed.

By telephone, mail or at your local Packard showroom.

Packard Trucks Are Now Available For Immediate Delivery

PACKARD MOTOR CAR COMPANY *of* NEW YORK

Broadway at 61st Street

Brooklyn: Flatbush and 8th Avenues
Long Island City: Queens Boulevard at Hill St.
White Plains: Mamaroneck at Martine Avenue
Poughkeepsie: 239 Main Street
Newark: Broad Street at Kinney
Jersey City: Boulevard at Carlton Avenue
Plainfield: 628 Park Avenue
Paterson: 489 Broadway
Hartford: Washington Street at Park
New Haven: 204 York Street
New London: 391 William Street
Springfield: 832-34 State Street
Pittsfield: 121 West Street

LIVE TOWNS GROW ALONG GOOD ROADS

Business follows established trade routes. Encourage the building of good roads in your section by investing your profits in road bonds.

SAYS SEVEN MEN RAN WAR FOR US

Representative Graham Assails Activities of National Defense Advisory Commission.

"A SECRET GOVERNMENT"

It Continued Its Operations, He Says, After Being Told of Their Illegality.

CITES WARNING BY GARY

Is Charged "Flagrant Disregard" of Anti-Trust Laws in Purchase of Supplies.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 7.—The charge that the Council of National Defence and its advisory commission operated in violation of the anti-trust laws, and by "destroying competition" permitted "big business" to fix extortionate price levels and thus add to the tax burdens which the people must bear in paying the war costs, was made today by Representative William J. Graham, Chairman of the Select Committee on Expenditures in the War Department.

Mr. Graham referred to the advisory commission of the Council of National Defense as "the secret Government of the United States," and asserted that it had continued its operations after it had been warned by Judge E. H. Gary, Chairman of the board of the United States Steel Corporation, and others that flagrant violation of the law was being practiced. Mr. Graham alleged that inefficiency in supplying materials also was chargeable against the commission, and that when General George W. Goethals was asked to become Quartermaster General of the army he accepted only on the condition that the council should have no authority to order purchases and fix prices or otherwise interfere with his administration of his post.

The committee has authorized Chairman Graham to make a thorough investigation of the minutes of the Council of National Defense. He says that the Attorney General's office after the complaint made by Judge Gary on May 21, 1918, held that the activities of the Council were matters of "national" policy rather than legal questions.

"While the committee has proceeded only a short way with its investigation," Mr. Graham said, "it is already evident, taking these minutes, Judge Gary's warning, and the Attorney General's opinion in conjunction with the highly important testimony of Major Gen. Goethals, that the effect was seriously to increase the cost to the Government—and that means to the people—at almost everything the Government had to buy in order to prosecute the war.

"The Sherman law and the Clayton law were passed primarily to protect the people from extortion by 'big business,' as Judge Gary well appreciated. And when those safeguards against extortion which the Congress had placed on the statutes, largely at the instance and on the insistence of the people, to protect the people from extortion, were flagrantly and wantonly ignored and violated, the people suffered from unduly high prices, from extortion. Nor did the fact that the Government was making the purchases and paying the bills make any difference, for it is the people who have had to contribute the money, in the form of income and profit taxes, by buying bonds and War Saving Stamps, &c., and who will have to go on making sacrifices to pay for that extortion for many a long year.

"When the Congress passes laws at the instance of the people to protect them against the rapacity of 'big business,' and the Administration flagrantly violates those laws and lets 'big business' fix its own prices on the goods the Government must buy and for which the people must pay, what other result could you expect?"

Judge Gary's Warning Quoted.

In substantiation of his charge that the council and its advisory commission had operated in violation of the anti-trust laws, Mr. Graham made public excerpts from the letter which Judge Gary wrote to the commission in May, 1917. These paragraphs are quoted:

"We are anxious to do everything we can to assist the Government, and have complied with their request for detailed information regarding all of our business, including the steel mill. We are very doubtful, however, as to how far it is safe or proper for us to co-operate with some of the committees that are endeavoring to assist in the matter. I was called to Washington a few weeks ago in connection with some of this committee work, and found that they are operating in flagrant disregard of the Sherman law, the Clayton law, and the other statutes that are supposed to regulate business, particularly big business.

"The Government officials who were sitting in at this conference admitted that they had no authority for doing so, and upon a little further inquiry we were advised that the Government officials' presence at the conference would not in any way protect us."

Discussing his investigations, Representative Graham said:

"An examination of these minutes discloses the fact that a committee of seven men chosen by the President seemed to have devised the entire system of purchasing war supplies, planned a press censorship, designed a system of food control, and selected Herbert Hoover as its Director, determined on a daylight saving scheme, and, in a word, designed practically every war measure which the Congress subsequently enacted—and did all this behind closed doors, weeks and even months before the Congress of the United States declared war against Germany.

"The act establishing the Council of National Defense, approved Aug. 29, 1916, made six members of the Cabinet members of the council, and in addition provided for an advisory commission of seven to be appointed by the President. The members of this advisory commission were Hollis Godfrey, Howard E. Coffin, Bernard M. Baruch, Samuel Gompers, Franklin H. Martin, Julius Rosenwald, and Daniel Willard.

"It appears from the minutes of the advisory commission and the council, which were kept separately, that practically all of the measures which were afterward considered as war measures were initiated by this council and advisory commission, adopted by the council, and afterward acted upon by Congress. In many cases, a considerable period before the actual declaration of war with Germany, this advisory commission was discussing matters which were thought to be new legislation, conceived by reason of the necessities of war. For instance, on March 3, over a month before the war declaration, the advisory commission indorsed to the Council of National Defense a daylight saving scheme and recommended a Federal censorship of the press. The question of Federal censorship of the press was further discussed on March 24, two weeks before the declaration of war.

"On Feb. 15, about two months before the declaration of war, Commissioners Coffin and Gompers made a report as to the exclusion of labor from military service and the draft was discussed.

Plan for Sales to Government.

"In several meetings, long before the war was declared, this advisory commission of seven met with the representatives of the manufacturing industries and formed an organization of them for selling supplies to the Government, which organization was well perfected before the war was declared. This method consisted of having the representatives of the various businesses producing goods which the Government would have to buy form themselves into committees, so that they might be able to sell to the Government the goods direct which their industries produced. In almost every meeting that this advisory commission had before the declaration of war they discussed and recommended to the council (which consisted of the Cabinet members) these plans for fixing prices and selling to the Government.

"When war was declared, on April 6, this machinery began to move, headed by the advisory commission of seven men, who were in effect, as shown by these minutes, the active Government of the United States, so far as the purchase of supplies was concerned. So far as I can observe, there was not an act of the so-called war legislation afterward enacted that had not, before the actual declaration of war, been discussed and settled upon by this advisory commission. At times the activities of this advisory commission were such as greatly to embarrass the Cabinet, and it became necessary for the Cabinet to protest against them.

"The minutes also show that this advisory commission were advised that they were violating the law in permitting committees of the Council of National Defense to direct purchases from their own companies, as will be apparent from a letter read by Mr. Baruch on June 1 to the Commissioners, which he had received from E. H. Gary, Chairman of the Committee on Steel and Steel Production, of the advisory commission.

"Afterward, when there was evidently a discussion in Congress as to the illegality of members of the committees on the council buying from themselves, the council discussed this general policy, and it was suggested that 'this embarrassment might be removed by the plan of the committee reorganization now under consideration.' Afterward the minutes show that on account of this so-called embarrassment the War Industries Board was created, and the committees appointed by the National Chamber of Commerce, so that no part of the method of buying was changed in the slightest degree so far as I can observe."

Clarkson's Categorical Denial.

WASHINGTON, July 7, (Associated Press.)—Categorical denial of Chairman Graham's charges was made by Grosvenor B. Clarkson, Director of the Council of National Defense, in a statement issued tonight.

"The advisory commission of seven Mr. Graham's committee," Mr. Clarkson said, "showed at the outset a tendency on the part of a majority of the committee to disclose that the Administration had taken no preparedness steps before entering the war, whereas the truth was that, owing to the almost providential presence of the Council of National Defense, created by Congress itself eight months before, a great many far-sighted plans had been initiated by the Council acting alone, as well as on the advice of its advisory commission.

"The Advisory Commission of seven men was throughout the war composed of at least three and probably four Republicans, as was the huge majority of the Council's committees. The council's minutes, which I furnished to Mr. Graham's committee with the hearty consent of Secretary Baker, Chairman of the Council, and voluntarily supplemented with those of the advisory commission, disclosed beyond any question that the Council had in the most constructive way looked far ahead into the immediate future to the end of preparing the country for war.

"It is my deliberate judgment that if the Council, utilizing the greatest experts in the leading industries and utilizing them in a wholly non-partisan way, had not taken its foreshadowed steps, America would not have laid in time the foundation for mobilizing its industrial resources which made possible the winning of the war.

"The Council's minutes having disclosed these facts to Mr. Graham, he addressed himself to the Council's system of procuring supplies for the War Department. That matter was threshed out long ago before the Senate Military Affairs Committee, and the intimations against members of the Council's Committee on Supplies died of their own weight at the end of the hearings, more than a year ago. Council Committee members under the stress of an unprecedented emergency were undoubtedly in unusual cases placed in the apparent position of doing business with themselves, whereas that never was actually the fact, and not a scintilla of wrongdoing was ever disclosed; and it is believed that the law was complied with throughout."

TOKIO'S PEACE CELEBRATION

Emperor Reviews Army and Navy Forces—Lantern Parades at Night.

TOKIO, July 7, (Associated Press.)—An extensive official celebration of the signing of peace took place today. The Emperor was present at a special review of the army and navy forces, while throughout the empire salutes were fired.

The municipality of Tokio was the host at a largely attended luncheon, in the course of which cablegrams of felicitation were dispatched to the Mayors of the principal allied cities. During the evening there were several lantern processions. The city was profusely decorated.

Will Send Relief Supplies to Isolated Kuban Field

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 7.—The American Red Cross announced today that a new mission to take American relief to the suffering people in an isolated part of Eastern Europe will leave St. Nazaire, France, in a few days with 3,000 tons of clothing, food, and medical supplies. It is bound for the Kuban district of Russia, on the eastern coast of the Black Sea, and is in charge of an American Red Cross unit headed by Major Robert Davis of New York City and Captain Henry Adams of Boston. The Red Cross learned a few weeks ago that both Cossack soldiers and civilians of this Kuban district were greatly in need of medical supplies and clothing. Typhus had also broken out.

ADMISSION MADE BY SENATOR NEW

Says He Knew Slayer's Mother in His Youth, but Denies Marriage.

SAYS HE MADE AMENDS

Declares Citizens of His Home City Are Best Judges of What His Life Has Been.

WASHINGTON, July 7.—Senator New of Indiana tonight issued the following statement regarding the arrest in Los Angeles on a charge of murder of Harry S. New, who says he is a son of the Senator:

"I have just this to say about this whole deplorable matter: More than thirty years ago, when I was in my twenties and unmarried, I knew Mrs. Burger. There was never at any time a question of marriage between us. Conditions arose which I did not care to dispute which resulted in my doing everything in my power to make amends then and later. Whatever I did in that direction was of my own accord and no one else had anything whatever to do with it. The affair was ended thirty years ago. Since that time the people of my home city are the best judges of what my life has been. I never have shirked any responsibility that has come to me and I never shall."

Young New Is Indictent.

Special to The New York Times.

LOS ANGELES, Cal., July 7.—Harry S. New, held here for the murder of his sweetheart, Miss Frieda Lasser, last Saturday, said again today that the story that he is not the son of Senator New of Indiana is untrue. He declared that the Senator and his mother were divorced years ago, when he was too young to understand any of the details, and added that his sister had told him that Senator New is coming here to assist in his defense.

He said that he was born in Indianapolis and that he is 32 years of age. He went to school at Indianapolis and later moved to Denver with his mother, where he attended a Jesuit school. The family have lived in California about two years.

New says he was in the Indiana National Guard during the trouble on the border, and was stationed at Brownsville. During the recent war, he said, he was in the Remount Depot at Camp Kearny.

New said that when he was a boy the Senator, then publisher of The Indianapolis Journal, took an interest in his career and wanted to send him to Notre Dame University, but the boy refused to go. Later, he said, the Senator sent him to a university in Denver, but after two years here young New gave up.

He became a farm hand, he added, and later took a job as elevator starter in the Merchants' Bank Building in Indianapolis.

Continuing his story, New said:

"Before I enlisted with the Indiana Guard for service on the border I was in Texas working. I caught typhoid. My employer wired Senator New at my direction, and word came back at once that I was to have every attention, regardless of expense.

"The last time I saw my father was after I had left the border with the troops and been mustered out. He was very pleased that I should have enlisted. He said that was what he would do if he were younger; that it was what he had done during the Spanish-American War. We had quite a long talk that time, and he told me again if I were ever in trouble to call on him.

"Hundreds of people in Indianapolis will tell you that Senator New was my father, and that they have seen us walking together up the street and around the circle many times.

"I called only once at his home there. But every time I was in the city I went to his office, and he was always glad to see me and to help me.

"I once asked him about a position with the Bedford Stone and Construction Company. He is its President, and he said, I'd gladly give you one Harry, but there's nothing I can offer that you couldn't get yourself.'

"I had a brother, the son of Senator New, and my mother, but he died when I was a young fellow."

CASE AGAINST MINOR DROPPED BY ARMY

American Correspondent Released by the American Authorities at Coblenz.

COBLENZ, Sunday, July 6, (Associated Press.)—Robert J. Minor, the American newspaper correspondent and cartoonist who has been under detention here by army authorities pending an investigation, has been released, it was learned today. No formal announcement was made, but officers said, the case had been dropped on orders from higher authority.

It is understood that Minor will be returned to Paris, where he was arrested a month ago by the French at the request of the British. The latter refused to prosecute him, turning over certain alleged evidence to the American authorities. It is said that this was in connection with an alleged conspiracy to spread radical propaganda among soldiers within the British and American areas.

The investigation which has been made by the Americans has carried them through various part of France and Germany, and even Russia, where Minor spent nine months before going to Düsseldorf early this Spring.

REPORT LANSING RECALLED BY WILSON

Frank L. Polk, Acting Secretary of State, to Take His Place if Well Enough.

LONDON, July 7.—Secretary Lansing, says a Havas dispatch from Paris, is reported in conference circles to have been recalled by President Wilson and will leave France tomorrow, (Tuesday.)

PARIS, July 7.—Announcement was made today that Frank L. Polk, Acting Secretary of State in Washington, had been asked to come to Paris to take the place of Secretary Lansing as head of the American Peace Mission, if Mr. Polk's health would permit.

An Associated Press dispatch on June 29 said that Secretary Lansing expected to return to the United States about the middle of July.

American Ambassador and General on a Mission to Report on Kolchak

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 7.—Roland S. Morris, the American Ambassador to Japan, left Tokio today for Siberia on an extended trip which will take him as far as Omsk, the seat of the Provisional Government headed by Admiral Kolchak, to report to President Wilson on the situation. It is understood that the according of full recognition of the Omsk Government in place of the present quasi-recognition that has already been granted by the allied and associated Governments will follow the report of Ambassador Morris, provided this is favorable.

Ambassador Morris will be met at Vladivostok by General William S. Graves, commander of the American forces in Siberia, who will accompany him to Omsk and will also make a report on conditions there and in the rest of Siberia.

It was due largely to the reports of Mr. Morris, it is said, that the partial recognition was accorded the Kolchak Government. He has been on several inspection trips through Eastern Siberia and is understood to have advised Kolchak on several occasions as to the attitude of the allied and associated Governments at the request of the officials in Paris and there already exists a basis of understanding between the American and the Siberian diplomats.

General Graves will report on the military organization of the Omsk Government and the plans for the future as far as divulged in confidence to him. It is not likely that his report will be made public until the Russian question has been settled. It is probable that General Graves will visit the fronts in European Russia before returning to Vladivostok.

POWERS AT ODDS OVER GERMAN SHIPS

America, Britain, and Japan Would Sink or Destroy Them —France Favors Division.

ADMIRALS CAN'T SETTLE IT

And the Whole Matter Is Likely to be Referred to the Allied Governments.

PARIS, July 7.—The Commission of Admirals appointed to consider the disposition of the remaining German warships submitted its report to the Council today. In effect, the report states that no recommendations on the question are possible until some matters of policy have been decided by the powers.

The probability seems to be that the whole question will be finally referred to the Governments of the powers concerned.

As the situation stands, Japan and the United States are understood to favor breaking up or sinking the remaining warships. Great Britain approves the plan to break them up, while Italy agrees to their destruction conditionally; but if this plan is not carried out Italy insists upon having her share of the vessels, in case they are divided among the powers. France opposes the destruction of the vessels and desires their distribution. Some of the smaller powers, notably Poland, approve the plan to destroy the vessels.

Removal of the censorship upon communications with Germany was on the program for discussion at the session of the Allied Council this afternoon. It is understood that the Supreme Economic Council has recommended that the censorship be lifted coincident with the raising of the blockade. The recommendation, it is thought probable, will be approved.

Discussions with the Germans with regard to terms of the Peace Treaty regarding reparations were to have been begun early this week, but it developed today that the beginning of the oral exchanges had been postponed until Thursday, the German representatives having failed to arrive from Berlin.

AUSTRIANS FEAR MAGYAR INVASION

Plan for Advance by Army of 14,700 Found at Vienna Legation.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

VIENNA, July 6.—All Vienna is upset by continued publication of a police report in the newspaper Neur Tag that the Hungarian Government plans to take possession of Vienna with a part of the Red Army acting jointly with Vienna Red Guards.

Th plan is said to have been minutely prepared and is to be carried out on a signal to be given by the Hungarian Legation. According to this scheme all public buildings of strategic value are to be occupied, including the Parliament House, the Imperial Castle, most of the hotels, where at present many Americans and Englishmen are living, the courthouses, the police stations, and the Entente missions.

A Bolshevist army of occupation numbering 14,200 infantry and 500 cavalry, with 200 machine guns and 150 cannon, is expected, which is to be reinforced in Vienna by the Red Guard, estimated at 5,000 men. A large store of hand grenades and dynamite is said to have been discovered in the building of the Hungarian Legation.

The Hungarian Ministers Czobel and Fenyon are violently attacked in the Vienna press and their recall is expected, since the police report is founded on evidence obtained at the Legation.

TELLS AUSTRIA TO APPLY.

Allied Council Approves Her Desire to Join the League.

By RICHARD V. OULAHAN.

Copyright, 1919, by The New York Times Company.

By Wireless to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, July 7.—In a communication to the Austrian Peace Delegation the Council of Foreign Ministers this afternoon indicated that they approved the Austrian desire to be admitted to the League of Nations without delay and suggested that the Austrian Government put in immediately an application for admission. The application will be passed upon at a meeting of the League in Washington in October.

AUSTRIAN TREATY DELAYED.

Unlikely to be Delivered Before the End of the Week.

PARIS, July 7.—The revised Austrian peace treaty will probably not be delivered to the Austrian delegation before the end of the week.

"The Austrian Government has given up, at least for the time being, the idea of a union with Germany," Dr. Otto Bauer, Secretary for Foreign Affairs, said in an address delivered last week at the congress held by the Councils of Workers, according to the Vienna correspondent of the Temps.

Austria, "small and ruined," the Foreign Secretary is quoted as declaring, could only exist by the permission and assistance of the Entente, and that is why it was abandoning the idea of uniting with Germany at this time, as Austria was not powerful enough to bring about a union without the consent of the Entente.

The essential thing for the present, the Secretary added, was the maintenance of "the unity of the proletarian front."

ASSERTS THAT 75 GOT BOGUS DIPLOMAS

District Attorney Tells Court Impostors Are Practicing Law and Medicine Here.

WILL TRY TO GET NAMES

Dannemora Prisoner Offers to Reveal Facts if Leniency Is Granted to Him.

The District Attorney said yesterday that seventy-five men were illegally practicing medicine and law here under fictitious diplomas, adding that he would try immediately to reach and punish each of these impostors and put an end to this menace against the public health and the fraud upon justice.

"Dr." Nicholas Clements, 44 years old, of 2,500 Hughes Avenue, Bronx, who is serving a sentence of from two to five years in Dannemora Prison in connection with a prescription of which his patients complained, pleaded guilty before Judge Rosalsky in General Sessions to the charge of selling a bogus medical diploma to Abraham Lasinsky of Brooklyn for $1,500.

After Clements had pleaded guilty he appealed to the court for leniency, declaring that if clemency were granted to him he would make public the names of those who are now practicing as physicians and lawyers in New York by means of bogus credentials he had sold to them. Assistant District Attorney Ferdinand Pecora, who prosecuted Clements, said to the Court:

"Your Honor, if this man does expose these fakers by making known their names and addresses it will probably create a sensation in medical and legal circles, because probably as many as seventy-five men have obtained credentials from Clements."

Mr. Pecora told Judge Rosalsky that Clements did a flourishing business for several years by selling fraudulent diplomas or credentials. He sold to Abraham Lasinsky what purported to be a diploma issued by a college of medicine and surgery at Atlanta, Ga. Mr. Pecora said this institution went out of existence ten years ago.

Lasinsky is now serving an indeterminate sentence of six months to three years in the county penitentiary, given on his plea of guilty to the illegal practice of medicine. Through Lasinsky it was learned of the diploma mill activity of Clements. When the District Attorney sought for Clements it was found that he had been convicted in Bronx County in July, 1918, for fraudulently labeling medicine bottles with the words "Neo Salvarsan," after some of his patients had complained of this drug to District Attorney Martin of the Bronx. District Attorney Swann then had Clements brought here from Dannemora on a special writ.

The County Medical Society, which brought about the arrest of Lasinsky, and the Bar Association and the New York County Lawyers' Association have offered assistance to the District Attorney in exposing and prosecuting the impostors. Pecora will question Clements to obtain the names of the offenders. Judge Rosalsky remanded Clements until July 24, and the degree of his punishment will depend upon his willingness to aid in apprehending the impostors.

ASSERTS MEXICO FAILS TO PROTECT AMERICANS

State Department Official Says Repeated Representations Bring No Results.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 7.—The State Department, according to information obtained from a high official today, has been making repeated representations to the Mexican Government demanding the protection of American citizens in Mexico and the punishment of those who have been guilty of the recent outrages during which Americans have been murdered in the Tampico and other districts over which the Carranza Government purposes to have control.

While these representations, he said, have been met with statements by the Carranza Government that it would deal with the situation, no real results have been accomplished. The murders committed in the last few weeks took place, he added, after the State Department had several times warned the Carranza Government that it would be held strictly responsible for the protection of Americans in Mexico. Today the State Department made this announcement:

"Acting Secretary of State Phillips announced today that the Mexico Foreign Office has advised the American Embassy at Mexico City that strict orders had been issued to the military authorities at Tampico to pursue and capture the men who attacked and killed John W. Correll, an American citizen, near Colonia, 27 miles north of Tampico, on June 16."

The Executive Committee of the National Association for the Protection of American Rights in Mexico, at a meeting at 120 Broadway yesterday, decided to use its utmost endeavors to make the murder of John W. Correll of Ada, Okla., an American citizen, the attempted murder of his 16-year-old son Joseph, and the assault upon Mrs. Correll, twenty miles from Tampico, on June 16, an international issue—to make the affair a test case to determine once and for all whether or not American citizens can be protected in Mexico and elsewhere.

Instructions were issued to take immediate steps to look up the widows, orphans and other dependents of American citizens murdered in Mexico, in order that they may be organized for concerted action in pressing their claims for justice and reparation. As one means to this end the national association has men at work at its offices at 347 Fifth Avenue, compiling a list of murdered Americans, from data on file there.

ALL SOUTH RUSSIA HAILS KOLCHAK

Anti-Red Parties, from Monarchists to Socialists, Unite to Support Him.

LAUD DENIKIN'S SACRIFICE

Resurrection of Russia Under Constitutional Government Their Aim Voiced at Joint Meeting.

By HAROLD WILLIAMS.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

EKATERINODAR, South Russia, June 19, (via London, July 6.)—Politics here have not the enthralling interest that attached to the great military movements, but certain important developments are taking place that must be noted.

I witnessed a singular and inspiring spectacle at a crowded political meeting held here yesterday. On the right of the Chairman, Todoroff, sat Krivosheim, one of the ablest Ministers of the late Czar's Government and author of Stolypin's scheme of land reform; and on the Chairman's left sat Miakotin, the well known Socialist publicist. This meeting was an expression of unity of all the political groups represented here.

General Denikin's army order announcing submission to Admiral Kolchak has cleared the air, smoothed away differences, and broadened the whole horizon. Three groups—the Society of National Union, including former Government officials, Nationalists and Octobrists; the National Centre, including Cadets and business men, and the League of Regeneration, including Populists, Socialists, certain Menshevist groups, and Right Social Revolutionaries—all joined to celebrate the re-establishment of one central government in Russia.

A speaker for the Left dwelt on the fact that acceptance of Kolchak's leadership meant that the country would be led through the inevitable phase of a dictatorship to a National Constituent Assembly. Kolchak, he said, was not a dictator oppressor, but a dictator liberator.

Savich, speaking for the Right group, said:

"My friends and I are Constitutional Monarchists, but we will loyally serve any form of government established by the will of the people as expressed in a legally elected National Assembly."

Cadet Astrov emphasized Denikin's great act of self-abnegation.

There was a great ovation to General Holman and the members of the British Mission present.

A resolution was adopted by all three groups. It declared complete unanimity in appreciation of Denikin's historical act, and the prediction was made that the country would receive with great joy the news of the resurrection of the Russian State as one whole, also that Admiral Kolchak, the supreme Governor, who purposed to bring the country to constitutional government, would be regarded by the masses of people as the one who delivered them from the Bolshevist tyranny, at head of United Russia, while his government would secure international recognition.

It was a most impressive event of national revival and the very antithesis of reaction.

PARIS, July 7, (Havas.)—General Dragomiroff, who arrived here Saturday to represent Admiral Kolchak, the head of the All-Russian Government at Omsk, said today he came especially because of the difficulty of communication between Admiral Kolchak and General Denikin, the anti-Bolshevist leader in Southern Russia. He explained that he would transmit communications between the two leaders, particularly keeping Admiral Kolchak informed of the political and military situation in Southern Russia.

Sergius Sasonoff and other Russian representatives here had a conference with General Dragomiroff, who expects to remain in Paris two or three weeks.

ALLIES HELP KOLCHAK, AIMING AT PETROGRAD

Paris Council Joins in Urging the Finns to Attack the Russian Capital.

By RICHARD V. OULAHAN.

Copyright, 1919, by The New York Times Company.

By Wireless to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, July 7.—The Council of Foreign Ministers today took further steps toward the recognition of the Kolchak Government.

The council instructed the Chargés d'Affaires of the United States, Great Britain, France, and Italy at Helsingfors to support the proposal from Kolchak that the Finns join in a general attack on Petrograd.

FUGITIVE RED ARRESTED.

Levien, for Whose Capture $7,500 Was Offered, Taken at Wiesbaden.

BERNE, July 7.—Dr. Levien, one of the leaders of the Communist uprising in Munich last April, has been found at Wiesbaden and arrested, according to information received from Germany by the Swiss police.

Levien was believed to have escaped to Switzerland.

Dr. Levien fled from Munich early in May and in June the Bavarian Government offered a reward of 30,000 marks for his capture. Another Bavarian Communist leader, whose name was almost similar—Levine Nissen—was executed in Munich on June 7.

CONFIRMS RED VICTORY.

Esthonian Bureau Tells of Reverse to Forces That Menaced Petrograd.

COPENHAGEN, July 7.—The Esthonian Bureau announces that the Russian volunteer army which has been advancing victoriously toward Petrograd has suffered a reverse.

The volunteers have been obliged to abandon, successively, the Fortress of Krasnayagorka, opposite Kronstad, the town of Koporja, and several stations on the railway. The bureau says that the Russian volunteers are now in full retreat.

A London dispatch under date of June 18 reported receipt of a Russian Bolshevist Government wireless message claiming the recapture of Krasnayagorka Fortress by the Bolsheviki.

An Esthonian dispatch, reaching London the same day by way of Stockholm, admitted the evacuation of Krasnayagorka after the guns and fortifications had been destroyed.

Salvador to Observe Peace Day.

SAN SALVADOR, Republic of Salvador, July 4.—The National Assembly enacted a law today making June 28 hereafter a national feast day, in celebration of the establishment of peace through the signing of the treaty of Versailles.

Chicago Adds Millions to Personal Assessments

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, July 7.—Personal property valuations in Cook County have rolled up hugely over the figures for 1918, according to figures completed today by the assessors for reference to the Board of Review. The total for 1919 is $637,456,679, and of this $531,627,033 is credited to the City of Chicago.

Last year's figures after the Board of Review had completed its work, reached $762,130,220, a gain for the county of $103,328,406 this year.

Today the assessors added a $10,300,000 valuation to the property of the Illinois Central Railroad Company, hitherto escaping taxation. It is expected the company will offer resistance and carry its fight to the Federal Supreme Court.

ROCKEFELLER AT 80 GREETS 100 GUESTS

Plays Golf and Has a Band Concert on His Estate at Pocantico.

CAKE AT BIRTHDAY DINNER

Grandchildren Blow Out Candles Early, Preparing for Trip Today to Maine.

Special to The New York Times.

TARRYTOWN, July 7.—John D. Rockefeller admitted today that he hoped to live to be 100 years old, and then he will "just begin to live," he said. Mr. Rockefeller celebrated his eightieth birthday today, although that event does not happen until tomorrow. It was put ahead one day because tomorrow Mr. Rockefeller will leave with his son and family for Seal Harbor, Me., to spend the Summer.

Mr. Rockefeller enjoyed a concert this afternoon by the New York Military Band, of fifty pieces, and it was while talking to the musicians that he told of his ambition. In shaking hands with Edwin Franko Goldman, the conductor, he said:

"I hope you live to be 80 and be well, and I hope you live to be 90 and be well, and then I hope you will live to be 100 and then you will just begin to live. That's what I expect to do."

Fine cool weather marked the day, and the national flag flew from the pole at the Pocantico estate this morning when Mr. Rockefeller played his usual game of golf with a few friends. He attributes his good health, he said, to golf and a tablespoon of olive oil which he takes daily.

After the game and a cool bath, he dressed up for the reception this afternoon. He wore a gray cutaway suit, with a flower in his buttonhole, and was in the best of spirits.

"Do you know," he said to Mr. Goldman, "I had an ambition to be a musician when I was a boy? I played the piano. I practiced six hours a day and drove my mother crazy. She then drove me out of the house.

"I've always loved music and I have admired musicians. I never could understand, however, how a man could make notes and write music without playing the instrument."

The band drummer, who was nearby, remarked that musicians wished they could make the kind of notes that Mr. Rockefeller was famous for. The Oil King laughed heartily at the sally.

The concert began at 2 o'clock and was not over until 6. It opened with "The Star Spangled Banner," and was followed by old-time songs, negro melodies, selections from Wagner, and ended with "Onward, Christian Soldiers."

During one of the intermissions Mr. Rockefeller asked to have the band play "Smiles." It made a big hit with him.

Grandchild Seared by a Drum.

"You see, I'm up to date. I have to be, with grandchildren growing up," he added. Then he took young Winthrop by the hand and escorted him over to see the drums. The little fellow took the sticks, and as he hit the drum it made a much louder noise than he expected, and he was so frightened that he wanted to run away.

Another piece that pleased Mr. Rockefeller was a cornet solo by Ernest Williams. He played a "Columbia Polka," and Mr. Rockefeller clapped and asked him to repeat it.

Mr. Rockefeller and his son mingled freely with the musicians and were solicitous of their comfort.

"I've heard much about the Rockefellers," said one musician as he went away, "but it was all wrong. They are real Americans and there is nothing snobbish about them. Why, our car broke down and we had to walk part of the way. Young Mr. Rockefeller was out putting the chairs in position for us when we arrived. I didn't know who he was. I thought he was a porter or something, and I was ordering him to do things, and when I learned who he was—well, I didn't have wind enough left to play my instrument."

100 Guests at Birthday Party.

The concert was held in the tea garden and the band played under the arbor. About 100 guests were present and many of them danced. Mr. Rockefeller did not try any steps, but his son and daughter-in-law never missed a dance.

Mr. Rockefeller also invited his guests indoors, where Archer Gibson at the organ played Handel's Largo and others of Mr. Rockefeller's favorites. Then the musicians had sandwiches, lemonade, and ice cream and were sent to the station in automobiles.

There was a big dinner party later at the Rockefeller home. On the birthday cake were eighty candles, and each grandchild had an opportunity to try to blow them out. The dinner lasted until about 9 o'clock, when good night was said, for tomorrow Mr. Rockefeller and his family leave early by auto for New York to take a train for Seal Harbor. It will be the first time the elder Rockefeller has gone to Maine.

Mr. Rockefeller was born July 8, 1839, at Richford, N. Y., and was christened John Davison, Davison being his mother's maiden name. He moved to Cleveland, Ohio, in 1853. Since the death of his wife, who was Laura Spelman, and the loss of the old Cleveland home by fire a few years ago, he has discontinued his custom of spending his Summers in the West.

Use Airplane to Seek Wire Trouble.

WASHINGTON, July 7.—Airplanes now are used for "trouble hunting" along the Panama Canal Zone telegraph lines, the air service announced today. A seaplane piloted by Lieutenant J. R. Duggan and carrying Major Prescott was sent from Balboa to San Carlos, fifty miles south, to repair a break, completing the round trip and the task itself in an hour and fifty minutes. By horseback over jungle trails the trip would have taken three days.

NATIONAL BUDGET SYSTEM.

An outline of the various plans for a national budget system is contained in the leading article in this week's issue of The Annalist, published by The New York Times Company. 15c on newsstands, $4 a year.—Advt.

ASK HOUSE TO KILL WARTIME DRY LAW

Minority Report on Enforcement Bill Challenges Power to Enact Measure.

APPEAL FOR BEER AT LEAST

Assert Definition of "Intoxicating" Goes Beyond Original Act and Is New Legislation.

SEE STATE RIGHTS IGNORED

Volstead Takes Action to Bring Early Discussion of His Bill to Enforce Prohibition.

WASHINGTON, July 7.—Five members of the House Judiciary Committee in a minority report on the Prohibition Enforcement bill made public tonight, declared Congress should repeal the wartime prohibition act or at least lift the ban in so far as it relates to the manufacture and sale of light wines and beer.

While this report was being prepared Chairman Volstead of the Judiciary Committee announced that he had asked for a rule to make the General Enforcement bill in order for immediate consideration with a view to calling it up tomorrow in the House. There was no assurance, however, that debate would begin at once, and the general view was that consideration would go over until Thursday.

Mr. Volstead said that so far as he was aware there was no intention of separating the measure so as to put before the House a straight bill for enforcement of the wartime law. Members said last night one man's guess was as good as another's as to whether the prohibition question would be called up tomorrow.

The minority report, signed by Representative Igoe (Missouri), Steele (Pennsylvania), Garyl (Ohio), Democrats, and Dyer (Missouri) and Classon (Wisconsin), Republicans, based its objections to the enforcement bill reported out by the committee upon three principal grounds, and challenges the power of Congress to pass it, because in defining intoxicating liquors it went beyond the original act, and was therefore new legislation.

Oppose Defining "Intoxicating."

On the general question of the wartime Act and its enforcement the minority report held:

"That the provisions for the enforcement of wartime prohibition carry a definition of intoxicating liquors which extends the prohibition beyond that of the original act, and to that extent is new legislation, which Congress has not the right now to pass under the war power. We believe the original act should be repealed.

"That as to constitutional prohibition, Section 2 of the amendment provides that:

"The Congress and the several States shall have concurrent power to enforce this article by appropriate legislation,' and the bill presented is wholly upon the theory that the action of Congress is supreme and totally ignores the concurrent power of the several States.

"That the bill goes beyond the prohibitions of the constitutional amendment, particularly in defining 'intoxicating liquors,' so as to include beverages that are not, in fact, intoxicating."

The views of the minority as to enforcement of the wartime act were set forth as follows:

"The provisions for enforcement of the War Prohibition act contain a definition of intoxicating liquor which is in effect new legislation. The act of Nov. 21, 1918, prohibited the sale of distilled spirits for beverage purposes and also beer, wine, or other intoxicating malt or vinous liquor for beverage purposes. In the recent cases in New York, where this statute was construed, it was held that only intoxicating beverages were included, and that beer containing 2.75 per cent. of alcohol by weight was within the statute only if intoxicating, which was to be determined as other questions of fact. Whether or not the original act of Nov. 21, 1918, can be sustained as valid under the war power, it seems to us that at this date, under the peace conditions that now exist, Congress is wholly without power to extend the provisions of that act so as to include all beverages which contain in excess of one-half of 1 per cent. of alcohol and call them intoxicating.

Says War Activities Are Ended.

"This legislation can not be justified on the theory that the original act being valid and in force any amendment thereof extending its provisions would likewise be valid. The power of Congress rests wholly on the war power, and the conditions existing at this time are such that not only should the act not be extended, but it should be repealed.

"War activities have ceased, the treaty with Germany has been signed, orders for the demobilization of the army will have been carried out in a few weeks, contracts for supplies for the army have been cancelled, control of the wires by the Government has been ordered terminated, and restrictions upon trade have practically all been removed. As to all other subjects of legislation Congress is proceeding upon the theory that the war is over.

"On May 20 last, in his message to Congress, the President said:

"'The demobilization of the military forces has progressed to such a point that it seems to me entirely safe now to remove the ban upon the manufacture and sale of wines and beers.'

"Instead of extending the act to include beverages not now included in the prohibition, Congress should at least lift the ban to the extent suggested by the President.

"If, however, the act is valid and is not to be repealed, the other provisions will materially aid in its enforcement and should be adopted."

The minority contended that prohibition enforcement under the constitutional amendment could only be legally brought about by joint State and Federal action. A lengthy discussion of the phrase "concurrent power" as used in the amendment, with the presentation of Supreme Court opinions on analogous constitutional points, was presented to develop the conclusion.

Urges Rights of the States.

"To which Government does the citizen owe his duty to observe the Eighteenth Amendment?" the report said in presenting conclusions of its signers on the point. "The answer is simple. The State surrendered to the Federal Government prohibition of the manufacture and sale of intoxicating liquors for beverage purposes and simply reserved the power that in the enforcement of the amendment the legislation should be concurrent.

"We cannot eliminate from the Constitution that concurrent power to enforce its provisions which was given to both Congress and the several States. No law would be passed in pursuance to the Constitution which failed to observe this provision and to enforcement legislation is necessary for the enactment of proper enforcement legislation.

Buyers' Wants

Ten cents per word each insertion.

BEDFORD CORD Wanted.—White, all wool, plain or fancy weave. L. Greenberg Bros., 31 West 32d.

BOLIVIA Wanted.—Stevens 8116, in shades brown 652 and Copen 472. Louis Rosenheim Co., 119 West 24th.

BOLIVIA Wanted.—Silver tip and frost glow. Kramer, 2 West 33d, 11th floor, Madison Square 9686.

BOLIVIA Wanted.—Bochman Cypress 19168, or similar, all colors. Phone Chelsea 9613.

BOLIVIA Wanted.—Frost glow and silvertip bolivia. Farragut 3623.

BOLIVIA Wanted.—All shades. Farragut 9805.

BROADCLOTH Wanted. — Silvertones and worsted, all shades, for cash, and all heavy weight material. Rosh-Mayers, 122 West 27th St.

BROADCLOTH Wanted.—Copen, gold, green and tan; call with samples. Jerome Frank & Co., 83 West 22d.

BROADCLOTHS, VELOURS Wanted.—All shades; any quality. Lieberman & Dorf, Farragut 2930.

BROADCLOTH Wanted.—Navy and brown. Knobel & Bloom, 145 West 30th.

BURELLA Wanted.—DeLand's silver tip; all colors. L. Greenberg Bros., 31 West 32d.

CHAMELEON CORDS, Tricotines, and Silvertones Wanted.—Will pay spot cash. Farragut 6456.

CHAMELEONS, Tinseltone and Plumette Wanted.—All colors. Greeley 4696.

CHEVIOTS, Meltons, Three-quarter Cloakings Wanted.—A. Feinman & Son. Chelsea 4014.

CLOTH Wanted.—Stoney & Starkey, 30-inch coating; all colors. Farragut 3202.

CLOTH Wanted.—Lawrence 84305, Hanauer & Arnstein. Madison Square 1868.

COATS Wanted.—Exclusive coat jobber will place quantity orders on popular price of better grade cloth and pile fabric coats. Call 29 West 26th St., 1st floor.

COATS Wanted.—Jobber settled with union, now placing orders cloth and plush coats; better grade. Call with samples, mornings. Rosengarten, 11 East 31st.

COATS AND SUITS Wanted.—Better grade; jobber placing stock orders for Fall. Call with samples all week, 48 West 25th St., 4th floor.

COATS Wanted.—Jobber looking at ladies' and misses' cloth coats all week. 105 Madison Av., 5th floor.

COATS Wanted.—Jobber placing orders on better grade coats. Rosing & Cohn, 1,833 Broadway.

COATS AND SUITS Wanted.—Jobber looking at samples all week. Room 604, 27 West 24th.

COATS Wanted.—Jobber placing orders on misses' and ladies' coats. 5th floor, 45 West 27th St.

COATS Wanted.—Jobber placing orders on coats. Call with samples all week, 12th floor, 122 West 27th.

COATS AND SUITS Wanted. — Prominent jobber, settled with union, placing orders. Mornings only, 4th floor, 6 West 32d.

COATS Wanted.—Jobber placing orders on cloth coats. Call with samples, 40 West 25th St., 3d floor.

COATS AND SUITS Wanted.—Placing orders on coats and suits, 9 to 12 A. M. 236 5th Av., 7th floor.

COATS Wanted.—Jobber placing orders on better grades coats. 1st Floor, 48 West 22d.

COATS AND SUITS Wanted.—Jobber open for better grade. Sixth floor, 40 West 27th.

COATS Wanted.—Better grade; jobbers, 4th floor call all week. 38 W. 33d St.

CORDUROY Wanted.—White, wide wale, any width; cash. Sternberg Bros., 38 West 18th.

COTTON GOODS Wanted.—Fancy voiles, organdies, and batistes suitable for manufacture cotton waists. Abe Millman, 121 West 19th. Farragut 7286.

COTTON GOODS Wanted.—Open to buy all kinds of cotton goods; also seconds and remnants; especially gray goods. C 256 Times Downtown.

COTTON GOODS Wanted.—Submit swatches, quantities, and best price for cash. Box X 614, 1,265 Broadway.

COTTON GOODS Wanted.—Cambrics, all counts. F. Rice, 100 5th Av. Chelsea 8636.

CREPE DE CHINE, 3 thread, and Wash Satin Wanted.—White plush, black and navy. See Mr. A. Goldberg, Meyer Goldberg & Sons, 124 West 26th. Farragut 148.

CREPE-DE-CHINE Wanted.—Quantity flesh and white for cash. T. Debany Co., 401 4th Av., city.

CREPE DE CHINES Wanted.—Five-thread heavy and taupe; also crepe meteor. Simon, 44 East 32d St.

DRESSES Wanted.—Large jobber placing stock orders on popular to highest grade satin, meteor, Georgette, tricolette, serge, and tricotine dresses; samples, daily, 9 to 5. Wiener, 40 West 33d St.

DRESSES Wanted.—Jobber placing large stock orders on snappy styles of tricotines, tricolettes, satins, and Georgettes. Call all week, 25 West 31st St., 11th floor.

DRESSES Wanted.—Jobber placing orders on silk dresses trimmed with long fringe; also serges, wool jerseys, etc. Call all week 12th floor, 150 Madison Av.

DRESSES, Suits, Winter Coats, Waists, Skirts, Silk Underwear Wanted.—Better grade, jobs, cash. National, 15 Lispenard St. Canal 1447.

DRESSES Wanted.—Jobber placing orders on serges, satins, tricotines, and all other Fall styles. Call with samples, 1,123 Broadway, Room 1207.

DRESSES Wanted.—Serge, satin, taffeta, and velveteen. Ready to place large orders. Call any time. Samilson Bros., 12 West 17th St., City.

DRESSES Wanted.—White dresses; will look at infants' 6 to 6 and 6 to 14; Wednesday all day. Ely & Walker Drygoods Co., 56 Worth St.

DRESSES Wanted.—Jobber placing orders on serges and satins; contractors, bring samples. 12 West 32d, 7th floor.

DRESSES Wanted.—Jobber placing orders on serges, satins, tricotines, and taffetas. Call all week, 5th floor, 118 West 22d St.

DRESSES Wanted.—Jobber placing orders on better dresses for Fall; call all week. Arthur Cohen, 1,182 Broadway.

DRESSES Wanted.—Jobber of stout suits open for a few good numbers in stout dresses. 164 West 25th St., 11th Floor.

DRESSES Wanted.—Jobber placing orders on high-grade tailor-made dresses; looking all week. 130 West 25th, 3d floor.

DRESSES Wanted.—Jobber placing large orders on tricolettes, serge, and tricotines. 5th floor, 35 West 31st.

DRESSES Wanted.—Satin, serge; also jobs in coats; spot cash. Room 718, 1,123 Broadway. Farragut 2680.

DRESSES Wanted.—Georgettes; jobber buying large quantity. 1st floor, 114 West 28th St.

DRESSES, Coats, Suits, Waists Wanted.—Jobs; last season's or this season's. D 133 Times.

DRESSES, Suits, Coats, Capes Wanted.—Highest grade; cash. Telephone Canal 1128.

DRESSES Wanted.—Jobber placing order on serge dresses. Furman, 30 Union Sq.

DUVET Wanted.—De Land's, F. & H., or similar; quality; all shades. Greeley 6939.

FLANNEL Wanted.—Open to buy any quantity of 36-inch flannel for spot cash. M. Kabat & Son, 307 Canal St.

FUR COLLARS Wanted.—Racoon and natural opossum. Leo F. Sturm, 8 West 30th St.

GABARDINE wanted for wash skirts; also drills; large quantities. 87 5th Av., 7th floor.

GARFIELDS Wanted.—4718 navy. Madison Square 2064.

GEORGETTES, Georgenes Wanted, in large quantities; open for all shades. La Rose Waist, 25 West 32d.

GEORGETTES Wanted.—All colors. Store, 29 West 32d.

GINGHAMS, Percales and Chambrays Wanted.—Will pay spot cash. Subin, Chelsea 1066.

GINGHAMS, Chambrays, and Percales wanted for cash. Mad. Sq. 8670.

HOSIERY Wanted.—Ipswich 470, 108, 710, 401, 2280, 2302; large quantities; immediate or future delivery. 11th floor, 118 West 22d St. 3650 Chelsea.

HOSIERY Wanted.—16 or 17 inch fibre in larger quantities; immediate or future delivery; submit samples. 11th floor, 118 West 22d St. 3650 Chelsea.

HOSIERY WANTED.—Salz's black. Rashkind & Soloff, 32 West 32d.

JERSEYS Wanted. — Juilliards, 2062, in brown; also American 15035; all colors; cash. Greeley 2030.

JERSEYS Wanted.—16-ounce goods, black, navy, and brown. Chelsea 8013.

JERSEYS Wanted.—American 112, all colors, for cash. Spring 4890.

KITTENS' EAR CLOTH Wanted.—Juilliards No. 6717, in reindeer; also 110 broadcloth, all shades. Chelsea 9585.

LACES Wanted.—Open for large quantities of leaf laces and sets to close out for spot cash. Madison Square 7055.

LADIES' SPRING SUITS Wanted.—All colors, large and small lots jobs. Dalkowitz Bros. Co., San Antonio, Texas. 25 West 35d St.

MATELAN Wanted.—Hind & Harrison; also Blumenthal silk three-inch stripes. Farragut 6950.

MIDDIES Wanted.—Jobber wants serge and cloth middies for Fall. Room 25, 1,193 Broadway.

OXFORD SUITINGS Wanted.—All wool; also De Land's 199, all shades. Greeley 4377.

OXFORDS Wanted.—Serges and tricotines. Silverfarb & Halprin, 32 West 28th.

PANAMAS Wanted.—Quantity, pacific cotton warp or similar; also French serges. Spring 8849.

PANAMA Wanted.—We are open for 7802 or Brightwood goods. Call Farragut 9084.

PIECE GOODS Wanted.—Buyer for large Western jobbing concern is open for shirtings, silks, fibre silks, silk stripes and cottons. Call with samples. Mothers Friend Mfg. Co., 152 8th Av., New York City.

PLUSHES Wanted.— T-16, 40-40, pecs H. & H., Ungava, Yukon, Potter, Hudson Bay, &c.; sealskin, beaver, surges, tricotines, silvertones, Arundefelt; all makes. Phone or write, Hydol Plush Co., 30 West 27th. Chelsea 6352.

PLUSHES Wanted.—H. & H., Auffnerdt, Peerless, T-10, peco; open for quantity for cash. Greeley 4376.

PLUSHES Wanted.—All Qualities. Madison Square 2606, Ext. 14.

POLAR CLOTH Wanted.—De Land's 9060. PitBeak Cloak, Farragut 4063.

POLO CLOTH Wanted.—Lawrence 818, Stevens 1075, or similar; any quantity; all colors. H. Drusin & Son, Farr. 3486.

POLO CLOTH Wanted.—All kinds, 9600 or similar; spot cash. Weinreb & Horowitz. 3660 Madison Square.

POLO CLOTH Wanted.—American 15035, De Land's 9600, Helms's 2205; all colors. Greeley 4376.

POLO CLOTH Wanted.—American 15035; also Raritan silvertone; cash. Madison Square 6523.

POPLIN Wanted.—American navy 9610 and black serge 820, U. S. or similar, also Duvet de Laine, 852 shade. Madison Square 6500.

POPLINS Wanted.—Navy, black, Burgundy, taupe, brown, burellas, all colors. Williamsburg Mfg. Co., 1,133 Broadway, N. Y.

POPLINS Wanted.—Open to buy for cash Susquehanna 171; state price, colors, and quantity. Delmel, 720 Times Downtown.

POPLINS Wanted.—9610 American, 4768 F Brightwood, or similar; all colors; cash. Rosengarten, Madison Square 6535.

POPLINS Wanted.—Brown, taupe and burgundy, all wool, Farr. 554.

RARITAN'S MIXTURES 1339 wanted for cash. Wasserman, 30 West 21st.

SATEENS wanted for petticoats; white, black, colors, and fancies. 87 5th Av., 7th floor.

SATEEN Wanted.—Black, quantity; must be cheap. Tannenbaum-May, 19 West 24th.

SATINS Wanted.—Peau de Cygnes. Room 1414, 303 5th Av., after 11:30 A. M.; Madison Square 1666.

SATIN DE CHINE Wanted.—Printed. Farragut 9542.

SATIN AND CHARMEUSE Wanted.—Navy, black, taupe. Simpson Bros., 39 West 32d.

SATIN Wanted.—40 inches wide, navy and black; also charmeuse. Lieberthal & Stoller, 40 West 27th.

SATIN Wanted.—Large quantity for cash. 119 West 23d St., Room 900.

SECO and all kinds of silk wanted for cash. Madison Square 8670.

SERGES Wanted.—Spot net cash for 54289; will pay $2.45; also want 100 pieces of 7120 tricotines 11433. Manufacturer, 4765 Vanderbilt.

SERGES Wanted.—Twenty-five pieces each 7120, 528, 54289, 7008, 7614 navy and black; spot cash. Farragut 9237.

SERGES Wanted.—6002, 87, XX 54289, 7120, 4050, quantities for cash. Weinstein & Davidoff. Mad. Sq. 5814.

SERGES Wanted.—All leading qualities; French, mannish, or storm; spot cash. Gramercy 588.

SERGES Wanted.—Will pay spot cash for U. S 125 and Gilbert 8200. Phone Mad. Sq. 1538.

SERGES Wanted.—4061 and 54289, for cash. Phone price to Drucker, Madison Square 1797.

SERGES, Tricotines, Silvertones, &c., Wanted.—Any quantity. T. Weinberg & Sons, 38 West 26th St.

SERGES Wanted.—7512, 6512, 7120, 104, 11433, 10707 and others. Gramercy 785.

SERGES Wanted.—0936, 838, 235, 8200 and 7614 navy. Gramercy 1809-6726.

SERGES Wanted.—Will pay spot cash for all kinds, any quantity. Gramercy 7059.

SERGES Wanted.—French serges or mannish serges. I. Frank, 48 West 22d St.

SERGES Wanted.—7120, 54289, 104, 1464, 519, 11433, 10707, Gramercy 6174.

SERGES Wanted.—Open for quantity, all wool, navy; cheap. Greeley 1544.

SILKS Wanted.—Will buy for cash any quantity of silks, satins, taffetas, georgettes, printed foulards, novelties, velvets, and velvetines; also chiffons and tender silks. Madison Square 2675.

SILKS, Taffetas, Peau de Cygnes Wanted.—In solid colors and changeables; open for large quantities for cash. Lewis Hurwits & Co., 136 Madison Av.

SILKS Wanted.—Open to buy fancy linings and peau de cygnes. Karpas, 22 West 26th.

SILKS Wanted.—White tub silk; also in the greigh. Gramercy 6112.

SILVERTONES Wanted.—For suits, in all shades, will pay spot cash; call with samples. Freudenfall, Goetz & Braff, 6 West 18th St.

SILVERTONES Wanted.—Open for quantity of Joels or Stevens, lightweight, or other makes; will pay $4.25 spot cash. Herzog Cloak and Suit Co., Mad. Sq. 5466.

SILVERTONE Wanted.—15030, 15032, K 544, De Land's 9600, 40-40, Peco plush, tricotine velour, kersey, chameleon cord, and tinseltones; spot cash. Knickerbocker 258.

SILVERTONES, VELOURS Wanted.—Arthur Jones light weight silvertones, all shades; light weight velours, American or Stevens. Call Chelsea 8839.

SILVERTONES Wanted.—Joel's 327, Walworth 3091, Steven's 4315; also American 15036, 15032, all colors; quantity for cash. Greeley 4376.

SILVERTONES Wanted.—American 15032, De Land's 9600, Lawrence 818, 819. A. J. Ludwig & Co., 138 West 25th St. Farragut 9650.

SILVERTONES Wanted.—Deland 9600, color 11-12-13; 15032, color 303-309. Louis Rosenheim & Co., 119 West 24th.

SILVERTONES Wanted. — Joels, Stevens, Bachman; also Andrea gold-tone, Kramer, 2 West 33d, 11th floor, Madison Square 9686.

SILVERTONES Wanted.—Suitings and tricotines; large quantity. Cooper & Grapes. Chelsea 9653.

SILVERTONES Wanted for Cash.—Holden Leonard, Arthur Joel's, or similar quality, all shades. Phone Gramercy 5156.

SILVERTONES Wanted.—B and C, 458, all colors; also H. & L. 718 tinseltone, silvertone 602. Greeley 2080.

SILVERTONES Wanted.—For cash, American 15032, 15030, 15007, Arthur Joel, Saxonia, and Andrews. Spring 8372.

SILVERTONES Wanted. — Light weight duvet de laine, yalamas, and tricotines; for cash. Orchard 3866.

SILVERTONES Wanted.—Pay cash; also tinseltones and Botany Yalama. Pasternack, 319 5th Av.

SILVERTONES Wanted.—Buckley & Cohen, 601; all shades; will pay cash. Merit Co., 1,833 Broadway.

SILVERTONES Wanted.—American, 15032; all colors; will pay cash. Rappaport & Gottlieb, 153 Madison Av.

SILVERTONES Wanted.—Parkside, Holden Leonard, Joel's or similar; all colors; spot cash. Chelsea 8120.

SILVERTONES Wanted.—Will pay spot cash for any quantity. A. H. Gittleson, 39 W. 29th.

SILVERTONES AND TRICOTINES Wanted. —Will pay cash. M. W. Levine & Co., 45 West 28th. Farragut 4072.

SILVERTONE Wanted.—Will pay spot cash for any make suiting weight. Phone Chelsea 2570.

SILVERTONES Wanted.—Americans, 15030, 15032. Atwood Cloak & Suit Co., 148 West 24th.

SILVERTONE, Black River or similar Wanted.—Also Polo cloth. H. Drusin & Son. Farr. 3486.

SILVERTONES Wanted.—Holden, Leonard 602 Reade's or Andrews' 6196. Goldtones. Farragut 2612.

SILVERTONES Wanted.—Tinseltones, any quantity. A. Schwarts & Co., 20 West 33d.

SILVERTONES Wanted. — Style 15032, all shades, for cash. Farragut 4099.

SILVERTONES Wanted.—American, 15032, or similar coatings. Greeley 3183.

SKIRTS Wanted.—Jobbers looking at samples for Fall line. Room 25, 1,193 B'dway.

SILVERTONES Wanted.—American 15032, 15030, or similar. Farragut 9542.

SILVERTONES Wanted.—Joel's American; any quantity; spot cash. Mad. Sq. 8345.

SKIRTS Wanted.—Big jobber placing orders for Fall skirts; will furnish cloth if desired. 9 East 26th, Room 1116.

SKIRTS Wanted.—Jobber buying Fall skirts, 1st floor, 10 West 25th St.

SUITS Wanted.—Jobber settled with union, now placing orders suits, better grade. Call with samples, mornings. Rosengarten, 11 East 31st.

SUITS AND COATS Wanted.—Jobber placing stock orders on Fall suits and coats; call with samples. 1,140 Broadway, 11th Floor.

SUITS Wanted.—Jobber placing orders. Call with samples all week, 12th floor, 122 West 27th.

SUITS Wanted.—Jobber placing orders suits and coats, the better grade. 1,210 Broadway, first floor.

SUITS Wanted.—Placing stock orders on snappy suits; call with samples. 8th floor, 48 West 25th St.

SUITS Wanted.—Placing stock orders; bring samples. 38 West 26th, 9th floor.

SUITS Wanted.—Jobber placing orders. Room 1806, 15 East 26th St.

SUITS AND COATS Wanted.—Placing large orders; jobber. 7th floor, 35 West 31st.

SUITS Wanted.—Jobbers placing stock orders. Lipman & Biener, 32 East 31st St.

TAFFETAS Wanted.—Black and navy; medium price. Victor Garment Co., 1,161 Broadway.

TAFFETA Wanted.—In evening shade. Lieberthal & Stoller, 40 West 27th.

TAFFETA Wanted. — White and evening shades. Madison Square 1682.

TAUPES Wanted.—Nos. 17, 19, 85, stay bindings, Nos. 8, 12, 20; immediate delivery. Franklin 4109.

TINSELTONES, CHAMELEON CORDS Wanted.—Holden Leonard, all colors; pay cash. Farragut 2616.

TINSELTONES AND SILVERTONES Wanted.—All shades. I. Levy & Co., Madison Square 8777.

TINSELTONE Wanted.—Holden & Leonard, Raritan 1272, chinchilla. Mad. Sq. 2604.

TINSELTONE H. & L. Wanted.—All colors. Cohen & Plaks, Chelsea 690.

TRICOLETTES AND PAULETTES Wanted. —36 inches wide, dyed or in the gray; spot cash. H. Leisler & Co., 1 East 29th St.

TRICOLETTE Wanted.—Drop stitch and plain. Alper Bros., 153 West 27th.

TRICOTINES Wanted.—For cash, navies and all shades, U. S. 207, botany 5052, yarn 20541, 16684, Arthur Joel, Cleveland, 2Allen, Brightwood, Dobsons and others. Spring 5372.

TRICOTINES, Silvertones, and Velours Wanted.—Any quantity; any make. Wiesen & Goldstein, 1,107 Broadway.

TRICOTINE Wanted.—Navy, good quality; spot cash on delivery. Marion Dress Co., 2 West 33d St. Madison Square 664.

TRICOTINES Wanted.—Black only, large and small quantities, for cash. Max Orbenberg & Co., 112 Madison Av.

TRICOTINES Wanted.—Whitman's cotton warp, 36-inch; oped for quantity. Horowitz, Chelsea 1911.

TRICOTINES Wanted.—Open for 50 pieces navy Garfield 4718 for cash. H. M. Goldstein, 25 W. 31st.

TRICOTINES Wanted.—Will pay spot cash for any quantity. A. H. Gittleson, 39 W. 29th.

TRICOTINES Wanted.—Any quantity Bilt Rite Dress, 12 West 32d. Madison Square 2947.

TRICOTINES Wanted.—Scotia, U. S., Selden, Dobson's, Gers, and any other makes. Gramercy 4496.

TRICOTINES Wanted.—Navy, for cash. Annetta Dress, 111 West 27th. Farragut 3063.

TRICOTINES Wanted.—All qualities; open for 50 pieces. Harry A. Roman, 22 W. 32d.

TRICOTINE Wanted.—Good quality. Platt & Keller, 20 West 17th St.

TRICOTINES AND SILVERTONES Wanted. —All makes. Chelsea 6018.

TRICOTINES Wanted.—All makes, for cash. Gramercy 1815.

TRICOTINES Wanted.—U. S., Cleveland or Scotia; cash. Madison Square 2639, ext. 21.

TRICOTINES Wanted.—Navy; all makes; cash. Chelsea 7920.

TRICOTINES Wanted.—Navy; any mill. Pasternack, 319 5th Av.

TUB SILK Wanted.—In black and white; quantity no object. Julius D. Booth & Son, 134 West 26th.

TWEEDS Wanted.—All makes; call with samples. Weinreb & Horowitz, 1,140 Broadway.

TWEED Wanted.—For cash; Grant S. Kelly No. 275. Farragut 3767.

VELOURS Wanted.—We pay cash for Gerk velours 50332 or similar; also lightweight silvertones for suitings. Schwartz Bros. Chelsea 9356.

VELOURS Wanted.—American 632, all shades, or similar, silvertones, Joel's, all shades. Leavy, 9 West 31st. Madison Square 1921.

VELOURS Wanted.—F. & H., Botany, Clark & Denis, or similar; quality; also silvertones, tricotines, and broadcloths; pay cash. Madison Square 5509.

VELOURS Wanted—K 544 (or similar,) navy, green, and burgundy; also lightweight silvertonnes, tricotines and broadcloths. Goldberg. Farragut 90.

VELOURS Wanted for Cash.—Americans 632 and Forstmann & Huffman or similar quality, all shades. Phone Gramercy 8151.

VELOURS Wanted.—Lightweight, suitable for dresses, Forstman or botany; popular shades. 4th floor, 302 5th Av.

VELOURS Wanted.—Brown, black, and navy; cotton mixed; can use cheviots at low prices. Greeley 4696.

VELOURS Wanted.—Light weight suiting velours, all colors; cash. Rosengarten, Madison Square 6635.

VELOURS Wanted.—Garfield, 5116 or similar; also tricotine. S. & M. Bernstein, 40 West 32d.

VELOUR Wanted.—Light weight, navy brown, reindeer, Noah Levy, 135 West 20th. Farragut 2378.

VELOUR Wanted.—Checks, suitings, Stevens, Julliards, or Lawrence. Kramer, Madison Square 9656.

VELOURS Wanted.—Clarke & Dana, or similar quality, any shade; for cash. Chelsea 3110.

VELOURS Wanted.—Open for quantity black and all colors. Lawrence 8084, P. S., 23 Times.

VELOURS Wanted. — Cotton warp, all colors; any quantity. H. Drusin & Son, Farragut 3486.

VELOURS, Botany, Yalama, F. & H., or similar Wanted.—All shades; spot cash; also velour checks. Chelsea 3120.

VELOURS AND SILVERTONES Wanted.—All shades. Belkes & Hautmast, 15 West 20th.

VELOURS, Duvet de Laine, Yalama Wanted. —Good. Hecht & Pitofsky, 37 West 28th St.

VELOURS Wanted.—Open for reindeer velour, for cash. Madison Square 1942.

VELOURS Wanted.—Heavy weight, all wool; will pay spot cash. Farragut 8456.

VELOURS Wanted.—032, American; all colors; brown preferred. Plaza 7406.

VELOURS Wanted.—Lightweight; all colors. Karp Bros., 45 West 27th St.

VELOURS Wanted.—Lightweight velours; all colors, for cash. Greeley 4377.

VELOURS Wanted.—Suitings. Kramer, Madison Square 9656.

VELOURS Wanted.—Suiting weight, all colors. Farragut 302.

VELOURS Wanted.—All colors. Pasternack, 319 5th Av.

VELVETEENS Wanted.—Can use any quantity in velvets or velveteens, plain back or twill back; any colors; submit samples. L. Finkelstein & Sons, 606 Broadway. Tel. Spring 6311.

VOILES Wanted.—Piece goods, printed voiles, dark brown, to close out. Redfern Costume, 22 West 27th.

WAISTS Wanted.—Jobber looking at samples Georgeth waists. Bluebird, 224 5th Av.

WASH SKIRTS Wanted.—Large and small quantities. 87 5th Av., 7th floor.

Contracts Wanted.

Contract work desired on overgaiters and children's leggings; complete plant. N 766 Times Downtown.

DRESS CONTRACTOR making popular price work desires to connect with a few jobbers who can keep his plant busy and can supply material. J. A., 801 Times Downtown.

Offerings to Buyers

Ten cents per word each insertion.

BROADCLOTHS AND KERSEYS.—Juilliards 110, Radium broadcloth, Holmes kersey X.X.X., in all shades; also all-wool oxford suitings for immediate delivery. Henry Samson, 656 Broadway. Spring 8783.

BROADCLOTHS.—110, all colors; 362, 554, 7022, 6106, black; tricotines, serges; all popular numbers. Isadore Deutsch, 229 4th Av. Stuyvesant 6833.

BROADCLOTH. — 112, silvertones, 15062, suedine 13058 and 15035, shade 307. Spring 4088.

BROADCLOTH.—All colors, F. & H. and Botany. 6872 Chelsea.

BROADCLOTHS and velours in all popular Numbers. Israel Cummings & Bros., 28 West 25th St.

CAPS.—Baby christening caps in stock. Max Mayer, 852 4th Av.

CHILDREN'S DRESSES.—6 to 14, chiffon, georgette and voile dresses to close out. Handler, 15 West 24th.

CHILDREN'S DRESSES, 87 fancy dresses to close out. Tannenbaum, 496 Broadway.

CLOTH.—Kessel's and others; ¾ goods; colors and black; reasonable. 137 West 27th, 1st floor.

CLOTH.—Have 20 pieces Stoney & Starkey mixture; cheap. Greeley 1544.

COATING SILVERTONES, Poplins, and Serges.—Immediate delivery. Shainberg & Schoenfeld, 257 4th Av., 14th floor.

COATS, SUITS, DRESSES. — Reorganized; our only salesman; value; if it costs us 95c. you get it for $1; a 5 per cent. profit; comparison in the world's greatest argument. Modern, 15 West 26th.

COATS for Jobbers.—Buy from the business house in New York; a wonderful line of smart styles, surprisingly low price. I. Novick, 45 West 27th.

COATS. — High class; finest materials; distinctive showing; also Spring coats and capes to close. Moseritzky & Stollerman, 28 West 27th.

COATS.—Plush cloth, all kinds, fur trimmed, plain; ladies', juniors', children's, infants'; reasonable. Hutner, 46 West 25th St.

COATS.—Fall plushes, velours, and mixtures to close out; attractive styles. Elsen & Son, 122 West 28th.

COATS.—Suits, capes, dolmans, this spring's stock, sacrifice. Seventh floor, 45 West 25th.

COATS for jobbers at low prices. Tannenbaum & Bloom, 39 East 9th, near Broadway.

COATS.—Jobs of children's and juniors' to close out. Reiken & Hautman, 15 West 20th.

CORDUROY.—9000, white and high colors. Mad Sq. 8644.

COTTON GOODS.—All kinds; also remnants and seconds, bleached and unbleached goods. Meyer Barish Mfg. Co., 548 Broadway.

COTTON GOODS, Sateens.—All grades; spot delivery; under market price; also colors. Nathan & Heyman, Inc., 1,123 Broadway.

COTTON POPLIN, 34,000 yards pink, blue and white, 36-inch; spot delivery. Kahn & Rothbrich, 632 Broadway. 3916 Spring.

CREPE DE CHINES, changeable taffetas, georgettes, and peau de cygnes in stock for immediate delivery. Nassau Silk, 519 8th Av. Gramercy 1197.

CREPE DE CHINES.—4-thread crepe, fine quality, all colors. Parisian Mfg. Co., 31 East 21st. Madison Square 2241.

DRESSES. — Full line ready; serges, tricotines, satins, and georgettes, $6.75 to $37.50. It's a life-saving line. If you fell below what you expected last season, grab hold of our life-saving link of dresses and be pulled to safety. We'll show you how to reach the land of dress prosperity. M. Kirschner & Sons, 16 East 32d.

DRESSES.—New Fall line of serges, satins, taffeta, satin combinations; also flowered, plain and beaded georgettes; now ready for out-of-town jobbers; wonderful models; exceptional values; prices have gone up considerably, our prices same as last year. $5.50 to $16.75. Meyer Bosniak, 20 West 27th St.

DRESSES.—7,000 wonderful styles, ready for immediate delivery; georgettes, georgette combinations, printed georgettes, beaded georgettes, crepe de chines, satin combinations, plain satins, serges, tricotines. Meyer Bosniak, 20 West 27th. Far. 8214.

DRESSES.—Newest Fall models, $1 to $5 less; no salesmen, excessive overhead, or live models, but our models are live sellers; better made dresses of tricotine, paulette, serge, satin, jersey $7.75 to $27.50; voile dresses to close. Feller, 30 West 32d.

DRESSES.—We have our tricotine dresses ready for immediate delivery, from $14.75 up; also wonderful lines of coats and suits, at very cheap prices; be sure to see our wonderful line while in town. Abraham Lustgarten, 8 West 18th St.

DRESSES. — Wise dress buyers never shop around; they come here. 5,000 printed voiles on the racks, $3.75 to $9.75; and it's worth a trip from "No Man's Land" to find such dresses as these. M. Kirschner & Sons, 16 East 32d.

DRESSES.—5,000 beautiful printed voiles, organdies; slaughtering prices; all $5.75 values, $5.75; $6.75 values, $4.50; $7.75 values, $5.75; several jobs very cheap. Emanuel, 42 West 27th St.

DRESSES.—2,000 cottons, dark and light patterns, for after 4th of July sales; also navy georgettes in stock. Franco-American Dress, 114 West 29th.

DRESSES.—2,000 cotton dresses to close out at a sacrifice price; we also have out Fall line of silk serge dresses ready. Pan-American Dress Co., 12 West 21st.

DRESSES.—500 dozen high-grade girls' and infants' colored dresses, exceptionally cheap. Miss Metropolis Dress Co., 153 West 23d St.

DRESSES.—Better grade cotton voiles, dark grounds, stunning designs, $6.75 to $15; ginghams, $3.75 to $7.50; immediate delivery. Glockner, 40 West 27th.

DRESSES.—We have on hand 500 dresses, beaded georgette and plain georgette and satin, for immediate delivery; all sizes, all colors. Merit Dress, 1,133 Broadway.

DRESSES.—Have for immediate delivery chic light and dark ground voile dresses, also small check ginghams for misses and ladies. N. Y. Dress Co., 35 West 45th St.

DRESSES.—Job lot of printed voile and gingham dresses; all shades and sizes. Eagle Dress Co., 41 W. 17th. Farragut 5685.

DRESSES.—200 gingham dresses; big sacrifice; better grade. 5th floor, front, 138 West 17th.

DRESSES.—See our Fall line, now ready; specializing in serges and tricotines. Peerless Dress, 134 West 29th.

DRESSES.—Special to jobbers, georgettes, satins, serges, tricotines; attractive prices. Chic Made, 33 West 34th.

DRESSES.—1,000 voile dresses on rack for July sale; dark and light shades. Samuel Dorf, 13 East 20th St.

DRESSES.—Tailor-made gingham and voile dresses; immediate delivery; $2.75 up. Lazar, 1,265 Broadway.

DRESSES.—July sales, washables, silks, wool; unusual values. Deutsch, 23 West 32d St.

DRESSES.—1,500 georgette satins and cotton dresses on rack to close out. Salan & Kaufman, 12 West 31st.

DRESSES.—Cotton, 500 good assortment of dark printed voiles; snappy styles; to close out. E. Kessler, 1464 Broadway.

DRESSES.—500 cotton dresses, dark serge, snappy styles, at a price. 118 West 27th, 11th floor.

DRESSES.—2,000 dark pattern voile dresses, also navy voiles, to close out. National Costume Co., 148 West 24th.

DRESSES.—Crepe de' chine, $6.50; satins, $7.50 up; best values in town. Loob Nussbaum, 119 West 23d.

DRESSES.—1,000 cotton dresses to close out at a price. S. Simon Co., 135 West 27th St.

DRESSES.—Several thousand georgette and cotton; immediate delivery. Cohen Polowan, 19 West 21st.

DRESSES. — 450 dozen children's wash dresses; special price; good for export. Koehrer's Sons, 58 West 21st.

DRESSES, beaded georgette, satins, and crepe de chines; to close out. Simon, 234 5th Av.

DRESSES.—We have on our racks 5,000 cotton dresses to be sold at a price. 1,122 Broadway, Room 1207.

DRESSES. — Better grades colored voile; very good assortment for immediate delivery. B. Geist, 28 West 25th.

DRESSES.—500 cotton dresses to close out. Epstein & Warsaw, 12 West 17th St. Chelsea 8604.

DRESSES.—500 all-wool French serge dresses to close out, $6.75. Athens Dress Co., 170 5th Av.

DRESSES.—Big job of cotton dresses, cotton voile dresses, to be sold cheap. Katz & Hirschhorn, 1,133 West 27th. Chelsea 4047.

DRESSES.—Flowered voiles dresses on hand for immediate delivery; reasonable prices. Biltwell Dress, 142 West 24th.

DRESSES.—Contractor has 3,000 cotton dresses to close out. D. & D. Dress Co., 137 West 25th St.

DRESSES.—Dress contractor has 2,000 cotton dresses; good assortment; cheap. 119 West 23d., Room 300.

DRESSES.—Georgette, crepe de chine, serges, satins, jerseys; cheap. Milton, 54 West 25th St.

DRESSES.—Cottons, ginghams, voiles, organdies; very cheap. Milton, 954 West 25th.

DRESSES.—500 georgette to close out at sacrifice price. Elmo Dress Co., 233 5th Av.

DRESSES.—500 voile, flowered, to close out at sacrifice. Normana Dress, 270 Fifth Av.

DRESSES.—French linens to close out very cheap. H. Greger Co., 25 West 31st St.

DRESSES.—5,000 cotton and 1,000 georgettes to close out. 12 West 32d, 10th floor.

DRESSES.—1,000 voile; close out cheap. S. G. Rabinowitz, 17 East 22d.

DRESSES, Suits, Coats.—To close out. Samuels, 59 Division St. 8689 Orchard.

DRESSES, Suits, Coats.—To close out. Sold & Co., 32 East 31st.

DRESSES.—A few hundred cotton printed voiles, to close out. Weiner, 314 7th Av.

DRESSES.—Girls', juniors' serges, velvet, bargain prices. 3d floor, 38 West 26th.

GEORGETTES.—In the raw; for immediate delivery. Phone 256 Stuyvesant.

GINGHAMS, Amoskeag, Derwick, Progress, stripes, plaids and plain; below market price. Goodman, 23 West 38th, 8th floor. Greeley 6115.

GINGHAMS AND PERCALES.—Assortment. New York Textile Exchange, 1,182 Broadway, Madison Square 8671.

GLOVES.—50 dozen men's washable tan capes, to close out cheap. Spring 3626.

HOSIERY.—160 dozen Ipswich 470 ladies' fibre, white, $4.65; 60 dozen Ipswich 3300 men's fibre, black and tan, $4.35; immediate delivery. Stevens, Broad 4880.

HOSIERY.—Ipswich, 50M, ladies', 75 dozen black; also ladies' mercerized lisle. Gross & Mack, 621 Broadway.

JERSEYS.—Worsted and ribbed; will sell cheap. Bodenstein, 303 5th Av.

KNEE PANTS.—Large lot of cashmere and corduroy; reasonable. Reliance, 135 Bleecker St.

PEAU DE CYGNES.—Tan and pearl gray; reasonable. Republic Textile Co., 22 West 32d St.

PETTICOATS.—About 100 dozen white muslin petticoats, to close out at a price. The Har-Lev Co., 35 West 32d St. Phone Madison Square 3004.

PIQUE.—Wonderful quality; big sacrifice. New York Textile Co., 1,182 Broadway. Madison Square 8670.

PLUSHES.—Purmoss, sofurra, nuphur, poloret, and 4010 Blumenthal's beaver. Greenberg, 29 West 35th. Greeley 4695.

PLUSHES.—Beaver 4014, Dobson's 338, De Land's 9600, Juilliard's 110. Madison Square 6004.

PLUSHES, NUPHUR, FURMOSS.—4014, Mintex beaver, Unimoc, Annlemole. Gramercy 1074.

PLUSHES.—Hudson Bay, furmoss, nuphur,

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ARRIVAL OF BUYERS

Arriving Buyers may register in this column by telephoning Bryant 1000.

AKRON, Ohio—M. O'Neill & Co.; Miss A. E. Dalton, silk dresses; 37 W. 26th.

AKRON, Ohio—M. O'Neill & Co.; H. G. Cameron, coats, suits; 37 W. 26th.

AKRON, Ohio—M. O'Neil Co.; A. F. Clark, silks; Miss L. Carlos, waists; E. Weinstein, petticoats, muslin underwear; 37 W. 26th.

ALBANY, Ga.—Hofmayer D. G. Co.; L. J. Hofmayer, notions; men's furn. goods, hosiery; 43 Leonard St.

ALEXANDRIA, La.—Simon Bros.; S. Simon, house furn. goods; Penn.

ALEXANDRIA, La.—Simon Bros.; S. Simon, men's, women's ready-to-wear; 141 Madison Av.

ALLIANCE, Ohio — Spring-Holsworth Co.; Miss H. E. Kipplinger, J. S. Spring, ready-to-wear; 35 W. 32; St. Andrew.

ALTOONA, Penn.—L. Bergman, Falls suits; 37 West 26th.

ATLANTA, Ga.—Ernest L. Rhodes Co.; R. A. Beard, hats; Penn.

ATLANTA—Ernest L. Rhodes Co.; J. E. Dance, flowers, feathers; Pennsylvania.

ATLANTA—American Hat Mfg. Co.; B. Goettinger, representing; 565 Broadway.

AUGUSTA, Ga.—Goldberg & Sons; J. Goldberg, ready-to-wear; Breslin.

AUSTIN, Texas—S. Perris, coats, suits, waists, dresses; 25 West 33d.

AUSTIN, Texas—M. Estes, ladies' ready-to-wear, millinery; McAlpin.

BALTIMORE — A. Eisenberg; Mrs. H. Katz, children's, infants' wear; 404 4th Av.

BALTIMORE—A. Eisenberg; I. Baer, rugs; 105 Grand.

BALTIMORE—Hecht, Brittingham Co.; W. L. Weideman, millinery; York.

BALTIMORE—D. Miller Co.; J. H. Spenser, domestics; Imperial.

BALTIMORE—Stewart & Co.; F. E. Pennock, domestics, blankets; 2 West 37th St.

BALTIMORE—Cahn-Coblens Co.; Miss P. Solomon, Hull blouses; Penn.

BALTIMORE—Kramer & Sauber; N. Sauber, white goods; 1,182 Broadway, Room 504.

BALTIMORE—Florence McCarthy Co.; H. Ritter, fancy notions; G. A. Tatum, neckwear, ribbons; 906 B'way.

BALTIMORE—Stewart & Co.; Mrs. M. Lannon, waists, muslin underwear, infants' wear; 2 W. 37th.

BEAUMONT—The Fashion; J. E. Jones, ready-to-wear; 305 5th Av.

BELOIT, Wis.—Thompson-Butterfield Co.; Mr. Thompson, coats, suits, dresses, waists, skirts; 303 5th Av.

BINGHAMTON, N. Y. — Fowler, Dick & Walker; E. B. Crase, basement dept.; A. MacArthur, coats, suits; 6 W. 32d.

BIRMINGHAM, Ala.—Saks & Co.; J. B. Saks, clothing, furn. goods; 220 5th Av.

BOSTON—E. G. Woodman Co.; I. Stonehouse, furn. goods; Latham.

BOSTON—Chandler & Co.; W. H. Mulcahy, linens; 230 5th Av.

BOSTON—Superior Millinery Co.; P. M. Ginsburg, millinery; Gregorian.

BOSTON—Gilchrist Co.; Miss Wall, infants' wear; Messrs. buyers; M. Cohen, jobs suits, dresses, bathing suits, children's dresses; Miss Keltner, muslin underwear, infants' wear, house dresses; Miss Rice, hosiery, underwear; 200 5th Av.

BOSTON—C. F. Hovey & Co.; Miss E. Boas, costumes; 243 Church.

BOSTON—R. H. White Co.; R. Phillips, hotel supplies; 470 4th Av.

BOSTON—Browning, King & Co.; Miss A. L. Ryan, children's clothing; 16 Coopse Square.

BOSTON—W. B. Cloak Co.; Mr. Levinson, coats, suits, dresses; 45 W. 27th; Room 405.

BOSTON—William Filene's Sons Co.; basement buyers; Miss Callanhan, silk and woolen underwear; Mr. Ring, ladies' and misses' dresses; Mrs. Kananof, ladies' neckwear; Miss Sweeney, millinery; Miss Dartt, infants' wear, negligees, house dresses; Mr. Koenigsthal, men's and boys' clothing; Mr. Goldberg, men's furnishings; Mr. Dutch, children's, juniors' and girls' coats, bathing suits, children's millinery; Mr. Rafeld, children's, juniors' and girls' dresses; Mr. O'Brien, ladies' and misses' coats and suits; Mr. Levine, skirts; Miss Duquette, sweaters; Miss Golding, waists; Miss Hickey, corsets, Upsalris; Mrs. Milliken, infants' wear; Miss Lyons, handkerchiefs; Miss Peck, silk and muslin underwear; Mr. Hunting, women's coats; Mr. Felnson, golf, tennis luggage; Mr. Silver, overcoats, leather coats; Mr. Gowdy, specialty clothing; 225 5th Av.

INDIANAPOLIS—H. P. Wasson & Co.; Miss H. Griffin, gloves; 116 W. 32d.

BOSTON—R. H. White Co.; Miss A. E. Adams, skirts, bathing, suits; Mrs. N. C. Mackey, cotton underwear, petticoats, negligees; Miss A. G. Tarpey, misses' suits, coats, gowns, girls' coats, dresses; S. Falk, boys' clothing, furnishing goods, men's, boys' shoes; 470 4th Ave.

BOSTON—E. T. Slattery Co.; Miss Hennedy, crepe de chine, underwear; 25 West 33d.

BOSTON—Empirium Worsted Millinery Co.; E. A. Barnum, millinery; 621 Broadway.

BOSTON—Jordan-Marsh Co.; Miss Chaloux, corsets, basement; Miss Rowell, corsets; Miss Burns, house dresses, ladies' dresses; W. F. Varnum, boys' clothing, wash clothing; F. C. Kemball, women's costumes; F. A. Burdick, women's coats, skirts, bathing suits; Miss Reagan, boys' furnishing goods; R. A. Southworth, pictures; P. F. Keefe, misses' coats, skirts, bathing suits; R. J. Trimble, women's, children's cotton underwear; 432 4th Av.

BUFFALO, N. Y.—J. N. Adam & Co.; H. P. Bartlett, coats, suits, skirts, dresses; Miss Dooley, waists, muslin underwear, corsets, negligees; 2 West 37th.

BUFFALO, N. Y.—Flint & Kent; W. A. Parsons, coats, suits, waists; 220 5th Av.

BUFFALO—Siegrist & Fraley; G. Smith, coats, suits; 20th floor, 212 5th Av.

BUFFALO—Clawson & Wilson Co.; E. C. Hall, muslin underwear, waists, knit goods; N. Collins, hats, caps; H. Wilson, furs; 43 Leonard.

BRIDGEPORT, Conn.—Smith-Murray Co.; C. F. Kleindienst, domestics; 105 Grand.

BUFFALO, N. Y.—I. S. Given; Miss Clossie, wash dresses, wash skirts, Fall silk, serge dresses; 37 West 26th.

BUFFALO, N. Y.—Wm. Hengerer Co.; W. J. Boyle, silks, dress goods; 2 W. 37th.

BUTTE, Mon.—Hennessy Co.; R. J. Cronin, silks; N. R. Pope, representing; 23 E. 26th.

CANTON, Ohio—Spring-Holzworth Co.; M. Miller, ready-to-wear; 35 W. 32d; St. Andrew.

CANTON, Ohio—W. E. Hower & Co.; W. E. Homer, coats, suits; Bristol.

CARROLLTON, Mo.—Mrs. E. Early; children's wear; McAlpin.

CEDAR RAPIDS—Oronsky & Son; H. Oronsky, ready-to-wear; 1,150 B'way; Penn.

CEDAR RAPIDS, Iowa—Welch-Cook Co.; F. A. Beals, notions, fancy goods; A. L. Embree, dry goods; 43 Leonard St.

CHARLESTON, S. C.—M. Marks & Sons; L. Marks, cloaks, suits; Commodore.

CHATTANOOGA, Tenn.—Robert Schwartz Co.; R. Schwartz, Mrs. Kirkpatrick, ready-to-wear; 1140 Broadway.

CHICAGO—Carson, Pirie, Scott & Co.; F. B. Crawford, hosiery, underwear; 404 4th Av.

CHICAGO—T. J. Phelan, untrimmed hats; 303 5th Av.

CHICAGO—J. V. Farwell Co.; H. M. Anning, flannels, blankets; 43 Leonard.

CHICAGO—Mandel Bros.; C. Powell, basement dresses; Miss B. Sternberg, notions; 13 E. 22d.

CHICAGO—Kaiser Bros. Co.; S. Kaiser, misses', children's furs; Breslin.

CHICAGO—D. S. Komiss & Co.; D. S. Komiss, furs, fur coats, suits; Commodore.

CHICAGO—Hovland, Sardeson, McColm Co.; J. F. Hovland, coats, suits; 303 5th Av.

CHICAGO—Liederman Bros. & Sobaroff Co.; I. Liederman, cloth hats, caps; Broadway Central.

CHICAGO—Zuckerman & Berkowitz; A. Berkowitz, clothing; Broadway Central.

CHICAGO—Carson, Pirie, Scott & Co.; J. L. Amann, upholstery goods; W. Robertson, linens; 404 4th Av.

CHICAGO—S. Klein; Mr. Bentler, curtains; 1,133 B'way.

CHICAGO—A. Heyman Co.; Mr. Heyman, hosiery, sweaters; McAlpin.

CHICAGO—Hillman's; H. Kassakoff, ribbons, umbrellas, women's neckwear, veilings; Miss Epstein, dresses; 277 5th Av.

CHICAGO—J. V. Farwell Co.; F. O. Strelch, silks, velvets, ribbons; J. J. Finn, work shirts, chambray piece goods; 72 Leonard.

CHICAGO—Sears, Roebuck & Co.; H. Kucera, dress cottons; F. G. Suffield, wash goods, flannels; 115 5th Av.

CHICAGO—Marshall Field & Co.; R. G. Argus, jewelry; C. L. Hosker, cottons, sheetings; Miss A. Tyon, pictures; J. E. Schoninger, leather goods, stationery; J. E. Myser, jewelry; 1,107 Broadway.

CHICAGO—Marshall Field & Co.; Gates, notions; E. R. Erwin, neckwear; T. J. Thackery, furs; F. C. Busse, white goods; L. Baisley, women's neckwear; E. F. George, watches; Miss B. Saxe, silverware; J. M. White, C. L. Hoskins, men's clothing; B. Fisher, A. Crocker, neckwear; B. Maher, E. Courtright, misses' coats, suits; D. McFadden, corsets; C. Hubocher, furs; C. W. Leffingwell, dry goods; 1,107 Broadway.

CINCINNATI—The McAlpin Co.; J. C. Neuhoff, millinery; 23 E. 26th.

CINCINNATI—Irwin's; Mr. Berkson, coats; 404 4th Av.

CINCINNATI—Model Skirt & Suit Co.; J. B. Jacobs, jobs dresses; Pennsylvania.

CINCINNATI—John Shillito Co.; F. B. Woodward, men's furn. goods, gloves; 452 4th Av; Herald Square.

CINCINNATI—John Shillito Co.; C. C. Vogt, upholstery goods; 423 4th Av.; Navarre.

CINCINNATI—H. & S. Pogue Co.; H. Bachmeyer, hosiery, underwear, knit goods; 366 5th Av.

CLEVELAND—S. Alter & Co.; S. Alter, waists, dresses; Churchill.

CLEVELAND—I. J. Stotter, ready-to-wear; Cumberland.

CLEVELAND—May Co.; Miss J. M. Ramsay, corsets; 37 W. 26th.

CLEVELAND—Ames Co.; Miss B. Earl, misses', children's department; L. S. Newhaus, waists; 116 W. 32d.

CLEVELAND—Dawson & Wilson Co.; E. J. Bell, domestics, wash goods; R. A. Thompson, linens, white goods; 43 Leonard.

CLEVELAND—May Co.; A. R. Samuels, hats, caps; 37 W. 26th.

CLEVELAND—Bailey Co.; Mrs. Moscowits, Fall suits; J. Gans, jewelry, clocks, silverware; S. Kouback, notions, ribbons, leather goods; 37 West 26th.

COLUMBIA, Penn.—S. Colpen, dresses, waists; Breslin.

COLUMBUS, Ga.—L. Friedman & Son; F. Freidman, men's, women's wear; 661 Broadway.

COLUMBUS, Ohio—Moorshouse-Martens Co.; J. A. Grimes, ready-to-wear; Miss A. Ayres, waists; 6 W. 32d.

COLUMBUS, Ohio—Columbus D. G. Co.; Miss L. B. Covert, ready-to-wear; Prince George.

COLUMBUS, Ohio—F. & R. Lazarus; G. C. Dessler, toys, baggage, sporting goods; Miss Dunlap, children's ready-to-wear; 225 5th Av.

COLUMBUS, Ohio—F. & R. Lazarus Co.; Miss F. L. Berry, millinery; 225 5th Av.

COLUMBUS, Ohio—F. & R. Lazarus Co.; Miss E. Dunlop, girls' dresses, infants' wear; 225 5th Av.; Collingwood.

COLUMBUS, Ohio—Morehouse-Martens Co.; Miss M. Donovan, hosiery, gloves, knit goods; 6 W. 32d.

COLUMBUS, Ohio—The Fashion; Mrs. M. E. Evans, dresses, coats; Holland House.

DALLAS, Texas—I. Rude, men's, boys' clothing, furn. goods; 12 East 12th; Penn.

DALLAS, Texas—Glick-Sharfstein Co.; S. Sharfstein, women's wear; Breslin.

DALLAS—Goldsmith D. G. Co.; Miss O. M. Millerick, costumes; Room 723, 1,133 B'way.

DALLAS, Texas—Perkins, D. G. Co.; C. A. Brooks, hosiery, underwear; 40 Worth.

DALLAS, Texas—Higginbotham-Bailey-Logan Co.; F. D. Evans, gents' furnishing goods; 395 Broadway.

DAYTON, Ohio—Rike-Kumler Co.; Miss Byrnes, dresses; 225 5th Av.

DANVILLE, Ill.—Meis Bros.; A. Meis, millinery, suits; G. Ades, boys', men's clothing; basement, 116 West 32d.

DAYTON, Ohio—The Rike-Kumler Co.; Mr. Zapolean, women's ready-to-wear, underwear; 225 5th Av.

DECATUR, Ill.—Linn & Scruggs D. G. Co.; Mr. Wright, shoes; 1,133 Broadway.

DENVER, Col.—Joslin D. G. Co.; P. J. Sullivan, glassware; 23 E. 22d.

DENVER—Denver D. G. Co.; Miss J. E. Wendell, infants', children's wear; 200 5th Av.

DENTON, Texas—Jarrell-Evans D. G. Co.; W. F. Jarrell, dry goods; Penn.

DES MOINES, Iowa—Harris-Emery Co.; H. H. Howard, basement jewelry, leather goods, holiday lines; L. De Witt, basement ready-to-wear, waists, muslin underwear, petticoats, kimonos, house dresses; H. H. Fisher, basement silks, woolens, domestics, linens, curtains; Mrs. Harris, art needlework, novelties; 1,150 B'way.

DETROIT—Robinson & Cohen Co.; H. Cohen, ready-to-wear, general merchandise; Bristol.

DETROIT—Victor Knitting Mills; D. R. Stocker, hosiery, gloves, furn. goods; 396 B'way.

DETROIT—Kline's; Mrs. Brooks, dresses; Miss Landy, coats; 404 4th Av.

DETROIT—Newland Hat Co.; J. A. Gleeson, hats, gloves; Navarre.

DETROIT—A. Krolik & Co.; J. A. Labey, small wares; 377 B'way.

DETROIT—Detroit Princess Mfg. Co.; C. W. Moore, mirs. ladies', misses', children's dresses; 209 5th Av., Room 522.

DETROIT—J. L. Hudson Co.; Miss Osborne, dresses; Mr. Gibben, basement ready-to-wear; 225 5th Av.

DETROIT—Crowley-Milner Co.; Miss B. A. Fitzpatrick, silk, cotton waists; 116 W. 32d.

DETROIT—J. L. Hudson Co.; C. G. Sheffield, coats, suits; 225 5th Av.; Latham.

DETROIT—J. L. Hudson Co.; J. J. Henry, housefurn. goods; 225 5th Av.; Latham.

DETROIT—O. E. Stotter, ready-to-wear; Cumberland.

DETROIT—Crowley Bros.; F. C. Feckensher, hosiery, shirts, underwear; 48 Leonard.

DETROIT—J. L. Hudson Co.; J. J. Henry, housefurn. goods; 225 5th Av.; Latham.

DETROIT—O. E. Stotter, ready-to-wear; Cumberland.

DETROIT—Crowley Bros.; F. C. Feckensher, hosiery, shirts, underwear; 48 Leonard.

DETROIT—Burnham, Stoepel & Co.; A. W. Lind, wash goods, prints, ginghams; J. Beuler, white goods, linens; 43 Leonard.

DETROIT—J. L. Hudson Co.; Mr. Sheffield, coats, suits; Mrs. Dewey, stout wear; 225 5th Av.

DETROIT—D. E. Kellogg & Co.; D. E. Kellogg, millinery; Penn.

DETROIT—J. L. Hudson Co.; M. Henry, housefurnishing goods, toys; Mr. Gibler, basement ready-to-wear; 225 5th Av.

DETROIT—Newcomb, Endicott Co.; H. H. Spring, hosiery, muslin underwear, bags, suitcases, basement; 200 5th Av.

DOTHAN, Ala.—Saxon & Beard D. G. Co.; J. B. Saxon, women's, children's furn. goods; 6 W. 32d.

ELMIRA, N. Y.—Tepper Bros.; E. Tepper, furn. goods; Latham.

EL PASO, Texas—Popular D. G. Co.; G. A. Cook, muslin underwear, infants', children's wear; M. Mayer, millinery, ready-to-wear; 1,150 B'way.

ENID, Okla.—C. H. Wright Stores; Mrs. Trimble, ready-to-wear; 1,170 Broadway.

ERIE, Penn.—Erie D. G. Co.; Miss E. Bowers, millinery; Miss M. Johnson, cloaks; A. E. Seidl, dresses; 432 4th Av.

FORT SMITH, Ark.—Berry-Beall D. G. Co.; H. Fisher, ready-to-wear; 43 Leonard.

FORT SMITH, Ark.—Boston Store; Miss M. Holden and F. Smith, ready-to-wear; 116 W. 32d; Prince George.

FORT VALLEY, Ga.—H. Moskovitz, georgette dresses, waists; 1,170 B'way; Room 503.

FORT WAYNE, Ind.—Wolf & Dessauer, G. I. Lafi, coats, suits, waists; 6 W. 32; Hargrove.

FORT WAYNE, Ind.—Wolf & Dessauer; J. Dessauer, dry goods; 6 West 32d; Penn.

FORT WAYNE, Ind.—The Vogue; O. G. Ankenbruck, ready-to-wear; 277 5th Av.

FORT WAYNE, Ind.—C. T. Pidgeon Millinery Co.; W. E. Woebbeking, millinery; 621 B'way; Penn.

FREEPORT, Ill.—Linn & Scruggs D. G. Co.; Mr. Wright, shoes; 1,133 Broadway.

DENVER, Col.—Joslin D. G. Co.; P. J. Sullivan, glassware; 23 E. 22d.

DENVER—Denver D. G. Co.; Miss J. E. Wendell, infants', children's wear; 200 5th Av.

DENTON, Texas—Jarrell-Evans D. G. Co.; W. F. Jarrell, dry goods; Penn.

DES MOINES, Iowa—Harris-Emery Co.; H. H. Howard, basement jewelry, leather goods, holiday lines; L. De Witt, basement ready-to-wear, waists, muslin underwear, petticoats, kimonos, house dresses; H. H. Fisher, basement silks, woolens, domestics, linens, curtains; Mrs. Harris, art needlework, novelties; 1,150 B'way.

DETROIT—Robinson & Cohen Co.; H. Cohen, ready-to-wear, general merchandise; Bristol.

DETROIT—Victor Knitting Mills; D. R. Stocker, hosiery, gloves, furn. goods; 396 B'way.

DETROIT—Kline's; Mrs. Brooks, dresses; Miss Landy, coats; 404 4th Av.

DETROIT—Newland Hat Co.; J. A. Gleeson, hats, gloves; Navarre.

DETROIT—A. Krolik & Co.; J. A. Labey, small wares; 377 B'way.

DETROIT—Detroit Princess Mfg. Co.; C. W. Moore, mirs. ladies', misses', children's dresses; 209 5th Av., Room 522.

DETROIT—J. L. Hudson Co.; Miss Osborne, dresses; Mr. Gibben, basement ready-to-wear; 225 5th Av.

DETROIT—Crowley-Milner Co.; Miss B. A. Fitzpatrick, silk, cotton waists; 116 W. 32d.

DETROIT—J. L. Hudson Co.; C. G. Sheffield, coats, suits; 225 5th Av.; Latham.

DETROIT—J. L. Hudson Co.; J. J. Henry, housefurn. goods; 225 5th Av.; Latham.

DETROIT—O. E. Stotter, ready-to-wear; Cumberland.

DETROIT—Crowley Bros.; F. C. Feckensher, hosiery, shirts, underwear; 48 Leonard.

DETROIT—Burnham, Stoepel & Co.; A. W. Lind, wash goods, prints, ginghams; J. Beuler, white goods, linens; 43 Leonard.

DETROIT—J. L. Hudson Co.; Mr. Sheffield, coats, suits; Mrs. Dewey, stout wear; 225 5th Av.

DETROIT—D. E. Kellogg & Co.; D. E. Kellogg, millinery; Penn.

DETROIT—J. L. Hudson Co.; M. Henry, housefurnishing goods, toys; Mr. Gibler, basement ready-to-wear; 225 5th Av.

DETROIT—Newcomb, Endicott Co.; H. H. Spring, hosiery, muslin underwear, bags, suitcases, basement; 200 5th Av.

DOTHAN, Ala.—Saxon & Beard D. G. Co.; J. B. Saxon, women's, children's furn. goods; 6 W. 32d.

ELMIRA, N. Y.—Tepper Bros.; E. Tepper, furn. goods; Latham.

EL PASO, Texas—Popular D. G. Co.; G. A. Cook, muslin underwear, infants', children's wear; M. Mayer, millinery, ready-to-wear; 1,150 B'way.

ENID, Okla.—C. H. Wright Stores; Mrs. Trimble, ready-to-wear; 1,170 Broadway.

ERIE, Penn.—Erie D. G. Co.; Miss E. Bowers, millinery; Miss M. Johnson, cloaks; A. E. Seidl, dresses; 432 4th Av.

FORT SMITH, Ark.—Berry-Beall D. G. Co.; H. Fisher, ready-to-wear; 43 Leonard.

FORT SMITH, Ark.—Boston Store; Miss M. Holden and F. Smith, ready-to-wear; 116 W. 32d; Prince George.

FORT VALLEY, Ga.—H. Moskovitz, georgette dresses, waists; 1,170 B'way; Room 503.

FORT WAYNE, Ind.—Wolf & Dessauer, G. I. Lafi, coats, suits, waists; 6 W. 32; Hargrove.

FORT WAYNE, Ind.—Wolf & Dessauer; J. Dessauer, dry goods; 6 West 32d; Penn.

FORT WAYNE, Ind.—The Vogue; O. G. Ankenbruck, ready-to-wear; 277 5th Av.

FORT WAYNE, Ind.—C. T. Pidgeon Millinery Co.; W. E. Woebbeking, millinery; 621 B'way; Penn.

FORT WORTH, Texas—Sanger Bros.; Mrs. Ford, corsets; 19 E. 24th.

FRESNO, Cal.—E. Gottschalk & Co.; W. Knauss, infants' wear, muslin underwear, sweaters; 116 W. 32d.

GALVESTON, Texas—S. J. Williams, men's furn. goods, clothing; Brentell.

GRAND RAPIDS, Mich.—M. Friedman, ready-to-wear; Penn.

GRAND RAPIDS, Mich.—Herpolsheimer Co.; G. A. Mangold, coats, suits; 1,170 B'way.

GRAND ISLAND, Neb. — Golden Rule Co.; H. C. Faidley, general mdse.; 141 Madison Av.; Breslin.

GRAND RAPIDS, Mich.—P. Steketer & Sons; R. H. Jontz, carpets, rugs, draperies; 6 West 32d.

GREELEY, Col.—G. M. Meis; notions, small wares, hosiery, underwear; 116 West 32d.

GREENSBURG, Penn.—J. Strouse, ready-to-wear; Miss Hoffman, ready-to-wear; 1,270 Broadway.

HAMMOND, Ind.—E. C. Minas Co.; Mr. Lowe, Miss Price, ready-to-wear; 1,270 Broadway.

HANNIBAL, Mo.—Reiba; E. L. Reib, ready-to-wear; Imperial.

HARRISONBURG, Va.—J. Nay & Son.; E. Nay, ready-to-wear; 44 E. 23d.

HERKIMER, N. Y.—H. G. Munger & Co.; Miss E. Harter, ladies' waists, corsets, infants', children's wear; 404 4th Av.

HOLYOKE, Mass.—A. Steiger & Co.; P. C. Steiger, coats, suits, skirts, muslin underwear; 404 4th Av.; Wallick.

HOUSTON, Texas—W. C. Munn Co.; C. K. Reese, furniture; 1,150 B'way.

HOUSTON, Texas—Stubbell, Slack & Co.; W. Weatherford, general mdse.; Imperial.

HOUSTON, Texas—Levy Bros. D. G. Co.; A. M. Levy, general mdse.; 1,150 B'way; Aberdeen.

HOUSTON, Texas—Inman, Nelms Co.; A. L. Negus, cottons; Commodore.

HOUSTON, Tex.—Levy Bros. Co.; Mrs. Shannon, ladies' ready-to-wear; 1,150 B'way.

HOUSTON, Texas—Levy Bros. D. G. Co.; H. Levy, dry goods; 1,150 B'way.

HOUSTON, Texas—Texas D. G. & Notion Co.; J. Lipstate, notions, gents' furnishing goods, hosiery, underwear, women's knitted wear; 395 Broadway.

HUNTINGTON, W. Va.—Croft, Stanard D. G. Co.; H. A. Resener, notions; 40 Worth.

HUNTINGTON, W. Va.—Watts, Ritter & Co.; E. C. Lawson, hosiery, furn. goods; 43 Leonard.

INDIANAPOLIS—H. P. Wasson & Co.; C. Milliken, men's furn. goods; 116 W. 32d.

INDIANAPOLIS—John D. Brosnan Cloak & Suit Co.; John D. Brosnan, coats, suits, waists, skirts; Catholic Club.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind.—Havens & Geddes Co.; L. P. Goebel, dress goods, silks; 72 Leonard St.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind.—H. P. Wasson Co.; Miss P. McKarney, millinery; 116 West 32.

KANSAS CITY—Emery, Bird, Thayer & Co.; H. J. Koenig, furs; 25 Madison Ave.

KANSAS CITY, Mo.—Burnham-Munger-Root D. G. Co.; H. W. Brown, mfr. dept.; 43 Leonard.

KANSAS CITY—Jones Stores Co.; A. Weinberg, readdto-wear; 23 E. 26th.

KANSAS CITY, Mo.—New York Store; Miss R. Frank, waists; 116 W. 32d.

KANSAS CITY, Mo.—Frankel, Frank & Co.; Frankel, millinery, silks, laces; J. Lyons, hats; 411 5th Av.; Sherman Square.

KNOXVILLE, Tenn.—Anderson-Dulin-Varnell Co.; Mr. Crosby, shirts, underwear; 60 Worth.

LANCASTER, Penn.—Hager & Bros; J. P. Little, coats, suits, waists, infants' wear; 404 4th Av.; Gregorian.

LANCASTER, Penn.—Stauffer, Breneman & Co.; A. M. Breneman, furn. goods, clothing; Imperial.

LEEANON, Penn.—Eichman's; I. Eichman, ready-to-wear; Imperial.

LIBERTYY, N. Y.—H. J. Sarles & Co.; H. J. Sarles, general mdse.; 404 4th Av.

LITTLE ROCK, Ark.—Gus Blass, Co.; J. N. Battle, silks; 1,150 B'way.

LITTLE ROCK — Pfeiffer Bros.; D. Lubin, ready-to-wear; A. Nosnak, jobs basement general mdse.; 1,150 B'way.

LITTLE ROCK, Ark.—Doyle-Kidd D. G. Co.; W. N. Doyle, notions, hosiery, gloves, ribbons; 60 Worth; Pennsylvania.

LITTLE ROCK, Ark.—Doyle, Kidd D. G. Co.; H. J. Lensing, dry goods; H. W. Clapham, men's furnishing goods; 60 Worth.

LOS ANGELES—A. Hamburger & Sons; J. R. Collins, toilet goods, perfumery; 225 5th Av.

LOS ANGELES—Broden Millinery Co.; A. Broden, millinery; Breslin.

LOS ANGELES—H. S. Goldberg, ready-to-wear; 15 East 26th.

LOS ANGELES—Klein-Norton Co.; J. Levy, hosiery, knit goods, shirts, overalls; 396 Broadway; Cumberland.

LOS ANGELES—Sweildom Cloak & Suit Co.; H. S. Goldberg, ready-to-wear; 15 E. 26th.

LOS ANGELES—Cooper, Coate & Casey D. G. Co.; R. E. Carey, women's ready-to-wear, factory department; L. G. Weis, representing; 377 Broadway.

LOUISVILLE, Ky.—Stewart D. G. Co.; Miss Miller, waists, misses' ready-to-wear; Miss E. Bennett, coats, suits, dresses, waists; 2 West 37th.

LOUISVILLE, Ky.—Klein Furn. Goods Co.; S. Klein, furn. goods; Breslin.

LOUISVILLE, Ky.—Bon Ton Cloak and Suit Co.; J. Greenstein, coats, suits; 1,270 B'way.

LOUISVILLE, Ky.—Kaufmann-Strauss Co.; G. P. Walmsley, Mrs. C. Allen, coats, suits, waists; 220 5th Av.

LOUISVILLE, Ky.—Carter D. G. Co., Inc.; G. Krareise, notions, fancy goods, stationery, dolls, toys; 43 Leonard.

LYCHBURG, Va.—J. W. Ould Co.; S. R. Hill, hosiery, notions, gloves, laces; 43 Leonard.

LYNCHBURG, Va.—I. R. Miller & Co.; B. K. Merryman, ready-to-wear; 1,150 B'way.

LYNCHBURG, Va.—Quinn, Marshall & Co.; P. P. Marshall, notions, men's furn. goods; 72 Leonard; Penn.

LYNCHBURG, Va.—C. M. Guggenheimer, mdse. mgr.; N. S. Guggenheimer, coats, suits, waists; 1,150 B'way.

MEMPHIS, Tenn.—Summerfield Millinery Co.; H. I. Summerfield, millinery; 13 E. 22d.

MEMPHIS, Tenn.—J. Goldsmith & Sons Co.; F. Rosamond, men's hats, caps; H. V. Castle, boys' clothing; 1,150 B'way.

MEMPHIS, Tenn.—J. Levy Sons & Co.; A. L. Friedlander, domestics, dress goods, silks; 256 Church.

MIAMI, Fla.—The Quality Shop; M. Goldman, ladies' ready-to-wear, millinery; Pennsylvania.

MILWAUKEE—Fein, Mosher & Co.; M. Fein, clothing, furn. goods; Commodore.

MILWAUKEE—Silberstein & Bondy Co.; Florence E. Joubert, infants' wear; Commodore.

MILWAUKEE—Landauer & Co.; F. D. Goldstone, laces, notions, hosiery, gloves; 51 Leonard St.

MINNEAPOLIS—Wyman, Partridge & Co.; H. L. Gearhart, rugs, draperies; 43 Leonard St.

MINNEAPOLIS—Tucker & Levinson; M. R. Tucker, millinery; Latham.

MINNEAPOLIS—L. S. Donaldson Co.; Miss King, infants' wear; 230 5th Av.

MINNEAPOLIS—Dayton Co.; Mrs. Byrnes, dresses; 225 5th Av.

MINNEAPOLIS—Gross-Weinstein Co.; Mr. Gross, Mr. Weinstein, general mdse; Woodstock.

MINNEAPOLIS—Powers Mercantile Co.; Miss Britzius, waists; Miss L. Carufel, misses' infants' wear; 2 W. 37th.

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn.—Wyman, Partridge & Co.; R. B. McKenny, wash goods, ginghams; 43 Leonard.

MOBILE, Ala.—L. Hamel D. G. Co.; B. strauss, notions, toilet goods, jewelry, hdkfs., leather goods; 1,150 B'way.

MOBILE—Pierson Millinery and Garment Co.; A. Pierson, ready-to-wear; 309 5th Av.

MOBILE, Ala.—D. R. Dunlap Mercantile Co.; E. O. Fowlkes, dress goods, staples; 350 B'way.

MOBILE, Ala.—A. Block D. G. Co., Inc.; A. Block, domestics, flannels, blankets; 43 Leonard.

MONTGOMERY, Ala.—A. Rice; Mrs. B. A. Dreyfus, women's ready-to-wear; 303 5th Av.

MONTGOMERY, Ala.—Nachman & Meertief; Mrs. E. E. Polian, ready-to-wear; 1,150 B'way.

NASHVILLE—Armstrong's; A. Armstrong, ready-to-wear; 303 5th Av.

NASHVILLE, Tenn.—Cain, Sloan & Co.; P. J. Sloan, dry goods; 361 4th Av.

NASHVILLE, Tenn.—L. Jonas & Co.; A. Jonas, J. Jonas, untrimmed hats; 579 Broadway; Penn.

NEW ALBANY, Ind.—J. Sapinsky & Son; J. Sapinsky, women's, boys' wear; 1,133 B'way.

NEWARK, Ohio—A. Schiff, ready-to-wear; Penn.

NEWBERN, N. C.—O. Marks & Son; A. R. Marks, notions; 396 B'way.

NEW HAVEN, Conn.—Shartenberg & Robinson; O. C. Herman, floor coverings; 404 4th Av.

NEW HAVEN, Conn.—E. Malley Co.; J. C. Mizer, Miss A. Munson, woolens, jewelry; 404 4th Av.; Park Av.

NEW LONDON, Conn.—S. A. Goldsmith Co.; S. A. Goldsmith, hosiery, underwear; 404 4th Av.

NEW ORLEANS—Maison Blanche; S. B. Stern, shoes; 116 W. 32d.

NEW ORLEANS, La.—Schwartz Brothers & Co.; J. H. Hofman, men's furnishing goods; 60 Worth.

NEW ORLEANS—D. H. Holmes Co.; R. B. Gallagly, shoes; M. J. McCall, house furn. goods; 47 E. 26th.

NEW ORLEANS—Economy Store; W. Bloom, ready-to-wear; 1,150 Broadway.

NEWPORT, Ky.—Jacobs Bros.; H. Jacobs, waists, skirts; Pennsylvania.

NORFOLK, Va.—D. Samler, ready-to-wear; Herald Square.

NORFOLK, Va.—Miller, Rhodes & Swartz; Miss M. L. Credle, infants' wear; 6 W. 32d.

NORFOLK, Va.—Miller, Rhoads & Swartz; Mr. Gay, Miss A. Petar, ready-to-wear; 1,270 Broadway.

NORWICH, Conn.—Schwartz Bros.; A. Schwartz, carpets; Commodore.

OAKLAND, Cal.—Manheim & Mazor; P. B. Manheim, ready-to-wear; 116 W. 32d.

OGDEN, Utah—John Scowcroft & Sons Co.; W. Douglas, hosiery, underwear; 256 Church.

OKLAHOMA CITY, Okla.—C. H. Wright, ready-to-

Direct Consignments
from South Africa of
Raw Ostrich Feathers
VALUE APPROXIMATELY
$100,000
At Public Auction
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DEALERS and Manufacturers now have the opportunity of selecting from as desirable a collection of raw ostrich feathers as has ever been offered at one time, comprising merchandise of all qualities and descriptions.

Wings	Body Feathers
WHITES	*BLACKS*
FEMINAS	*DRABS*
BYOCKS	*BOOS*
SPADONES	

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For Fall Season
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$6.50
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Is in the Market to Buy
CHILDREN'S GINGHAM DRESSES AND MIDDY BLOUSES
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"Merchandise Headquarters" affords you the widest range of quality goods—many items not obtainable elsewhere. Here, visiting Merchants and Buyers can inspect, compare and order their season's stocks from among the varied offerings of more than 400 representative manufacturers without leaving the Building. New lines are being installed daily, for more than 600 manufacturers have already joined this remarkable cooperative enterprise.

The goods you buy at Bush Terminal Sales Building are sold at factory prices. They are billed direct by the manufacturers.

Leaders That Even the Busiest Buyers Cannot Afford to Neglect

(Only a partial listing of individual tenants' offerings now displayed at this World of Markets that saves you time, trouble and expense. For complete directory of Bush Terminal Sales Building manufacturers and merchandise ask at Information Bureau—main floor—for copy of the latest issue of Bush Buyers' Guide)

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APRONS—Exclusive styles. Superior Quality. Unexcelled Workmanship. C. A. NEUBURGER & CO., Room 705, Bush Terminal Sales Bldg. Factory, Oshkosh, Wis.

Brassieres

"A Finish for the Figure"
C. P.
BRASSIERES
New Fall Line now on display
Exceptionally attractive
Lace trimmed styles
Perfect in fit and workmanship
Prices as low as possible consistent with good Merchandise
WILLIAM E. CAIN CO., Room 1007.

Corset Lacers

ADMIRATION BRAND—Pink, Mercerized and Cotton, Flat and Tubular Corset Lacers. Superior Quality. Also Pink and White Elastic Lacers. All lengths. Right Prices. Prompt Deliveries.
MAX LEVISON & CO., 10th Floor.

Decorative Arts & Industries

E. & G. QUACKENBUSH—Creators of "Tiny-Tots" Line, announce new assortment of Toys for Kiddies. Bridge Prizes and Christmas Gifts for grown-ups. To be displayed on 22nd Floor. Bush Terminal Sales Building.

ARTFICIAL FLOWERS and plants for every purpose. Metal flowers; Grass Mats; Vines. A Few Items: Fall Leaf Branches, $1.75 a dozen to $6.00 a dozen; Asters, $1.50; Chrysanthemums, from $3.00 a dozen to $8.00 a dozen; Nasturtiums, $1.50, $2.50 a dozen. Cosmos Feather Flowers, $2.50 a dozen. PHILIP ROMAN, manufacturer, 122 West 44th St., N. Y. (Lines will be displayed shortly on the 22nd Floor of the Bush Terminal Sales Building.)

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BOSSAK & CO., INC.—Selected assortment of proven sellers in Sets and Coats. Reasonable Prices. Immediate Delivery. Soon to be displayed 13th floor. Bush Terminal Sales Building, now at 130 W. 26th St., New York.

WM. JACKMAN'S SONS
"America's Leading Fur Line"
Cosines to Sables—immediate delivery in any quantities. Soon to be displayed, 13th Floor, Bush Terminal Sales Building; now, 35 West 35th St., N. Y.

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THE CROWN SILK AND SUEDE GLOVES
Glovetex—Doubletex—Duplex
Are the highest standard Quality in Silk and Suede. CROWN GLOVE COMPANY, Displayed on 24th Floor, Bush Terminal Sales Building.

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MODERN HOT-WATER SERVICE—Real abundance, always ready for any purpose at a turn of the faucet. Makes a Bathroom really complete and healthful. Heating an easy delight. HUMPHREY CO., Room 821.

MAHOGANY NOVELTIES consisting of Serving Trays, Nut Bowls, Candle Sticks and Smoking Sets. An attractive line at the right price. Soon to be displayed, 8th Floor. WHITE-SEIDENMAN COMPANY.

House Garments

"QUEEN MAKE"—THE FAMOUS LINE OF MORNING AND PORCH DRESSES, NURSES' AND MAIDS' UNIFORMS are handled only by the most select Merchants throughout the United States. Are you among them?
ISAAC GINSBERG & BROS., Room 705.

Infants' & Children's Goods

INFANTS' WHITE WEAR. One Day to six years. Flannel Sacques, Skirts, Kimonas; Infants' Coats—Catalogs and samples sent, prepaid, on request.
G. BAMBERGER & CO., Room 624.

EAR REGULATORS—Silk Net, Satin trimmed, at $4.00 per dozen. Hand Quilted Bibs, $2.25 per dozen. Genuine Leather Carriage Straps, Safety Straps and Leaders at $2.00, $3.00 and $6.00 per dozen. Our lines are the product of long and careful study of "Baby's Needs." They satisfy your customers. Complete showing now ready.
FREDERICK WM. CORDES, Room 608.

THE EXCELSIOR QUILTING COMPANY has on sale at their Up-town Section, Bush Terminal Sales Building, everything known in Quilted Goods for adults and children. Send for illustrated catalogue. Room 620.

FELTMAN BROS. & HERMEL, INC., are now taking orders for Import and Immediate delivery on Japanese Merchandise, comprising Infants' Jackets, Robes, Quilts and Shoes. Room 631.

TALKING AND CRYING DOLLS. (Patented.)—Wonderful sellers. Send for sample assortment. GERLING TOY CO., Room 608.

We are now taking orders for Lingerie Crepe Rompers and Creepers of very handsome patterns and attractive models for July and August deliveries. Also some pretty Gingham Rompers. Creepers of Madras, Poplin and Ginghams. You can see them at Bush Terminal Sales Building. Room 608.
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OUR "KIDDIEJOY" line of Juvenile Furniture Specialties such as Bassinettes, Cribs, Nursery Chairs, Play-yards Walkers, Celluloid Rattles and Toys, awakens interest and speeds up sales in your Infants' Department. They are powerful magnets for capturing the Mothers' Trade.
HITZ, JACOBS COMPANY, Room 688.

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Infants' and Children's Division
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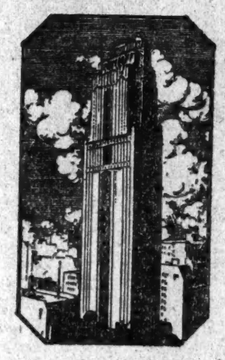

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Infants' & Children's Goods (Continued)

IDEAL BABY SHOE CO., Room 617.
Baby Shoes of Quality.
Baby Shoes of Newest Models.
Baby Shoes of Finest Workmanship.
Baby Shoes at Right Prices.

FOR GIFTS THAT ARE "DIFFERENT," for Layette or Trousseau, Showers, for Baby or Big Sister, just be sure to see the novelties created by JOSEPHINE JANES CO., Room 608.

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INFANTS' AND CHILDREN'S COATS. Attractive models in Velour, Broadcloth, Silvertones, Duvel-de-laine, etc. Our prices are right. We invite your inspection.
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ADA MAY displaying a new line of novel feature Frocks for Children 2 to 6. Also fine white Party Dresses, 6 to 14; daintiest materials, exquisitely made. Prices are very moderate. Room 619.

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S. & H. INFANT WEAR CO., INC. Novelties in hand embroidered and smocked Boys' Suits, Creepers and Rompers. Children's Dresses and Play Frocks. Room 601.

INFANTS' CAPS. Bonnets and small Hats in latest creations. Felt and Velvet Hats from 2 to 6. Complete line of Hats from 6 to 14 years. Prices, $2.75 to $25.00.
MRS. PAUL SOLOMON, Room 625.

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THANHOUSER & WEILLER, Room 608.

"THISTLE" Rompers and Creepers prettily Smocked and Hand Embroidered. Fabrics of quality. THISTLE MFG. CO., Room 608.

ANOTHER "WOHLINE" CREATION. Our "3-IN-ONE" Bloomer Dress should interest every Infants' Wear Buyer. Samples of this range together with our complete line are on display at Room 621. L. WOHL & CO.

WHITE DRESSES—Made of crisp, white materials in sizes for Infants, Children and Misses. We are featuring a line of Girls' Party Frocks made of Chiffon, Georgette and Crepe de Chine. We are the makers of the FAMOUS FLORENCE BRAND BABY DRESSES. These creations are wonderful "Sellers." A. W. WOLF CO., Room 602.

INFANTS' OUTFITS AND SWEATER SETS—Complete line including latest designs now on display, Room 641, YORKSHIRE KNITTING CO., INC.

Jewelry

OUR WHITE GOLD MOUNTINGS WON THE MARKET! White Gold Artistic Mountings are our specialty and success. Examine our line. CONJOINT JEWELRY CORPORATIONS, Room 1918.

(Jewelry Continued)

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MARCEL WORMSER, 19th Floor.

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CHILD'S DRESS—A special, Russian blouse effect, with military touch. No. 445; Plaid Gingham and Mercerized Linene, $21.00 dozen. No. 446; plaid, wool finish cotton flange, $27.00 dozen.
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MISSES' AND CHILDREN'S PLAY SHOES. In stock for Immediate Shipment. Oxfords and Barefoot Sandals, Medium Grade Goodyear Welts built for Service. Infants', Children's and Misses' "Mary Jane" Pumps. Patent and Sea-Island both Welts and Turns—now ready. Stock catalog listing above and fifty other lines sent on request.
L. B. EVANS' SON CO., Room 1403.

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KNEALE & ROHRS, INC., Room 632.

MIDDY BLOUSES AND CHILDREN'S DRESSES. An exceptionally well designed line of Practical, Durable, Wearable Garments of selected Fabrics. Numbers 220 and 589 best express the season's style tendencies. You are urged to rush your stock not to consider these rapid sellers before completing your Fall purchases. "Business Builders" wherever displayed.
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We manufacture high grade McKAY SHOES; Infants' Flexible; Mary Janes, 2 to 5, 5 to 8, 8½ to 11, 11½ to 2; also Nurses'-Cushion Sole Boot and Oxford.
MILLER SHOE COMPANY, Room 617.

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CREATORS OF LADIES', MISSES' AND INFANTS' KNIT GARMENTS. Always something new. Write for samples of our Infants' Brushed sets at $48.00 per dozen. High Grade finish.
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SILK AND WOOLEN (All Knit)
Sweaters and Slip-Overs
Ladies' Sweater Slips
Rest of materials
K. KATEN & CO., 7th Floor

Knit Goods (Continued)

"FASHION" SWEATERS and Bathing Suits. Our Tuxedos and Slip-ons for Summer and Fall Wear, worth seeing. LOWENSTEIN & CO., INC., displaying at Bush Terminal Sales Building, Room 509.

LISLE AND MERCERIZED VESTS and Union Suits for children and women. V Neck, Lace and Tight Knee. Prices $4.12½, $5.00, $6.50, $8.00, $10.50 per dozen.
POTTER KNITTING CO., Room 632.

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KEYSTONE LEATHER GOODS COMPANY—Brief Cases, Portfolios and Music Containers retail quickly for from $1 to $50, according to style and material, and afford Merchants exceptionally good profits. Room 1702.

FANCY LEATHER GOODS, consisting of Manicuring Sets, Toilet Rolls, Travelers' Outfits, Military Brush Sets, Collar Pouches and Ivory Goods at popular prices can be seen at our showroom. STECHER & SPELBRINK CO., INC., Room 1719.

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PILOT to safety and satisfaction. Dependable SHOES on display at the Bush Terminal Sales Building, 14th Floor. PILOT SHOE COMPANY.

STETSON SHOES always enjoy the reputation of "THE BEST." A complete display of men's fine shoes (featuring the famous stock models) and tailored boots for women. THE STETSON SHOE COMPANY, INC., Room 1407.

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VARSITY UNDERWEAR COMPANY will cheerfully have a complete display of Men's and Boys' Athletic Underwear, Union Suits, Pajamas and Nightrobes on the 12th Floor of the Building. Merchants and Buyers should inspect this line that's "Tailored—Not Merely Made."

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NEGLIGEES AND LOUNGING ROBES—Corduroy Robes, $4.00 Up. Flannels, Albatross, Crepes and Novelties at popular prices. Immediate or future delivery. Large assortment. GEORGE FADOOL, 7th Floor.

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HIGHEST GRADE UNIFORMS for Nurses and Maids in white and color; Cottons and Mohairs. Aprons all kinds, exquisitely made. Sheerest, daintiest materials. Bonnets, Coats. Prices moderate.
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DUSONTO—The marvellous New Phonograph, the exquisite tone production of which has captivated the public. Dealers may now obtain exclusive territory. The "Master Key to Music," and profit.
THE BELCANTO CO., INC., Room 2007.

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DE-LUXE SHOE BUCKLES. Bar Pins and Hair Ornaments. Rhinestone. Priced $36 to $300 per doz. Various styles and sizes. Mounted in Aluminium and Platinoid.
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The McLANE SILK COMPANY will open in the near future new Sales quarters on the 4th Floor. The well known "McLane Silks" will be displayed here for the convenience of the buyer.

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DANDY NOVELTIES, in Camisoles, Bloomers, Muslin Petticoats. Keep large stocks and know that a call will make you our friends.
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MUSLIN AND SILK UNDERWEAR. We feature a very splendid assortment of high colored Camisoles from $15.00 up.
A. GUSSOW & COMPANY, Room 720.

BLUE BIRD CREPES. Gowns, Pajamas, Bloomers. Attractive exclusive Patterns. World's largest Windsor Crepe House—Makers of Muslin, Silks, Flannels. Largest assortments. Right prices.
A. S. ISBERSON, Room 724.

"SANIBOOKER"
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7th Floor, Bush Terminal Sales Building

"PLUME UNDERGARMENTS." Nationally advertised to four million women. Have wonderful selling co-operation. In silk, Cotton, Flannel and Silk and Cotton Novelties. Popular prices. M. MARTIN & CO., 7th Floor.

QUEENBEE GLOVE SILK UNDERWEAR
Something always in stock.
Extensive line—prompt deliveries.
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Our "BILLIE BURKE" at $9.00 and $12.00 per dozen are the BEST in the Market. Ask for samples. Both flesh and white.
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"DOVE" UNDERGARMENTS. Night Gowns, Pajamas, Envelope Chemises, Camisoles, Corset Covers, Bloomers, Drawers, Underskirts, Chemises, Combinations, etc. In all materials.
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ENVELOPE PETTICOATS—Originators and Patentees. Offering Lingerie Crepe, Fiannelette, Ladies' Night-gowns, Envelope Chemises, Bills Burkes, Step-ins, at popular prices. Four weeks delivery. Fastest Growing House.
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THERMOS BOTTLES. Render Service to people in all walks of life. Infancy to Old Age, all over the World. Thermos serves you Right—food or Drink—Hot without Fire, Cold without Ice. When and Where as you like it. Various size Bottles, Jugs and Lunch Kits. Rapid Selling Numbers for Retail Trade.
AMERICAN THERMOS BOTTLE COMPANY, 21st Floor.

ACWALITE (A-mal-i-ty) TOILETWARE—In quality of material, design and workmanship is as good as honesty of purpose plus skilled craftsmanship can make it. ATLANTIC COMB WORKS, Exclusive makers, Room 2124.

LIQUID ROUGE $.50, $1.50, $3.00 less 1/3. Powders, all shades, $.75, $1.50 less 1/3. The distinctive qualities of our Imported Products win the favor of discriminating women everywhere.
V. DARSY, 21st Floor.

FORHAN'S FOR THE GUMS.
Protects the gums and cleans the teeth besides. Sold in two sizes, retailing at 30c and 60c. See our display.
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HYGLO MANICURE PREPARATIONS—Handsome Counter Display Case of Polished Glass, stocked with a $9.50 assortment of Hyglo Manicure Preparations, now being offered for $10.00 complete. Or with order for a 12 dozen assortment of HYGLO Manicure Preparations we offer the display case absolutely free. Items in this assortment retail at 25c, 35c, 50c and $1.00. HYGLO MANICURE PREPARATIONS, 21st Floor.

"MARINELLO CREAMS"—For every different skin condition a special cream—products used and endorsed by more than half the Beauty Shops of America. Now sold by Drug and Department Stores. Displaying, Bush Terminal Sales Building, 21st Floor.

AMANI HENNA SHAMPOO is the biggest repeating Shampoo on the market. We prove demand in your own store before you buy. What do you think of that?
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CREME TIRA MIRA—The most wonderful of all massage creams. Used for skin bleach and cleansing cream. A remarkable skin food. You will find it pays to feature this preparation. It is now on sale together with our complete line of Perfumes, Toilet and Manicure Preparations at the Bush Terminal Sales Building. P. J. SCHUMACHER, 21st Floor.

TINTEX—The Dye Powder used like Bluing, in Flesh, Pink, Blue, Lavender (Orchid), Yellow (Maize), Peach, Ecru (Bisque), Nile Green, Silver Gray, Tan. For tinting faded and discolored Blouses, Underwear, etc. Very attractive Window Display material, as shown on "Selling Helps" Display, Main Floor, available on request. The 10c TINTEX package is developing big sales.
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APPLETON, WEIL & FRANK. Importers of Firmesh Veilings and Nettings. Full line Novelty Meshes. Plain and spotted Silk Nets 72 inches. In full color range. Displayed 24th Floor.

GLENSDER TEXTILE CO., offer for your inspection all that is new in foreign and domestic Veilings and Veils. Immediate delivery. Displayed, 24th Floor, Bush Terminal Sales Building.

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NOVELTY, TAILORED, EMBROIDERED, and hand made Filet trimmed Waists in the very latest creations. Full line now on display. Room 550, Bush Terminal Sales Building.
DAVID HOBWITZ.

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We announce the opening of a
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Dresses, Coats Suits, Skirts and Leather Coats
Ready for Your Inspection
JULY 15th

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Will be ready for inspection
JULY 15th

An Industrial Centre

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Hence the First Mortgage 5% Bonds of the Fulton Light, Heat & Power Company are a sound investment. Earnings are over four times bond interest and excellent mortgage restrictions contribute to the safety of the bonds.

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FINANCIAL MARKETS

Stocks Rise Abruptly, Only to Fall Back as Call Money Goes to 20 Per Cent.

Another sharp flurry in call money, which carried the rate to 20 per cent., upset a lot of speculative calculations in the stock market yesterday and a substantial reaction followed on the heels of an extensive advance. It appeared, however, as though the rise of the loan rate to a new high record for the year worked more to accelerate the afternoon decline than to start it, inasmuch as a declining tendency from top levels of stock prices was in evidence before brokers began to bid the money quotation up. The initial stage of the reaction looked like a natural product of the violent advance in the earlier hours, when the heaviest buying of the year brought about gains running from 2 to 6 points or more among steel, rubber, automobile, and other industrial shares which have found a widespread speculative following. The turnover in excess of 2,000,000 shares, for the second time since Jan. 1, told the tale of an excited session, which was the product, in large part, of an accumulation of buying orders over the long recess.

A glance at last Saturday's statement of the Clearing House banks disclosed one reason why demand money was scarce again, to say nothing of the repeated warnings by the Federal Reserve Board and individual banks against overspeculation because of the effect on the credit market. The banks' reserve declined $57,000,000, leaving this account with a surplus above the required figure of more than $6,400,000. Loans increased $100,000,000, and in other items the July 1 financing, at a time when commercial demands were expanding, was reflected. Doubtless many traders were rudely disturbed when the call rate began to advance after loans had been renewed at mid-morning at 6 and 6 1/4 per cent., and it seemed as though the expected ease of bank accommodation had arrived to stay for several days at least. While the renewal and open market rate stood in the neighborhood of 6 per cent. until early in the afternoon, it would be interesting to know the proportion of all loans which were arranged at this level. Certainly the efforts of borrowers to fill their requirements amounted to something of a scramble, and it was learned that $3,-000,000, perhaps more, was loaned on the Stock Exchange near the close of business at the maximum rate of 20 per cent. The reverse movement of stocks gained in force in the last hour and two-thirds of the morning gains were lost, many issues closing with net declines, while the general list displayed marked irregularity.

Railroad stocks gained some ground, although their firmness was rather lost sight of in the reaction of the industrials. The rails have not yet begun to show traces of speculative interest such as contemporary issues have commanded, but attention is being drawn to them as the time draws nearer for President Wilson and Director General Hines to confer over the situation of the carriers. The day's trading in industrial shares—at least the morning activity—denoted the greater emphasis laid on business improvement during the last few days, as compared with the fortnight before the steel, textile, and other industries showed proof of changing for the better. Speculators have evidently become more impressed than before the Peace Treaty was signed with the possibilities of business expansion, and the future of the markets contains interesting developments to be studied in the light of occurrences in the credit market. Cotton advanced with force in yesterday's trading, being little affected by the ebb and flow of stocks.

The foreign exchange market was once more marked by a rather general movement of rates in favor of New York. Sterling reacted 1¼ cents in the pound, reaching a point at 4.48½ for checks, which was in the neighborhood of the lowest level of the war period. Francs receded 3 centimes. Offerings of bills in this market was reported to be heavy.

Big Increase in British Exports.

LONDON, July 7.—The Board of Trade returns for June show that imports were £122,945,655 and exports £64,562,346. There was a large falling off in the importation of grain, flour, and meat compared with June, 1918, but there was an increase in the importation of other foods and liquors. There was an increase over June, 1918, in most articles of export, but most of the total was made up of coal and manufactured articles.

MONEY AND EXCHANGE.

Call Loans on Stocks and Bonds.

MIXED COLLAT'L.	ALL INDUSTRIALS.
High	20 High 20
Low	6 Low 6½
Renewals	6 Renewals 6¼
Last	20 Last 20

Call Loans on Acceptances.

Prime eligible acceptances 4½

Time Loans.

MIXED COLLAT'L.	ALL INDUSTRIALS.
Sixty days	6 Sixty days 6
Ninety days	6 Ninety days 6
Four months	6 Four months 6
Five months	6 Five months 6
Six months	6 Six months 6

Bank Acceptances.

Eligible for rediscount with Reserve Bank: 60 to 90 days 4½@4¾
Nonmember and private bankers all-title, 60 to 90 days 4¾@4¾
Not eligible, 60 to 90 days 5@5

Commercial Paper.

30 to 60 days 5¼
4 to 6 months 5¼@5¾

Other Names.

4 to 6 months 5½

FOREIGN EXCHANGE.

Range of Rates.

Sterling—	High.	Low.	Last.	Change.
Demand	$4.49½	$4.48½	$4.48½	—.01½
Cables	4.50⅛	4.49½	4.49⅝	—.01½
Francs—				
Demand	6.74	6.80	6.80	—.03
Cables	6.72	6.78	6.78	—.03

Closing Rates.

Normal of Exch.	Demand.	Yesterday's Close— Checks.	Cables.
4.8665	London	$4.48½	$4.48½
5.1813	Paris	6.80	6.78
5.1813	Belgium	6.94	6.92
	China—		
	Hongkong	83.00	83.10
	Shanghai	123.50	123.65
	Peking	133.50	133.75
40.20	Holland	37.81⅜	38.00
19.30	Greece	10.00	10.05
5.1813	Italy	8.17	8.19
32.44	India—		
	Bombay	40.00	40.25
	Calcutta	40.00	40.25
49.85	Japan—		
	Kobe	51.125	51.375
	Yokohama	51.125	51.375
19.30	Spain	19.02	19.10
50.00	Philippine Islands—		
	Manilla	49.35	49.50
26.80	Scandinavia—		
	Stockholm	25.00	25.20
	Christiania	24.40	24.60
	Copenhagen	23.00	23.20
	South America—		
42.44	Buenos Aires	42.00	42.06
32.44	Rio	27.975	28.00
5.1813	Switzerland	5.52	5.60
51.46	Russia (currency)—	Bid.	Asked.
	100 rubles	9.80	10.90
	500 rubles	9.65	9.75

The following exchange rates are quoted in the open market:

	Cents Per Kronen. Bid.	Asked.
Poland	2⅞	3⅛
Austria	3⅛	4
Jugoslavia	6	6¼
Czechoslovakia	6½	6¾
Finland	11¾	12¼
Rumania	2.10¾	2.11

*Cents per mark. †Finmark. ‡Lat.
Rates on Germany are not available.

TIME BILLS ON LONDON.

Bankers.	Commercial.
60 Days. 90 Days.	60 Days. 90 Days.
Nominal. $4.45	$4.44⅜

Clearing House Exchanges.

Clearing House exchanges, $402,950,-449; balance, $58,062,501; Sub-Treasury credit balance, $458,375; Federal Reserve credit balance, $23,688,413.

Domestic Exchanges.

Rates on New York at domestic centres: Boston, par; Chicago, par; St. Louis, 15@15c discount; San Francisco, par; Montreal, $30.6250.

Silver Quotation.

Bar silver in London, 83¾d; in New York, $1.07⅝; Mexican dollars, 82⅝@86⅝c.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

MONDAY, JULY 7, 1919.

	1919.	1918.	1917.
Day's sales	2,031,682	405,478	501,746
Year to date	145,967,079	75,201,940	104,815,422

Closing Bid.	Ask.	Sales.		First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Chge.
53	55	100	Adams Express	55¼	55¾	55¼	55¼	+ ⅛
50¾	53¼	5,200	Advance Rumely	52½	54	50¾	50¾	— 1¾
74½	76	1,100	Advance Rumely pf	75	76	75	75	— ¼
99	102	3,100	Ajax Rubber	105	105	100	100	—
3⅝	3¾	2,400	Alaska Gold Mines	3¼	3¼	3⅜	3⅜	— ⅛
2	2½	2,800	Alaska Juneau	2	2	2	2	— ⅛
47⅜	48	37,400	Allis-Chalmers Mfg	45¾	50	47	47⅞	+ 1½
95	95½	100	Allis-Chalmers pf	95½	96¼	95½	95½	+ ⅝
109¼	109⅞	1,200	Am. Agri. Chemical	109¼	109⅝	108¾	108¾	+ ⅝
42	44	100	Am. Bank Note	44	44	44	44	—
47¼	50¼	100	Am. Bank Note pf	48½	48¾	48½	48½	—
90½	91½	6,600	Am. Beet Sugar	91¼	92	90¾	90¾	— ⅜
107½	108	9,700	Am. Bosch Mag	102	111¼	103	107¾	+ 3¾
165	171	200	Am. B. S. & Fy. pf	164¾	168	164¾	165	— ½
61¼	61⅝	17,300	Am. Can	61¾	63	61¾	61⅝	— ⅛
110½	111	5,800	Am. Car & Found	110¾	112	110¾	110¾	+ ⅛
63	63¼	4,600	Am. Cotton Oil	63¾	64	63	63	+ ⅛
12	12¼	700	Am. Drug. Synd	12¾	13	12	12¾	—
95	97	400	Am. Express	95¾	95¾	95¾	95¾	— ⅜
35½	35⅝	12,100	Am. Hide & Leath	36¾	36¾	35⅞	35⅞	+ ⅛
131¼	132½	6,000	Am. Hide & L. pf	134	134½	130¾	131¾	— ⅝
60	64½	700	Am. Ice	66	66	64½	64½	—
73	75	100	Am. Ice pf	74	74	74	74	— ½
110⅝	110⅞	24,000	Am. International	114	114	110¾	110⅝	— 2¾
80	81	1,800	Am. Linseed	82	82	80½	80½	— ½
97	98½	700	Am. Linseed pf	97½	97½	96¾	97½	+ ½
93¼	93¾	14,400	Am. Locomotive	94¾	94¾	91¾	92	— 1⅝
85¾	86	22,700	Am. Smelt. & Ref	85½	87⅜	85	86	+ 1¼
122	124½	100	Am. Snuff	124	124	124	124	+ 3
45½	46	16,900	Am. Steel Found	47	47	45½	45⅝	— ¼
138½	139	9,600	Am. Sugar Ref	139⅝	142	138¾	138¾	— 1⅜
113	113¼	4,400	Am. Sumatra Tob	115¾	116¾	113¾	113¾	— 1⅜
89½	90	200	Am. Sumatra T. pr	96½	96½	96½	96½	— 1½
104¾	104¾	1,800	Am. T. & T. Co	104¾	104¾	104¾	104¾	+ ⅛
228½	229	2,800	Am. Tobacco	235	235	230	230	— 2¾
100⅞	101	100	Am. Tob. pf., new	101	101	101	101	—
120	120⅝	7,600	Am. Woolen	124⅝	124⅝	120	120	— 3⅝
109	110	400	Am. Woolen pf	110	110	110	110	—
50¼	50½	1,300	Am. Writ. Paper pf	50⅝	50⅞	50	50¼	— ⅛
24½	24½	5,300	Am. Zinc, L. & S	25	25½	24¼	24¼	— ⅜
59	62	200	Am. Z., L. & S. pf	62	62	60	60	— 1½
74⅛	74¾	35,100	Anaconda Copper	74⅜	76¼	74⅛	74¼	+ ⅝
4	5	100	Ann Arbor	4½	4½	4½	4½	+ ⅝
50	53	300	Assoc. Dry Goods	54	54	53	53	— ½
75	79	50	Assoc. Dry G. 1st pf	75½	75½	75½	75½	— 2¾
102½	103	15,500	At., Top. & S. F	101½	103⅞	101¼	103	+ 1½
84½	85¾	36,500	At., Top. & S. F. pf	84¾	84¾	84¾	84¾	— ⅜
103¼	105	700	Atlantic Coast Line	101¼	103¼	101¼	103¼	+ 2½
173	174	1,700	At., Gulf & W. I	177	177	172½	173	— 4
111½	112	53,100	Baldwin Locomot	113⅜	116	111¼	112	— 3¼
45¼	45⅝	6,000	Baltimore & Ohio	44	45⅝	43⅝	45⅛	+ ⅛
56	57	100	Balt. & Ohio pf	56¼	56¼	56¼	56½	+ ⅛
140¼	141¼	7,200	Barrett Co	138	145	139	140¼	+ 2
13⅝	14⅜	500	Batopilas Mining	1⅜	1⅜	1⅜	1⅜	— ⅛
93½	95½	3,400	Bethlehem Steel B	98	98	95	95	— 3
95¼	95¾	67,300	Beth. Steel Class B	98	99⅝	95	95⅜	+ 1⅝
111⅝	112¾	800	Beth. Steel 8% pf	112½	112½	112	112¼	— ⅛
21⅝	22	1,600	Booth Fisheries	21⅞	22	21⅝	21⅝	+ ⅛
29¾	30	3,600	Brooklyn R. T.	31	31¼	29¾	30	— ⅛
100	104½	200	Brown Shoe	100¾	103	102½	103	...
100¼	103	100	Brown Shoe pf	101	101	101	101	— 1½
12¼	13	2,900	Butte Copper & Z	12¾	13½	12⅝	12⅞	— ⅛
34	34½	12,200	Butte & Superior	35¼	35⅝	34	34	— ⅝
44⅜	44⅞	900	Cadde Cen. O. & R	44¼	44⅝	44¼	44⅜	+ ⅛
71¼	71⅝	4,300	Cal. Packing	72⅜	73	71½	71½	— ⅜
36½	37¼	1,100	Cal. Petroleum	36⅞	38⅜	36⅜	36⅜	— 1⅝
69¼	71	800	Calumet & Arizona	70½	70½	69¾	70½	+ ½
157¼	158½	1,500	Canadian Pacific	157¼	158⅞	157¼	157⅝	+ ½
27⅞	28	3,800	Central Foundry	29⅜	29¼	27⅜	27⅛	— 1¼
91	92	14,300	Cen. Foundry pf	93¼	93¼	91	91	— 3
108¾	109	29,550	Cen. Leather Co	110¼	111¾	108¾	109	— 1
111⅜	113	100	Cen. Leather Co. pf	113½	113½	112⅞	112⅞	— ⅜
45¼	47	300	Certain-Teed Prod	44	47	44	47	+ 5
64¼	64⅝	12,700	Cerro de Pasco Cop	64⅞	66¾	63⅝	64⅝	— ⅝
230	243	1,200	Chandler Motor	244⅜	245	240	240	— 4½
65¼	66	4,400	Ches. & Ohio	65⅞	66¾	65¼	65¾	+ ⅝
9½	10	200	Chi. Great Western	9⅞	9⅞	9⅞	9⅞	+ ⅛
27½	28¼	200	Chi. Great West. pf	27	27¾	27	27¾	+ ⅛
44¼	44⅝	4,600	C., M. & St. Paul	43⅝	45	43⅝	44¼	+ ⅝
69¼	69¾	2,000	C., M. & St. P. pf	69	70¼	69	70	+ ⅛
100⅜	101¼	1,600	Chi. & Northwest	101	101½	100	100½	— ⅛
28⅞	29¼	6,800	C., R. I. & P.	28	29⅜	28	29	— ⅛
79½	80¼	1,000	C., R. I. & P. 7% pf	80¼	80¼	80	80¼	— ⅛
67½	68	400	C., R. I. & P. 6% pf	67¾	68	67	68	+ ⅛
75½	77	200	C., St. P., M. & Om	76½	76½	76½	76½	+ 1½
27⅝	28	16,100	Chile Copper	28	28¾	27⅝	27⅝	+ ⅛
48¼	48½	5,500	Chino Copper	48	48⅝	47⅞	48⅛	+ ⅛
90	92	200	Cluet, Peabody	92	92	92	92	— 3
51	53¼	11,700	Col. Fuel & Iron	52	53⅜	51½	53	— ⅛
63¼	63⅝	9,600	Colum. Gas & Elec	63⅜	65	62⅝	63½	+ ⅝
70	70½	300	Consol. Cigar	70½	70½	70	70	— ⅝
101¼	102	2,500	Consolidated Gas	100½	102¾	100½	101⅝	+ 1⅛
109	112	200	Con.G.,E.L.& P.,Bl.	109½	109¾	109¼	109¾	+ ⅛
17	17	3,000	Con. Interst. Cal. M.	17	17	16½	16⅝	— ⅛
97	98	4,200	Continental Can	98	99⅝	97	98	— ⅛
89¾	90	71,600	Corn Products Ref.	93	94⅝	89¼	89¾	— 4⅛
107	108	100	Do pf., ex div.	107½	107½	107½	107½	+ ¼
115	115¼	53,700	Crucible Steel	116¾	120	115	115	—
105	107	100	Crucible Steel pf	105	105	105	105	—
40⅝	40⅞	22,800	Cuba Cane Sugar	41⅛	41⅞	40⅝	40⅝	— ⅜
86	87	3,800	Cuba Cane S. pf	87	87½	86½	86½	— ⅝
110	112	1,000	Delaware & Hudson	109	112	109	110¾	+ 3
187½	197½	200	Del., Lack. & West	190	190	190	190	— 5
7½	8½	200	Den. & Rio Grande	8	8	8	8	+ ⅛
11⅜	11⅝	1,500	Den. & Rio G. pf	11¼	11¾	11¼	11⅝	+ ⅛
14	14½	2,000	Dome Mines	14½	14½	14½	14½	+ ⅛
37	37½	1,100	Elk Horn Coal	37½	38½	37	37	— ½
37¾	38	600	Emerson Brant	39	39	38	38	— 1
97	100	100	Emerson Brant. pf	99	99	99	99	— 2
94	94½	1,200	Endicott Johnson	94¼	95	94¼	94¼	+ ⅛
103½	105	700	Endicott John. pf	103½	104	103¾	104	+ ⅛
18	18½	2,200	Erie	18¼	18⅞	18¼	18⅝	+ ⅛
30¾	31	3,800	Erie 1st pf	31	31½	30¾	31	— ⅛
22	22⅜	300	Erie 2d pf	22	22⅜	22	22⅜	+ 1½
113½	114	6,300	Fam. Play.-Lasky	113½	115	113¾	114	+ ½
2¼	2½	2,700	Do rights	2¼	2½	1¾	1¾	—
16⅜	16¾	100	Fed. Min. & Smelt	16⅜	16⅝	16⅜	16⅜	+ ⅛
58½	59	18,400	Freeport, Texas	58½	59	58¼	58¼	— ⅛
36⅞	38⅜	4,800	Gast., Wm. & Wig	36⅞	38⅜	35⅞	35⅞	— ⅝
82½	85	6,900	General Cigar	84	84½	82	82	— 2
166	168	3,600	General Electric	166	168½	166	166¼	+ 1
234	235	9,900	General Motors	240	242	233½	234	— 4
92½	93¼	200	Gen. Motors pf., ex d.	93½	93½	93½	93¼	—
89	90	100	Gen. Mot. deb. ex d.	90	90	90	90	+ ½
84½	85	36,500	Goodrich (B. F.) Co.	84½	86¾	84½	84½	+ 1
102	104½	100	Goodrich pf	104¼	104¾	104	104¾	+ ½
68¼	68	400	Granby Consol	67	68¾	67	67¾	+ 1¼
96	96¼	1,500	Great Northern pf	96	96¾	96¼	96	+ ¼
46⅝	47⅜	46,200	Gt. N.cts.,ore props.	46⅝	47⅜	46½	47⅛	+ 1
43¼	44	1,000	Greene-Can. Cop	43¼	43	44½	44½	+ ½
72¼	73	500	Gulf States Steel	73	73½	72	72½	— ½
10	11	100	Gulf., Mob. & Nor	10	10	10	10	+ ⅛
65½	65⅞	2,100	Haskell & Barker	65½	65⅞	64½	64½	— ⅛
99	99¼	1,100	Illinois Central	99	99¼	98½	99¼	— ⅛
66¾	66¾	31,000	Inspiration Copper	66¾	67⅜	65¾	66	— ⅛
7¼	7⅝	900	Interboro Consol	7¼	7½	7¼	7¼	—
27½	28	500	Interboro Con. pf	27½	28	27½	28	+ ⅝
25½	26½	600	Int. Agricultural	26¼	26½	26½	26½	+ ⅛
84	85¾	400	Int. Agricult. pf	84½	85	84½	85	+ 1
146	147	4,700	Int. Harvester, new	148⅝	149¾	145¾	146¾	— ⅛
54¼	54⅝	10,700	Int. Mer. Marine	56	56¾	54¼	54½	— 1½
117½	118	1,600	Int. Mer. Mar. pf	119¼	119¼	117½	118	— 1¼
32½	33	14,800	Int. Nickel	32½	33	32¼	32¼	— ⅛
68	68	21,700	Int. Paper	68	70¼	68	68¾	+ 1½
98	99	4,100	Remington Typew	85¾	88¾	82	82½	— 2
94	96	22,000	Rep. Iron & Steel	96¼	100¾	96	96¾	+ 1½
104	104¾	100	Rep. Iron & S. pf	104¼	104¾	104¼	104¾	+ ⅛
54	55	200	Rep. Motor Truck	54¾	54¾	54¾	54¾	— 1½
113	114	300	Royal D., Am. shs	114½	114½	112	113	— ½
113¼	113⅝	16,100	Do., N. Y. shs	115	115½	113	113¼	— 1¼
		200	St. Joseph Lead	14½	14½	14½	14½	+ ½
23¼	23½	17,300	St. Louis-San Fran	22⅞	23¾	22⅞	23¼	+ ⅜
21¾	24½	100	St. Louis Southwest	22	22	22	22	+ ½
76	79	1,100	Savage Arms	76	78⅜	76	78⅜	+ 1⅞
11	11¾	800	Saxon Motor	10⅞	11¾	10⅝	11½	— ⅛
		100	Sears, Roebuck	134	134	134	134	— ⅝
		200	Seab. Air Line pf	19	19	19	19	—

Continued at Bottom of Columns 6 and 7.

TOPICS IN WALL STREET.

2,000,000 Shares.

In the face of high money rates, and warnings sent out on several recent occasions, yesterday's stock market turnover exceeded 2,000,000 shares, for the second time this year. The total yesterday was 2,031,682 shares, compared with 2,199,235 on June 3, the high record for the year. Considering that the more than 2,000,000 shares done yesterday will have to be cleared and paid for today, and the fact that yesterday's highest money rates were not reached until after the board had closed, there was some apprehension last night as to what today's money market would do.

Turning the Market.

Yesterday's stock market started off heavily. At the opening prices were firm and thereafter they improved steadily and vigorously for some time. But in the afternoon, when the money market began to show signs of running away, the price movement turned abruptly and stocks which had been going up rapidly started down almost as rapidly. A good many issues finished the day with net gains over Thursday's closing, but not many finished very close to their best of the day's figures. Stutz Motors, the day's sensation, rose 20 points in the forenoon and lost half of that gain in the afternoon.

"Backed-Up" Business.

As usually happens when there is a three-day shutdown on the Stock Exchange, and especially when such a holiday comes over the end of the week, when all business is suspended on a Friday and then resumed only for a half day on Saturday, there was a good deal of "backing up" yesterday. Stock Exchange business naturally backed up over the triple holiday, and at the banks it was said that no small amount of business had accumulated since Thursday evening. To be sure, the banks were open here on Saturday, for the short day, but this condition did not obtain all over the country. Banks in many parts of the country closed Thursday afternoon and did not reopen until yesterday morning.

Exchanges Favoring America.

The movement in virtually all exchanges, certainly in all of the European exchanges, is decidedly in favor of the United States. So strongly and so uniformly is it in our favor that it is beginning to cause comment, especially as nobody seems to know exactly what is going on. Yesterday sterling bills went to a new low record not only for the war period but the lowest ever recorded since sterling has been quoted in its present form, a matter of some forty-eight years. The previous low records, established in September, 1915, were around $4.50 for checks, while yesterday's low point was $4.48½. Francs and lire were also weak and the leading neutrals also broke in our favor. Spanish exchange was quoted down to 19.50, the closest this has been to the 19.30 par in three years, while Swiss francs sold as low as 5.54 for checks, against 5.50 Saturday and 5.40 a week ago. This rate for Swiss is lower by ten centimes than the "pegged" rate on French francs during the war, when Swiss sold at a rather substantial premium.

Big Swings.

Some idea of the way the market moved yesterday may be gained from the variations between the high and low figures presented in the averages shown in these columns. The high for the 25 industrials used in compiling the averages was 115.56, a new high for the year, while the low was 112.46, a difference of 3.10, an extraordinary swing. The high for the 50 stocks, industrial and rail, was 90.95, against a low of 88.61, a difference of 2.13. This high average also was a new high for the year. The 25 rails moved more conservatively, declining to 85.17 after touching 86.32, a swing of only 1.15. On the day the 25 industrials advanced .46, while the 25 rails declined .49, making a net change on the combined exhibit of only .01.

Gold at the Reserve Banks.

The total gold reserves at the twelve Federal Reserve banks have been declining steadily for the past month, reflecting the exports of the metal from this country. On June 6 the total gold reserves stood at $2,201,804,000, while at the close of last week they were down to $2,128,946,000, a loss on the month of $72,858,000. The losses have been rather uniform during the period, the weekly declines having been $7,930,000 in the week of June 13, $25,149,000 in the week of June 20, $17,041,000 in the week of June 27, and $18,838,000 last week. The total is still so large that no apprehension is felt thus far, but in some quarters bankers are beginning to wonder how far the movement will go.

Wide Range for Stutz.

Stutz was by all odds the most sensational stock on the board yesterday. Pronounced activity in the shares became evident last week and there were several rapid advances, but nothing that could compare with the price movement of the first session this week. The issue opened well above its close of last Thursday and continued to soar until a net gain of slightly more than 20 points had been made. When money rates tightened Stutz began to slip down, and at the close half of the advance had been lost. Some of the most pyrotechnic displays during the present bull market have been among the motor shares. Studebaker not long ago moved forward somewhat in the same manner as did Stutz yesterday. Chandler and General Motor have also been in the limelight. There were rumors yesterday that the Stutz company would at the end of the year declare a substantial stock dividend. There was, however, no confirmation.

Copper Shares Strong.

There was strength throughout the copper group in yesterday's trading. As compared with most of the other groups, the coppers have been comparatively quiet, this being due in part to the low price for the metal and the knowledge that there was a heavy copper surplus to be liquidated before mining operations could proceed on a capacity basis. The gradual increase in the price of copper has caused a renewal of interest in the copper stocks, and the forward movement of yesterday came in conjunction with words that the producing companies were asking 20 cents a pound for September delivery and 19¾ cents a pound for August. The present prices compare with 14½ cents a pound, the low for the year, which came last March. The demand for copper is said to be heavy, the advancing price apparently having stimulated buying.

The Rails Taken Up.

Until yesterday's market began to break there was evidenced a speculative interest in the rails such as has cropped out several times in recent weeks but which has never been sustained. The rails, however, have been creeping forward, but as yet the gains have been nothing as compared with the industrials. Great Northern, for instance, was selling yesterday only 6 points above its low for the year, and the same is true of some of the other old line stocks. The only rails which have shown pronounced increases in market values are those like Texas & Pacific, which have been associated with the oil boom. Reading was the outstanding feature among the rails yesterday, but the gain in this issue was partly lost when call money rates increased.

Realizing Sales.

While the decline in market values yesterday was undoubtedly attributable to the high money rates, the downward swing was hurried along by the endeavor of many to reap a goodly portion of the paper profits that have accrued over several days. The advance of last week, combined with that of early yesterday, had been large and with money rates going up there was a hurried dumping over of long stock to which was added a certain volume of short sales. It was noticeable that when the decline set in the market was even more active than when it has been moving higher in the morning. In many instances prices melted at the rate of half a point at a time, with little evidence of rallying power. Even though the decline was swift, many stocks managed to hold a goodly portion of their gain for the day.

BONDS ON STOCK EXCHANGE

MONDAY, JULY 7, 1919.

	1919.	1918.	1917.
Day's sales	$11,210,500	$4,108,000	$2,537,500
Year to date	1,851,701,289	775,942,000	522,673,100

Following sales are given in lots of $1,000:

U S Liberty 3½s, 1932-'47 ... 80.40 80.50 80.40 80.40 +.10
2d 4s ... 80.40 80.50 80.40 80.40 +.10
1st 4¼s ... 80.40 80.50 80.40 80.40 +.10
2d 4¼s ... 80.40 80.50 80.40 80.40 +.10
4s ... 80.40 80.50 80.40 80.40 +.10
2d 4s ... 80.40 80.50 80.40 80.40 +.10
3s ... 80.40 80.50 80.40 80.40 +.10
20 ... 80.40 80.50 80.40 80.40 +.10
47 ... 80.38 80.50 80.40 80.40 +.10
6 ... 80.40 80.50 80.40 80.40 +.10
12 ... 80.42 80.50 80.40 80.40 +.10
12 ... 80.42 80.50 80.40 80.40 +.10
2 ... 80.42 80.50 80.40 80.40 +.10
12 ... 80.40 80.50 80.40 80.40 +.10
24 ... 80.40 80.50 80.40 80.40 +.10
2 ... 80.40 80.50 80.40 80.40 +.10
20 ... 80.40 80.50 80.40 80.40 +.10
47 ... 80.38 80.50 80.40 80.40 +.10
6 ... 80.40 80.50 80.40 80.40 +.10
12 ... 80.42 80.50 80.40 80.40 +.10
2 ... 80.42 80.50 80.40 80.40 +.10
24 ... 80.40 80.50 80.40 80.40 +.10
12 ... 80.40 80.50 80.40

8.20% Income and Normal Tax Free

$25,000,000 nine 8% preferred stock of one of America's best known and most successful corporations is obtainable at 97½.

Ask for Circular "K."

Robert C. Mayer & Co.
Investment Bankers
Equitable Bldg.
New York
Tel. Rector 6170

Exempt from all Federal Income Taxes

$300,000
CITY OF ST. PAUL
MINNESOTA
4½% School Bonds

Due April 1, 1949

Legal Investment for Savings Banks and Trust Funds in New York State

Price 101.65 and interest to yield 4.40%

ELDREDGE AND COMPANY
SEVEN WALL ST. NEW YORK

Bought, Sold & Quoted

Indian Refining Co.
Preferred

Goodyear Tire & Rubber
Common

J. S. Bache & Co.
BANKERS ESTABLISHED 1892
Members New York Stock Exchange
42 Broadway New York
Branches and Correspondents throughout the United States.

OIL

To protect the oil industry and investor, nothing is more imperative than to have a technical survey, analysis and report made on all new projects.

CARLISLE MASON
Incorporated
Consulting Engineers
207 Broadway New York

$150,000
Cameron County, TEXAS
Road 5½'s
DUE MARCH 16, 1949
OPTIONAL 1929
Price to Yield 5%

Cameron County, Texas, has an assessed valuation of over $17,000,000, and an estimated population of 30,000.

Farson, Son & Co.
Members New York Stock Exchange
115 Broadway, New York

CALL MONEY HITS TWENTY PER CENT.

Reaches Highest Figure Since Establishment of Federal Reserve System in 1914.

LARGE SUMS AT THAT RATE

Rapid Advance After Stock Exchange Closes — Government Action Is Hinted At.

Call money loaned on the Stock Exchange yesterday at 20 per cent., the highest rate touched since the establishment of the Federal Reserve system, in November, 1914. This rate was not reached until after the close of the stock market, when, it was reported, several millions were loaned at the high figure. One large bank is known to have advanced $1,500,000 at the 20 per cent. rate, and at least two other institutions were said to have negotiated demand loans at the same rate.

The money market was rather dull at the usual time for opening and renewing quotations, which is between 11:30 o'clock and noon, and first loans were made at 6 per cent. for loans secured by good mixed collateral and at 6½ per cent. for those entirely secured by industrial stocks. The advance did not start until well into the afternoon, and at 2 o'clock the rates quoted were 8 and 9 per cent., respectively, for mixed and all industrial collateral.

Shortly before the close of the stock market, money was bid up to 12 and 15 per cent., and after the close of the market when many brokers found they had not provided for their requirements, the rate jumped to 20 per cent.

Following the advance, rumors were afloat in Wall Street that some action would be taken by the Federal Reserve Bank, and that a movement was on foot to reconvene the so-called Money Committee, which ceased its activities several months ago. But nothing developed at the Reserve Bank, so far as is known, and bankers who were members of the Money Committee denied any knowledge of a reassembling of that body.

In partial explanation of the flurry in money rates it was said the Government had withdrawn some of its deposits with local banks, and that it is expected to call on them rather heavily in the next few days. It was also said that a good deal of bank business had accumulated over the holiday, as banks in many parts of the country closed down for the Fourth and did not reopen until yesterday.

That the banking situation is still far from being as strong as many conservative bankers desire to see it was evidenced by the statement issued by the Clearing House Saturday, and by the weekly display of condition issued by the Federal Reserve Bank. In the former exhibit, bank loans increased $100,837,000, and excess reserve, which was $64,077,130 a week ago, declined to $6,433,700. Loans at the Federal Reserve Bank increased $131,230,982, while member banks' reserves at the Reserve Bank were diminished by $51,609,376.

These large changes, it was generally believed, reflected financial operations over the end of June and the first of July, and bankers said that a good part of the loans made to cover that period had not yet been liquidated, and that payments made by corporations for interest and dividend charges were rather slow in getting back into the banks.

Postpone Dr. Day's Hearing.

The hearing of charges brought against Dr. Jonathan C. Day, Commissioner of Markets, by William M. Bennett, as counsel for the West Side Taxpayers' Association, was postponed yesterday by Commissioner of Accounts David Hirshfield until Thursday morning at 10 o'clock. Mr. Hirshfield said this action was taken at the request of Mr. Bennett, who desired more time to read the answer which Dr. Day had made to the charges, and which was not handed to Mr. Bennett until yesterday. Dr. Day's attorneys protested against the postponement.

Boston Bank Statement.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, July 7.—The Boston bank statement this week compares as follows with that of last week:

	July 5.	Decrease.
Circulation	$4,720,000	$10,000
Loans, discounts, and investments	571,603,000	13,063,000
Individual deposits, including U. S.	487,414,000	39,097,000
Due to banks	120,644,000	10,331,000
Time deposits	12,292,000	29,000
Exchange clearances	26,684,000	7,697,000
Due from banks	75,709,000	5,672,000
Cash in banks and in Fed. Res. Bank	63,441,000	2,608,000
Cash excess and with Fed. Res. Bank	12,666,000	6,213,000

MARKET AVERAGES.

STOCKS.

YESTERDAY'S RANGE.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.
25 railroads	66.32	65.17	65.33	+ .48
20 industrials	116.56	112.49	112.66	— .49
50 stocks	90.94	88.81	89.34	— .01

DAILY RANGE OF 50 STOCKS.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.
July 5	Holiday			
July 4	Holiday			
July 3	90.68	88.17	89.35	+1.18
July 2	88.70	87.49	88.17	+ .68
July 1	87.82	86.10	87.49	+ .46
June 30	87.83	86.65	87.03	— .17

MONTHLY RANGE OF 50 STOCKS.

	High.		Low.		Last.
July					
*1919	90.94	July 7	86.10	July 3	89.34
1918	72.79	July 6	70.48	July 15	71.67
1917	82.44	July 2	70.55	July 19	80.50
1916	87.04	July 6	82.91	July 14	84.26
1915	75.34	July 29	66.96	July 10	75.65

*To date.

YEARLY RANGE OF 50 STOCKS.

	High.		Low.		Last.
*1919	90.94	July 7	69.73	Jan. 21	89.34
†1918	74.22	May 16	64.12	Jan. 15	72.18
Full Years.					
1918	80.16	Nov. 13	64.12	Jan. 15	73.30
1917	90.46	Jan. 4	76.43	Dec. 20	80.83
1916	101.52	Nov. 20	80.91	Apr. 12	88.22
1915	94.13	Oct. 22	56.06	Feb. 24	91.33

*To date. †To corresponding date last year.

BONDS.

YESTERDAY'S CLOSE.

		Net Change. Day.	Month.	Year.
40 issues	77.78	—.03	—1.17	+1.13

DAILY RANGE OF 40 BONDS.

July 5	Holiday	June 27	78.08	+ .03	
July 4	Holiday	June 26	78.05	—.02	
July 3	77.75	—.03	June 25	78.07	—.10
July 2	77.78	—.03	June 24	78.17	
July 1	77.81	—.05	June 23	78.17	+ .05
June 30	77.91	—.12	June 21	78.22	+ .01
June 28	78.03	—.05	June 20	78.20	—.02

YEARLY RANGE OF 40 BONDS.

*1919	79.05	June 2	76.00	Mar. 31	77.78
†1918	77.87	May 24	75.77	Apr. 5	76.65
Full Years.					
1918	82.36	Nov. 12	75.65	Sep. 27	78.78
1917	80.48	Jan. 20	74.24	Dec. 20	74.84
1916	89.18	Nov. 27	86.19	Apr. 20	88.64

*To date. †To corresponding date last year.

PRAISES DRUG CLINIC.

Dr. Copeland Describes the Work of Registering Addicts.

Dr. Royal S. Copeland, City Health Commissioner, yesterday visited the Registration Clinic at 128 Prince Street. Upon his return to his office he said he was much pleased with the work being done. In a statement he added:

"In the first place, the work is being conducted in an orderly way. The sexes are separated, and no patient is known by his name. When he comes in he receives a number, and when that number is called he has a private interview in which he reveals his name. On the registration card is pasted his photograph. The addict brings three copies of the photograph, and three cards are filled out. The seal of the State Narcotic Commission is applied to prevent fraud or duplication. One card is for the Board of Health, one for the Narcotic Commission, and one for the registrar.

"Certain addicts are exempt from registration. A bed ridden patient is not required to register; neither is a patient with a hopeless disease or any incurable or painful malady where a drug is necessary. All exemptions are dealt with by the Narcotic Commission in a confidential manner.

"Saturday and Monday about 350 persons were registered. The Health Department expects to register drug addicts immediately. I still think there is a possibility of a great many alcoholic addicts becoming drug addicts.

"At the Health Department Drug Clinic at 145 Worth Street the work is running along smoothly. The clinic is well organized, and we are treating about 600 addicts a day there. About 2,000 visit the place from time to time. We give them a two-day supply of drugs. That has cut down the amount of drug prescription, and has effected a number of cures."

GREET ABYSSINIAN MISSION.

State Department Officials Receive Delegation Sent to the President.

WASHINGTON, July 7.—The flag of Abyssinia, one of the world's oldest governments, with traditions dating back to the days of the Queen of Sheba, was unfurled in Washington today on the arrival of a delegation from that nation.

The visiting mission consists of four members, and came to this country to present to President Wilson congratulations on the victory of the Allied and Associated Powers. It will also present certain gifts to the President.

The commissioners, who represent an independent Government of nearly 10,000,000 people, was welcomed at the Union Station by William Phillips, Acting Secretary of State; Assistant Secretary Breckenridge Long, and A. K. Schmavonian, acting chief of the Near East division of the State Department.

Dedjasmatch (Duke) Nado, Governor of a large district near the Italian Somaliland border, is head of the mission, and the other members are Kanlibe Gabrou, Ato Herouy, and Ato Sinkas.

BID AND ASKED QUOTATIONS

FOREIGN ISSUES.

Closing quotations for Government and municipal bonds:

	Bid.	Asked.
Am. For. Sec. 5s	99¾	100
Anglo-French 5s	97½	97¾
Argentine 5s	84	85
Dom. of Canada 5s, 1921	98¼	98½
Dom. of Canada 5s, 1926		95¾
Dom. of Canada 5s, 1931	96¾	97½
Chinese Government 5s	66	68
Republic of Cuba ext. 5s, 1944	98½	
Republic of Cuba ext. 5s, 1949	92¾	93
Republic of Cuba ext. 4½s, 1949	81½	83½
Dominican Republic 5s	91	
City of Bordeaux 6s	98¾	99½
City of Lyons 6s	98¾	99¼
City of Marseilles 6s	98¾	99½
City of Paris 6s	97½	98¼
Japanese 4½s	85¾	91
Japanese 4½s, second series	83¼	91¾
Japanese 4s	77	78
City of Tokio 5s	81	82
Un. K. of Gt. Br. & Ir. 5½s, 1919	99¾	99¼
Un. K. of Gt. Br. & Ir. 5½s, 1921	98¼	98¾
Un. K. of Gt. Br. & Ir. 5½s, 1937	98¾	99
United States of Mexico 5s	65	71
United States of Mexico 4s	53	54

UNITED STATES ISSUES.

Closing quotations for Government bonds:

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
2s, r, 1930	99¼	99¾	Pan 2s, c, 1936	98¾	..
2s, c, 1930	99¼	99¾	Pan 2s, r, 1961	89	92
2s, r, 1946	89	92	Pan 3s, c, 1961	89	92
3s, c, 1946	89	92	Pan 3s, c, 1961	89	92
4s, r, 1925	106¾	106¾	P I 4s, '34	90	96
4s, c, 1925	106¾	106¾	P I 4s, '35	90	94½
Pan 2s, r, 1936	98¾	99¼	P I 4s, '36	90	96
Pan 2s, c, 1936	98¾		Dist of C 3-65s	97	100
Pan 2s, r, 1938	98¾	99½			

STOCKS.

Closing quotations for stocks in which there were no transactions:

	Bid.	Asked.
Alb & Sus	185	
Am Ag Ch pf	98¼	101
Am B Sug pf	85	95
Am Br Sh	91	95
Am C pf	104½	106
Am C & F pf	116	118¾
Am Coal	45	..
Am Cot Oil pf	91	93
Am Ex	198¾	199
Am Lo pf	108¾	109
Am Shipb	135	..
Am Sm pf	93	94
Am S & R pf	108	108¾
Am Sn pf	90	95
Am S Ref pf	118	119
Am T & C	59	60
Am Z pf	10	20
Assets R	1¾	2
Assd D G pf	75	80
Assoc Oil	92½	94
A, B & A	10	11
Atl G & W I pf	73	74
Bald Lo pf	107	109
Barrett Co pf	118¾	116
Beech Cr	39¾	..
Beth St 7% pf	98	107
Booth Fish pf	82½	84
Bklyn Ed	100	103½
B U Gas	83	90
B, R & P pf	26	60
Burns Bros	148	152
Bush Ter pf	99¾	115
Bush Ter ex div	80	100
Buck Co	33	34
Calif P pf	114	..
Cal Pac pf	76	80
Can Co	45½	48
Case (J I) pf	99¼	100
C Fy R of N J	205	225
C & S A Tel	119	..
Chain-teed 1st pf	88	90
Chi & Alt pf	8¾	10
Do pf	13	15
C & N W pf	129	132
C, St P, Om pf	105	110
C, C, C, & St L	50	51
Do pf	71	74
Cl & Pitts pf	78	80
Do spec	87½	..
Clu-P pf	104½	108
Col F & I pf	100	102
Col Gas	39¾	40
Do 1st pf	85	86
Do 2d pf	62	63
Comp Tab pf	91	94
Con G pf	84¾	86
Con C pf	109	115
Cont Ins	72	73½
Crex Carp	63	64
C-Am Sug	180	195
Do pf	102	107
D & Co pf	100	104
Det Ed	117	121
Det & M	65	85
Det U Ry	95	104
D, S S & A	3	4½
Do pf	6	10
Elec S B	89	98
Elk Horn C pf	47	..
Erie & Pitts	70	..
Fed M & S pf	41½	43½
Fisher Bdy	85	87
Do pf	100	103
Gen Chem	185	195
Do pf	102½	109
Gen Clg pf	104	105
G, M & N pf	39	45
Gulf S S 1st pf	84	88
Hartman	82	83
Homestake	85	97
Int H pf	110½	120
Int N pf	96	..
Int P pf, ex div	100	105
Int Salt	84	..
Iowa Cent	4¼	6
K C Pt S & M pf	58	..
Kan C So pf	54½	55½
Kelly S T pf	98½	102
Kelsey Wh	55	58
Do pf	100	101
K & D M	4	6
Do pf	12	30
Kresge (SS)	145	150¾
Do pf	105	116
Kress (S H)	78	..
Do pf	108	..
Lacl Gas	50	60
L E & W	11	11½
Ligg & M	215	225
Do pf	113	118
L-W S 1st pf	103	106
Do 2d pf	113	116
Lorill'd Co pf	110	112½
M'kay Cos	74	78
Do pf	64	64½
Man Rch	½	2½
Man Elec	87	88
M Dep Sts pf	110	112
Mich Cent	109	..
M, St P & S S M 1	62	66
M P 1st pf	96	..
Mon P pf	104	..
Mor & Es	70½	..
N, C & St L	116½	120
Nat B pf	117½	123
Nat C & S pf	106	107
Nat Enam pf	101	107¾
Nat L pf	110	110¾
Nat Rys of M 1st pf	16	26
N Y C & St L 1st pf	68½	69¾
N Y Dock pf	51	57½
N Y, L & W pf	94	..
Nor Ore	21¾	..
N Y, O & West	22	23
Norf So	16¼	18½
N & W pf	75	77
North Am	57	60
Ohio F S	50	50½
Owens B pf	101	..
Pac Coast	40	43
Do 1st pf	70	100
Do 2d pf	50	70
Pac Mail	38¾	39
Pac T & Tel pf	90	..
Penn M pf	46½	48
Pet-M 1st pf	97	102
Pierce-A pf	106½	109
P, C, C & St L	64	68
P, Ft W & C pf	129½	139
P & W Va pf	83½	84
Pr Stl Car pf	102	104
P S, N J	80	86
R R Sec, 1	83	85
C stk	..	75
Ry Stl Spr pf	108¼	112
R T 1st pf	98	..
Do 2d pf	..	100
Rdg 1st pf	36½	38
Do 2d pf	37½	40
St L S W pf	34½	36½
Sears-Roeb	204½	207½
Do pf	117¼	120
S-S S & I pf	95	98
So P R S	170	175
Std Mill	131	133
Do pf	91	93½
Sup Stl 1st pf	103	110
T P L Tr	400	500
Third Av	23½	24
Tide W O	238	243
T, St L & West	..	6
Do ctfs	4	6
Do pf	15	..
Do pf	13	20
T C R T pf	85	124
Und T pf	112	120
U S & P	90	95
Un Clg Sts pf	13	..
U D 1st pf	51¾	54
Do 2d pf	120	123¾
U S Ex	27	28
U S Ind A pf	105	110
U S Sm pf, ex div	47½	49½
Va R & P pf	..	48
Wal Dath	14	18
Do pf	74	80
Wab pf, B	22¼	24
Wells F	67	71
W Md 2d pf	28	29½
W Pac pf	56	59
West Un	89½	90
W El & M 1st pf	70	75
W-Ov pf	96½	97
Wilson pf	98	103
Wis Cent	38	39
W'w'th pf	114¾	116½
Wor Pump pf, A	88	89
Do pf, B	78½	79

We own and offer, subject to prior sale, the bond issues described below. These securities are of a class which have long been favorites with our clients and on which the success and reputation of S. W. Straus & Co. have been largely built up.

New Issue **$1,400,000**

Stratford Apartment Hotel
NEW YORK CITY

First Mortgage 6% Serial Bonds
(Safeguarded under the Straus Plan)

Dated July 1, 1919. Interest Coupons due January 1 and July 1. Principal and Interest payable at the offices of S. W. Straus & Co. The borrowing corporation covenants to pay 4% Federal Income Tax. Callable at 102 and Interest.

SERIAL MATURITIES OR AMORTIZATION

Amount	Maturing	Amount	Maturing	Amount	Maturing
$40,000	Jan. 1, 1922	$65,000	July 1, 1924	$80,000	July 1, 1927
50,000	July 1, 1922	70,000	July 1, 1925	85,000	July 1, 1928
60,000	July 1, 1923	75,000	July 1, 1926	875,000	July 1, 1929

Denominations: $1,000 and $500 bonds in all maturities; $100 bonds in 1929 maturity only.

Property Mortgaged: The bonds are a direct closed first mortgage on the land and building located at the northwest corner of West End Avenue and 74th Street, New York City. The building will be a fourteen-story, steel frame, absolutely fireproof structure of the most advanced design, construction, finish and equipment, containing 340 rooms and 225 baths, divided into suites to suit tenants. There will be four electric elevators. The building is now in course of construction, and its completion, in accordance with the plans and specifications, free and clear of all prior liens, is unconditionally guaranteed to the bondholders by S. W. Straus & Co. The land fronts 100 feet on 74th Street and 142 feet on West End Avenue.

Value of Property: The property, land and building, is appraised at $2,100,000.

Hotel Demand in This District: This building is being erected in direct response to the large and constantly growing demand for high-grade apartment hotel space of this character. The location is excellent, West End Avenue being between Riverside Drive and Broadway. Close at hand are many well-known hotels and private residences of wealthy New Yorkers, with the Schwab residence occupying an entire square block directly across the street. Transportation could not be better; the Fifth Avenue Bus line is one block away, the 72nd Street express station of the Seventh Avenue Subway line three short blocks away, and near at hand are the Sixth Avenue Elevated and several street car lines.

Earnings: The net annual rental earnings are estimated at $185,000, nearly two and one-quarter times the greatest annual interest charge.

Borrowing Corporation: These bonds are the direct obligation of the 305 West End Corporation, of which the President and controlling stockholder is Henry Mayer, a prominent New York business man of long experience in the ownership and operation of high-grade buildings. He comes to us bearing the strongest recommendations as to his responsibility.

Call, write or 'phone for Circular No. A-607

New Issue **$1,000,000**

Flatbush Industrial Building
BROOKLYN

First Mortgage 6% Serial Bonds
(Safeguarded under the Straus Plan)

Dated May 24, 1919. Interest Coupons due May 24 and November 24. Principal and Interest payable at the offices of S. W. Straus & Co. The borrowing corporation covenants to pay 4% Federal Income Tax. Callable at 102 and Interest.

SERIAL MATURITIES OR AMORTIZATION

Amount	Maturing	Amount	Maturing	Amount	Maturing
$40,000	May 24, 1921	$50,000	May 24, 1924	$55,000	May 24, 1927
45,000	May 24, 1922	50,000	May 24, 1925	60,000	May 24, 1928
50,000	May 24, 1923	50,000	May 24, 1926	600,000	May 24, 1929

Denominations: $1,000 and $500 bonds in all maturities; $100 bonds in 1929 maturity only.

Property Mortgaged: The bonds are a direct closed first mortgage on the land and building located at 14th Avenue, 36th and 37th Streets, Brooklyn, New York. The building will be a modern six-story absolutely fireproof structure of reinforced concrete, intended for light manufacturing purposes. There will be ten elevators. A spur track will give connection with both rail and water transportation. The building is now in course of construction, and its completion, in accordance with the plans and specifications, free and clear of all prior liens, is unconditionally guaranteed to the bondholders by S. W. Straus & Co. The land fronts 200 feet on 14th Avenue, 240 feet on 36th Street and 600 feet on 37th Street, occupying almost the entire block.

Value of Property: The property, land and building, is appraised at $1,525,000.

Rental Demand: The building is being erected in response to a heavy demand on the part of manufacturing corporations in this part of Brooklyn. Real estate values in this section are increasing, and the demand for light manufacturing space of this kind is in excess of the supply. Some of the structures near by, such as the Bush Terminal, are completely filled and applications of manufacturing companies for space still continue. It is in Brooklyn that a large number of manufacturing and industrial enterprises of metropolitan New York are located, principally because of the congested condition and the high rentals on Manhattan Island. Nearby are closely populated districts affording an ample supply of labor, with excellent transportation. The 14th Avenue station of the Brooklyn Rapid Transit subway is directly across the street. A surface street car line is one-half block away and the Culver Line of the Elevated is near at hand.

Earnings: The net annual rental earnings are conservatively estimated at $160,000, nearly three times the greatest annual interest charge.

Borrowing Corporation: The bonds are the direct obligation of the Flatbush Industrial Corporation of New York.

Call, write or 'phone for Circular No. A-603

Price, Par and Accrued Interest on both issues to net 6%.

***MONTHLY DEPOSITS:** In accordance with the usual provisions of the Straus Plan, in both of the above bond issues monthly deposits of principal and interest are required so as to provide systematically for the payment of both principal and interest in cash on the days when due and to make certain that the rents as received each month are applied to the payment of the bonds. Each monthly deposit is one-twelfth of the total amount of principal and interest coming due during the year.*

We have purchased the above issues with our own funds after careful investigation and recommend them as thoroughly safeguarded investments.

S. W. STRAUS & CO.
ESTABLISHED 1882 INCORPORATED
150 BROADWAY, NEW YORK
CHICAGO BOSTON PHILADELPHIA SAN FRANCISCO
MINNEAPOLIS ST. LOUIS DETROIT MILWAUKEE

37 Years Without Loss to Any Investor

Municipal Bonds
Exempt from Federal Income Tax

Amount	Security	Maturity	Yield %
	Tax Exempt in New York State		
$20,000	Buffalo, N. Y., Reg. Water 4½s	Oct., 1935	4.25
50,000	Tarrytown, N. Y., Reg. Water 4½s	June, 1920-41	4.30
125,000	Syracuse, N. Y., Reg. 4½s	July, 1922-35	4.30
5,000	Syracuse, N. Y., Reg. W. W'ks 3½s	July, 1928	4.35
	Tax Exempt in New Jersey		
$38,000	Jersey City, N. J., Reg. 4½s	1927 & 1928	4.40
5,000	Trenton, N. J., Reg. Park 4s	June, 1929	4.40
10,000	Camden, N. J., Funding 4½s	June, 1928	4.40
118,000	Camden Co., N. J., 5s	Aug., 1925	4.40
15,000	Irvington, N. J., 4½s	Jan., 1939	4.45
10,000	Kearney, N. J., School 4½s	April, 1937	4.50
215,000	Cliffside Park, N. J., Sewer 5½s	June, 1922, to Dec., 1924	4.70
	General Market Municipals		
$1,200,000	St. Louis, Mo., School Dist. 4s	July, 1939	4.40
10,000	State of Oregon Highway 4s	Apr. & Oct., 1924-38	4.45
100,000	State of Idaho Capitol Bldg. 4½s	Jan., 1930-38	4.50
90,000	Duluth, Minn., Bridge 5s	July, 1926-28	4.50
25,000	New Britain, Conn., 3½s	Jan., 1924	4.50
240,000	Vermilion Co., Ill., Road 4s	Jan., 1920-35	4.50
10,000	Newark, O., Grade 4½s	Apr., 1925	4.55
50,000	San Francisco, Cal., Water 4½s	July, 1923-24	4.65
80,000	Hanover Township, Pa., Sewer 5s	June, 1929-49	4.70
325,000	Aberdeen, S. D., Sewer 4½s	July, 1921-39	4.75
300,000	Bingham Co., Idaho, Road 5s	July, 1929-38	4.80
15,000	Concord, N. C., Improvement 5s	Jan., 1937	4.90

Descriptive circular furnished on request

A. B. Leach & Co., Inc.
Investment Securities
62 Cedar St., New York
Chicago Minneapolis Philadelphia Baltimore Boston Pittsburg Buffalo Cleveland

Tax Exempt in New York State
Free from all Federal Income Taxes

$150,000

Herkimer County, New York
5% Bonds

Dated July 1, 1919 Due $5,000, each year, March 1, 1920, to 1949

Coupon Bonds with privilege of full registration. Principal and semi-annual interest March 1st and September 1st, at the Herkimer National Bank, Herkimer, N. Y., in New York Funds. Denomination $1000.

Legal investment for Savings Banks and Trust Funds in New York and eligible to secure United States Postal Savings Deposits.

FINANCIAL STATEMENT

Assessed Valuation (1919)	$41,304,107
Total Bonded Debt (including this issue)	$1,057,000
Less Sinking Funds	46,000
Net Bonded Debt	1,011,000

Population, 1915 Census, 64,109

Herkimer County is in the central part of New York State. It is served by the New York Central and Hudson River R. R. with Branches; electric interurban lines, and by the Erie Canal. The southern section of the county is a rich dairying region and there are also a number of extensive manufacturing industries located there. Herkimer, the county seat, is an attractive and flourishing village of about 9,000 people, located on the Mohawk River, about 15 miles southeast of Utica.

Legality approved by George S. Clay, Esq., of New York, and a certified copy of his opinion will be furnished.

Price to Yield 4.30%

Thayer, Drew & Company
111 Broadway, New York

FINANCIAL NOTICES.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

The Arlington National Bank, located at Arlington, in the State of Texas, is closing its affairs. All note holders and other creditors of the association are therefore hereby notified to present the notes and other claims for payment.

JAMES DITTO, President.

Dated, June 27th, 1919.

DIVIDENDS.

June 26, 1919.

THE ALLIANCE REALTY COMPANY.

The Board of Directors have this day declared a dividend of 1½% on the outstanding capital stock of the company, payable July 15, 1919, to stockholders of record at the close of business July 10, 1919.

HOWARD W. SMITH, Secretary.

PROPOSALS.

PROPOSALS FOR DREDGING AND Rock Removal.—United States Engineer Office, Room 710, Army Building, 39 Whitehall St., New York, N. Y.—Sealed proposals for dredging and rock removal in East River, N. Y., will be received here until 12 M., August 1, 1919, and then opened. Further information on application.

Capital for Industries

WE are always in the market for loans in the form of first mortgage bond issues to firmly established, growing industrial concerns, in amounts of $250,000 upward.

We have ample capital and a large clientele of conservative investors who rely on us to furnish them with securities which are the obligations of high grade corporations.

A letter of inquiry will bring a prompt response, explaining the *Straus Plan* of financing.

S.W. STRAUS & CO.
ESTABLISHED 1882 INCORPORATED
150 BROADWAY, NEW YORK
37 Years Without Loss to Any Investor.

The Best Way to Obtain a Large Income

is to purchase preferred stocks which are well protected by property and by earnings. Many of the strongest corporations have considered it advisable to put on the market preferred stocks, rather than bonds. This method of financing has indirectly saved money for the borrowers through decreased taxation and has directly improved the income of investors. For our recommendations of preferred stocks ask for Circular No. 457.

BODELL & CO.
Investment Securities
120 Broadway
Providence Boston

300% Net Quick Assets

We offer the 7% Preferred Stock of a Company whose statement shows net quick assets equal to 300% of the preferred stock outstanding.

Price to Yield 7.29%

Send for Circular T-4 To-day

GEO. H. BURR & CO.
120 Broadway
New York
Philadelphia Chicago
Hartford San Francisco
Pittsburgh Seattle
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We invite your
Cuban Business
Banco Internacional de Cuba
34 Branches throughout the Island. Personal, efficient, Banking Co-operation.
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Collections. Credit Information
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—II—
Head Office: Havana, Cuba.

Suitable Investments *for* Business Men

CIRCULARS on request.

SECURITIES, listed or unlisted, bought and sold in small or large amounts. Listed stocks carried on margin. Correspondence invited.

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Members New York Stock Exchange
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RUSSIAN CURRENCY AND BONDS
Bought & Sold On Order.
Shuman & Seligmann
Members New York Stock Exchange
60 Broad St., N.Y. Tel. Broad 7270

DECLINE IN REVENUE OF GREAT NORTHERN

Annual Report Shows Falling Off in Net Operating Income of Nearly $13,000,000.

TOTAL INCOME $17,340,801

President Hill Explains Signing of the Contract with the Railroad Administration.

A sharp falling off in net operating income is shown in the annual report of the Great Northern Railway Company for last year, the decline amounting to approximately $13,000,000. The operating revenue was $100,698,520, and the operating expenses were $84,429,245, leaving a net operating revenue of $16,269,275. The percentage of operating expenses to gross operating revenue was 83.84, the highest that has been reported over a ten-year period. The net operating income of 1917 was $29,318,578. The total income in the present report is shown to be $17,340,801, from which there are deductions of $9,695,229 for fixed charges, leaving net income at $7,645,572, which is the equivalent of $3.10 a share on the capital stock. In the preceding year the net income of $33,040,172 was the equivalent of $9.24 a share on the capital stock. These figures are based on actual earnings, without taking into account the Government return for lease of the road.

The total amount received from the Railroad Administration was $28,771,390, from which there was a deduction of $84,387, which was divided between the Duluth and Superior Bridge Company and the aWtertown & Sioux Falls Railway Company. With other income added the gross corporate income was $29,758,499. Fixed charges were $9,695,229, leaving a net corporate income of $20,063,269. After dividends and income applied to sinking and reserve funds there was a surplus of $1,059,844 to be transferred to profit and loss account.

In discussing the Government return and the signing of the contract with the Railroad Administration, L. W. Hill, the President says:

"The company during the last few years has expended large sums in the construction of new lines, the double tracking of important stretches of existing lines, the enlargement and improvement of division terminals, acquisition of additional equipment and for numerous other improvements, and as the results of these expenditures were not fully reflected in a substantial portion of the test period it was felt that the company, under the act referred to, was entitled to a greater rental for its properties than the so-called 'standard return' provided. Claim was therefore prepared and filed, enumerating all items upon which the company believed it was entitled to special compensation. This claim was disallowed by the Director General and his special cabinet by whom it was considered.

"The maximum compensation which under the act can be granted to any company whose condition is not exceptional, is the standard return, and only 90 per cent. thereof shall be allowed any carrier until its compensation has been agreed upon and a contract executed. It is therefore evident, that any controversy with the Director General relative to compensation, no matter how meritorious the company's contention, would involve it in protracted litigation, during which period the company would be without a contract and settlement of many of the important questions resulting from Federal operation might be greatly delayed. The company, after mature deliberation, therefore, executed a contract taking as compensation the standard return based upon the three years test period."

Bank Elects Colonel McCrea.

Colonel James Alexander McCrea was elected a Vice President of the Bankers Trust Company yesterday. Colonel McCrea, who is the son of James McCrea, former President of the Pennsylvania Company, was Manager of Transportation for the American Expeditionary Force prior to Oct. 1, 1918. He was General Manager of the Long Island Railroad before entering the army.

FINANCIAL NOTES.

The National City Bank announces the opening of a new branch at Maracaibo, Venezuela. This is the second branch in Venezuela.

Thayer, Drew & Co. are offering $150,000 serial 5 per cent. bonds of Herkimer County, N. Y., at prices to yield 4.30 per cent. The bonds mature $5,000 on March 1, in each year from 1920 to 1949.

Field, Richards & Co. of Cincinnati, announce that Benjamin W. Lemaux and Charles H. Richards have been admitted to partnership.

Moyse & Holmes, Stock Exchange members, have prepared a special letter describing the Sinclair Consolidated Corporation.

The Invincible Oil Corporation, which was formed recently, has begun business with more than $2,000,000 working capital in addition to the net quick assets of the subsidiary companies, according to announcement made yesterday. Ten wells are being drilled.

The White Eagle Oil and Refining Company is preparing to erect a petroleum cracking plant at Augusta, Kan., where it operates a 5,000-barrel oil refinery.

William Hurd Hillyer & Co. announce the removal of their office to 80 Wall Street.

R. M. Grant & Co. have prepared their July list of municipal bonds, embracing fifty communities. The investment yield runs from 4.25 to 5.25 per cent.

Scovell, Wellington & Co., accounting and industrial engineers, have removed from the Woolworth Building to 27 William Street.

The Mercantile Trust Company has been appointed transfer agent for capital stock of the Simms Petroleum Company and of first preferred stock of the Congoleum Company, and registrar for stock of the Tobacco Products Exports Corporation.

Montreal Stock Quotations.

Special to The New York Times.

MONTREAL, Que., July 7.—The bullish movement continued strongly today, which turned out to be another record day for sales, making three within a month. Prices eased off slightly on profit-taking at the afternoon close. The main quotations and sales were:

Sales.		High.	Low.	Close.
375	Tram Power	23	21¾	21¾
665	Atlantic Sugar	54	53	54
3,060	N. Breweries	180¾	177	181½
25	Ames	50	50	50
140	Ames pf.	95	94	95
446	Brazilian	59¾	58¼	59¼
1,165	Brompton	64½	64	64½
1,890	Can. Car	42⅜	41	41¾
305	Can. Car pf.	99	97¾	98½
445	Can. Cement	72	69¾	71
375	Can. Steamship	52	51¾	51¾
110	Can. Steamship pf.	84	84	84
2	Can. Locomotive	77	77	77
2,455	Can. Smelters	31¼	30¾	31¼
2,955	Dom. Steel	70⅝	70	70
75	Dom. Textile	116	116	116
180	Laurentide	220	220	220
335	MacDonald	36	35¼	35¾
22,260	Montreal Power	89½	89	89½
1,879	Riordon	144	140	144
350	Spanish River	44	43¾	44
375	Spanish River pf.	109½	108	108
2,575	Steel of Canada	75	74½	74½
3,815	St. Lawrence Flour	112½	111	111½
400	Dominion Glass	61½	59½	60
31,612				

THE TREASURY STATEMENT.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 7.—Revenue receipts:

	This Month.	Fiscal Yr.
Customs	$1,521,117	$1,521,117
Internal revenue—		
Income and excess profits taxes	4,358,971	4,358,971
Miscellaneous	19,926,809	19,926,809
Miscellaneous rev	1,746,513	1,746,513
Total receipts	$27,553,409	$27,553,409
Excess of ord. disbursements over ord. receipts	46,603,790	46,603,790
Excess of total disbursements over total receipts	36,009,429	36,009,429
Expenditures	73,959,200	73,959,200

FRANCE NOW TURNS TO CONSTRUCTION

Clemenceau Heartens Residents of Occupied Area—Great Progress on Railways.

PARIS, July 7.—Premier Clemenceau has begun a visit to the devastated regions, entering the zone of protracted warfare at St. Quentin. Everywhere he received a splendid welcome. The Premier encouraged the people to question him and bring forward any complains which they had to make, and they were not slow in doing soo. In addressing the population of St. Quentin, M. Clemenceau stated that, now that peace was concluded, the work of construction and reform would be the Government's foremost care.

"The difficulties we meet at every step," he said, "cannot be resolved by old rules. New methods must be found for new requirements, and we must, above all, learn to use that free individual initiative which the republic must strive to develop. It is not good practice for a democratic country to leave everything to the Government.

"You will have to rebuild your homes, and perhaps the habit thus required by the Frenchmen of depending on himself to make the effort will contribute to still further democratise our country. You must not think that peace is a contract which ends all difficulties. No country escapes the law of work. We provide you with the conditions of existence, and it is for you to make tehm bear fruit and to extract from them all benefits. One of the advantages of peace is that it is based on the unions of peoples who have saved the world. We each have need of the other. Barbarism is definitely destroyed, but only on condition that we all see to it that the stipulations of the treaty are executed."

Marked progress on the reconstruction of French transportation systems is shown in a report by M. Claveille, Minister of Transportation, to President Poincare.

The report shows that since the signing of the armistice 564 miles of double-track railways lines and 567 miles of single-track lines have been restored on the North & East Railway.

Of 645 miles of canals that were closed to navigation, 198 miles have been opened to commerce.

Seven thousand miles of highway have been put in good condition out of 24,000 miles of roads that were damaged.

WORLD'S SUPPLY OF WOOL.

Said to be Ample for All the Requirements to be Met.

The great improvement in conditions in the woolen and worsted industry since February, when he left for Europe, was a source of some surprise to A. M. Patterson of Patterson & Greenough upon his return to this country a week ago. Mr. Patterson, who as President guided the Textile Alliance, Inc., which was the vehicle for carrying out war measures in the wool industry, yesterday issued a statement in which he reviewed conditions as he found them in Europe. He expressed astonishment that the woolen men should believe they are facing an acuts shortage of wool, and gave figures to prove that American requirements seem to be provided for at least as far ahead as in normal times. The supply available abroad, even at a conservative estimate, he said, is equal to the probable requirements of the world in the near future.

"After shipments of wool from Australasia to Great Britain during the current year, to the extraordinary amount of nearly 3,000,000 bales," he said, "the amount remaining in Australasia on Sept. 1 will approximate 7,000,000 bales, to which must be added the new clip of over 2,500,000 bales. At the same time, the clips of South Africa and South America will come upon the market, and it must not be forgotten that they will face stocks in Great Britain which have arrived much faster than they could be used up or even handled in the warehouses. Enormous quantities have passed into private hands because the Government has been distributing wool both at auction and by allotment and has even adopted the unprecedented method of holding merino and crossbred auctions in three cities, namely, London, Hull, and Liverpool.

The prices paid at auction have exceeded Government control prices, Mr. Patterson mentioned, where there were choice lots, but inferior wools have not fully shared in these advances, and the ultimate disposition of such wools presents a problem.

"Since the consumption and production of the world prior to the war were approximately in balance, it seems to follow," he continued, "that the consumptive capacity at present will not be equal to the task of coping with a somewhat increased production together with the considerable accumulations that have taken place during the war and of restoring the balance in any assignable time. The consumption of the United States is reduced by the reduction in hours, and the same is true in Great Britain.

"Of course, it is not yet known what supplies of wool will be given to Germany, but, however large they may be, it is not possible that the restocking of their plants and their operation at anything like normal capacity can seriously alter the situation, even if Germany's buying capacity, combined with allied indulgence, should permit it.

"In short, I feel that the diminished amount of machinery available in the world, the condition of a part of it, and the reduced working hours which affect the rest, will leave a greater surplus of wool than most peole realize and will make exceeding difficult the reclothing, not to say the rapid reclothing, of that great part of the world's population which must be reclothed."

In conclusion Mr. Patterson said:

"The statistical position indicates that there is plenty of wool. If there is a scarcity in the markets where it is needed, that scarcity can be relieved from the primary markets. Nothing further is necessary to correct the present tendency than the assurance of adequate transportation facilities and the placing upon the market of those stocks which are now available.

"It is unfortunate that the wools owned in Australia by the War Department have been disposed of to the British Government. They were selected for American requirements, both as to quality and condition, and would have been a valuable addition to our stocks. The sale, moreover, has furnished an apparent justification for the exclusion of America from the London sales as well as from the Australasian market on the ground that America apparently does not require further supplies. It is, however, too late to alter this situation."

METAL MARKET REPORT.

These prices were quoted on the local Metal Exchange yesterday:

	Yesterday. Bid.	Asked.	Thursday. Bid.	Asked.
Lead	5.20	...	6.17½	6.37½
Spelter	... 7.25	...	...	7.20
Antimony	... 8.50	...	...	8.50
Quicksilver	... $107.00	...	...	$105.00
Aluminium	*$2.00	33.00	*$2.00	33.00
Iron, No. 2 X Foundry	... 31.90	...	...	31.90

*Nominal.

Electrolytic copper was quoted in the open market at 19½c, 30 days; on metal exchange 18⅝c for spot.

London quotations were:

	Yesterday. £	s.	d.	Thursday. £	s.	d.
Copper, spot	94	0	0	91	10	0
Copper, futures	95	0	0	92	10	0
Tin, spot	248	10	0	241	0	0
Tin, futures	246	5	0	238	10	0
Spelter, spot	40	0	0	39	5	0
Spelter, futures	40	10	0	40	0	0
Lead, spot	23	15	0	22	12	6
Lead, futures	23	0	0	22	17	6

DIVIDENDS DECLARED.

Company.	Rate.	Per.	Pay. able.	Hold. of Record.
Brown Shoe, pf.	1¾	Q	Aug. 1	July 19
Int. Nickel, pf.	1¾	Q	Aug. 1	July 16
Miami Copper	50c	Q	Aug. 15	Aug. 1
Mil. St. Ry & L., pf	1¼	Q	July 31	July 21
N.Y. C. & St. L., 2d pf	2½	SA	July 22	July 10
Western Pacific, pf.	$1	...	July 15	July 10

Exempt From All Federal Income Taxes

$325,000

Port of Seattle
Washington
5% Bonds

Dated June 1, 1919. Due Serially June 1, 1920 to 1961.

Coupon Bonds—Denomination $1,000. Principal and semi-annual interest June 1st and December 1st, payable in New York City.

Tax Exempt in State of Washington. Eligible to Secure United States Postal Savings Deposits.

FINANCIAL STATEMENT

Actual valuation (estimated 1918)	$550,000,000
Assessed valuation 1918	279,362,000
Total Bonded Debt (including this issue)	7,289,000
About 3% of Assessed Valuation	
Population (1910 Census)	284,638
" (Present Estimate)	455,000

The Port of Seattle is located in King Co., Washington, its boundary being co-extensive with that of the county which includes the City of Seattle.

Principal and interest on this issue are payable from a tax on all taxable property in King Co., Washington.

Price to Yield 4.80%

Legality approved by Messrs. Caldwell & Masslich of New York.

Hornblower & Weeks
42 Broadway
Boston New York Chicago
Providence Portland, Me. Detroit

While Rome Burned

NERO sought for inspiration in burning the greatest city of the old world, while its helpless citizens watched in despair. They knew that the wiping out of all that they owned meant a loss without recompense.

FIRE INSURANCE is the protection that makes total loss a thing of by gone days. It is the safeguard against accidents, carelessness, and all other causes of conflagration.

MARINE. FIRE AUTOMOBILE INSURANCE

THE IMPORTERS AND EXPORTERS INSURANCE COMPANY of New York
37 South William Street N.Y.

METROPOLITAN DISTRICT AGENTS

Marine Department	Trans-Marine Underwriting Agency	11 So. William St.
Fire "	Central Fire Office, Inc.	49 Maiden Lane
Automobile "	A. Whelpley, Manager.	68 William St.

Credit and Caution

All goods that are being bought and sold today, are on an inflated paper basis. When currency issues are deflated, as they must be in time, there will follow a shrinkage in values and an increase in failures.

In this period, the alert manufacturer or jobber should safeguard his credit accounts, so that he may be free to apply himself profitably to the productive end of his business.

This he will be able to do if his credit accounts are protected by American Credit Insurance.

The American's Unlimited Policy provides absolute protection against abnormal, unforeseen credit losses. Thus it safeguards profits—eliminates worry—inspires confidence. In any emergency of credit accounts there is nothing so strong or so safe.

You need such a broad *service*, and the wonder is that it can be offered to you on a scientific basis and at such a low cost. Send for full particulars.

The AMERICAN CREDIT-INDEMNITY CO. of NEW YORK

A. B. TREAT, Gen. Eastern Mgr.
R. S. CHAMBERS, Gen. Agent, 91 William St., N. Y. City.
Phone John 533-534-3365.

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INVESTMENTS
7 Wall Street
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Members N. Y. Stock Exchange
71 Broadway New York
Tel. 7610 Bowling Green

A Bond for Every Buyer

Safety of principal is a universal requirement of conservative investors, though their preferences in other respects differ widely.

Your preference may be for short term issues, while another buyer, wishing to be relieved of frequent reinvestment, may prefer long term issues.

To you, ready salability and tax exemption may be items of importance, though to another investor these qualities may be of little consequence and less active on taxable bonds, because of their more liberal yields, are a better choice.

Whether your preference is for short or long term issues, taxable or tax free, those of extreme salability or of more restricted market; whether for Government, Municipal, Industrial, Railroad or Public Service Corporation bonds; for issues available in $100, $500 or $1,000 denomination; those whose interest is payable in certain months, or which conform to the trust fund or savings bank requirements of a particular state—among our offerings, any of which will meet the requirements of the most discriminating as to safety, you will find issues which will exactly conform to your needs.

Our current list will be sent upon request for Circular NA-15. If you will advise us of the nature of your investment preferences, we shall be pleased to indicate which of the issues described in this circular are best adapted to your individual needs.

Representative of our bonds, we offer Laclede Gas Light Co. (St. Louis, Missouri) First Mortgage Collateral and Refunding 7% Bonds, due 1929. Denominations $1000, $500, $100. Price, at market, to yield about 6.95%

HALSEY, STUART & CO.
INCORPORATED—SUCCESSORS TO N. W. HALSEY & CO., CHICAGO
49 WALL STREET, NEW YORK
TELEPHONE: HANOVER 4041
CHICAGO PHILADELPHIA BOSTON ST. LOUIS
DETROIT MILWAUKEE

Canadian Nickel and U. S. Steel

Canada is the world's greatest producer of nickel. In 1917 the Sudbury mines produced 75,000,000 pounds. Without Canadian nickel America's production of munitions and armor plate would have been impossible.

The growth of the Canadian industry and the part U. S. trade played in it is shown in the following tabulation:

	Year Ending March 31, 1919	1918	1917
Canada's Total Exports	$11,120,000	$9,020,000	$6,925,000
Exports to U. S.	8,476,000	7,465,000	7,000,000

The services of the Union Bank of Canada are at the disposal of American importers and exporters. 360 branches located in all the commercial centers of Canada enable its New York Agency to offer expeditious service in the transfer of money to and from Canada.

Union Bank of Canada

Head Office Winnipeg

New York Agency, 49 Wall St.
W. J. Dawson, F. L. Appleby, W. M. Forrest, Agents

Capital & Surplus $8,600,000

An Investment That Qualifies

PACKARD MOTOR CAR COMPANY

7% Cumulative Preferred Stock

This company, originally incorporated in 1900, is one of the oldest as well as one of the most successful manufacturers of automobiles on the market. The "Packard" is a high class popular car, one of the most widely and favorably known cars made.

The Packard Motor Car Company has been a leader in the mechanical evolution of the motor; its production of the Liberty Aircraft Motor used by the United States War and Navy Departments and by Allied Governments during the war was an enviable contribution to the allies' cause.

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The company's manufacturing plants located at Detroit cover 74 acres, comprise 116 buildings and employ about 10,000 in the organization. There is no mortgage against the property of the company.

The annual appropriation of 5% of net earnings as a sinking fund to retire this issue will naturally enhance the value of its preferred stock remaining outstanding.

This is a choice investment and we are pleased to offer same with our recommendation.

Price 100 and accrued dividend

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Investment Securities

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ADVANCEMENT

In June The New York Times published the largest volume of advertisements ever published in one month in the history of The Times.

Texas Oil Operations

The second stage in the development of the Texas light gravity oil fields is under good headway; with the production totals standing around 175,000 barrels daily, an increase of approximately 15,000 barrels over the peak point of the first stage, March 13th last, when the totals stood approximately at 160,000 barrels.

Following the high point of March 13th there was a slump for several weeks of 10,000 or 15,000 barrels, but coincident with the opening up of the Northwest Extension at Burkburnett a few weeks ago, the output began climbing again, to May 20th, when it became stationary at about the present figures.

Happenings in the past thirty days in the Burkburnett "Extension" mark it as an oil pool, possibly without a parallel.

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Telephone 2841 Rector

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EXECUTIVE.

An executive, financial official and business organizer, who served in this capacity with one of the war boards during the war, is now open for a permanent engagement with a sound business enterprise where real merit will win recognition. American, 38, married, 20 years' business training. Experienced export and import manager; advertising and selling experience. Trained accountant, organization, methods, etc. Credentials first class. G 474 Times Downtown.

REACTION IN COTTON AFTER EARLY RISE

Market Gains 40 to 67 Points on Accumulation of Buying Orders Over the Holiday.

CLOSES AT LOW LEVEL

Heavy Realizing Develops by Southern Interests—Crop Advices Are Poor.

A strong tone and higher prices at Liverpool and the accumulation over Sunday of many buying orders, both developments in response to the advance here last Thursday, the last trading day of last week, stimulated yesterday's cotton market considerably at the opening and after the call had shown gains ranging from 40 to 67 points, the market continued strong and on fairly good buying all around the ring mounted in the first hour to levels which showed gains over the close of last week of 85 to 102 points, the greatest gain being scored in the January option, which got up to 33.60. July and October both went above 34 cents on this bulge, the former to 34.15 and the latter to 34.04.

These prices, as it turned out, were the best for the day, for at the top there developed considerable realizing, especially by Southern interests which had been buyers at the opening. Wall Street and the Western wire houses were consistent buyers on the advance, but when the selling started around midday their support was withdrawn. In the afternoon the market lost almost all of the early gains, October selling 40 points below the opening and within 9 points of Thursday's last, while the others were within 15 to 25 points of last week's closing figures. There was very little rallying power at the close and most of the active months finished very close to the day's low levels.

Weather reports were somewhat better than had been looked for, but private crop advices were uniformly poor. The growing crop is still badly in need of some good weather and unless some develops at no far distant date the chances for the crop recovering well from its bad start will be poor. The Government's estimate of less than 11,000,000 bales was generally regarded as rather too low last week, with a majority of private experts figuring on at least 11,500,000 bales on the condition and acreage display. But some revision of these figures is now being made, and it is feared that unless growing conditions improve very decidedly, and at once, it may be found that the harvested crop will be even below the Government's initial estimate.

Exports continue to move in a highly satisfactory manner. The revised figures for last week were even higher than the preliminary report. The clearances last week, as corrected, showed 175,151 bales. Over the week-end this week the outgo was 48,872 bales, larger than for the corresponding two days of last week by 4,383 bales.

Yesterday's quotations follow:

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.	Previous Day.
July	34.15	33.40	33.40@33.80	33.38	
Oct.	33.65	34.04	33.25	33.37@33.40	33.14
Dec.	33.50	33.80	33.00	33.00@33.05	32.86
Jan.	33.25	33.60	32.83	32.86@32.90	32.58
March	32.50	33.32	32.70	32.70@32.75	32.50

The local market for spot cotton was quiet, up 5 points to 34.40c for middling upland; sales none.

Southern spot markets were: Galveston, 33.75c; New Orleans, 32.25c; Savannah, 33c; Augusta, 32.87c; Memphis, 32.75c; Houston, 33.50c; Little Rock, 32.75c.

Yesterday's cotton statistics were:

	Yesterday.	Last Wk.	Last Yr.
Port receipts	25,581	21,216	5,030
Exports	24,583	23,639	1,391
Exports, season	5,056,604	4,877,130	4,020,408
N. Y. stocks	91,476	105,235	123,749
Port stocks	1,284,423	1,334,236	1,032,412
N. Y. arrivals	510	1,317	

Liverpool cables: Spot cotton was dull, at 20d for middling. Sales, 2,000 bales, of which were American, 1,000. Imports: 53,000 bales; 39,000 American. Futures opened steady, 6 to 13 points advance, and closed steady, 90 to 102 points up on the day. Prices: July, 20.85d; Sept., 20.23d; Oct., 20.16d; Dec., 20.04d. Manchester: Yarns and cloths were disorganized.

BUY STEEL AND TUBE STOCK

William R. Read & Co. Purchase $17,500,000 Issue.

William A. Read & Co. have purchased the entire authorized issue of $17,500,000 7 per cent. cumulative preferred stock of the Steel and Tube Company of America, which was formed recently by the merger of the three large steel and iron companies. The stock is preferred both as to assets and dividends, and is redeemable, as a whole or in part, at 110 and accrued dividends on thirty days' notice. Application will be made to list the stock on the New York Stock Exchange.

According to figures supplied by the bankers, the gross sales of the merged companies last year amounted to $58,058,598. The gross profits were $10,200,000, and the balance available for preferred dividends, after provision for Federal taxes and all other charges, was $8,622,198, or more than seven times the preferred dividend. These earnings were made without any return from more than $25,000,000 invested in a new plant at Indian Harbor, which was not then in operation.

The financial statement shows net quick assets of $21,588,971, or about $123 a share on the preferred stock, and total net assets of $63,468,527. An annual sinking fund of 3 per cent. of the total amount of preferred stock issued, beginning in 1921, is provided, for the purchase of the preferred stock up to 110 and accrued dividends. The agreement under which the preferred stock is issued provides that the company shall maintain net tangible assets of at least $200 a share on the preferred stock and net quick assets equal to the total par value of the outstanding preferred.

EARNINGS.

AMERICAN POWER AND LIGHT SUBSIDIARIES COMPANY, for May—

	1919	1918	Increase.
Kansas Gas and Electric Company:—			
Gross	$210,897	$106,989	$44,087
Net after taxes	58,883	66,125	8,258
Surp. aft. chgs.	28,139	23,947	*808
12 mos.' gross	2,519,093	1,829,736	549,227
Net after taxes	787,754	544,491	212,296
Surp. aft. chgs.	334,824	225,790	108,538
Bal. aft. pf. div.	200,355	92,790	107,565
Pacific Power and Light Company—			
Gross	166,672	148,417	18,155
Net after taxes	74,117	69,463	4,654
Surp. aft. chgs.	29,731	27,725	2,006
12 mos.' gross	1,949,433	1,747,441	201,992
Net after taxes	883,889	961,022	*77,133
Surp. aft. chgs.	338,729	448,924	*80,195
Bal. aft. pf. div	178,729	267,741	*88,012
Portland Gas and Coke Company—			
Gross	163,405	141,631	23,864
Net after taxes	69,459	67,038	2,419
Surp. aft. chgs.	40,418	37,672	2,741
12 mos.' gross	1,904,152	1,507,066	457,038
Net after taxes	856,082	688,978	167,054
Surp. aft. chgs.	503,408	342,524	160,944
Bal. aft. pf. div.	349,811	202,524	147,287

CONSOLIDATED GAS OF BALTIMORE, for April—

Gross	1,008,881	993,144	15,737
Net after taxes	320,161	207,047	*61,540
10 mos.' gross	10,774,255	8,663,396	2,110,857
Net after taxes	3,751,458	3,469,050	282,465

STANDARD GAS AND ELECTRIC, combined earnings of the utility subsidiaries for May—

Gross	2,065,011	1,712,475	352,536
Net earnings	781,418	676,770	84,048
12 mos.' gross	25,380,672	20,803,554	4,527,018
Net earnings	9,421,782	8,575,389	846,393

Does not include earnings of recently acquired Shaffer Oil and Refining Company.
*Decrease.

TO REDEEM CERTIFICATES.

Hines Issues Call to Holders to Turn Them In on July 15.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 7.—Certificates of indebtedness issued to meet requirements of the railroads pending the adoption of legislation by Congress adding $750,000,000 to the revolving fund of the railroad administration are to be paid in full, with interest on July 15, according to an official announcement made tonight. Arrangements have been made for the redemption of these certificates at all Federal Reserve district banks. The announcement of Director General Hines, addressed to "the holders of certificates of indebtedness issued by the Director General of Railroads," reads:

"The Director General of Railroads hereby gives ten days' notice in writing mailed to you in accordance with the terms of the certificates of indebtedness issued by him, that he will pay all of the said certificates of indebtedness in full, principal and interest, on July 15, 1919, at the Treasury of the United States in the currency of Washington, D. C., which is hereby designated the agency of the Director General for such payment. At the option of the holders of the certificates they may be presented for payment at such Federal Reserve banks as may be announced.

"Payment will be made only upon surrender of the certificates properly indorsed for cancellation. Interest on the sums represented by the certificates will cease on July 15, 1919."

All certificates must be assigned to the Director General of Railroads for cancellation. All assignments must be made and acknowledged in the same forms as set out on the reverse side of the certificates.

John C. Spooner's Will Filed.

The will of John C. Spooner, at one time United States Senator for Wisconsin and for many years a practicing lawyer here, who died on June 11 at 305 West 57th Street, was filed for probate yesterday. The value of the estate was not disclosed. Senator Spooner gave all his personal effects to his wife, Annie Main Spooner, and left her the income from his residuary estate. He divided his real estate among his sons, Charles Philip, Willet M. and Philip L. Spooner, and they also receive the principal of the residue on the death of their mother.

COMMODITIES MARKETS.

CORN.

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
July	$1.94	$1.86¾	$1.90¾	$1.87	$1.53¾
September	1.89¾	1.85	1.88¾	1.84¾	1.55¾
December	1.64	1.61	1.61½	1.62½	..

OATS.

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
July	72	70¾	70¾	71	74¼
September	72¾	70¾	71¼	71	69¾
December	74¾	72¾	72¾	72¾	..

In the local cash market No. 1 was quoted at 87c; No. 2 white, 81c; No. 3 white, 80½c; No. 4 white, 80c.

PROVISIONS.

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
Lard—					
July	35.45	35.00	35.15	35.15	28.10
September	35.50	34.80	35.22	35.20	26.20
October	35.25	34.85	35.10	..	..
Ribs—					
July	29.80	28.85	28.87	28.72	24.05
September	28.90	28.40	28.70	28.77	24.60
Pork—					
July			53.90	53.90	44.20
September	51.50	51.00	51.30	51.00	45.00

COTTONSEED OIL.

Following quotations, cents per pound, were official prices on the New York Produce Exchange yesterday:

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
July	27.50	..	Oct.	27.05	28.20
Aug.	27.60	..	Nov.	26.12	26.20
Sept.	28.00	29.00	Dec.	25.65	25.80

COFFEE.

Range of prices:	High.	Low.	Clos. Bid.	Prev. Close.
March	21.10	20.90	21.04	20.35
May	21.00	20.40	20.90	20.25
July	21.90	21.75	21.75	21.05
September	21.80	20.60	21.60	20.90
December	21.80	20.60	21.14	20.40

RYE.

	High.	Low.	Close.
July	$1.47	$1.45¾	$1.46
September	1.50	1.48	1.49

BUTTER AND EGG MARKET.

BUTTER.—Receipts since Thursday, 17,366 pkgs. Trade more active and feeling steady to firm on most grades of creamery. Ladles and packing stock steady. Creamery, higher than extras, a lb., 50@50¼c; extras, 92 score, 48@49c; seconds, 83 to 87 score, 46@47½c; lower grades, 45@45¼c; unsalted, higher than extras, 53@53¼c; extras, 52@52½c; firsts, 50@51¼c; seconds, 47½@49¼c; State dairy tubs, finest, 49@49½c; good to prime, 47¼@48½c; common to fair, 44½@47c; renovated firsts, 48@48½c; lower grades, 45@47c; ladles, current make, firsts, 46@47c; seconds, 45c; lower grades, 43@44c; packing stock, current make, No. 1, 45c; No. 2, 44c; lower grades, 40@43c.

EGGS.—38,712 cases. Arrivals are decreasing but are still more than ample of the medium and lower grade qualities, which comprise the great bulk of the supply. These are still pressing for sale at weak and irregular prices. The range of 39@44c covers a large part of the stock arriving. Higher qualities not seriously affected by heat and showing a fair to large proportion suitable for best class of trade are sustained in price. Nearby white eggs are in fair supply, but the proportion of strictly fancy qualities is small; such are inquired for and rule slightly in sellers' favor. The average offerings are urgently offered at easy prices in the effort to clean up. Fresh gathered extras, a dozen, 51@53c; extra firsts, 47@50c; firsts, 45@45c; under grades, seconds and poorer, 35@42c; dirties, No. 1, 36@38c; No. 2 and poorer, 25@35c; checks, good to choice, dry, 34@36c; under grades, 29@32c; State, Pennsylvania and nearby Western, hennery whites, fine to fancy, 50@55c; fair to prime, 47@52c; gathered whites; common to prime, 47@48c; Pacific Coast whites, 54@55c; other Western and Southern, gathered whites, 48@50c; State, Pennsylvania and nearby hennery browns, fancy, 54@53c; gathered brown and mixed colors, fancy, graded, 50@53c; fair to prime, 44@49c.

MINING STOCK QUOTATIONS.

SAN FRANCISCO.

Alpha	.08	Hale & Norcross	.05
Andes	.17	Jacket	.14
Best & Belcher	.10	Mexican	.37
Bullion	.08	Ophir	1.00
Caledonia	.16	Overman	.07
Chollar	.11	Potosi	.00
Confidence	.20	Savage	.07
Con. Virginia	1.50	Sierra Nevada	.15
Exchequer	.09	Union Con	.17
Gould & Curry	.04	O'Donnell	1.05

TONOPAH.

Belmont	3.50	Liberty	.04
Cash Boy	.07	Midway	.20
Gipsy Queen	.02	Mohawk	.10
Halifax	.11	Myra	.30
Jim Butler	.20	Nevada	.07
McNamara	.39	North Divide	.07
MacK-Crescent	.45	Operator	.06
Midway	.34	Reno	.06
Monarch	.07	Revert	.56
Montana	.10	Rosetta	.19
North Star	.09	Royal	.16
Rescue	.19	Silver	.21
Tono.-Exten.	2.75	Silver King	.22
West End	3.05	Sutherland	.15
West Tonopah	.35	Syndicate	.07
DIVIDE.		Thompson	.10
Allied	.12	Tuscarora	.30
Alto	.24	Verdi	.30
Annex	.10	Victory	.10
Apex	.10	West Divide	.10
Belcher	.68	Western	.11
Belcher-Ext.	.36	Wilson	.05
Ben Hur	.18	Zone	.71
Brougher	1.47¾	GOLDFIELD.	
Butte	.17	Atlanta	.02
Calumet	1.03	Booth	.07
Charfor	.07	Consolidated	.17
Consolidated	.52	Crackerjack	.04
Divide City	.27	Daisy	.03
Divide Extension	.75	Development	.11
Divide-Tono	8.45	Florence	.30
Dividend	.73	Fractional	.04
East Divide	.22	Great Bend	.02
Extension	.04	Jumbo Extension	.10
Florence	.35	Kewanas	.03
Gold Reef	.34	Mercer	.03
Gold Wedge	.07	Silver Pick	.16
Gemini	.22	Spearhead	.03
Harmill	.06	OTHER DISTRICTS.	
Hasbrouck	.50	Manhattan Cons.	.04
Hennessy	.39	Mayflower	.03
High Divide	.13	Nevada Hills	.04
Homestake	.10	Packard	.03
Horseshoe	.20	Rochester	.18
Hull City	.11	Round Mountain	.38
Jim	.11	Tview Mountain	.90
Junior	.08	Simon	1.90
Keystone	.10	Simon Extension	.10
		White Caps	.17

COLORADO SPRINGS.

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Cresson	3¾	4	Isabella	4¾	5¼
Dr. Jack	6	8	M. McKin	8¼	8¾
Elkton	4¾	5	Portland	98	100
El Paso	15	20	U. Gold M.	10¾	17
Golden Cy.	169	170	Vindicator	36	42
Granite	12	15	Ross Nicol.	13	14½

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Christiania

THIS beautifully situated city of 229,101 population (1901 Census) is the capital of Norway, seat of the Government, including Supreme Court and Parliament, and of the university.

The harbor is in two parts—the Bjorvik, where large steamers lie, and the Pipervik, to the west. Christiania has two railway stations, and with its extensive land communication it is at once the principal emporium of Southern Norway and a favorite center of extensive tourist traffic. Passenger steamers serve the port regularly.

With the exception of two large shipbuilding yards, most of the manufactures are concentrated in the suburbs of Sagene on the north side of the city. There is busy trade in the preparation of granite paving stones and in the storing of ice.

Imports greatly exceed exports, the former consisting principally of grain and flour, cottons and woolens, coffee, iron, coal, salt meat, oils, machinery, wine, raw tobacco, copper, zinc, lead and silk. Principal exports are wood pulp, timber, nails, paper, butter, leather, ice, sealskins, etc. Great Britain supplies the greater part of the cotton and woolen yarn, machinery and raw materials, the United States about half the oils and fats and a large proportion of the foodstuffs. Almost all the timber exported goes to Great Britain.

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Knoxville, Tenn., Ref. 5s	1920-44	4.70%
Mahoning Co., O., Road 5s	1920-29	4.65%
Newport, Ky., Incinerator 5s	1939	4.70%
Paulding Co., O., Pike 5s	1923-28	4.65%
Sullivan Co., Tenn., Court House 5s	1929-44	4.80%
Thomas Co., Ga., Road 5s	1939-48	4.75%

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Bond Secured Sinking Fund Convertible 6% Notes
Due June 1, 1924

The net earnings from operations of the companies joining in the execution of the indenture securing these Notes, with their subsidiaries, for the twelve months ended February 28, 1919, were $23,121,997.

The total funded debt will be materially less than the annual gross earnings on the basis of this financing.

Complete descriptive circulars of this note issue and also of the companies' properties and business sent upon request.

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Arizona Power 6s, 1933
Clinchfield Coal Corp. Com.
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SUMMARY OF THE MARKETS.

Bankers, brokers, business men and investors may get from The Annalist, weekly, the summary of the stock and other markets. The Annalist also publishes correctly compiled financial charts and reviews, enabling business men to form correct conclusions of business movements. 10c on news stands, $4 a Year.—Advt.

CANADA TO FLOAT $75,000,000 BONDS

New Issue Placed in Hands of Syndicate Headed by J. P. Morgan & Co.

WILL REDEEM OLD LOAN

Offering to Consist Partly of Two-Year Notes and Ten-Year Bonds at 5½ Per Cent.

The Dominion of Canada will offer here tomorrow a bond issue of $75,000,000, the proceeds of which are to be used to redeem the outstanding portion of the $100,000,000 issue floated here two years ago, according to a statement made public yesterday by J. P. Morgan & Co., acting on the authority of Sir Thomas White, Canadian Finance Minister.

The new issue will consist partly of two-year notes and partly of ten-year bonds, both to bear 5½ per cent. on the face value. They will be offered at 99¾ and interest for the former, and 97 and interest for the latter, so that both classes will yield at the offering price slightly more than 5.90 per cent. The exact division of two-year notes and ten-year bonds had not as yet been determined, and, it was explained yesterday, would be governed largely by the way subscriptions were made.

The banking group which will have charge of the offering is headed by J. P. Morgan & Co., and includes Brown Brothers & Co., Harris, Forbes & Co., the First National Bank, the Guaranty Trust Company, the Bankers Trust Company, William A. Read & Co., and the Bank of Montreal. These banks and banking houses have organized a large distributing syndicate.

Some surprise was expressed that the new issue should be put out at such a high yield rate, considering that Canadian provincial and municipal bonds had been selling on a lower basis in the open market. The size of the proposed issue was so great that some persons believed the rate was made attractive to assure its immediate absorption by the investing public. Two years ago, when the $100,000,000 Canadian loan was floated, it was offered on a basis to yield 6.07 per cent.

The present loan, which has been talked of in financial circles for some weeks, was originally expected to be for the full amount of $100,000,000, as it was believed Canada would make every effort to refund the maturing loan because of the almost prohibitive premium on American funds in Canada. It develops that approximately $25,000,000 of the original loan has been taken up by the Dominion Government.

In a debate in the Canadian House of Commons, June 28, Sir Thomas White said "a certain portion" of the old loan "has been got in and canceled." In lieu of more definite information, it is assumed that the amount canceled was $25,000,000.

ARMY CARS OFF FOR COAST.

Plan to Demonstrate Practicability of Motor Transport.

WASHINGTON, July 7.—The first complete military motor convoy to attempt a transcontinental journey left Washington today for San Francisco. Colonel A. Owen Seaman of the motor transport corps was in charge, and it was expected that the trip would be completed within sixty days.

Sixty-three trucks, including ambulances, repair shops and kitchens, comprised the train. The first stop was to be made at Fredericksburg, Va., where the train will spend the night. Before its departure the train was reviewed by Secretary Baker and a number of army officers.

The purpose of the trip, as explained by Secretary Baker, is to develop a through route from coast to coast for motor transport and to demonstrate the practicability of long-distance commercial transportation by motor trucks. Recruits for the motor transport corps will be enlisted during the journey.

F. W. Hockaday, president of the National Highway Marking Association, presented a "zero" milestone to the Government, to be placed near the White House, to mark the starting point of the trip. The stone was accepted by Secretary Baker.

RAILROAD DEFICIT BIG.

Amounted to $36,000,000 in May—Freight Business Falls Off.

WASHINGTON, July 7.—Decrease in freight business continues to be an important factor in causing a deficit in the operation of the railroads, Director General Hines said today, in estimating that the deficit for Class 1 roads, those having at least $1,000,000 annual income, amounted to $36,000,000 in May. The loss to the Government in five months this year has been $272,259,183 for the large roads.

Other elements in the cost of unified operation of the nation's transportation system, such as the rentals of the smaller roads, relations with short lines not under Federal control, inland waterways, and the deficit in the express business, which Mr. Hines noted, was "due to the fact that the increase in express rates has been very much less than the increase in costs," will be made the subject of a public statement soon by the Director General.

NEW INCORPORATIONS

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, July 7.—Sixty-six new corporations with an aggregate capitalization of $3,866,300 were chartered today. They include:

Metropolitan Stevedoring Co., Manhattan, $50,000; H. E. Ringholdt, H. P. Flanigan, I. D. Walton, 45 Exchange Place.

Jericho Farms Corp., Manhattan, realty, $800,000; T. D. Day, Jr., H. Moller, S. Lewinson, 11 West 42d St.

Dekalb Feldspar Mining and Milling Co., Dekalb, $100,000; E. Johnson, E.M. Cole, E. Newing, Dekalb.

Schwarz & Forger, Inc., Manhattan, cleaning and dyeing, $150,000; W. Forger, A. W. Britton, G. V. Reilly, 65 Cedar St.

Hadley Light and Power Co., Hadley, $25,000; F. Fowler, J. H. Snead, J. J. Breen, Hadley.

T. & R. Winter Co., Manhattan, commission merchants, $200,000; R. W. Alley, C. Hearn, Jr., A. Heyman, 320 Broadway.

Kayleen Hat Co., Manhattan, millinery, $15,000; J. and M. Katz, N. Levine, 120 Riverside Drive.

Bullshead Harness Co., Manhattan, $5,000; M. Miller, I. Rosenburg, W. K. Rinsky, 434 East 180th St.

H. Orgel & Co., Manhattan, fancy feathers, $5,000; Js. Klein, G. Shapiro, T. Crawford, 230 William St.

The Ideal Dress Mfg. Co., Manhattan, $26,000; H. W. Barnett, J. and H. E. Quinn, 51 George Hotel, Brooklyn.

H. Weiss & Co., Manhattan, tin business, $20,000; E. O. Aspoin, A. Hild, H. Weiss, 83 John St.

Lake View Dairies, Inc., Manhattan, $10,000; D. Guttman, H. Friedman, D. Sala, 920 East 180th St.

Machan Building Corp., Bronx, $10,000; H. McMullen, J. F. McCarthy, J. J. Snyder, 120 Broadway.

M. F. Gordon Co., Manhattan, drugs and general merchandise, $25,000; J. and M. F. and R. Gordon, 235 West 109th St.

R. J. Godwins Sons, Inc., Manhattan, insurance, $30,000; F. A. Davig, W. H. Knowlton, W. F. McIntyre, 258 Classon Av., Brooklyn.

Oliver Morosco Co., Manhattan, theatres, $5,000; O. Morosco, F. Underwood, J. D. Barries, 217 West 45th St.

Mocseem Rubber Corp., Manhattan, 250 shares preferred stock, $100 each, 1,000 shares common stock, no par value, active capital, $125,000; A. M. Burnham, S. M. Lazarus, I. Menin, 8 West 103d St.

The Kolb Carton Co., Manhattan, $30,000; F. B. Kolb, C. Cuttrell, M. A. Paulsen, 130 Whitfield, St., Brooklyn.

Superior Bronze and Aluminum Mfg. Co., Buffalo, make metal castings, $50,000; J. L. Dunn, W. D. Hopkins, E. O. Ploss, Buffalo.

Italian Food Relief Co., Manhattan, canned goods, $25,000; S. S. Haubin, M. S. Heinart, F. G. Golstein, 60 St. Nicholas Av.

Beverly Improvement Co., Brooklyn, realty, $5,000; J. and M. and A. Segal, 831 Bedford Av., Brooklyn.

Coronado Oil Co., Bayport, $5,000; W. L. Mandhe, H. C. Carroll, C. C. Hibbard, Bayport.

The Lafayette Barber Shop, Inc., Manhattan, $5,000; C. H. Osborne, A. G. Thompson, F. Lauro, 63 West 140th St.

Nustyl Realty Co., Brooklyn, $5,000; D. and R. Berg, S. B. Brill, 318 Newport Av., Brooklyn.

Deandes Holding Corp., Brooklyn, realty, $10,000; F. J. Doyle, S. Dombek, I. F. Green, 1,305 East New York Av., Brooklyn.

American-Russia Industrial Syndicate, Manhattan, appraisers, $5,000; N. G. Wixon, S. Mattison, E. N. Goodwin, 43 Exchange Place.

Trocfer, Morris & Lockwood, Inc., Buffalo, stocks and bonds, $260,000; I. D. Lockwood, S. J. Tucker, R. W. Morris, Buffalo.

Cooper-Hood Const. Corp., Cold Springs, $10,000; R. Cooper, T. Hood, G. Rieger, 200 West 122d St.

Republic Silk Fabric Co., Fultonville, $10,000; W. B. Feasley, C. E. Gestman, G. Weichert, Fultonville.

Victory Engine Co., Manhattan, $50,000; C. H. Aiken, C. O. Seamus, M. A. Farley, 28 Sterling Place, Brooklyn.

Tire Life Co., Queens, auto supplies, $100,000; H. Reifter, R. B. Marth, A. H. Hiberins, 61 Broadway.

The Van Sanford-Inman Corp., Fulton, deal in farm products, $5,500; A. A. Inman, W. E. Van Sanford, W. S. Hillick, Fulton.

42 West 38th Street realty, $50,000; A. F. Cross, H. B. Fogson, E. Rieser, 26 Liberty St.

Frank J. Horsch, Queens, realty, $10,000; J. J., E. R., and F. J. Horsch, 930 Chestnut St.

Rivington Bakery and Lunch Co., Manhattan, $8,000; M. Littman, S. Unikul, I. Withelier, 159 Rivington St.

Golden-Van Doorn Shipping Corp., Manhattan, merchandise business, 200 shares common stock no par value, active capital $20,000; G. C. Nardin, H. C. Van Doorn, C. J. Golden, 25 Beaver St.

Ancona Textile Mills, Manhattan, wearing apparel, $5,000; L. S. Berk, A. H. Jacobson, D. Batt, 299 Broadway.

Morison Electrical Supply Co., Manhattan, 500 shares preferred stock $100 each, 1,000 shares common stock no par value, active capital $55,000; A. H. Abbott, G. W. Herris, C. T. Morison, 515 West 187th St.

R. & C. Paper Box Corp., Manhattan, $6,000; C. Cohen, H. E. Rutchik, D. Holtman, 504 East 140th St.

Emily Waist Stores, Manhattan, $10,000; A. Skidman, E. Kraychie, A. Rothstein, 120 Broadway.

C. & B. Quality Shoe Co.; Brooklyn, $5,000; F. Cardone, D. Bertucci, L. D. Graceno, 27 Olive Place, Brooklyn.

Parragut Land Improvement Corp., Brooklyn, $50,000; W. F. Thornton, T. Duckworth, M. Altmann, 301 West 98th St.

American Auto Service Co., of Brooklyn, $10,000; F. Leonhardt, J. H. and J. M. Aimee, 1,440 Park Place, Brooklyn.

Brooklyn Jobbing House, Inc., Brooklyn, jobbers merchandise, $30,000; S. Breakstone, P. Glassen, S. German, 1,569 President St., Brooklyn.

The R. & W. Building Corp., Brooklyn, realty, $5,000; W. Shapiro, B. Wertken, K. Koslowsky, 1,371 41st St., Brooklyn.

Padovano Realty Co., Richmond, $7,000; T. Mocstar, D. Santono, J. Padovano, Rossbank, Staten Island.

E. D. Taylor & Co., Winthrop, feed and grain, $10,000; B. Harrison, E. S. Taylor, A. E. Wilkinson, Winthrop.

Empire Builders Supply Co., Niagara Falls, $210,000; F. L. Salt, R. R. Coddington, P. Chormann, Niagara Falls.

Tiny Store, Inc., Buffalo, drug stores, $10,000; C. E. and A. T. Gray, W. H. Tennant, Buffalo.

New England Kitchen, Inc., Manhattan, restaurants, $25,000; F. W. and T. Sellin, C. F. Caplin, 223 Spring St.

U. C. Co., Manhattan, confectionery, $5,000; A. J. Westerman, H. H. Freider, J. C. Totten, 14 John St.

Liberty Texicab Co., Manhattan, $5,000; G. H. Smith, L. H. Labes, H. S. Fleischer, 1,962 Madison Av.

Victory Reflector Corp., Manhattan, motion picture accessories, $20,000; R. S. Raleigh, H. J. Von Hagen, G. W. Breffit, 120 West 40th St.

Royal Webbing Co., Manhattan, elastic goods, $15,000; M. Karger, M. and H. Kropf, 1,428 Park Av.

Schulman & Wolf, Inc., Manhattan, wearing apparel, 120 shares preferred stock $100 each, 90 shares common stock no par value, active capital $12,000; R. W. France, J. Michael, B. J. Longstreet, 129 Wadsworth Avenue.

Tallo Co., Manhattan, restaurants, $1,000; B. Cohen, J. W. Wumans, M. Seid, 1,569 80th St., Brooklyn.

Hlesmeere & Co., Manhattan, insurance, $10,000; D. Slassbere, C. Ramm, H. Norman, N. Bridge St.

171 West 76th Street Corp., Manhattan, realty, $10,000; C. Aaron, W. F. McCormack, M. Greenfield, 256 Broadway.

Fraser, Brace & Clarke Dry Dock Corp., Richmond, $1,250,000; C. L. Fraser, C. C. Clarke, H. H. Strahan, 44 West 9th St.

CAPITAL INCREASES.

Anderson & Wheeler, Inc., Richmond, $5,000 to $50,000.

Ettingon-Schild Co., Manhattan, $1,000,000 to $2,000,000.

Hanff-Metzger, Inc., Rye, $50,000 to $300,000.

B. F. Goodrich Co., Inc., $84,000,000 to $109,000,000.

CHANGES OF NAME.

Association of Metal Products and Lighting Fixture Trades, Inc., Manhattan, to Association of Lighting Fixture Manufacturers, Inc.

S. A. Weber Silk Dyeing Co., Manhattan, to New York Silk Dyeing Co.

DISSOLUTIONS.

Carpenter Beal Co., Manhattan.

The Huber Hand Stoker Co., Manhattan.

Susquehanna Valley Holstein Breeding and Testing Association, Inc., Hartwick.

Allandale Building Co., Manhattan.

Alvord & Frensdorf, Inc., Syracuse.

Illiries Drug Co., Manhattan.

Greenberg Lorraine Co., Manhattan.

Charles M. Wiener Clock Co., Manhattan.

E. B. Baxter, Inc., Manhattan.

Kelins Lhaefmacy, Inc., Ithaca.

M. Wood, Inc., Bronx.

The Side Baking Co., Manhattan.

Palm Garden Tea Room, Manhattan.

Barwill Realty Corp., Manhattan.

Opposum Remedy Co., Floral Park.

Steele, Leach & Steele, Manhattan.

New Jersey Charters.

Special to The New York Times.

TRENTON, N. J., July 7.—Charters filed:

Paterson Pure Ice Co., Paterson, $50,000; Joseph Gerosa of New York, W. Dunkerley, Jr., and W. H. Dunkerley, Sr., of Paterson.

Talking Doll Co., Newark, $50,000; Nathan N. Chasan, Alfred Bertocchi, and Amond Bertocchi, all of Newark.

Valentine Engineering Co., Ventnor City, $100,000; M. G. Valentine of Ventnor City, A. B. Ripley and W. F. Sooy of Atlantic City.

Delaware Charters.

Special to The New York Times.

DOVER, Del., July 7.—Charters filed:

American Fruit Growers, Inc., $50,000,000; T. L. Croteau, S. E. Dill, H. E. Knox of Wilmington.

The Kendall Tire and Rubber Co., $10,000,000; L. L. McCloud, J. L. Francis, M. R. Jordan, all of Cleveland.

Quakins Petroleum Co., $10,000,000; T. L. Croteau, H. E. Knox, S. E. Dill of Wilmington.

Crutchfield & Woolfolk Co., to own and operate farms, ranches, &c., $7,000,000; T. L. Croteau, H. E. Knox, S. E. Dill of Wilmington.

The Farmeies Co., transportation of freight and passengers, &c., $2,000,000; incorporators same as above.

Oliver Oil and Gas Co., $1,000,000; F. R. Hansell, J. Vernon Pimm, and M. MacFarland of Philadelphia.

Mildren Oil Co., $750,000; W. F. Land, J. W. Rhodes, B. D. Berry, all of Lexington, Ky.

National Tea Co., $300,000; M. L. Rogers, M. L. Gatchell, W. G. Singer of Wilmington.

Inter-Continental Traders, Inc., import and export business, $250,000; Lorand Kaledto, F. F. Voncourt, H. G. Barbeen, all of New York City, and others.

M. Phillip Born & Co., wearing apparel of all kinds, $200,000; Arthur M. Brody, Chicago; L. B. Phillips, M. E. Scanlon of Dover.

The Buss Creamery Co., $300,000; August C. Buss, Pauline Santer, E. A. Weber, all of Ironwood, Mich.

The Railway Patents Co., $100,000; M. L. Rogers, M. L. Gatchell, W. G. Singer of Wilmington.

Ames Producing and Refining Corp., $150,000; H. Ames, Martha C. Ames, Francis Tabrox, all of New York.

Street & Co., stocks, bonds, &c., $100,000; T. L. Croteau, H. E. Knox, S. E. Dill of Wilmington.

Open-Hearth Steel Furnace Co., $100,000; L. L. Cowan, B. F. Cowan, P. Zals, all of Chicago.

Delton Mfg. Co., products made from grain, resin, rubber, &c., $100,000; T. L. Croteau, H. E. Knox, S. E. Dill of Wilmington.

Securities Signal Sales Corp., automobiles, supplies, &c., $100,000; Emile F. Edelbrock, J. F. Malloy, M. M. Lucy of Wilmington.

Wyoming Dehydrating Co., vegetables, fruits, &c., $100,000; T. L. Croteau, H. E. Knox, S. E. Dill of Wilmington.

The Big Stratum Oil Co., $100,000; David McCutcheon, John R. Yorke, Peter P. Sherlin, all of Pittsburgh.

Diamond State Construction Co., to build roads, &c., $50,000; Benjamin A. Groves, Marshallton, Del.; John F. O'Neal, Mount Cuba; Nicholas De Cresse of Wilmington.

Harris, Levy & Clark, Inc., insurance brokers and agents, &c., $30,000; F. R. Hansell, E. M. MacFarland, J. Vernon Pimm of Philadelphia.

Continental Products, Inc., dyes, colors, &c., $20,000; William A. Rogers, Robert K. Thistle, George V. Reilly of Wilmington.

Hamilton & Chambers Co., of the West Indies, contractors, &c., $10,000; John H. Hamilton, B. A. Miller, George H. Mitchell, all of New York City.

Trussell, Smith & Gray Co., ocean commerce of all kinds, $10,000; Stanley A. Trussell, J. B. R. Smith, New York City; David B. Gray, Bloomfield, N. J.

Thomas McMillen & Co., wines, ales, and mineral waters, &c., $10,000; A. W. Britton, Robert K. Thistle, George V. Reilly of New York.

Guantnamo Water Corp., to supply and distribute water to cities, towns, &c., $10,000; T. L. Croteau, H. E. Knox, S. E. Dill of Wilmington.

NOTE REDEMPTION NOTICE.

THE CUDAHY PACKING COMPANY

Five Year 7% Sinking Fund Gold Notes, Dated July 15, 1918.

Notice is hereby given to the holders and owners of above mentioned notes that pursuant to the terms of said notes and the Trust Agreement of even date therewith to the ILLINOIS TRUST & SAVINGS BANK, as Trustee, notes of said Company have been drawn by lot and are now hereby called for redemption on JULY 15, 1919, at the office of the undersigned ILLINOIS TRUST & SAVINGS BANK, Chicago, and at the office of LEE, HIGGINSON & COMPANY, New York City and Boston, Mass., under the Sinking Fund provisions of said Trust Agreement, numbered as follows:

$100 NOTES—C.

5, 10, 33, 45, 91, 105, 171, 187, 1077, 1087, 1106, 1107, 1126, 1128, 1135, 1237, 180, 190, 222, 283, 279, 281, 292, 306, 1230, 1250, 1261, 1269, 1295, 1298, 1299, 1314, 318, 318, 347, 377, 421, 423, 455, 468, 1320, 1322, 1332, 1333, 1343, 1278, 1379, 1368, 487, 504, 510, 522, 554, 573, 579, 600, 1381, 1391, 1392, 1208, 1403, 1404, 1405, 1452, 602, 603, 648, 649, 650, 651, 653, 662, 1561, 1604, 1615, 1622, 1637, 1634, 1670, 1706, 726, 766, 773, 777, 788, 806, 827, 838, 1714, 1718, 1716, 1735, 1739, 1746, 1841, 1844, 839, 844, 931, 1018, 1054, 1063, 1064, 1071, 1542, 1547, 1852, 1856, 1862, 1867, 1885, 1885, 1902, 1955, 1960.

$500 NOTES—D.

22, 25, 37, 39, 48, 79, 72, 75, 92, 955, 958, 1005, 1027, 1052, 1074, 1062, 1099, 178, 181, 185, 186, 218, 226, 317, 369, 1106, 1114, 1135, 1157, 1176, 1177, 1182, 1183, 372, 398, 401, 451, 469, 472, 492, 507, 1190, 1221, 1232, 1233, 1234, 1284, 1286, 1291, 610, 622, 663, 663, 679, 685, 688, 706, 1308, 1314, 1317, 1321, 1330, 1330, 1344, 1384, 710, 716, 750, 751, 753, 778, 806, 807, 1365, 1374, 1384, 1405, 1430, 1412, 1413, 1426, 844, 847, 881, 882, 904, 947, 949, 956, 1427, 1437, 1439, 1450, 1451, 1453, 1454, 1459.

$1,000 NOTES—M.

3, 4, 5, 6, 8, 10, 11, 14, 4606, 4617, 4619, 4620, 4625, 4627, 4630, 4633, 15, 16, 21, 31, 34, 35, 48, 52, 4635, 4639, 4666, 4670, 4678, 4700, 4716, 4711, 55, 57, 58, 74, 76, 82, 114, 126, 4712, 4714, 4722, 4738, 4751, 4758, 4760, 4765, 133, 138, 141, 160, 166, 168, 171, 178, 4767, 4772, 4776, 4790, 4795, 4802, 4803, 4814, 190, 192, 200, 204, 214, 217, 218, 222, 4815, 4816, 4822, 4825, 4835, 4849, 4863, 4866, 226, 227, 230, 235, 236, 237, 238, 244, 4870, 4886, 4881, 4887, 4892, 4899, 4903, 4906, 285, 289, 293, 294, 295, 296, 300, 301, 4936, 4939, 4943, 4945, 4953, 4956, 4960, 4963, 382, 306, 312, 344, 333, 354, 361, 367, 4967, 4970, 4971, 4976, 4974, 4975, 4976, 4983, 370, 390, 391, 393, 396, 400, 402, 408, 4991, 4993, 4994, 4996, 5006, 5014, 5029, 5036, 409, 424, 434, 451, 452, 459, 460, 463, 5034, 5036, 5040, 5068, 5085, 5087, 5063, 5094, 470, 484, 490, 517, 519, 530, 531, 532, 5100, 5135, 5143, 5174, 5175, 5176, 5177, 5186, 533, 539, 546, 564, 568, 582, 564, 575, 5187, 5191, 5194, 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WHAT THE TREATIES MEAN.

The July CURRENT HISTORY MAGAZINE, published by The New York Times Company, anticipates the receipt of the final copy of the Peace Treaty by printing the full text of the notes exchanged at Versailles between the Germans and the Allies, with the proposals and counter-proposals, and the rejoinder, thus completely explaining and interpreting the Treaty as finally signed. This feature, with 39 other big features, appears in the July Number. On news stands, 25c.—Advt.

A. M. BAGBY SUES DE LAMAR ESTATE

Says the Mining Millionaire Owed Him $122,758 on His Investments.

6 CLAIMANTS ASK A HEARING

Trustees of $20,000,000 Property Agree to Accept Referee's Decision Without Review.

Captain Joseph Raphael De Lamar, capitalist, mine owner, and Director of many industrial corporations, who died on Dec. 1 last at the age of 75 years, leaving an estate estimated at $30,000,000, was accused in the Supreme Court yesterday, by six persons, of promising to take charge of their investments and guaranteeing them against loss, and of failing to make any provision for the payment of the sums due them after his death.

The suits revealed an unexplained side of the character of the man known in Wall Street as "The Man of Mystery," in that the claimants for funds of his estate contend that they sustained losses after he had taken charge of their investments, although he made a fortune himself through his control of the International Nickel Company, of which he was Vice President, and his interest in other corporations. The claims aggregate $156,037.

The largest sum demanded is $122,758, by Albert Morris Bagby, member of many clubs, who for twenty years has conducted Bagby's Musical Mornings at the Waldorf-Astoria with what was believed to be great profit. Mr. Bagby alleges that on April 15, 1915, he began trading in Wall Street under Captain De Lamar's advice and on the assurance that Captain De Lamar would reimburse any losses sustained through acting on his suggestions. He says that up to Nov. 30 last the sum due him from Captain De Lamar under their arrangement was the $122,758 sued for.

Robert Marshall claims $16,689, which he alleges he lost through following Captain De Lamar's advice. He says that on Jan. 24, 1916, the decedent requested him to buy 100 shares of International Mercantile Marine and agreed that if he would do so, he would be protected against loss by Captain De Lamar. He bought the stock and thereafter other transactions were carried on, with the result stated.

Marie L. Curtis alleges that Captain De Lamar urged her on Dec. 1, 1915, to deposit with him $2,475, for which he agreed to pay 5 per cent. interest and to refund the money when the plaintiff wanted it. She says he retained the money until his death.

John D. Hall alleges that between Aug. 22, 1917, and Nov. 13 last he rendered services at the request of the decedent in selling for him 74,000 shares of the Dome Mine Company, of Porcupine, Canada, of which corporation Captain De Lamar was President, and 21,000 shares of common stock of International Nickel. He values these services at $11,875.

Adele Bueler says that on Jan. 4, 1917, she had an account with Prince & Whitely, brokers, which she had maintained since April, 1916, and that Captain De Lamar told her that if she would transfer the account to him and permit him to operate it he would be responsible for the loss shown by the account at the time he took it over and for all subsequent losses in the course of his operations. She said her loss was $900 at the time the capitalist took over the account, and under his management there was a further loss of $753. She asks $1,653.

Ernest R. Duff states that on Oct. 30, 1916, he deposited with the decedent $637 as security for the purchase on margin of 100 shares of Cuba Cane Sugar, which Captain De Lamar agreed to return within a reasonable time, but failed to do so.

The claims set forth in the complaints filed yesterday were all presented to William Nelson Cromwell and Alfred Jaretzki, who with the United States Trust Company are executors and trustees under the will, but they disallowed the claims on the ground of lack of proof of their genuineness.

Kenneth M. Spence, of counsel for all the plaintiffs, said in an affidavit that he believes there is reasonable basis for the claims, and that he has received that impression from talks with Alfred H. Curtis, the decedent's private secretary, and from entries in Captain De Lamar's books.

The attorneys for the De Lamar estate and the six claimants came to an agreement yesterday to have the suits heard by ex-Justice Charles F. Brown as sole referee to determine them without review of his findings in the Supreme Court.

Captain De Lamar's will left half his $20,000,000 estate in trust to his daughter, Alice Antoinette De Lamar, with the provision that if she dies childless, the principal is to go to the residuary estate. He explained that she is his only child. The will gave the other half of the estate to the Harvard University Medical School, Johns Hopkins University, and the College of Physicians and Surgeons of Columbia University for research into the causes of disease and for the promulgation through lectures, publications, and otherwise of the principles of correct living.

Captain De Lamar was sued in 1916 for $150,000 damages for breach of contract by Katherine O'Rourke, who alleged that she was engaged for life as assistant housekeeper at his country place, Pembroke, Glen Cove, L. I., at $100 a month, and was discharged without cause. Captain De Lamar replied that the plaintiff was engaged from month to month only and was subject to the same regulations as the other servants. The suit had not been tried when Captain De Lamar died.

WOULD TAX PARADE SEATS.

French Deputy Plans Levy of 80 Per Cent. on Profits.

PARIS, July 6.—A bill has been introduced in the Chamber of Deputies imposing a tax of 80 per cent. on profits from the letting of windows and balconies for the Victory fêtes. There has been some discussion whether these profits are not liable to taxation as war profits, which also are assessed 80 per cent. Good places are reported to be selling freely at 1,000 francs each.

A stand containing seats for 520 persons is being erected in the garden of the Duke de Massa in the Champs Elysees, half way between the Place de la Concorde and the Place de l'Etoile. The proceeds of the sale of seats in the stand will be devoted to charity. Admission to the first three rows will be 1,500 francs.

The giant airplanes which have been in service between Paris and Brussels are advertised to fly over the procession on July 14, carrying passengers at 1,000 francs each. The airplanes will keep the regulation height for flying over Paris—a thousand metres.

Marshal Joffre will not ride beside Marshal Foch at the head of the troops on July 14, as has been announced, according to Intransigeant, which says that the Government has offered him a seat beside President Poincaré. The newspaper adds that the French people will feel surprised, at the least, at not seeing the victor of the Marne pass under the Arc de Triomphe.

THE NATIONAL PARK BANK OF NEW YORK

STATEMENT OF CONDITION

AT CLOSE OF BUSINESS JUNE 30th, 1919

RESOURCES		LIABILITIES	
Loans and Discounts	$157,721,103.17	Capital	$5,000,000.00
U. S. Bonds and Certificates of Indebtedness	31,252,676.82	Surplus and Undivided Profits	19,999,367.34
Bonds to secure Postal Savings Deposits	5,147,162.59	Discounts Collected but not earned	1,294,048.68
Other Bonds and Stocks	10,380,429.66	Reserved for Taxes and Interest	1,585,334.82
Banking House	2,522,250.49	Circulation	4,941,897.50
Due from Federal Reserve Bank	29,133,108.26	Acceptances, Letters of Credit and Time Drafts	8,203,881.35
Exchanges for Clearing House	21,883,413.41	Bills Payable secured by U. S. Obligations	23,000,000.00
Cash and Due from Banks	5,010,854.99	Rediscounts	106,320.22
Due from U. S. Treasurer	455,010.00	Deposits: Banks $81,822,818.41; Individuals 118,046,265.63; U. S. Gov't. 6,046,643.36	205,915,727.40
Customers' Liability Account of Acceptances and Letters of Credit	5,850,694.42		
Interest earned but not collected	689,873.50		
	$270,046,577.31		$270,046,577.31

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ORGANIZED 1859

The Nassau National Bank of Brooklyn

Condensed Statement—Condition at the Close of Business June 30th, 1919.

RESOURCES			LIABILITIES	
Loans and Discounts		$12,852,196.21	Capital Stock Paid In	$1,000,000.00
United States Bonds		1,945,970.00	Surplus (Earned)	1,000,000.00
Bonds and Securities		1,374,021.39	Undivided Profits	242,877.71
Exchanges	$830,163.57		Reserve for Unearned Discounts	87,118.01
Cash and Reserve	2,177,483.01		Reserve for Taxes	26,000.00
Due from Banks	165,697.39	3,173,343.97	National Bank Notes Outstanding	50,000.00
			Due Depositors	13,278,772.87
			United States Deposits	762,000.00
			Rediscounts Secured by Liberty Bonds	2,898,762.98
Total		$19,345,531.57	Total	$19,345,531.57

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Member of the Federal Reserve Bank

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF

THE HANOVER NATIONAL BANK

of the City of New York, at New York, in the State of New York, at the close of business, June 30, 1919:

RESOURCES.		
Loans and discounts		$102,585,285.63
U. S. bonds to secure circulation		150,000.00
U. S. bonds to secure U. S. deposits		10,000,000.00
U. S. bonds and certificates of indebtedness owned and unpledged		5,904,200.00
Bonds and securities (other than U. S.) to secure U. S. deposits		8,614,946.40
Bonds, securities, &c.		7,966,418.15
Banking house		4,800,000.00
Overdrafts (secured)		159,241.87
Overdrafts (unsecured)		112.20
Due from banks and bankers		8,005,760.84
Checks and other cash items		1,185,890.00
Exchanges for Clearing House		51,129,443.07
Specie, gold		4,226,498.80
Other cash in vault		1,807,071.19
Due from Federal Reserve Bank		20,408,482.13
Redemption fund and due from U. S. Treasurer		18,500.00
Customers' liability account of "Acceptances"		662,468.00
Interest earned but not collected		177,168.23
		$219,154,433.74

LIABILITIES.		
Capital stock paid in		$3,000,000.00
Surplus fund		14,000,000.00
Undivided profits	$4,118,443.53	
Discount received but not earned	617,284.69	4,623,083.01
Reserved for interest accrued		104,930.81
Reserved for taxes		1,066,027.27
National bank notes outstanding		150,000.00
Due to banks and bankers	$96,291,884.87	
Individual deposits subject to check	54,011,889.00	
Dividends unpaid	4,844.00	
Demand certificates of deposit	9,831.31	
Certified checks	84,106,939.35	
Cashier's checks outstanding	6,840,805.25	
U. S. deposits	4,366,000.00	
		195,381,154.36
Letters of credit and travelers' checks		242,146.50
"Acceptances" based on imports and exports		652,468.00
		$219,154,433.74

State of New York, County of New York, ss.:
I, Wm. E. Cable, Jr., Cashier of The Hanover National Bank of the City of New York, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true, to the best of my knowledge and belief.
WM. E. CABLE, JR., Cashier.
Subscribed and sworn to before me, this 7th day of July, 1919.
W. I. THOMAS, Notary Public, New York County.
Correct—Attest:
E. HAYWARD FERRY,
HENRY W. HOWE,
WM. V. S. THORNE,
Directors.

GENUINE BARGAINS.

The Automobile Exchange, published daily in The New York Times, places real bargains at the disposal of those seeking used cars by noted makers. Telephone 1000 Bryant.—Advt.

NATIONAL BANK OF SOUTH AFRICA, Ltd.

New York Agency
10 Wall Street New York, N. Y.

LONDON OFFICES
Circus Place, London Wall, E. C.
18 St. Swithin's Lane E. C.

Condensed Balance Sheet Figures of March 31, 1919

Paid up Capital	$14,325,000.00
Deposits	202,605,000.00
Notes in circulation	15,350,000.00
Cash Assets	51,370,000.00
Investments	23,875,000.00
(All gilt edged and including short term British Treasury bills $15,000,000.00 written down at or below market quotations.)	
Bills of Exchange	46,050,000.00
Liquid Assets	121,300,000.00
(Representing 54% of Banks liabilities to public.)	
Bills discounted, loans, etc.	121,850,000.00
Net available profits	2,365,000.00
(After allocating $250,000.00 to reduction of bank premises.)	
Bank Premises	3,530,000.00

An allocation of $1,000,000 to Reserve fund has been made, making it $5,250,000.00, leaving $116,000.00 to carry forward.

An allocation of $250,000.00 has been also made to pension fund.

A dividend of 6% and a bonus of 1% has been declared, absorbing with dividend already paid $1,000,000.00.

Chairman surveyed mining, farming, and commercial industries dwelling at length on the progress of the latter which now show a total of upward of 5,000 factories, representing $255,000,000.00 Capital and giving employment to 114,000 people. The Bank is interested in the establishment of a concern known as National Industrial Corporation of Africa, Limited.

Above has been received by cable from the head office in South Africa by

R. E. SAUNDERS, Agent

THE CHATHAM AND PHENIX NATIONAL BANK OF THE CITY OF NEW YORK

CONDENSED STATEMENT OF THE CONDITION AT THE CLOSE OF BUSINESS JUNE 30th, 1919

RESOURCES		LIABILITIES	
Loans and Discounts	$89,371,004.67	Capital	$3,500,000.00
United States Bonds (Par)	7,674,000.00	Surplus and Undivided Profits	3,646,474.02
U. S. Certificates of Indebtedness	11,803,000.00	Circulation	2,910,770.00
Other Stocks and Bonds	5,634,499.49	Other Liabilities	18,492,814.87
Customers' Liability	2,638,570.46	DEPOSITS	122,635,295.39
CASH & EXCHANGES	34,064,279.66		
	$151,185,354.28		$151,185,354.28

Main Office, 149 Broadway, corner Liberty St.

Branches: Battery to Bronx

Canal and Thompson Sts.
Bowery and Grand St.
Ninth Ave. and 14th St.
Broadway and 18th St.
5th Ave. and 33d St.
57th St. and 3d Ave.
Broadway and 61st St.
86th St. and Lexington Ave.
Broadway and 105th St.
Lenox Ave. and 116th St.
125th St. at Lenox Ave.
Broadway and 144th St.

One Hundred Years of Commercial Banking

We Invite Your Account

Irving
National Bank

Woolworth Building, New York

Condensed Statement as of June 30th, 1919

Resources

Loans and discounts	$106,462,023.72
U. S. Bonds and Certificates of Indebtedness	10,145,502.48
Other Bonds and Short-time Securities	3,380,322.60
Stock of Federal Reserve Bank	270,000.00
Interest earned but not collected	408,150.75
Overdrafts, secured and unsecured	21,864.77
Due from Banks and U. S. Treasurer	9,408,683.34
Exchanges for Clearing House and cash items	14,636,931.22
Due from Federal Reserve Bank	12,567,339.98
Cash in Vault	3,097,439.28
Customers' liability for acceptances by this bank and its correspondents (anticipated $1,490,465.62)	6,476,318.70
Total Resources	*$166,874,576.84*

Liabilities

Capital stock paid in	$ 4,500,000.00
Surplus and undivided profits	6,712,273.79
Discount collected but not earned	709,644.15
Reserved for taxes and interest	1,297,769.43
Circulating Notes	1,449,000.00
Acceptances by this bank (after deducting $822,582.42 held by bank)	6,432,730.05
Acceptances by correspondents for this bank's account	1,534,054.27
Time drafts of this bank outstanding	769,980.00
Bills Payable with Federal Reserve Bank	5,000,000.00
Deposits	138,469,125.15
Total Liabilities	*$166,874,576.84*

Documentary and Travelers' Letters of Credit issued but not drawn against.....$15,834,731.12

General Cigars Increases Stock.

Stockholders of the General Cigar Company voted yesterday to increase the authorized capital stock from $25,000,000 to $35,000,000. The arrangement calls for a new issue of $5,000,000 cumulative 7 per cent. convertible debenture stock and an equal amount of new common stock to care for the conversion of the debenture shares. The new debenture shares will be offered to present stockholders for subscription on the basis of one new share for each five shares of common and preferred now held. Subscription rights will accrue to stockholders of record July 14. The price will be par plus 56 cents a share to cover the accrued dividend.

NEW YORK CITY BONDS

	Yesterday. Bid.	Yesterday. Ask.	Thursday. Bid.
4½s June, 1967	102¾	103⅝	102¾
4s June, 1963	102⅛	103⅛	102¾
4½s Mar., 1963	102⅜	103¼	102⅝
4½s Nov., 1957	102⅜	102⅞	102⅝
4½s May, 1957	102⅜	102⅞	102⅝
4½s 1924-1963	4.45	4.35	4.45
4½s 1919-1923	4.45	4.35	4.45
4½s Mar., 1960-80	97⅜	97⅝	97⅜
4½s Mar., 1957	97⅜	97½	97⅜
4½s Mar., 1963	97⅜	97½	97⅜
4½s Mar., 1966	97⅜	97⅝	97⅜
4½s Sept., 1960	97⅜	97⅝	97⅜
4½s May, 1959	92⅝	93¼	92⅝
4s Nov., 1959	92⅛	92⅝	92⅛
4s Nov., 1957	92⅛	93¼	92⅛
4s Nov., 1956	92¼	93	92¼

	Yesterday. Bid.	Yesterday. Ask.	Thursday. Bid.
4s Nov., 1955	92¼	93	92¼
4s Nov., 1936	94¼	95	94¼
4s Nov., 1956	83		83
3½s Nov., 1954	83¼	84	83¼
3½s May, 1954	83¼	84	83¼

The following are quoted on a percentage basis:

4½s 1934-1963	4.50	4.40	4.50
4½s 1928-1933	4.55	4.40	4.55
4½s 1948-1953	4.50	4.37	4.50
4½s 1920-1939	4.50	4.37	4.50
4½s 1922-1929	4.60	4.37	4.50
4½s 1919-1921	4.60	4.37	4.60
3s 1946-1955	4.55	4.40	4.55
3s 1919-1925	4.60	4.45	4.60
3s 1926-1960	4.65	4.40	4.65

PUBLIC UTILITIES

Sales.	High.	Low.	Bid.	Asked.
1,438 Cities Service	416	390	410	415
3,020 Cities Service pf.	79¾	79¼	79⅝	79⅝
$45,500 Cities Service deb. B 7s			150	
421,500 Cities Service deb. C 7s			101⅜	

	Bid.	Asked.
Adrem Electric Power	16	16
Adiron. Elec Power pf	76	78
Am Gas & Electric	134	137
Am Gas & Electric pf	41⅜	42½
Am Light & Traction	262	266
Am Light & Trac pf	95½	100
Am Power & Light	70	73
Am Power & Light pf	72	77
Am Public Utilities	10¼	15
Am Public Util pf	38	42
Am W W & Electric	5	6
Am W W & Elec. 1st pf	58	61½
Am W W & Elec partic	11	13
Carolina Power & Lt	40	42
Colorado Power	24½	26½
Colorado Power pf	100	102
Columbus Electric pf	73	77
Com Pow, Ry & Lt	28¼	30
Com Pow, Ry & Lt pf	63½	65
Com Power pf	75	77
Consumers' Power pf	85	87
Eastern Texas Electric	57	60
Eastern Texas pf	80	83
El Paso Electric	96	100
Electric B & S pf	49	51
Empire Dist Elec pf	70	75
Federal Light & Trac	13	16
Federal Light & Tr pf	53	62
Galveston-Houston Elec	15	17
Galveston-Hous El pf	65	68

Bonds.

Am W W & E col 5s	64	67	64
Appalach Power 1st 5s	74	77	74
Arizona Power 6s	83	86	83
Central P & L 6s	86	92	86
Cin Gas & Elec 5s, '56	91	96	95½
Cities Fuel & P 7s	95¾	100	95¾
Col G & E deb 5s, '27	77	84	77
Com Power 5s, '53	87	89	87
Com Pow Neb 6s	44	55	44
Com Power 5s, '53	80	90	81
Dallas Electric 5s, '22	95	98	95
East Tex Elec col 5s	83	88	83
East Tex Elec 7s, '21	96½	99½	96½
El Paso Elec col 5s	92	96	92
Empire G & E 6s, '26	96¾	97½	96¾
Empire Refining 6s	93	95¾	93
Gt West Power 5s, '46	85½	86½	85½

OUT-OF-TOWN EXCHANGES

BOSTON.

Mining.

Sales.	High.	Low.	Last.
200 Am Zinc	25¼	24¾	24¾
25 Do pf	62	62	62
20 Adventure	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝
20 Ahmeek	82	81	81
335 Alloues	45¼	44½	45¼
470 Anaconda	76¼	74½	75¾
10 Ariz Com'l	14½	14½	14½
230 Big Hart	11⅜	11⅛	11⅜
100 Bingham	9	9	9
100 Butte & Bal	45	45	45
440 Cal & Ariz	70¾	70	70¼
38 Calu & Hecla	420	420	430
40 Carson Hill	17⅜	17½	17½
10 Centennial	18½	18½	18½
10 Chile	28⅝	28⅝	28⅝
205 Cop Range	54½	53¾	54
475 Davis-Daly	8⅝	8½	8⅝
1,130 East Butte	16	15¾	15¾
100 Franklin	4¼	4¼	4¼
200 Hancock	6½	6½	6½
575 Helvetia	4¼	4¼	4¼
20 Ins of N A	66½	66½	66½
575 Island Creek	51½	51	51½
260 Isle Royale	38⅜	37	37
760 Lake Copper	5⅝	5½	5⅝
10 Mason Val	3¾	3¾	3¾

Railroads.

150 Bos Elev	72	71	72
821 Boston & Me	35½	32½	33
80 Fitchb'g pf	52½	52	52
5 Me Central	76	76	76

Miscellaneous.

115 Am Agr Ch	109½	109	109½
19 Do pf	96¾	96¼	96¾
75 Amoskeag	122	122	122
30 Am Bosch	111	107	107
400 Am Pn Serv	1¼	1	1
25 Am Sug pf	118½	118	118
256 Am T & T	105	104	104¾
5 Am Wool	124	124	124
20 Do pf	110	109¾	109½
250 Angle-AmCh	19¾	19½	19½
40 Booth	21½	21¼	21¼
30 DubPtdCemt	15½	15¾	15¾
21 Edison	161	161	161
563 Eastern SS	10¾	10⅝	10⅝
40 Do pf	44	43	44
1,670 Fairbanks	71½	70¾	71¼
75 Gorton	33	32¾	32¾
200 Gray-Davis	4¼	4	4
100 Int Portland	6	6	6
50 Island Oil	7⅞	7⅞	7⅞
215 Libby	31	30½	31

Bonds.

$1,000 Am T & T 4s	84¾	84¾	$36,000 PuntaSugde	106	105	106
15,000 A. G&W I 5s	83	83	1,000 Ventura 7s	173	173	173
5,000 Miss Riv 5s	79½	79⅜	19¼			

BALTIMORE.

Stocks.

Sales.	High.	Low.	Last.
60 Arundel S&G	42½	42¼	42½
235 Cons Coal	91	89½	91
1,535 Cosden	12	11⅞	12
550 Do pf	4¾	4⅝	4¾
20,000 Celestine O.3.75	1.80	2.75	25
40 Davison C	35½	35½	35½

Bonds.

$9,000 Cosden 6s	103½	103⅜	103½
2,000 Cosden 6s A	103½	103½	103½
5,000 Cons Gas 5s	89	89	89

CHICAGO.

Stocks.

Sales.	High.	Low.	Last.
10 Allis-Chalm	49¼	49¼	49¼
180 Am Ship pf	89	89	89
680 Armour pf	105¼	103	103
210 Booth Fish	22	21½	22
100 Do pf	82¾	82¾	82¾
725 Bunte Bros	14¾	14¾	14½
20 C C & C R pf	8½	8½	8½
150 Chi Pneu T	81¾	81¾	81¾
628 Cudahy	121	120	120
50 Cum Edison	112	112	112
1,340 Cont Mot	8¾	8⅝	8⅝
140 Dia Match	116	116	116
130 Hart S & M	89½	88	89½
50 Hupp M pf	102	102	102
50 Ill Brick	75	75	75
2,150 Libby	31¼	30¾	30½
510 Lindsay Lt	19	18¾	18⅞

Bonds.

$1,000 Armour 6s	102¾	102¾	102¾	$1,000 Swift 1st 5s	97⅞	97⅞	97⅞
1,000 S S El 4½s	76	75	75				

PHILADELPHIA.

Stocks.

Sales.	High.	Low.	Last.
1,460 Am Stores	37	35¾	36¼
3,760 Elec Storage	98¼	97¾	97¾
1,600 Gen Asphalt	81½	80¾	81
230 Do pf	121	120	121
225 Keystone Tel	14¾	14¾	14¾
3,730 Lk Superior	20⅞	20¼	20⅜
16 Minehill	52	52	52

Bonds.

$1,000 Leh N C 4½s	94½	94⅛	94½	$3,100 Phil E 1st 5s	96	95¾	95¾
2,000 Phil Co c 5s	87	87	87	27,000 U Ry Inv 5s	76	75¾	76

PITTSBURGH.

Stocks.

Sales.	High.	Low.	Last.
450 Am W G M	100	100	100
10 Do pf	91½	91⅛	91½
30 Am Wat Gas	38½	38¼	38½
100 Cal & Aris	70½	70½	70½
30 Col G & E	64¾	64¾	64¾
10 Crucible S	117¾	117¾	117¾
250 Barnsdall C	32	32	32
720 Ind Brewing	5¾	5½	5¾
10 Lone Star G	258	258	258
100 Midvale	56	56	56
30 N Pitsp pf	18	18	18
780 Ohio F & S	50¾	50¼	50¼
1,630 Ohio Gas	31¾	31¼	31¾

Bonds.

$5,000 Independent Brewing 6s				1,000 Sewer Pipe 6s		
	53	53	53		99	99	99

MISCELLANEOUS STOCKS

	Yesterday. Bid.	Yesterday. Ask.	Thursday. Bid.
Am Brass	227	230	225
Atlas Powder	142	148	145
Do pf	90	92	90
Babcock & Wilcox	120	125	120
Bliss	327	375	325
Do pf	65	75	65
Colt's Arms	50	60	55
Celluloid Dyspho	410	415	370
Do pf	96	98	95
Du Pont	308	315	308
Do deb pf	94	96	94
Dresser Corp	126½	129	127
Fed Rub 1st pf	99½	101½	99½

	Yesterday. Bid.	Yesterday. Ask.	Thursday. Bid.
Fisk Rub 1st pf	99¼	101	99½
Hercules	223	229	223
Do pf	109	112	109
Ingersoll-Rand Co	173	183	173
Do pf	102	105	102
Merrimac Chem	93	96	92
Niles-Bem't-Pond	122	124	122
Do pf	95	100	95
Scovill Mfg	405	420	405
Standard Screw	370	385	370
Tex & P C of O	1775	1825	1800
Valvoline Oil pf	105	107	105

TOBACCO STOCKS

	Yesterday. Bid.	Yesterday. Ask.	Thursday. Bid.
Am Cigar	133	138	133
Do pf	90	94	90
Conley Foil	205	215	205
Geo W Helme Co	165	180	180
Do pf	106	111	108
J S Young	125	135	128
Do pf	105	107	100

	Yesterday. Bid.	Yesterday. Ask.	Thursday. Bid.
MacA & Forbes	170	180	170
Do pf	95	100	95
P R M Tobacco	160		165
P J Reynolds, A	410	430	410
Do B	370	385	370
Do pf	100	103	100
Weyman-Bruton	170	178	170
Do pf	100	111	100

CONSOLIDATED EXCHANGE

Heavy late liquidation, which came in the wake of substantial early advance, brought material reactions throughout the list during an excited and active final hour on the Consolidated Stock Exchange yesterday. United States Steel common, after gaining 2 points to 115¾, fell back to 112 and ended at 112½, while Crucible moved down from 119⅝ to 115. Bethlehem Steel B from 90¾ to 95¼, and Republic Iron and Steel from 100¼ to 98⅝. Baldwin Locomotive, after advancing almost 5 points to 116¼, was offered down to 112⅝, and American Locomotive from 95 to 91¼. Pan American was the best of the oils, moving up to 101 and closing at the topmost figure. The tobacco properties suffered in the rush to sell. United Cigar Stores dropping back from 192 to 187, Tobacco Products from 107⅛ to 103¾, and American Sumatra from 116½ to 113¾. The rails were well held, Reading advancing to 92, St. Paul to 45, Missouri Pacific to 36¾, New York Central to 82¾, and Southern Pacific to 100¾.

Sales.	High.	Low.	Last.
210 Ajax Rubber	103	101	101
400 Alaska Gold	3	3	3
940 Allis-Chalm	49¾	46⅝	48
220 Am Ag Ch	100	100	100
1,080 Am B Sugar	92¾	91¼	91¼
4,565 Am Can	63	61⅝	61¾
340 Am C & F	111½	111	111½
790 Am Cot Oil	64¼	63	63¾
585 Am H & L	36¾	35¼	35¾
500 Do pf	134	133½	133½
340 Am Ice	68¼	64¾	64¾
880 Am Internat	114¾	110¾	111
320 Am Linseed	82¼	80¾	81
570 Am Loco	95	91¾	91¾
2,640 Am S & R	87¼	85¼	86
320 Am St Fds	40¾	40¼	40⅝
300 Am Sug	138¾	138¼	139½
720 Am Su Tob	116½	113⅝	113⅝
310 Am Woolen	124½	123	123
550 Am Zinc	25	24¾	24¾
3,230 Anaconda Cop	76¾	74½	75¼
520 A. T. & S. F	104	101¾	103¾
210 A. G. & W. I	174	173	173
6,180 Bald. Loco	116¾	112	112¾
700 Balt & Ohio	45¾	44	44¾
5,280 Beth St'l B	99½	95½	96
350 Booth Fish	22	21¾	22
450 Brklyn R T	31¼	30¼	30¾
500 Butte & Sup	35¾	33¾	34
260 Butte C & Z	13	13	13
220 Cal Packing	72¾	72½	72½
530 Cal Petrol	38¼	37¾	38
1,280 Cen Leather	112¼	108¾	108¾
1,250 Cerro de P	66¼	64	64
560 Ches & Ohio	66	64¾	66
900 C. M. & St. P	45	44	44½
320 Do pf	70½	69¼	70¼
570 C. R. I. & P	28¾	28	27¾
2,040 Chile Copper	29¼	27¾	27¾
660 Chino Copper	49	47½	49
960 Col F & I	53¾	51¾	51¾
310 Cont Can	98¾	96½	96½
660 Corn Products	49¾	48¾	49
960 Col F & I	53¾	51¾	51¾
310 Cont Can	98¾	96½	96½
3,000 Corn Prod	29¾	28¾	28¾
4,860 Crucible St'l	119¾	115	115
2,240 Cuba Cane S	42	40¾	41
210 Distil'd John	94¾	94¾	94¾
1,520 Erie	18¾	18½	18¾
310 Do 1st pf	30¾	30¾	30¾
340 Free Texas	58¾	57	57
230 Gas W & E	36¼	35¾	35¾
530 Gen Cigar	84½	83	83¾
370 Gen Motors	239¾	239	239
2,200 Goodrich Co	88¼	84¾	85¼
370 Gt Nor pf	70¾	70¼	70¾
700 Gt Nor Ore	47¾	46⅝	47¼
1,060 Inspir Cop	67¾	66	66
1,200 Int Mer Ma	56¾	54¾	54¾
840 Do pf	119¾	118¼	118¼
530 Int Nickel	33	32¼	32¼
420 Interboro Con	7¼	7¼	7¼

Sales.	High.	Low.	Last.
320 Kan City So	23¼	22⅝	23¼
345 Kelly Spgf T	133¾	131¼	131½
1,220 Int Paper	70½	69¾	69¾
700 Kenne Cop	41¼	40¾	40¾
1,045 Key Tire	117¾	113¾	114½
315 Lack Steel	90¾	90¾	90¾
450 Lee R & T	35½	35¼	35¼
540 Leh Val	51¾	51¾	51¾
750 Max Motor	49¾	48¾	49¼
1,080 Mex Pet	188¾	187	188
220 Miami Cop	28½	28¼	28½
3,340 Midvale S	56¾	55¾	56
380 M, K & T pf	19¾	19¼	19¾
8,420 Mo Pacific	36¾	34¾	36¾
1,010 Nat Conduit	23¾	22¾	23¾
250 Nat En & S	81¾	81¼	81¼
500 Nat Lead	83½	82	83½
340 N Y Cent	82¼	81	81½
500 NY, NH & H	33¾	31¾	32¾
390 Nor Pac	89¾	86¾	90¾
1,905 Ohio C Gas	59¾	57¾	57¾
1,080 Okla Oil	11¾	11¼	11¾
1,340 PanAmPeT	101	97¼	101
397 Pennsylvania	46	45¾	46
210 People's Gas	52¾	52¼	52¾
310 Pere Marq	22¾	22¾	22¾
330 Phila Co	42¾	41¾	42¾
750 Pierce-Arrow	31¾	30¾	30¾
620 Pierce Oil	24¾	23¾	23¾
450 Pitts Coal	46¼	46¼	46¼
310 Pitts & W	49¾	49¾	49¾
350 Pressed S C	88¾	87¾	87¾
5,500 Ray Cop	25¼	24¾	25¼
2,240 Reading	92	89½	90¾
1,220 Rep I & S	100¼	98¾	98¾
550 Rep D, N Y	115	113	113
560 St L & S F	23¾	23	23¾
380 Saxon Motor	11¼	11	11
1,025 Sinclair Oil	65	63¾	64
1,520 So Pacific	100¼	107⅝	108½
550 South Ry	30¼	30	30¼
2,665 Studebaker	110	109	109¼
530 Stuts Motor	100	90¼	95¾
330 Tenn Copper	13¾	13¾	13¾
200 Texas Co	163¾	159¾	159¾
1,240 Tob Prod	107¼	103¼	103⅞
520 Un Pacific	134¾	133¾	133¾
1,050 United C S	192	187	188½
750 U S Food P	76¾	76¼	77¼
570 U S Ind Alc	144	138	139
80 U S Rubber	137¾	134¾	134¾
82,820 U S Steel	115¼	112	112
370 Utah Cop	93¾	93¾	93¾
350 Va-Car Ch	85	83	83
730 West Elec	58¾	57¾	58
550 WhiteMotors	62¾	60¾	61¼
350 Willson & Co	103¼	102	102
940 Wilys-Ov'l'd	36¾	36	36

CURB TRANSACTIONS

INDUSTRIALS.

Sales.	High.	Low.	Last.
5,000 Aetna Exp	12	11⅜	11⅜
300 ‡Am M & G	50	50	50
400 ‡Am-Am C G	19¾	19⅜	19⅜
2,500 ‡Beth Mo	20¾	20¼	20¼
1,500 ‡B-Am C C	10¾	9¾	10
3,500 B-A T C	22	20	20
4,100 B-A T C, rts	5⅝	5	5
700 ‡But Judson	30½	30¼	30¼
3,500 ‡Chalm Mo	11	10	10¾
250 C I C of A	6	6	6
4,100 ‡C & E I	7¾	7½	7½
2,500 ‡Clint-W W	37	36¾	36¾
3,000 ‡Colonial T	25	24	24½
10,000 ‡Con Candy	8	7¾	7¾
1,000 ‡Cramp S	166½	165	165
700 ‡Ex T & R	9	8¾	9
4,500 ‡Farrell C	61½	60	60¾
30,000 ‡F B ... pf	50	44	46
6,000 ‡Gen Asphalt	82	80½	80½
1,200 ‡ Do pf	124	121	122
550 ‡Godchaux S	34	32	34
200 ‡ Do pf	97	97	97
600 Grape-Ola	1¾	⅝	⅝
1,300 Do pf	1¼	1¼	1¼
3,500 ‡Hav Tob	6¾	6¾	6¾
400 ‡ Do pf	25	20	20
2,500 Hayden C	7⅞	7⅞	7⅞

STANDARD OIL SUBSIDIARIES.

700 ‡Anglo-Am	24	23½	24
10 ‡Ohio Oil	379	370	370

MISCELLANEOUS OIL STOCKS.

800 ‡Allen Oil	3⅝	3½	3⅝
4,000 ‡Allied Oil	1	⅞	⅞
5,500 ‡Amal Roy	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛
2,000 ‡Atlantic Pet	4½	3¾	4
1,000 ‡Barn't O&G	⅞	⅞	⅞
5,000 ‡Boone Oil	9¾	9	9⅜
8,000 ‡Bos-Wyo	70	68	70
1,200 ‡Can-AmO&G	⅞	⅞	⅞
2,000 ‡Chickasaw	3½	3	3⅜
200 ‡Circle Oil	4¾	4¾	4¾
5,600 ‡Cities Serv,			
rights	42¾	41½	42⅛
1,000 ‡ComwithPet	60	58½	59
1,500 Cont Ref	12	11⅝	11⅝
6,500 ‡Coaden & Co	12¾	11¾	12
200 ‡Eit Basin	9¾	9¾	9¾
1,200 ‡Elford Oil	⅝	⅝	⅝
700 ‡Ertel Oil	7	6½	6¾
8,800 ‡Esmeralda	18	18	18
1,500 ‡Federal Oil	3¼	3	3
2,400 ‡Glenrock Oil	6¾	6¼	6¾
2,500 ‡HerculesPet,			
Class A	20	16	17¾
1,200 ‡HomeOilRef			
Co of Tex	22	21	21¼
600 ‡Hous Oil	119¾	116	119½
500 ‡Hudson Oil	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝
900 ‡Int Petrol	30	29½	30
3,500 ‡InvincibleOil	37¾	36¼	36¾
2,000 ‡Island Oil&T	7¾	7¾	7¾
42,000 ‡Livingston	3¾	2¾	2¾
1,200 ‡Merrift Oil	28	27½	27¾
1,000 Met Petrol	3¼	3¼	3¼
600 ‡Mex-Panuco	16	15½	16
600 ‡Mex Ref'g	183	181	182
10,000 ‡MiddleStates	2¼	1⅞	2
1,500 ‡Midw-Tex	1¼	1¼	1¼
2,000 ‡Morton Pet			
Co	28	27	28
9,500 ‡Al-Br C M	1¾	1¼	1¼
1,500 Alaska Mines	⅝	⅝	⅝
550 ‡Am H M C,			
w i	1⅝	1½	1⅝
500 ‡‡Ariz Butte	65	65	65
100 ‡‡Ariz Silver	¼	¼	¼
1,000 ‡‡Atlanta	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛
200 ‡‡Ari O & R	1¼	1¼	1¼
2,900 Big Ledge	⅝	⅝	⅝
47,250 ‡‡Belch Div,			
(a pros.)	84	75	78
7,600 ‡‡Belcher Con			
(a pros.)	44	40	40
3,000 ‡Bost & Mon	87	85	87
2,700 ‡‡Caledonia	41	40	41
1,700 ‡Canada Cop	1⅜	1¼	1¼
7,800 ‡Candel Silv	1⅝	1½	1⅝
2,600 ‡Cascade Sil	2	1⅞	2
1,000 ‡Cashbor	9	9	9
8,000 ‡Rex Con M	13	12	12½
700 Con Cop Min	8	7⅞	7⅞
1,500 Cress Con G	4	3⅞	3⅞
2,000 ‡‡Div Chart	¾	¾	¾
1,800 ‡Divide Ext	3½	2¾	2¾
2,300 Eureka C M	2	1⅞	2
200 First Nat	2	2	2
6,300 ‡Forty-nine M	1⅜	1¼	1¼
1,800 ‡Gold Gate	3¼	3	3
8,000 ‡Gold Z Div	81	72	75
8,200 ‡Goldf Cons	17	16	17
2,000 ‡Goldf Flor	58	57	58
600 ‡‡Hasbk Div	14	12	14
650 Hecla Min	5¾	5½	5¾
2,500 Howe Sound,			
v t ctfs	4¼	4	4¼
600 ‡‡Jim Butler	83	83	83
900 Jumbo Ext	11	11	11
8,000 ‡‡K H M C	39	39	39

Bonds.

$100,000 ‡AmT&TCo	100¾	100	100¾	$35,000 ‡Int R T 7s	89¾	89	89¾
2,000 ‡Anacon 6s	99¾	99¾	99¾	2,000 ‡Lac G L7s	100¼	100¼	100¼
16,000 ‡Can G 6s	89¾	90¾	90¾	50,000 ‡Rus G 5½s	53	51	53
5,000 ‡Cud7s,'25	102	102	102	10,000 ‡Rus G 6½s	58	57½	58
50,000 ‡GovtSw6s	99¼	99¼	99⅝	50,000 ‡So Ry 6s	99¼	98	99¼

*Odd lot. †Sell cents per share. ‡Unlisted.

CLOSING QUOTATIONS.

Bid and asked quotations of stocks not traded in compared with those of Thursday:

	Yesterday. Bid.	Yesterday. Ask.	Thursday. Bid.
Air Reduc	55½	56	55½
Allied Pack	64½	65¼	65¼
Am-Brit Mfg	5	6	5
Do pf	45	50	45
B-Am Tob reg	21¼	22¼	21½
B-Am Tob rts	5	6	5
Du Pont C pf	13	12	13
Fairbanks	99	99	99
Hall Signal	7¼	7¾	7¼
Hydraul P Brk	19	19½	19
Imp Tob, GtB	15¾	16¼	15¾
Inter Motors	51	53	51
Do 2d pf	63	63½	63½
Int Products	35	36	35

	Yesterday. Bid.	Yesterday. Ask.	Thursday. Bid.
Kelly - Spgfld	82	84	80
Lee 2d pf	104	110	104
Lack Co Coal	10	17	10
LV Coal Sales	87	90	87
Mexican Inv	59¼	61	59¼
Nat'l A. & C	37	38	37
Do pf	87¾	88¾	87¼
N Y Shipbldg	51	53	51
Pac G & E	66	66	66
Pearson Coal	2¾	3	2¾
Simpson Coal	6¾	6¾	6¾
United Rets	46	47	46
Wright-Mar	4¾	5¼	4¾

OIL STOCKS.

Texas Ranger	4¾	4¾	4¾
Valverde	7	8¼	8¼

STANDARD OIL STOCKS

	Yesterday. Bid.	Yesterday. Ask.	Thursday. Bid.
Anglo-Am Oil, Ltd	23¾	24¼	24
Atlantic Refining	1350	1375	1365

SAVINGS BANKS.

The Williamsburgh Savings Bank

Broadway and Driggs Ave., Brooklyn.

Notice is hereby given that on and after the 21st day of July, 1919, a semi-annual interest at the rate of

FOUR PER CENT.

per annum will be paid to all depositors in this bank who on the first day of July, 1919, may be entitled thereto.

Money deposited on or before July 10, 1919, will draw interest from July 1.

ANDREW D. BAIRD, President.
CHARLES J. PASFIELD, Cashier.

BANK OPEN MONDAY EVE'G, 4 TO 7.
Blanks for Opening Accounts by Mail sent upon request.

WE SELL WAR SAVINGS AND THRIFT STAMPS

Money to Loan on Bond and Mortgage Brooklyn and Queens Boroughs

The Bank for Savings

IN THE CITY OF NEW YORK.
280 Fourth Avenue, June 10, 1919.
200th Semi-Annual Dividend

The Board of Trustees has declared an interest dividend for the six months ending June 30, 1919, at the rate of

Four Per Cent.

per annum on all sums of $5.00 and upward entitled thereto, and payable on and after July 21st, 1919.

The payment of this Dividend completes one hundred years of continuous business as a Savings Bank. During the hundred years there has been received and credited to over 1,137,000 depositors upwards of $730,000,000, including interest.

THE DIVIDEND will be credited to Depositors as principal July 1st, 1919.

DEPOSITS made on or before July 10th, 1919, will draw interest from July 1st, 1919.

Liberty Loan Bonds belonging to Depositors are being received for safe-keeping without charge.

WALTER K. TRIMBLE, President.
LEWIS B. GAWTRY, Secretary.
JOHN HARPER, Comptroller.

THE BROOKLYN SAVINGS BANK

INCORPORATED 1827
PIERREPONT and CLINTON STS.
ENTRANCES
Pierrepont St. and 300 Fulton St.

Interest at the rate of **4** per cent. per annum

will be credited to depositors July 1, 1919 (payable on and after July 20th) on all sums entitled thereto. Deposits made on or before July 10th will draw interest from July 1st.

CROWELL HADDEN, President
LAURUS E. SUTTON, Comptroller
ARTHUR C. HARE, Cashier
CHAS. C. PUTNAM, Asst. Comptroller

The Bowery Savings Bank

128 and 130 BOWERY.
NEW YORK, June 9, 1919.

A semi-annual dividend at the rate of

FOUR PER CENT.

per annum has been declared and will be credited to depositors on all sums of $5.00 and upward and not exceeding $8,000 which shall have been deposited at least three months on the first day of July next, and will be payable on and after Monday, July 21, 1919.

Money deposited on or before July 10 will draw interest from July 1, 1919.

HENRY A. SCHENCK, President.
WILLIAM E. KNOX, Comptroller.
JOSEPH G. LIDDLE, Secretary.

North River Savings Bank

31 West 34th Street.
107TH SEMI-ANNUAL DIVIDEND
A Dividend of
FOUR PER CENT.

per annum has been declared on accounts up to and including

One Thousand Dollars

and a dividend of 2½% per annum on excess of $1,000 up to and including $8,000, payable on and after July 21st, 1919.

Money deposited on or before July 10 will draw interest from July 1, 1919.

CHARLES ROHE, President.
GEORGE T. CONNETT, Secy. & Treas.

The East River Savings Institution

201, 203, 205 BROADWAY, NEW YORK
Surplus Par Value over $5,000,000.

The 142nd semi-annual dividend has been declared at the rate of

Four Per Cent.

per annum on all accounts entitled thereto, payable on and after July 21st. Deposits made on or before July 10th will draw interest from July 1st, 1919.

D. S. Ramsay, Pres. Lester Van Brunt, Sec.

WEST SIDE SAVINGS BANK

Sixth Avenue and Ninth Street.

The Trustees have declared a semi-annual dividend at the rate of

FOUR PER CENT.

per annum, which will be credited on all accounts entitled thereto on June 30, 1919.

Money deposited on or before July 10th will draw interest from July 1st, 1919.

OPEN MONDAYS, 9 A. M. TO 9 P. M.

Clarence G. Bigelow, President.
William V. Hudson, Sec'y and Treas.
ACCOUNTS OF SOCIETIES ACCEPTED.

METROPOLITAN SAVINGS BANK

1 and 3 THIRD AV. (opp. Cooper Institute).
CHARTERED 1852. 132D DIVIDEND
New York, June 10, 1919.

INTEREST FOR THE HALF YEAR ENDING June 30, 1919, at the rate of

FOUR PER CENT. PER ANNUM

will be credited to the depositors entitled thereto under the by-laws of the bank on sums from $5 to $5,000. INTEREST PAYABLE JULY 15, 1919. MONEY DEPOSITED on or before July 10, 1919, will draw interest from July 1.

Society Accounts Accepted.

ROBERT D. ANDREWS, Pres.
FRANCIS H. MOFFET, Sec'y.

American Savings Bank

115 WEST 42D ST.
(Bet. Broadway & Sixth Ave.)

4% PER ANNUM

Deposits made on or before July 10, will draw interest from July 1st.

DAILY from 9 A. M. to 4 P. M.
SATURDAYS " 9 A. M. to 12 M.
MONDAYS " 9 A. M. to 7 P. M.

WM. M. CAMPBELL, Pres.
JOHN V. IRWIN, Sec.
JOSEPH L. HASTE, Treas.

New York Savings Bank

N. W. Cor. 14th St. and 8th Avenue

Dividend July 1st, 1919, at the rate of

FOUR PER CENT

per annum on all sums from $5 to $3,000 entitled thereto under the By-laws.

DEPOSITS MADE ON OR BEFORE JULY 10TH WILL DRAW INTEREST FROM JULY 1ST.

WILLIAM FELSINGER, President.
CLARENCE L. BLAKELOCK, Treasurer.
WALTER R. BRINCKERHOFF, Sec'y.

REAL ESTATE FIELD

The purchase of three Broadway apartment houses in the Washington Heights section by a firm of operators was the feature of yesterday's realty market. The transaction involved the Alfredo, a six-story structure, 100 by 100, at the southwest corner of Broadway and 162d Street; Balmoral Court, six stories, 157 by 100, irregular, at the southwest corner of Broadway and 163d Street, and Richmond Court, six stories, 100 by 125, at the southwest corner of Broadway and 164th Street. The building were purchased by the Jules Realty Company, Samuel Wacht, Jr., President, from the Waunegan Realty Company, Isaac Friedenheit, President, and William G. Baker was the broker.

The houses were erected eight years ago and contain 141 apartments. They were held at $1,000,000, and return an annual rental of about $125,000. The new owners plan to alter the houses and install stores on the Broadway fronts.

Jacobs Buys on Columbus Circle.

I. Randolph Jacobs and Everett Jacobs purchased what was formerly known as the Tichenor-Grand Building, an eight story automobile building, situated on the north side of Sixty-First Street, facing Columbus Circle, 55 feet east of Broadway, being 75 by 200 feet, and running through to the south side of Sixty-second Street, from the Columbus Circle Realty Company, the stockholders of which are members of the Stoddard Estate, who formerly occupied the building with United Motor Car Company. The purchasers propose at the expiration of present leases to rent same to one of the large automobile concerns now located in this district. The brokers in the transaction were Ewing, Bacon & Henry.

The Cliff Haven Sold.

The Cliff Haven, a thirteen-story apartment house, 82 by 135.6, held at $500,000 and renting for $62,000, at the southeast corner of Riverside Drive and 114th Street, was sold by Charles E. Force & Co., of Oklahoma, to the Winter Realties, Inc., Benjamin Winter, President. C. J. Elgar and Soll Feinberg, who negotiated the deal, also sold for Frank Ipp to the Wellworth Realty Company the five-story and basement apartment at 219 West 134th Street, between Broadway and Amsterdam Avenue, on a plot 48 by 100. The house returns about $11,000 annually. It has been held at $75,000.

Downtown Buildings Sold.

The estate of John L. Riker sold for all cash the four-story loft building at 19 Gold Street, adjoining the corner of Platt Street, through the Charles F. Noyes Company, to Edward Mallinckrodt, owner of the adjoining property at 20 Platt Street. Samuel Riker, Jr., attorney, represented the seller.

The Brooklyn Trust Company, as trustee for George B. Platt, sold to the Broadway-John Street Corporation the five-story business building, on a plot 50 by 100, at 4 and 6 Liberty Place, the small thoroughfare extending through the block from Liberty to Maiden Lane, just west of Nassau Street. The building adjoins the Chamber of Commerce, and is at the rear of the Lawyers' Title Insurance Building on Broadway, and is reported to have been held at $250,000. The Charles F. Noyes Company was the broker in the deal. The property stands on a historic site, as it was here stood the first Quaker church in this city.

The building, 25 by 87, at 211 Washington Street, was sold to a client of William A. White & Sons, who recently sold the adjoining building at the northeast corner of Washington and Duane Streets and 199 Duane Street. The three properties cover a plot 46 by 75.

Builder Sells the De Koven.

The Alexander Grant Construction Company sold to Vogel & Schults the De Koven, a six-story elevator apartment house at 714 West 181st Street, on a plot 92 by 135. The structure was erected by Mr. Grant about five years ago, and has been held at $235,000. M. I. Strunsky, in conjunction with James E. Barry of Knap & Wasson, negotiated the sale.

Brown Sells Heights Apartment.

Frederick Brown sold to Mary Campbell the five-story apartment house, on a plot 50 by 100, at 647 and 651 West 184th Street, between Broadway and Wadsworth Avenue, renting for about $9,000, and held at $70,000.

Private Dwellings.

Abram Libman has sold 21 East 111th Street, a three-story dwelling on a lot 20 by 100.11, adjoining the Laura Franklin Hospital for Children on the east.

Malvina Singer has sold 546 East Eighty-seventh Street, a three-story dwelling, 18 by 63.8, near East End Avenue.

A client of James H. McKay bought 29 East Twentieth Street, 175 feet east of Broadway, a four-story dwelling, on a lot 21 by 80, held at $40,000. Leitner, Brener & Starr were the brokers.

Clara Sydney Taylor sold the two dwellings, 22 by 97 each, at 121 and 123 Washington Place to Oliver Harrison Smith, who will remodel the buildings for studios. The deal was negotiated by McCotter & Dula.

Thomas Snell sold the four-story residence at 34 West Twelfth Street, 21 by 103, to Mark H. Dix for improvement with studios, through the Durosa Co.

Samuel Trimmer sold the Edgecombe Avenue, a three-story and basement dwelling on lot 17.6 by 99.

The estate of Edward B. Jenks has sold to a Mr. Braunfield 548 West 187th Street, a three-story and basement dwelling, on lot 17 by 100.

The Bronx Market.

Erich Tueckhardt bought the two-family brick dwelling at 2,065 Watson Avenue from Mrs. E. Asmus through Charles H. Baechler. The same broker sold the two-family brick house at 1,939 St. Peter's Avenue for the estate of C. M. Hitchcock to George A. Hanrahan.

James Reilly sold his residence, on a lot 25 by 100, held at $7,500, at 2,077 Eighth Avenue, to Caroline W. Fairchild through Frank R. Howett.

Arthur Herzog bought the dwelling, on lot 25 by 100, at 1,057 Clay Avenue, from Mary A. O'Neill for his own occupancy.

Brooklyn.

Isadore Berg sold the two-story one-family house, with garage, on a plot 40 by 100, on the east side of East Ninth Street, 240 feet north of Avenue K, from plans to Nat Silverman through Samuel Galitzka and J. Lacov.

The Nolos Realty Corporation purchased the vacant plot 107 by 100 feet, on the southeast corner of Seventy-first Street and Eighteenth Avenue. They have also purchased a plot of 100 by 100 feet on Forty-fifth Street, between Seventh and Eighth Avenues.

Queens Borough Sales.

Harriet H. Small sold the house on plot 55 by 125 at the northwest corner of Murray and Beech Streets, Flushing, to H. W. Bisfelder through J. Albert Johntra.

The Equity Assets Corporation sold a dwelling on the west side of Alsop Street, north of Ocean View Avenue, Jamaica, to J. Bert through the Stanley Agency.

One of the important transactions in the exclusive residential section of Flushing was the sale by A. Wise of four fine residences on the north side of Geranium Street west of Jamaica Avenue. The purchasers were Isaac Lowenmeyn, a plot 93 by 134; M. Willets, a plot 60 by 134; M. Hoxie, a plot 100 by 120, and C. Willets, a plot 70 by 134.

The Ring-Gibson Company sold three improved plots in their Woodhaven development on the west side of 113th Street, north of Roanoke Avenue, the plots being 25 by 100. The purchasers were C. Robb, O. Maurer, and H. Duckler.

W. R. Gibson Company sold five improved plots with dwellings on the west side of 110th Street, south of Roanoke Avenue, Richmond Hill. The purchasers were R. Vivian, S. Ford, F. Neumann, C. Wegmann, and M. Guth.

Suburban Sales.

Dr. Ralph W. Opdyke sold his residence and offices on the east side of South Fullerton Avenue, adjoining the First Church of Christ, Scientist, Montclair, N. J., held at $25,000, through F. M. Crawley & Brothers. The same brokers sold the residence at 876 Valley Road, Upper Montclair, held at $6,000, to Charles E. Shute.

The Witherbee Real Estate and Improvement Company sold a residence, held at $12,500, on Pelhamdale Avenue, Pelham Manor, to Douglas H. McKean through Fish & Marvin. The same brokers sold for the Secor Realty Company a dwelling on Secor Lane, Pelham Manor, held at $12,000, to Lawrence McGowan, and for Mary N. Reinhardt a dwelling on Reed Avenue, Pelham Manor, held at $10,000, to James O. Persons.

The Lewis H. May Company sold for the S. and L. Construction Company, 2,422 and 2,424 Mott Avenue, adjoining the corner of Hollywood Avenue, Far Rockaway, L. I., two three-story all-year residences, to H. Block, for investment.

Arverne Auction Brings $216,615.

The auction of 209 Edgemere lots and Arverne houses, held Saturday, by Joseph P. Day, brought a total of $216,615, an average price per lot of $800.

RESULTS AT AUCTION.

By James J. Donovan.

135th St, 283 East, n s, 100 ft e of Lincoln Av, 25x100, five-story tenement; K. I. Schaffner against Bozzutti Realty Co. et al; Harold Swain, attorney; due, $9,295; taxes, &c., $1,150; to J. Devoti for $9,350.

THE BUILDING DEPARTMENT.

Alterations.

Items under $3,000 omitted.

Broadway, 3,801 to 3,819, to a one and two story office and store; A. Lewisohn, 61 Broadway, owner; G. M. Pollard, 247 5th Av, architect; cost, $4,000.

Duane St, n e corner of Hudson St, to a seven-story loft; Wood & Halsey, 26 Hudson St, owner; H. Ahrens, 644 8th Av, architect; cost, $5,000.

84th St, 306 West, to a three-story dwelling and store; 306 West 84th Street Realty Co., premises, owner; B. H. & C. N. Whinston, 2 Columbus Circle, architects; cost, $5,000.

64th St, 535 West, to a four-story tenement and store; A. M. Schuman, 535 West 56th St, owner; A. C. Wein, Long Island City, architect; cost, $3,000.

62d St, 155 West, to a three-story theatre; Empire Square Realty Co., 1,947 Broadway, owner; T. W. Lamb, 644 8th Av, architect; cost, $4,000.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

With name and address of purchaser and attorney. When attorney's name is omitted address party of the second part.

Manhattan.

AMSTERDAM AV, 2,735, e s, 24.11 ft n of 148th St, 82x100; Jas. H. Purdy, Sr., et al., exrs., to Benenson Realty Co., 509 Willis Av, mtg. $13,000, June 26; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $5,000.50

SAME PROPERTY; Purdy Estate, Inc., to same, mtg. $15,000, July 1; attorney, same $100

SAME PROPERTY; Benenson Realty Co. to Isaac Berkow, 1,783 Amsterdam Av, mtg. $15,000, all liens, July 3; attorney, same.$100

AV A, 1,844, w s, 61.3 ft s of 82d St, 16.10x53; Minna H. Neumer et al. to Louis Schneider, 300 East 82d St, all liens, July 1; attorney, Oliver E. Davis, 5,310 5th Av $100

AV A, w s, 46 ft s of 19th St, 46x90; John L. Cooke to Maude B., his wife, 531 West Hill St, Louisville, Ky., ½ part; attorneys, Moorman & Woodward, Louisville, Ky. Gift

BROADWAY, s w s, 36 ft n of 160th St, 36.10x irr; George L. Slawson and Frederick G. Hobbs to Thalia W., wife of Stephen C. Willett, Brookville, L. I., mtg $68,000, June 26; attorneys, Middlebrook & Sq., 45 Cedar St $100

BROOME ST, 90, e s, 20x75; Lawyers Mtg. Co. to Harold G. Aron, 54 West 40th St, b. and s., all liens, July 3; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway..$100

CHERRY ST, 378, s s, 25x125, to n s of Water St, 25x132.3x125.2; Farmers' Loan and Trust Co., trustee, to Isidore Kaufman, 314 South 5th St, Brooklyn, ½ part and s. t. being ½ part, July 1; attorney, Harold Sherman, 25 Broadway.....$1,036.16

SAME PROPERTY; Lillian M. C. Crosby, individ. and as extrx., to same, ¼ part, s. t., June 26; attorney, same.....$2,695

SAME PROPERTY; Cornelia V. L. Pell et al. to same, all, May 7; attorney, same.....$1

CANAL ST, s w s, at n s of Laight St, 50.2x20.2x41.7 on Laight St, gore; Ry. to Schenbar to George D. Bartholemew, 60 West 30th St, mtg. $8,000; attorneys, Randall & Larson, 349 Broadway.....$1

CENTRAL PARK WEST, 234 and 235, s s, 50.4 ft w of 90th St, 50.4x100; Katharine M. Watters to Orinoco Realty Co., 119 West 40th St, mtg $105,000, all liens, July 2; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$1

22D ST, 32 West, s s, 32.8x98.9x31x98.9, with all title to strip 0.3d, adjoining on west; Seamen's Bank for Savings to Cornelina Hearn, 496 East 17th St, b. and s., all liens, July 1; attorney, New York Title and Mortgage Co., 135 Broadway.....$100

30TH ST, 130, s s, 25x100.4; 30th St, 132 and 134 West, s s, 50x100.4; George Backer et al, to Herald Square Holding Co., 128 Broadway, all liens, July 3; attorneys, Austin & Lord, 128 Broadway.....$100

51ST ST, 236 East, s s, 16.8x100.5; Joseph Gold to Edw. Kirmss, 234 East 51st St, mtg $5,000, all liens, July 2; attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway.....$100

60TH ST, 223 West, n s, 25x100.5; Rose A. Graf to Dorothy Golden, 546 Claremont Parkway, mtg $6,000; attorney, Francis B. Robert, 150 Broadway $1

61ST ST, 249 East, n s, 16.10x100.5; A. F. Millemann to Robert P. Breese, Southampton, L. I., mtg $8,000, all liens, July 1; attorney, Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway $100

62D ST, 541 East, n s, 17x160.5; F. Gauss to A. A. Ehrlich, 548 East 62d St, and another, all liens, July 1; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$100

63TH ST, 248 East, s s, 16.8x100; R. Blumenthal et al. to Lillie Hutchinson, 223 East 61st St, mtg $7,650, all liens, July 3; attorney, Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway $11,000

70TH ST, 240 West, s s, 20x102.2; Julia E. Dalton to Stewart Hemingway, Kew Gardens, B. of Q., June 25; address, 50 East 42d St $100

SAME PROPERTY; Stewart Hemingway to Baltic Holding Corp., 128 Broadway, all liens, July 3; attorneys, Stoddard & M., 128 Broadway $100

75TH ST, 44 West, s s, 20x102.2; Jessie Q. Fard to Norma H. Wolff, 1,700 Broadway, mtg $25,000; attorney, C. W. Hastings, 141 Broadway, all liens, May 31; attorney, same..$4,500

78TH ST, s s, 275 ft w of Amsterdam Av, 17 x102.2; Jack W. Schiffer to Edith M. Kelley, 22 Mount Morris Park West, and all liens, June 19; attorney, Lawyers Title and Trust Co. 160 Broadway $100

78TH ST, 67 East, n s, 16x102.2; Carrie S. Schack to Arrow Holding Corp., 217 Broadway, all liens, May 31; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway..$1

93D ST, 64 West, s s, 100x37.6x irregular; Annette, wife, Aaron Korofsky, to Consolidated Producing Corp., 320 Broadway, mtg $32,700, all liens, July 1; attorney, New York Title and Mortgage Co., 135 Broadway $100

107TH ST, 230 East, s s, 25x100.11; Domacolata Favale to Antonio Travagliante, 2,070 2d Av, mtg $3,500, July 3; attorney, Charles Novello, 2,070 2d Av $100

112TH ST, 245 West, n s, 18x100.11; Fannie Burza to Rachel Levy, 237 West 111th St, mtg $10,000, all liens, June 27; attorney, Jos. Greenberg, 299 Broadway $1

115TH ST, 323 to 329 East, n s, 100x100.10; John Guker to Susanne Imperatori, 162 Bayview Av, Jersey City, April 15, 1918; attorney, Hy. C. Quinby, 165 Broadway..$1

120TH ST, 60 East, s s, 19x100.11; Sophie Kress to Alexander Tofts, mtg $18,000, Jan. 23, 1919; attorney, New York Title and Mortgage Co., 135 Broadway $1

SAME PROPERTY; John H. Deane to Charles Albonest and Sophie Kress, 281 8th Av, executors of Alexander Tofts, all title, q. c., corrects deed recorded Dec. 22, 1885, June 27; attorney, same $100

122D ST, 123 West, n s, 18.9x100.11; Merit Realty Corp. to J. Diedrich Beckmann, 123 West 122d St, mtg $7,000, all liens, July 1, 1919; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $100

124TH ST, 515 West, n s, 25x58x irregular; College Holding Co. to Shenk R. & C. Co., 131 West 190th St, mtg $66,500, all liens, July 3; attorneys, Morrison & Schiff, 320 Broadway $100

127TH ST, 151 East, n s, 18.9x99.11; Joseph R. Dick to Jennie Gabriel, 151 East 127th St, P. M., mtg $5,000, June 18; attorney, Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway $1

127TH ST, s s, 191.8 ft w of Lenox Av, 16.8x99.11; New York Savings Bank to Benenson Realty Co., 509 Willis Av, mtg $7,000, all liens, July 3; attorneys, Elfers & A., 277 Broadway $100

128TH ST, 214 West, s s, 16.8x99.11; Christine V. G. Rosser to Theresa W. Robinson of Roscoe, Sullivan County, N. Y., mtg $4,500, all liens, June 25; attorney, John E. Rosser, 156 Broadway $100

129TH ST, n s, 148.4 ft w of Madison Av, 16.8x99.11; New York Savings Bank to Benenson Realty Co., 509 Willis Av, mtg $7,000, all liens, July 3; attorneys, Elfers & A., 277 Broadway $100

130TH ST, 506 West, s s, 50x74.11; Elliott Mortgage Co. to Mary J. Schreyer, 10 ft n of 4th St, Mount Vernon, N. Y., and s. c. s. &c., all liens, Dec. 30, 1917.....$1

131ST ST, 228 West, s s, 16x99.11; Reyan Realty Co. to Rose E. Moses, 193 West 134th St, mtg $5,250, all liens, July 1; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Company, 176 Broadway $200

Bronx.

144TH ST, s s, 158.4 ft e of Willis Av, 16.8x irr; William H. Swift et al. to Nicholas Ludwig, 400 East 137th St, mtg $2,000, July 3; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $100

ANTHONY AV, w s, 275.8 ft n of Burnside Av, 16.8x100; Barbara Mauk to Solomon Hawkins, 2,062 Anthony Av, June 19; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $100

BATHGATE AV, w s, 25 ft n of 182d St, 24x97; Wm. A. Cameron to Mary M. Rongvine, 3,233 Bathgate Av, mtg $2,500, July 3; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $100

ELTON AV, e s, 100 ft n of 183d St, 50x100; Patterno Const. Co. to same, mtg $131,000, all liens, basement and store, July 2; attorneys, same $100

WEST END AV, 3603, s s, 19.2x100 A. W. Sawgan to same, mtg $20,000, all liens, July 2; attorney, same $100

8TH ST, 55 West, n s, 24.11x98.11; 1,629 Amsterdam Av Corp. to Arner Realty Co., 200 Broadway, mtg $21,500, all liens, April 28; attorney, Max Monfield, 299 Broadway $1

12TH ST, 276 West, n s, 22.2x33.1x16.1x35.5; Edward J. Hennig et al, to Geo. Darling, 275 ft w of 12th St, June 17; attorney, New York Title and Mortgage Co., 135 Broadway $100

20TH ST, 26 East, s s, 25x92; Gladys P. Dick and another to the Women's Roosevelt Memorial Assn., 1 East 57th St, a. t., June 30; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $1

22D ST, 32 West, s s, 32.8x98.9x31x98.9, with all title to strip 0.3d, adjoining on west; Seamens Bank for Savings to Cornelina Hearn, 496 East 17th St, b. and s., all liens, July 1; attorney, New York Title and Mortgage Co., 135 Broadway $100

30TH ST, 130, s s, 25x100.4; 30th St, 132 and 134 West, s s, 50x100.4; George Backer et al, to Herald Square Holding Co., 128 Broadway, all liens, July 3; attorneys, Austin & Lord, 128 Broadway $100

51ST ST, 236 East, s s, 16.8x100.5; Joseph Gold to Edw. Kirmss, 234 East 51st St, mtg $5,000, all liens, July 2; attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway $100

60TH ST, 223 West, n s, 25x100.5; Rose A. Graf to Dorothy Golden, 546 Claremont Parkway, mtg $6,000; attorney, Francis B. Robert, 150 Broadway $1

61ST ST, 249 East, n s, 16.10x100.5; A. F. Millemann to Robert P. Breese, Southampton, L. I., mtg $8,000, all liens, July 1; attorney, Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway $100

62D ST, 541 East, n s, 17x160.5; F. Gauss to A. A. Ehrlich, 548 East 62d St, and another, all liens, July 1; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $100

63TH ST, 248 East, s s, 16.8x100; R. Blumenthal et al. to Lillie Hutchinson, 223 East 61st St, mtg $7,650, all liens, July 3; attorney, Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway $11,000

70TH ST, 240 West, s s, 20x102.2; Julia E. Dalton to Stewart Hemingway, Kew Gardens, B. of Q., June 25; address, 50 East 42d St $100

SAME PROPERTY; Stewart Hemingway to Baltic Holding Corp., 128 Broadway, all liens, July 3; attorneys, Stoddard & M., 128 Broadway $100

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120TH ST, 60 East, s s, 19x100.11; Sophie Kress to Alexander Tofts, mtg $18,000, Jan. 23, 1919; attorney, New York Title and Mortgage Co., 135 Broadway $1

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127TH ST, s s, 191.8 ft w of

MORTGAGE LOANS.

$500,000 constructional loan wanted by responsible parties; will pay 6 per cent. interest; high-class theatrical proposition. BLUMENHEIM-REISS, INC., 81 CLINTON ST., NEWARK, N. J.

Wanted—Loan of $5,000 on a quarter undivided interest in valuable New York City real estate. J 223 Times.

CITY REAL ESTATE.

Manhattan—For Sale or To Let.

Nine-story fireproof loft building, 25x100, for sale, 5 East 3d St.; price $90,000; rent $10,800; first mortgage $45,000; 5 per cent. will take back second mortgage. R. Moller, 318 East 66th St. Tel. Plaza 536.

For sale cheap, 432 East 78th St., 3-family and basement house. Inquire John T. Cogan, 377 Broadway.

Queens—For Sale or To Let.

GREAT HOUSE BARGAIN.

$7,850 buys $9,000 house; half hour out; restricted, private residence park; all improvements. Telephone 10061 Bedford, 1,261 Pacific St., Brooklyn.

Long Beach—New cottages for sale on rental basis. Happy Home Realty Co., 2,609 Broadway. Audubon 2556 or Long Beach 222.

COUNTRY REAL ESTATE.

Westchester—For Sale or To Let.

Bronxville, near station.—Artistic stucco home, corner plot, 9 rooms, 2 tiled baths; bargain. Telephone 7528 Murray Hill.

Long Island—For Sale or To Let.

Beechhurst, Long Island, 30 minutes from Broadway; wonderful bargains in choice plots, overlooking Sound, bought at forced auction sale; must sell immediately; act quick. Address owner, Howard Thurston, Beechhurst, phone Flushing 1214. S. Tilden Holtzendorff, Whitestone, phone 2361 Flushing.

At Woodmere, L. I.—One and one quarter acres with cottage in need of repairs; will sell for $7,000. Apply to Watkin W. Jones, Inc., 1,919 Mott Av., Far Rockaway, N. Y. Tel. Far Rockaway 17.

New Jersey—For Sale or To Let.

TELEPHONE ME NOW.—New 7-room craftsman home, sleeping porch, tile bath, open fireplace, parquet floors, beamed ceiling, steam heat, gas, electricity; all improvements; near station, schools, churches; superior neighborhood; 28 minutes N. Y. City; commutation; $1,000 cash; balance on terms. John A. Baldwin, 80 Maiden Lane, N. Y. Telephone John 5047.

A Real Home—Modern throughout; hot water heat; four bedrooms, two dressing rooms, two baths on second floor; corner plot, 100x160; price $8,500; cash $1,500; this property cost owner $14,000.

LEONIA HOMES REALTY CO., Leonia, N. J.

LONG ISLAND—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

BUNGALOWS
For Rent Furnished

$100 for Season.

SUNSET BUNGALOW CO.,
1235 Grand St., Brooklyn, N. Y.
Phone Stagg 2600.

SPECIALISTS in
NORTH SHORE OF LONG ISLAND PROPERTIES
Fish & Marvin 527 5th Av.

THE GABLES

Delightful suburban home at Hempstead, L. I., near Garden City; convenient to electric trolley and trains. English architecture; eight large rooms and two baths; just completed; grounds 120x140; large plastered garage with living quarters. Cost $14,000; will take $12,900 for quick sale. $2,500 cash, balance on mortgage. E. F. SCHENCKE, Room 301, 277 Broadway, N. Y. City.

JAMAICA.

Oaks Section, 6 rooms and bath, steam heat, gas, 40x100, fine condition. Price $4,000, $1,000 cash. H. J. McCord, 34 South Grove St., Freeport, L. I. Phone 978. Open Sundays.

CANADA—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

Game and Fishing Preserve to Rent

Murray Bay, Canada

Hunting and fishing preserve of 15 square miles, near Murray Bay, Province of Quebec, Canada. Main lodge has and 2 single master's bedrooms, with additional accommodations in tents. Complete equipment, including crockery, blankets, boats, &c. Elevation 1,200 feet. Many beautiful lakes and trout streams. Services of guide available. Rent, furnished, $1,000 season.

KENNETH IVES & CO.
7 East 42d St. Murray Hill 6037.

FACTORIES FOR SALE OR TO LET.

BARTLETT BUILDING,

216-228 High St., Newark, N. J.
70,000 Sq. Ft. 6 story modern mill constructed brick bldg; large power plant, sprinkled, artesian wells, elevator. Central; good labor district. Walter Baker Co., 716 Broad St., Newark.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS.

for Rent—

3,800 Square Feet of Space in Financial District

Particularly suitable for occupancy by *shipping* or *insurance* concern.

Address R 668 Times Downtown.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.

MANHATTAN—West Side.

READY FOR OCCUPANCY

300 Central Park West
Cor. 90th St.

1-2-3 ROOMS

Furnished and Unfurnished

Restaurant on Premises

Apply on Premises or

BING & BING
119 West 40th St.

"Avoid Servant Troubles"
Spencer Arms
BROADWAY, Cor. 69th St.
Non-Housekeeping Aparts.
2, 3 & 4 Rooms
MAID SERVICE FREE; ELECTRIC LIGHT FREE; RESTAURANT SERVICE.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Furnished.

THE LORRAINE, 2 East 45th St.
A few Apartments and Rooms to Sublet for the Summer.

OUT-OF-TOWN REAL ESTATE.

Canada—For Sale or To Let.

Quick sale wanted for 16,000 acres cut-over land bordering on or near to Lake Superior, Ontario, Canada; best farm lands and suitable as game preserves; well located on good roads, near towns and schools; price $4.00 per acre; write for maps and photographs of our standing crops. The Pigeon River Lumber Company, Limited, Port Arthur, Ontario, Canada.

REAL ESTATE WANTED.

PARTY WISHES TO BUY AMERICAN BASEMENT HOUSE ON LIBERAL TERMS; LOCATION BETWEEN WEST END AV. AND RIVERSIDE DRIVE; STATE FULL PARTICULARS. M. C., 809 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

Wanted, farm or estate, 100 to 300 acres, on long lease, in Westchester or Long Island; within 20 miles. Edward Browning, 110 West 46th St.

34TH ST., 120 EAST.
8 ROOMS AND BATH, ELEVATOR APARTMENT, 3 OPEN FIREPLACES.

FARMS.

Pennsylvania—For Sale or To Let.

For Sale.—65-acre farm located ¼ mile from Honesdale, Penn.; high ground, good house, barn, and outbuildings; soil fertile; stream running through; 15 lakes within a radius of 12 miles; deer and other good hunting within 25 miles; good automobile roads; owner will sacrifice for quick sale. write M. D. 75, Room 1201, 220 West 42d St., New York.

CITY HOUSES—For Sale or To Let.

Queens.

Need $1,000 cash, fine 7-room house, tiled bath, steam heat, parquet floors, electricity; garage for two cars; land 100x100; 35 minutes out; bargain $7,500; easy monthly payments. Long, 47 West 34th St., Room 404.

City Houses Wanted.

PRIVATE FAMILY WANTS TO RENT UNFURNISHED HOUSE BETWEEN 72D AND 110TH STS. AND BETWEEN WEST END AV. AND RIVERSIDE DRIVE, OR ON DRIVE; EXCELLENT REFERENCES. M. M., 800 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

COUNTRY HOUSES—Sale or To Let.

Westchester County.

MOUNT VERNON, N. Y.

Two-family house, stucco on hollow tile; slate roof; seventeen rooms, three baths; separate entrances, separate porches, and separate steam heating plants; beamed ceilings; electricity and gas; room for garage; convenient to all trains and Bronx subway. Geo. Sveiven, 1116 South Fourteenth Av. Phone 21-M, Mount Vernon.

Cedarhurst, L. I.—10-room stucco, all-year, corner house on lot 100x100; 2 baths, 2 toilets, large porch; parquet floors; laundry, butler's pantry; garage; steam heat. Miller, 70 Lenox Av., Apt. 61. Tel. 6744 Harlem, or Cedarhurst Park, Tel. 1050 Far Rockaway.

5 acres, St. James, on Middle County Road, opposite school house; will sell for $2,500, $1,000 down, balance to suit. Apply by mail, Jaeger, 895 Kelly St., New York.

Pleasantville, N. Y.—Large 12-room house with attic; needs repairing; 10 minutes from station; price $5,500. W 674 Times Downtown.

Larchmont's best home propositions; $1,000 cash, balance like rent. M. S. Keller, 131 West 39th St. Phone 1251 Bryant.

Long Island.

Gentleman's beautiful residence, steam-heated, in elegant condition; one of the best locations in Far Rockaway; large, beautiful lawn tennis courts; contains 15 large, airy rooms, 3 baths, 5 toilets; can be bought very reasonably, as owner is going abroad. Apply to Wackin W. Jones, Inc., 1,919 Mott Av., Far Rockaway, N. Y. Telephone Far Rockaway 17.

I have forty homes in and about the beautiful residential town of Roosevelt, L. I., at prices from $1,000 to $8,000; within easy commuting distance of New York City; I have been in business in the same town fourteen years; reference any bank. Charles E. Whitehouse, Roosevelt, L. I. Tel. 444M Freeport.

New California bungalow, nearing completion; eight large rooms and bath; charming, restricted environment; convenient schools, shops, golf, beaches, &c.; one minute from electric station; forty minutes from Broadway; $6,000; terms. Mr. Birch, Room 604, 1,269 Broadway.

Shore front homes for Summer or all-year; Two houses for sale at old prices; will build new house if preferred, without delay, reasonable; will sell land for you on bulk; natural location and surroundings positively unequalled; half hour. Y 11 Times Annex.

Bayside.—For sale, practically new clapboard house; plot 40x100; 7 rooms, bath, fireplace, parquet floors, hardwood trim, electricity, gas; 6 min. to station; easy terms. H. D. Lewis, 47 W. 34th St. Greeley 6896.

Delightful, suburban home, three minutes from electric station; forty minutes from Broadway; improvements; seven rooms and bath; plot 80x100; $4,500; terms. Mr. McIntosh, Room 604, 1269 Broadway.

I have a home, seven rooms and bath, three minutes from electric station, easy commuting distance, convenient to golf and beaches, for $500 cash. M. C., 139 Times.

New York State.

Cottage at Lake Placid to rent; all modern improvements; 5 minutes from lk., P. O. and lakes. Box 352, Lake Placid, N. Y.

New Jersey.

NEW
MODERN
HOMES FOR RENT.
FIVE AND SEVEN-ROOM HOUSES
FOR RENT; NEVER BEFORE OCCUPIED; ALL MODERN IMPROVEMENTS; FINE LAWNS; LARGE YARDS; MAKE RESERVATIONS AT ONCE.
TELEPHONE 7804 MARKET.
ASK FOR MR. BLACK.
ROOM 819, GLOBE BUILDING,
800 BROAD ST., NEWARK, N. J.

SUMMER HOMES—Furnished.

Westchester County.

Cottage, 8 rooms and bath, to small family during August; 2 spacious lawns, vegetable garden, verandas, small screened sleeping porch, piano, all conveniences, high ground, select neighborhood; Mount Vernon, 25 minutes to Grand Central; $120. J 220 Times.

Croton-on-Hudson.—12 rooms, 2 baths; electricity; garage; fruit; beautiful view; $400 to October. Riverside 2780. Bates.

Long Island.

Rockaway Beach.—Just completed, 4-room bungalow; everything new; cheap; for balance of season; near station, on waterfront. 64 Beach, 87th St. Meyer.

Furnished 12-room house; best location Long Beach. Phone 3723 Schuyler, 8 to 10 A. M.

Connecticut.

LITCHFIELD HILLS.—8 ROOMS BATH; BROOKS, WEST WOODS; BALANCE SEASON $250. PHONE VANDERBILT 1694.

SUMMER HOMES—Furnished.

New Jersey.

Leaving July 15 six months' trip abroad; will rent my comfortable 8-room home, furnished, to refined family; detached house; garden; pleasant; convenient location; $70 monthly. Phone Leonia 786-W, or write E. R. Manning, 376 Leonia Av.

Summer Homes Wanted—Furnished.

Wanted, on seashore, house, bungalow, or cottage for July and August or season, furnished, ready for immediate occupancy; Jersey shore or north shore of Long Island or along south shore of Long Island Sound preferred; close proximity to water desired; good price, according to character, size of house, location; immediate action desired. B 254 Times.

Furnished house or bungalow, near seashore preferred, for balance of season by small Gentile family; easy commuting distance to New York; good surroundings; rental not over $125 month. R 620 Times Downtown.

Furnished house for small family, balance of season; directly on Long Island Sound; must have bathing beach and garage; price no object; best references given. Write, stating full particulars, D 81 Times.

Small cottage, or part of cottage, preferably on beach, commuting New York; reasonable; highest references furnished. Rogers, phone Canal 9376

TO LET FOR BUSINESS.

SOUTHWEST CORNER
CENTRE AND WALKER STS.
8-STORY MODERN FIREPROOF BLDG., STORE, BASEMENT AND 5 FLOORS, 75,000 SQUARE FEET OFFICE SPACE.
S. H. STONE, AGENT,
135 BROADWAY,
OR ANY BROKER.

WALL ST., NO. 71.

Furnished suite; stenographer and two telephones; $50. Call 5 to 7. Riverside 9600, Apt. 6F.

Newark, N. J.—14,000 sq. ft. (heat and power) in modern loft building, southeast corner New Jersey R. R. Av. and Mulberry St. Walter Baker Co., 756 Broad St., Newark.

Storage space, 534 East 20th St., 2d and 3d floors; elevator; 32x184; no manufacturing. Apply Estate John U. Brookman, 163 B'way.

Desk room, $35 month; no other expense; office service alone, $5. Suite 350, 30 Church St. Best location in New York.

Desk room for rent, with or without stenographic service; location Times Square; reasonable; state particulars. N 366 Times.

Light loft to lease; 2,000 square feet; electric power. Columbus 1662.

Entire ground floor for office; three adjoining rooms. Apply 125 West 46th St.

For Rent.—Part office or desk. Room 517, 1,123 Broadway, 25th St.

Desk room in nicely furnished office; fully equipped. Circle 2315.

Loft to let for manufacturing, 25x100, on 17th Av. Phone Chelsea 5765.

Furnished private office, $20 monthly; clean, light. Duane, 309 Broadway, Suite 807.

Brooklyn.

Three story, basement, semi-fireproof building, 13,000 square feet; elevator, heat; suitable for any manufacturing or storage; immediate possession. Baffa & Nixon, 228 Broadway, Brooklyn. Phone Williamsburg 72.

Wanted for Business Purposes.

LOFT OR PART OF LOFT.—Dress jobber desires loft or office building; would consider space with suit house, between 27th and 34th Sts. M. Saul, 303 5th Av., Room 1717.

Wanted to locate in Bushwick section of Brooklyn for warehouse purposes, 5,000 to 10,000 feet of estate suitable for furniture warehouse. Warehouse, 381 Times.

Wanted, furnished or unfurnished office, 400-500 square feet floor space, in downtown; in good location; elevator. V. Lettis, 266 West 77th St.

Neatly furnished private office between 26th and 42th Sts., wanted; references. P 200 Times.

Responsible shipping firm desires 1,000 feet office space, south Wall St., west William St., Manhattan. N 559 Times Downtown.

Desk and telephone desired in office building below Wall St.; reference if necessary. R 633 Times Downtown.

Small furnished office, South 42d St. Cummings, 1,482 Broadway, Room 612.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Furnished—East Side.

86TH, 152 EAST, (Shiffen Court.)—7-room Studio Apt., 2 baths; $100 mo. until Oct.

49TH ST., 146 EAST.—Artistic apartment, 3 rooms, bath, kitchen, until Sept. 31. Apt 4D.

54TH, 7 EAST.—Apartment, 2 rooms, bath, and kitchen; well furnished; private piano; maid, valet service; breakfast; lease to Jan. 1 or longer; $140. Superintendent.

62D ST., 129 EAST.—Attractively furnished apartment, six rooms, 4 master's bedrooms, one master's bath, and one maid's room and bath, until Oct. 1 for special price. Apply superintendent on premises, or Douglas L. Billman, 414 Madison Av., New York City.

86TH, 64 EAST.—Four-room apartment, newly furnished, until Oct. 1; much less than rent. See Superintendent.

40 EAST 51ST ST.
Attractively furnished 1, 2, 3 room apartby month or year; meals.

APARTMENTS OF QUALITY.
East, west side; long, short leases.
APARTMENT RENTING CO.,
176 West 72d St. Phone Columbus 1271.

ATTENTION!—Apartments, furnished, 2 and 3 rooms and bath, $15 weekly up; full hotel service; one block from subway. Hotel St. Louis, 34 East 32d St., or Hotel Senton, 35 East 27th.

MORRIS AV., 2,471.—2 rooms, kitchenette and bath; beautifully furnished; new apartment; cool southeastern exposure; one block Jerome Av. subway station; sublet until Oct. 1; $60. Inquire Wilson. Phone Fordham 3783.

MRS. WILSON'S
HOME RENTING COMPANY.
TEL. PLAZA 6585. 444 PARK AV.
EXCLUSIVE APARTMENTS.
FURNISHED. UNFURNISHED.

MY SPACIOUS 5th Av. duplex apartment; 4 master bedrooms. Phone Murray Hill 85-4. Mrs. Evans.

Furnished—West Side.

67TH AV. (28th St.)—Two-room kitchenette suite, $160 for two months. Tel. Madison Square 1958.

12TH ST., 66 WEST.—2 rooms and bath artistically furnished; Steinway grand piano; entire floor private house. Chelsea 7389.

39TH ST., 52 WEST.—Two rooms and bath, charmingly furnished; telephone, electric light, linen, maid service; immediate possession; seen any time.

42D ST., 228 WEST.—Luxuriously furnished bachelor apartments, consisting of parlor, bedroom, and bath; $21 per week up; full hotel service.

45TH, 26 WEST.—Bachelor apartments; 2 attractive rooms, bath. Madison Square 4976.

45TH, 341 WEST.—New elevator building; cleanliness; furnishings unequaled; 1-2-3 rooms, bath, shower; tiled kitchens, kitchenettes; no questionable applicants; highest references; $55-$100 monthly. Tel. Bryant 6255.

47TH, 112 WEST.—Completely furnished bachelor apartment, two and three rooms, bath; $80 to $100; Summer concessions.

PAYSON McL. MERRILL CO., INC.,
9 East 44th St. Tel. Murray Hill 6300.

50TH ST. (Near 5th Av.)—Handsome furnished apartment, two rooms, kitchen, bath; Summer rate, $90. Elberson, 23 West 42d St.

50TH ST., 17 WEST.—Two rooms, bath, and kitchenette; inducement for Summer. Supt.

54TH ST., at Broadway, Hotel Albemarle.—Furnished apartment for rent, 2 rooms and bath, $20 a week; 4 rooms and bath, $35 a week; special monthly rates.

55TH ST. (cor 7th Av. The Regal.)—Modern elevator apartment house, newly furnished; hotel service; 1 and 2 rooms and bath, $65 to $135; references required.

56TH, 68 WEST.—Beautifully furnished apartment, two rooms and bath; all modern conveniences; piano, victrola. Mrs. Peterson.

56TH, 208 WEST, (Hotel Thorndyke.)—Single room, with privilege of bath; full hotel service; desirable rates.

56TH, 208 WEST, (Hotel Thorndyke.)—2 rooms and bath; special weekly rates; full hotel service.

57TH ST., 340 WEST, (Near Broadway.)—The Clinton'a, a modern elevator apartment house, newly furnished; hotel service; two and three rooms, with bath, $18 weekly up; references required.

57TH ST., 130 WEST.—Two rooms, kitchenette, and bath, fully furnished, for Summer months; immediate possession; can be seen by appointment Monday or Tuesday between 10 and 12. Telephone Rhinelander 3586.

59TH ST. (overlooking Central Park.)—Exceptional large one-room apartment, furnished for bachelor; wonderful view; $50 per month. B. F. Gallan, 17 Battery Place.

60TH, 245 WEST, (the New West End.)—1, 2, 3-room apartment, bath, kitchenette; latest improvements; complete housekeeping; $45 up.

70TH.—3 rooms, 2 bedrooms, kitchenette, and bath; $75. Phone Columbus 1278.

71ST, 136 WEST.—Cool, charmingly furnished two room, kitchenette apartment to sublet until Oct. 1 or later if desired. Apply Superintendent, 140 West 71st St.

72D, 152 WEST.—Living room, bedroom, bath, kitchenette; newly furnished and decorated; electricity; maid service; Summer rates.

72D ST., 322 WEST, (studio apartment.)—Two furnished rooms, bath and kitchenette to be had in three days.

74TH, 103 WEST.—Choice suites, baths, kitchenettes, small rooms; convenient location; Summer rates.

75TH, (234 West End Av.)—Elegant parlor floor; electricity, private bath, kitchenette; reasonable.

75TH, 14 WEST.—Beautiful 2, 3 rooms, bath, kitchenette; electricity, maid service.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Furnished—West Side.

77TH, 220 WEST.—Handsome 5-room apartment, 2 baths; indefinite lease. De Leon.

80TH, (near Riverside Drive.)—Elegantly furnished apartment six rooms, bath, piano; Summer rate; $100. Elberson, 25 West 42d.

81ST, 204 WEST, (2E.)—Cool, attractively furnished 5-room housekeeping apartment; elevator.

83D, 320 WEST.—Beautifully furnished apartment, ready for immediate occupancy; Jersey shore or north shore of Long Island or along south shore of Long Island Sound preferred; close proximity to water desired; good price, according to character, size of house, location; immediate action desired. B 254 Times.

86TH, 215 WEST, (cor. Broadway.)—Five-room apartment, attractively furnished in every detail; immediate possession; lease until Oct., longer if desired. Apt. 8D.

90TH, (West End.)—New building, 5-room private apartment; exquisitely furnished; sacrifice for Summer season at less than unfurnished rent; bargain. Columbus 8974.

91ST ST., 37 WEST.—High-class furnished apartment, 1 and 2 rooms, with bath; maid service; $45-$80.

95TH, 330 WEST.—Well furnished six rooms; reduced rent for Summer; short or long lease.

97TH, 255 WEST.—Moderate rent; handsomely furnished; eight rooms, 2d floor.

101ST ST., (corner West End Av.)—Will sublet beautifully furnished six-room apartment, three baths, southern exposure, to Oct. 1, 1920; no bachelors. Inquire S., Room 938, 149 Broadway, N. Y. C.

109TH, 107 WEST, Capitol, Academy 1611;) Manhattan Av., 215. (Alcazar, Academy 1710.)—2 to 6 rooms completely furnished; elevator, housekeeping, $40-$70 monthly; weekly rates. Main Office, 215 Manhattan Av. Academy 1647. Open Sundays and evenings.

112TH, (near Broadway.)—Two rooms, bath; electric light; maid service; rent $70; 3 rooms, bath; furnished or unfurnished; suitable doctor or dentist. R. A. McEntee, 546 West 113th. Cathedral 7483.

127TH, 600 WEST. — Attractively furnished apartment, 2 bedrooms, living room, kitchen; spotless; $35.

158TH ST., WEST.—Seven-room apartment, completely furnished, in select elevator apartment, or will rent 5 rooms, including kitchen, until Oct. 1. Phone Audubon 1290, Apt. 31, after 6:30 P. M.

140TH ST., 583 WEST.—5-room, completely furnished apartment; 3 weeks, July 10; $15 per week. Reid, 1211 Audubon.

142D ST., 613 WEST.—Elegant 3-room apartment, furnished. Audubon 8076, Supt.

158TH, 529 WEST.—4-room modern apartment, till October; $40. Davis, 42.

161ST, 654 WEST.—Sublet Summer months, four beautifully furnished rooms, complete; housekeeping; piano; home comforts. Apt. 3-E.

ATTRACTIVE apartments with hotel conveniences; inspection invited.
THE CATHEDRAL PLAZA,
109 CATHEDRAL PARKWAY.
110th St., between Amsterdam & Columbus Avs.
Excellent locality to stop during the Summer or while looking for permanent apartments; fully furnished apartments rented monthly.
1 room with kitchenette and bath, from $40 up.
2 rooms with kitchenette & bath, from $55 up.
3 rooms with kitchenette & bath, from $70 up.
Telephone 613 for further information; linen and maid service, if desired; two blocks east of Broadway subway, near 6th and 9th Av. L; 5th Av. bus lines stop at door; reference essential.
Weekly rentals at special rates.

APTS. OF UNUSUAL CLEANLINESS.
Two and three rooms, bath, and kitchenette, $60 a month and up; comfortably furnished; telephone, linen service; maid service optional; no objectionable or questionable tenants; references essential.
THE WILSONIA,
320-329 WEST 57TH ST.

APARTMENT SEEKING SIMPLIFIED.—For Summer bargain opportunities in apartments consult Wickliffe Gray, Apartment Specialist, 280 West 73d. Columbus 8974.

APARTMENT HUNTING UNNECESSARY. —Personally inspected. Conrad Mrs. Dingeman, Renting Specialist, 154 W. 72d. Col. 536.

CHOICE FURNISHED APARTMENTS.
E. K. Van Winkle. 256 W. 71st. 1071.

CONVENT AV., 436, (149th.)—Two-room, kitchenette modern elevator apartment; handsomely furnished; linen, silver; $70; lease. Call evenings, or phone Vanderbilt 4737, Miss Mark.

ELEGANTLY appointed four-room, housekeeping apartment 59th St., overlooking Central Park, near Plaza Hotel; restaurant in building. Phone 4668 Plaza.

FRONT bedroom, also kitchen, until September 1; convenient to West End Av. Phone 8878-J Riverside.

Handsome five-room apartment, newly furnished, light and airy, handy to a number of car lines, Riverside bus, and just two blocks from the 96th St. subway station. Telephone 2554 Riverside.

ON BROADWAY.—Beautifully furnished apartment within walking distance theatres, shopping district; from two to seven rooms, one or two baths, kitchenette and kitchens; completely equipped, linen, silver, gas, electricity, and maid service included. The Pasadena, Broadway and 61st St. Phone 4400 Columbus.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE.—Large bedroom, large complete kitchen, foyer hall, with use living room; high-class elevator apartment; $45, moving city Friday; references. Greeley 1665.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 230.—Riverside apartment, facing drive, six rooms, fully furnished; pianola; $150 monthly; immediate possession; seen 11 to 5. Rogers. Phone Riverside 9480.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE.—Wonderful view; all outside rooms; charmingly furnished; private apartment; sacrifice Summer season; possession on immediate rental. Telephone Gray, Columbus 3974.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 240, (Apt. 801.)—Room, bath, at sacrifice; restaurants; three months.

ST. NICHOLAS AV, 280.—4 rooms, with bath; all or part. Telephone 6078 Morningside. M. Rainey or Superintendent.

SUBLET FOR SUMMER, PART OR WHOLE HIGH-CLASS FURNISHED APARTMENT; BROADWAY, AROUND THE 80S. PHONE PLAZA 9090.

Three-room furnished apartments to respectable parties; $70 month. Office, 110 West 39th St.

WEST END AV., 680, (93d.)—Beautiful, all outside, cool furnished apartment, 6 rooms, 2 baths, easy housekeeping; 3 months; $200 month. Tel. Riverside 5163.

WEST END AV., 788, (96th.)—Corner five unusually large outside rooms, furnished; $75.

$125 APARTMENT for $65; sacrifice account of illness; beautiful location. Audubon 9656.

Furnished—Westchester County.

MOUNT VERNON.—4 rooms and bath, furnished or unfurnished; housekeeping accommodations; modern private house. M. Aron, phone 1842 W Mount Vernon.

Furnished—Long Island.

Apartment to let, furnished, for two months or more; five rooms and bath, with use of garage if required. Lount, 382 Fulton Av., Hempsted, L. I.

Unfurnished—East Side.

12TH, 5 EAST.—2 rooms, bath, electricity, and kitchenette; other rooms.

84TH ST., 120 EAST.
8 ROOMS AND BATH, ELEVATOR APARTMENT, 3 OPEN FIREPLACES.

50TH, 332 EAST.—Five large, light rooms, bath, all modern improvements, $65.

APARTMENTS, CHOICE LOCATIONS.
Stanley S. Woolley, 665 5th Av. Plaza 2674.

A TWO-ROOM and bath apartment, $50 a month from now till October, $60 thereafter; new, modern; maid service included; 469 4th Av., between 31st and 32d Sts. Apply Albert B. Ashforth, Inc., 12 East 44th St. Telephone Murray Hill 1100.

HOFFMAN ARMS,
640 MADISON AV., COR. 59TH ST.,
3 to 10 Rooms—Moderate Rents.
One Desirable Light Studio Apt.

PARK AV., 1,229, corner 96th St.—Sublet, eight light rooms, two baths; immediate possession, or October. Apartment 6.

Unfurnished—West Side.

26TH, 9 WEST.—2 or 3 large rooms, bath, kitchenette, electricity; 6 months, longer; unfurnished or partly furnished. Stilwell.

81ST ST., 19 WEST.—Unfurnished apartments to let; studio apartment non-housekeeping; three rooms and bath; day and night elevator; maid service. Phone Madison Square 3980.

47TH, 107 WEST.—Studio apartments, 1-2 elegant rooms, bath; improvements. Tailor.

50's NEAR 5TH AV.—Apartment (floor;) two big rooms, kitchenette, bath, all improvements; immediate; $90. Elberson, 25 West 42d.

51ST, 215 WEST.—Unfurnished apartments to let; attractive front 5-room apartments; light, cool; bargain to Oct. 1 or longer. Circle 4666.

73D ST., 306 WEST.
Unusually attractive parlor floor, especially suitable for physician; 2 and 3-room suite, kitchenette, and bath; overlooking Schwab's mansion, Riverside Drive, and Hudson River; immediate possession; concessions.

82D, 55 WEST.—Two rooms, kitchenette, bath; remodeled house; lease; immediate acceptancy.

84TH, 15 WEST.—7 large rooms, bath; ground floor; $70. Janitor.

90TH ST., 260 WEST.—2 and 5 rooms, bath, kitchen, all improvements; call morning.

106TH, 522 WEST, (Riverside.)—High class two large rooms, kitchenette, overlooking Drive.

117TH ST., 116-18 WEST.—Doctor or dentist, 5 rooms and bath; all improvements, telephone; $80. Supt. or A. W. J. Petrie, Inc., 31 Nassau St.

142D, 500 WEST, (Lafayette Apartments.)—Recently refinished, 4-5-6-7 rooms; white enamel finish; decorate suit; reasonable.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Unfurnished—West Side.

150TH, WEST.—Six large, convenient rooms, available August; some pieces of furniture for sale; $65 per month to October, additional from Oct. 1. E 66 Times.

BARROW ST., 51.—Greenwich Village; duplex apartment, long, short term; will divide.

CENTRAL PARK WEST, 370, corner 97th St. For immediate possession, 5 rooms, front corner apartment facing park; $150 month; call; see superintendent on premises.

FINEHURST AV., 90.—Modern four-room apartment Washington Heights, to sublet. Inquire from Superintendent. St. Nicholas 9065.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 452.—3 elegant rooms; light housekeeping; immediate possession; $100 per month.

TO LET.—Seven room apartment; two family house; modern improvements; near Van Cortlandt Park; $60.00 monthly. 4,156 Kingsbridge Terrace.

UNFURNISHED apartments secured, all localities; applications first instance by mail only; no commission charged. Apartment Seekers' Exchange, 10 West 28th St.

WEST END AV., 567.—Two rooms, bath kitchenette; entire second floor fronting avenue; newly decorated; large, light, $100.

127 WEST 70TH ST.
A few desirable suites of 2 rooms, bath, serving pantry; rental $900 to $1,300.
L. J. PHILLIPS & CO., 149 WEST 72D ST.
Telephone Columbus 1535.

Unfurnished—Brooklyn.

OPPOSITE PROSPECT PARK.
Seven rooms and two baths, $85; ground floor in elevator house, 136 Prospect Park West, between 8th and 9th Sts. Superintendent on premises or telephone Prospect 8477.

APARTMENTS WANTED.

Furnished.

Wanted by a gentleman, a small, nicely furnished apartment or suite of two rooms and bath with private entrance; ground floor; preferred, between 96th and 116th, near subway; give price and all particulars. D 107 Times.

Small bachelor apartment, furnished or unfurnished, by army officer returning to New York about Sept. 1. Address X 419 Times Annex.

Wanted — Six, seven room apartment, new building, west side, through Summer; immediate possession; $125-$135. Call Columbus 8974.

Two rooms and kitchenette, below 110th St.; permanent; West Side preferred. Phone 3512 Madison Square.

Wanted, three bedrooms, living room, and bath; west, near Broadway. D 109 Times.

Responsible party wants 4 to 6 rooms. Phone Kuba, Columbus 1277.

Unfurnished.

Couple desire large living room, open fire, dining room, real kitchen, bath, two master bedrooms, maid's room in apt. or building; below 90th St., preferably east side; studio or duplex preferred; give details, lowest price, telephone number. Merrick, Room 2222, McAlpin Hotel.

Wanted—Six, seven room, not beyond 110th St., West, for Oct. 1; not over $2,400; will pay extra month's rent if accepted. Y 19 Times Annex.

Aug. 1 or 15, 3 or 4 roomed apartment, kitchen, and bath, 70th-110th St., West; not over $75; furnished, unfurnished. J. H. Hall, Box 444, Scarsdale, N. Y. Phone 491.

Six or seven room modern apartment, elevator building; Horace Mann School district; possession Oct. 1. P 268 Times.

Sunny 4-5 rooms, September occupancy, below 120th, West; $50 to $65. Telephone Riverside 6188.

Wanted to lease, four or five room unfurnished apartment, Bay Ridge section, Brooklyn. B 226 Times.

Five or six rooms wanted, walking distance Times Square. Adams, 104 West 46th St.

FURNISHED ROOMS.

East Side.

30TH, 124 EAST.—Two exceptionally pleasant, cool, connecting rooms; private bath; suite divided.

30TH, 45 EAST.—Large airy rooms; attractively furnished. Madison Square 4976.

31ST, 114 EAST.—Large attractively furnished, private bath, electricity; Summer rates.

41ST, 337 EAST.—Large cool back parlor, suitable two; running water; clean; reasonable.

68TH, 322 EAST.—Desirable furnished rooms, private, all conveniences; gentlemen; references.

93D ST., 31 EAST.—Large front room; private house; select neighborhood.

FIFTH AV., 280, (near 30th.)—Attractively furnished front room for gentleman; phone in room; no other roomers; $40 monthly. Apply 3d floor. Madison Square 2089.

LEXINGTON AV., 791, (61st-62d.)—Large room with bath, in private house.

MADISON AV., 735, (corner 64th.)—Newly decorated large rooms, private bath; also single room; electricity, gas, phone. Ed. Krehl.

West Side.

22D, 350 WEST.—Beautiful 2-room suite, attractive; single rooms; select; references.

37TH, 60 WEST.—Two rooms and bath; well furnished; $55 monthly.

40TH ST., 66 WEST.—Large room, southern exposure; electricity; gentlemen; references.

47TH, 100 WEST, (Raleigh Hall.)—Refined, comfortable residence for men; attractively furnished rooms $8.25 weekly up; free use tub, shower; with private bath $10.50.

50TH, 79 WEST.—Large, cool, nicely furnished rooms, bath connecting; telephone; references.

51ST, 11-13 WEST.—Furnished large and small rooms.

52D, 57 WEST.—Attractive furnished 2 rooms, kitchenette, bath; reasonable. Circle 4090.

53D, 57 WEST.—Clean, light, airy rooms, double, single, baths; reasonable; references.

55TH, 120 WEST.—Furnished rooms for business people; quiet, refined surroundings; phone.

56TH, 324 WEST.—Large, small rooms, handsomely furnished; with, without bath; references.

67TH, 50 WEST.—Attractively furnished double room; running water; electricity; also basement front.

70TH, 220 WEST.—Attractive room, running water, phone, electricity; also parlor bedroom.

70TH, 60 WEST.—Large back parlor, private bath; also front parlor; small room.

71ST, 62 WEST.—LARGE, LUXURIOUSLY FURNISHED DOUBLE FRONT ROOM; KITCHENETTE PRIVILEGE; COMPLETE HOUSEKEEPING; PRIVATE BATH, LAVATORY, SHOWER, ELECRICITY; SPECIAL SUMMER RATES.

71ST, 45 WEST.—Nicely furnished rooms, phone, electricity, running water; gentlemen preferred.

71ST, 303 WEST.—Desirable airy rooms; electricity, running water, shower baths; gentlemen; references.

71ST, 33 WEST.—Front room, beautifully furnished; lavatory and dressing room; Summer rates.

71ST ST., (237 West End Av.)—High class rooms; call after 2 P. M.

71ST, 216 WEST.—Attractive, large, cool rooms, parlor floor, suite, kitchenette.

71ST, 222 WEST.—Large, attractive modern room; bath; 1 or 2 gentleman.

72D ST., 301 WEST.—Attractively furnished suites, large rooms, with bath, small rooms with bath adjoining, at Summer rates. Telephone Columbus 1535.

72D, 138 WEST.—Comfortably furnished large and small rooms, adjoining bath; clean, well-kept house; $4 to $8.

73D, 167 WEST.—First, second floor, private bath; exclusive surroundings; exceptional conveniences.

73D, 263 WEST.—Newly opened house; handsomely appointed rooms; private bath, electricity; reasonable.

73D, 276 WEST.—Nicely furnished large room, private bath, southern exposure, telephone.

73D ST., 139 WEST.—Beautifully furnished large front room and skylight room; electricity, phone.

73D, 158 WEST.—Exceptionally nice, newly furnished, cool room; suitable two; reasonable.

73D ST., WEST.—Single room, near bath; $7. Telephone Columbus 6153.

74TH, 41 WEST.—VERY HANDSOMELY FURNISHED DO

SITUATIONS WANTED—Male.

CHAUFFEUR, first-class mechanic; excellent reference; $30 week; carfare. F 244 Times.

CHAUFFEUR.—High-class man, A-1 mechanic; references. Greeley 4011; Warrick, 141 West 36th St.

COLLEGE-BRED MAN, ex-army officer, experience abroad in handling transportation and supplies, speaking French, wishes position with export firm or railroad; position leading to that of executive. B 235 Times.

COLLEGE GRADUATE, 23, wishes position with reliable firm, specialized in business finance and accountancy; salary moderate. P 1204 Times Bronx.

COLLEGE GRADUATE, 26, capable, conscientious, reliable, seeks position of trust with responsibility. Y 25 Times Annex.

COLLEGE student, technical knowledge, Anyshape where intelligence and push are essential; ex-service. Box 82, 324 Rockaway Av., Brooklyn.

COLLEGE STUDENT, knowledge of stenography, typewriting, desires position; salary $16. H 81 Times.

COLLEGE STUDENT desires position, anything; prefers being chauffeur. 52 Broadway, Room 1001.

CORRESPONDENT.—Young man, (22,) Latin-American, college graduate, wants position as Spanish-French correspondent or any clerical work; five years' experience with Al concerns; best references. D 113 Times.

CORRESPONDENT, translator in French, Spanish, Italian, and good literary English, typewriting, graduate, seeks position; early reply requested. D 106 Times.

COUPLE wish positions in private family; man, chauffeur, useful; wife, good cook. 2178 Lexington Av., A. A. Y., care Wuorinas.

DAIRYMAN, all-round man, (46,) wishes position; private estate; 6 years' reference; also has 2 sons, ages 18-20 years; good milkers. Y 14 Times Annex.

DENTIST.—Recent graduate, (Pennsylvania,) unregistered; opportunity sought; salary no object. B 250 Times.

EDITOR DESIRES POSITION WITH GROWING PUBLICATION. B 253 Times.

ENGINEER-EXECUTIVE, WELL KNOWN AND SUCCESSFUL, DESIRES CONNECTION WITH STRUCTURAL COMPANY; THOROUGH KNOWLEDGE OF CONDITIONS IN THE TRADE; WIDE ACQUAINTANCE IN THE BUSINESS WORLD; HIGHEST REFERENCES GIVEN AND EXPECTED; SALARY MUST BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH SERVICES RENDERED AND PRESENT-DAY VALUES. Y 16 TIMES ANNEX.

EXECUTIVE.
Jewish young man, 29, single, discharged Captain United States Army, executive ability, organizer, manager of department store, assistant manager, speaks several foreign languages, knickjack salesman, good personality, capable handling big responsibilities. Can you use me? F 252 Times.

EXECUTIVE.—Mr. Employer, have you difficulty in finding a man to fill that position? I am looking for that position; the more work the better I will like it; I am 36 years of age; I can handle men to advantage; will travel; prompt action necessary. B 237 Times.

EXECUTIVE, successful office manager, 35; experience New York, Boston, London; employed American manufacturing concern, organizer and manager; full charge London office; all departments, credit to filing, including employment. N 780 Times Downtown.

EXECUTIVE, having thorough experience in capacity of salesman, sales management, and as the general manger of European factory of large industrial corporation, desiring to locate in New York, seeks position with responsible firm; correspondence invited. Y 18 Times Annex.

EXECUTIVE.—Energetic young man, (23,) good education and proven business ability, who has successfully managed office personnel of executive position with growing business concern; best references. F 216 Times.

EXECUTIVE.—Strong personality, sound business and financial judgment; thoroughly experienced, age 42, seeks position of trust, F 538 Times Downtown.

EXECUTIVE, American, broad experience in purchasing, claims, general office work, desires permanent position with growing firm. D 119 Times.

EXPORT-IMPORT.—University graduate wishes position with reliable firm; has been teaching in the city high schools, and wants to make permanent change to the business world; firms offering opportunities for advancement please reply. N 767 Times Downtown.

EXPORTER, young man, now employed, wants to make change; good qualifications, knowledge of foreign language; $30. R 645 Times Downtown.

IMPORTERS AND EXPORTERS.
American having vast experience in exporting and importing various commodities in the Orient, thorough knowledge of language and trade customs, would like to connect with reliable American house. B 62 Times.

IMPORTS AND EXPORTS.
Customs rates, duties, classifications, liquidations, regulations, procedure, Treasury decisions; expert desires position manager export, importing firm. R. 661 Times Downtown.

MACHINIST, first-class, wishes position. Write B. Muller, 188 Covert St., B'klyn.

MAN, 28, wishes to connect with contractor or construction company to learn reinforce concrete work; have been cost accountant on previous work and willing to handle any part. H 36 Times.

MAN, 34, good bookkeeper, correspondent, desires position at anything. R 645 Times Downtown.

MANAGER, 41; 25 years' office experience; inventive systematizer, capable organizer; entire time and effort devoted to duty; no outside interests, no social or domestic ties, no clock watching, no train-catching; conscientious work; efficiency guaranteed; excellent references; $100 weekly. "Office," 475 W. 57th.

MECHANIC.—Ex-soldier desires opportunity to learn automobile trade, repair man. D 64 Times.

MEDICAL STUDENT, third year, seeks position in boys' camp or day clerk in summer hotel; experienced; best references. J. A. Keik, 504 Greene Av., Brooklyn.

MINING ENGINEER and Geologist, discharged army officer, desires permanent position with mining or oil company; wide experience as examining engineer and has done geology in Texas oil fields. H 30 Times.

OFFICE MANAGER or head bookkeeper; young 39; married; twenty years' office experience; last ten years as office manager; credits, correspondence, analytical reports; would be valuable to head of corporation to take charge of detail work; salary to be considered on interview. F 246 Times.

OFFICE ASSISTANT, young man, American, experienced, neat, accurate, desires position. F 259 Times.

PURCHASING AGENT, with a thorough knowledge of printing and stationery. N 762 Times Downtown.

RUSSIA.
A well-educated business man, with excellent references, thoroughly knowing the English, Russian, German, and Dutch languages, having successfully conducted an export business to Holland, Russia, for a period of 15 years, wants a suitable position, preferably for Russia; (previous answers to this advertisement lost in mail.) X 391 Times Annex.

SALESMAN.—Experienced and successful specialty salesman desires position with progressive concern; salary or salary and commission; must be permanent proposition with chance of development as results are produced. F 254 Times.

SALESMAN.—Young man, with traveling experience for large notion and novelty house, desires to make change; similar line preferable. A 806 Times Annex.

SALESMAN, honorable discharge U. S. Navy, (24,) would like to connect with house handling mechanical line. B 229 Times.

SALESMAN, (25,)
proved executive ability, competent any capacity, seeks connection with future. B 228 Times.

SALESMAN, earning rate $5,000 annually, would like to hear from concern offering greater possibilities; unmarried; strongest references. F 267 Times.

SALESMAN.—Young man, recently discharged sailor, desires position with opportunity to advance; ability as salesman. D 129 Times.

SALESMAN.—Art needlework; with several years' selling experience; has big following; is open for representative lines. F 265 Times.

SALESMAN, fine record, efficient correspondent, personality, pep; age 36; immediate connection; city, traveling, good commercial line. F 247 Times.

SALESMAN, (25,) desires to connect with reliable concern; ladies' ready-to-wear and cotton goods experience. P 835 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN, 30, good appearance, experienced, desires connection with first-class concern; salary and commission; presently employed. R 640 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN, married, age 25, seven years' experience in wholesale drug business; at present employed; salary $40; would prefer outside sales position. F 1026 Times Harlem.

SALESMAN, (23,) CONVINCING; HAS SOLD MILLINERY AND INSURANCE; BEST REFERENCES. R 627 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

SALESMAN.—Naval aviation officer desires position with automobile concern; college man, married; automobile salesman before service. B 232 Times.

SALESMAN, (22,) desires connection with reliable concern; salary or commission. F 1028 Times Harlem.

SALESMAN, 23, high school graduate, experienced, desires position men's furnishings. M 886 Times.

SALESMAN seeks line selling to cutting up trade; commission basis. G 13 Times.

SALESMAN.—Young man, (26,) married, desires position, selling; A1 reference. S. Dangebera, 409 West 120th St.

SALESMAN carrying muslin underwear, other kindred line for New England. Y 296 Times.

SALESMAN, (23,) EXPERIENCED, HARD WORKER, DESIRES POSITION WITH RELIABLE CONCERN. F 268 TIMES.

SALESMAN desires connection with boys' and girls' shoe concern; have established trade. F 248 Times.

SECRETARY.—American army officer, who was stationed in Paris long time with chief purchasing force, would consider traveling or stationary position in Europe as secretary, companion to gentleman, or representing well-established house; member A. E. F. and A. M.; highest references. D 124 Times.

SECRETARY.—Young man, 23, recently returned from France, formerly New York court reporter, desires position as secretary or assistant to executive with whom ability and faithful work will offer opportunities for further development. H 23 Times.

SECRETARY, Stenographer, Correspondent, Executive; A1 references; advancement sought; salary secondary. N 774 Times Downtown.

SECRETARY - STENOGRAPHER, (24,) desires position with future; executive ability; 7 years' experience; first-class references; $30. R 634 Times Downtown.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER FOR HIGH-GRADE, RESPONSIBLE POSITION; SALARY $25. A 807 TIMES ANNEX.

SHIPPING MANAGER, 20 years' experience, wishes to make a change; expert penman and calculator and fully capable of taking complete charge. R 597 Times Downtown.

SHIPPING CLERK, export, 9 years' experience to all parts of world, desires good connection. B 227 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, clean cut; 7 years' engineering, mercantile experience; capable assuming entire charge; quick, not afraid work; have brains, executive ability; excellent figurer; age 26; superior references; $25. B 234 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER-TYPIST, high school education, recently released from service, needs position imediately; salary no object. R 637 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, (24,) 5 years' experience, knowledge of bookkeeping; honorable discharge from army; seeks position with future. N 761 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, beginner, 3 years' high-school, 9 months business school training, wishes permanent position; salary $18. N 790 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHIC-SECRETARY, now manager of factory and office, desires responsible position. W. Drew, 78 Barbey St., Brooklyn.

STENOGRAPHER - BOOKKEEPER, experienced young man, high school graduate, desires position. R 662 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, beginner, graduate from business school, desires position. 920 East 169th St.

STENOGRAPHER, 22, expert, thorough knowledge bookkeeping; 4 years' experience; $25. G 402 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, 18, 2 years' experience, high school education. Jenrich, 105 E. 36th.

STOCK BROKER'S
Salesman, telephone securities salesman, with long experience and good following, desires to make a change. R 651 Times Downtown.

STOREKEEPER, 29, desires position; thoroughly familiar hardware and electrical supplies, capable taking charge; reliable. P 535 Times Downtown.

STORE MANAGER, experienced, 15 years managing retail chain stores, desires similar position with large company. Tactful. N 726 Times Downtown.

SUPERINTENDENT, with wide experience as factory manager and master mechanic in electric, machine, and foundry. G 14 Times.

TEACHER commercial subjects; I. P. shorthand; experienced; day or night. G 402 Times Downtown.

TRAFFIC MAN, with seven years' experience and technical training, at present employed, desires position with better opportunities than one held at present. D 108 Times.

TRAFFIC MAN, 9 years; take charge department; desires connection. B 238 Times.

TUTORING.—College student with experience, to instruct in mathematics, physics, and other college entrance requirements. R 630 Times Downtown.

TUTOR.—Princeton graduate, (23;) private family or boys' Summer camp. Y 13 Times Annex.

WAITER desires evening position. C. Floyd, 237 W. 134th St. Telephone 4186 John.

YOUNG MAN, (26,) of exceptional ability, good character and liberal education, desires responsible position with good concern; experienced salesman, good correspondent, familiar with efficient business methods and capable of handling employes; import and export preferred; speaks and writes German fluently; honorably discharged from the service. F 253 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 26, good education, experienced office manager, correspondent, bookkeeper, knowledge copywriting, layouts, advertising firm to learn business; small types, proofreading, desires position with salary. B 185 Times.

YOUNG MAN WISHES POSITION AS COMPANION ONE OR MORE YOUNG BOYS; HAS EXPERT KNOWLEDGE OF SWIMMING, LIFE SAVING, ROWING, SAILING, ALL ATHLETICS. H 28 TIMES.

YOUNG MAN, 24, ex-naval engineering officer, college education, desires position that will bring him in contact with shipping business or export-import business. B 214 Times.

YOUNG MAN, (21,) desires position in office of progressing firm; 5 years' general office experience; knowledge of bookkeeping, shorthand, typewriting; had charge of office building firm; $25 start. F 240 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 21, high school education, 3 years' experience in manufacture of machinery, desires connection with exporting house; salary to start $1,200. R 636 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN seeks position in sporting goods trade; well educated and connected. U. J. Kirk, 464 Clinton Av., Brooklyn. Tel. Prospect 7707.

YOUNG MAN, 25, intelligent, formerly postal clerk, last seven months credit clothing experience, desires connection with future; will travel if necessary. B 245 Times.

YOUNG MAN.—Shop or production clerk, purchasing agent, machine shop, factory or supply house; highest credentials. R 638 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN (23), college graduate, business experience, wishes position requiring intelligence and hard work. Klein, 137 Goerck St.

YOUNG MAN, 27, with eight years' experience in all details of cloak and suit line, wishes position with reliable wearing apparel concern. B 240 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 26, reliable, discharged from service, 9 years' experience secretary, correspondent, salesman, desires responsible position. F 243 Times.

YOUNG MAN wishes well paying clerical work during school vacation. F 204 Times.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Male.

YOUNG MAN, (19,) highly recommended; four years' general office experience. F 239 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 20, desires position with export concern; experienced. G 475 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, hosiery experience, desires connection with wholesale concern. F 258 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 26, desires evening employment; stenographer, typist, clerk, chauffeur D 121 Times.

YOUNG MAN, road experience, desires to represent reliable concern. H 21 Times.

YOUNG MAN, experience, age 30, single, stenographer, clerk, $30-$35. F 257 Times.

HELP WANTED—Female.

ADDRESSOGRAPH OPERATORS.—Several girls to learn to operate addressing machines; wages, $10 week and advancement. Effective Mail List Company, 225 West 57th St.

ADDRESSERS, THOSE EXPERIENCED ON ORIGINAL LETTERS PREFERRED. CALL GUILD CO., 235 WEST 23D ST.

AMBITIOUS, INTELLIGENT YOUNG WOMEN TO RECEIVE TRAINING AS CORRESPONDENTS.

An unusual opportunity is offered in a progressive organization where you will receive thorough TRAINING in writing good business letters.

The work is varied and interesting, and will develop your creative ability.

Not only will your environment be congenial, but we will give you hearty co-operation and make it possible for you to advance as your abilities develop.

The requirements are:

1—That you have knowledge of touch typing.
2—That you be capable of expressing your thoughts clearly in good English.
3—That you be at least 19 years of age.

STARTING SALARY $15.

Applicants will please call or phone (Chelsea 5600) as soon as possible, and ask for Mr. Hatfield. All applications will be treated in strict confidence.

NATIONAL CLOAK AND SUIT COMPANY, 7TH AV. AND 24TH ST.

AN EXCEPTIONAL OPPORTUNITY,

with prospects of rapid advancement for young women between the ages of 16 and 20, to do CLERICAL WORK.

NO EXPERIENCE NECESSARY.

Hours 9 to 5; Saturday half holiday the year round.

Apply between 1 and 4 P. M., New York Telephone Company, Room 502, 25 Church St., between Cortlandt and Dey Sts.

ASSISTANT Appointment and Reception Clerk wanted, capable of helping at other office duties; salary to begin on, $12; prefer a tall young lady of good address; apply by letter or call with written application. A. Simonson, 506 5th Av., near 42d St.

ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPER, young lady, having thorough knowledge of double entry bookkeeping, to assist in office sales department. Apply Jacob Benjamin, 102 West 20th St.

ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPER by well established insurance brokerage office; must be energetic, competent, and accurate; state experience and salary expected. Address R 653 Times Downtown.

ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPER with knowledge of stenography and typewriting; must be neat and accurate. Haurowitz & Goldberg, 17 West 25th.

ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPER and stenographer wanted; state salary and experience. J 232 Times.

ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPER; state experience and salary desired. Apply by letter, I. C. Herman, 367 Broadway.

ASSORTER, EXPERIENCED, FOR CLOAK AND SUITS. EMPIRE CLOAK AND SUIT CO., 109 MADISON AV.

BILL CLERKS,

with experience in hotel front office. Write stating experience, references, education, Box L. 1619 St. James Building.

BILL CLERK, MOON-HOPKINS MACHINE, WHOLESALE DRESS HOUSE; PERMANENT POSITION; UNLESS EXPERIENCED OPERATOR DO NOT CALL. BRODER & CO., 48 WEST 25TH ST.

BILL CLERK wanted; competent; must be rapid and accurate at figures; good salary if efficient. Apply Horseshoe Tire Co., Inc., 144 West 65th St., N. Y.

BILL CLERK, Moon-Hopkins machine; wholesale dress house; permanent position; unless experienced operator do not call. Broder & Co., 48 W. 25th St.

BOOKKEEPERS.

GIMBEL BROS.,

33D ST. AND BROADWAY,

require the services of experienced bookkeepers; those with department store experience preferred.

Apply employment office, 5th floor.

BOOKKEEPERS,

STERN BROTHERS,

WEST 42D ST.,

require bookkeepers with department store experience on charge ledgers.

Apply by letter only.

BOOKKEEPER,
DOUBLE ENTRY.

Must be competent, accurate, and take full charge of office; experience with manufacturing women's wear preferred; state full particulars. Write T. B., care Greeley Advertising Agency, Inc., 110 West 34th St.

BOOKKEEPER
AND CORRESPONDENT.
Thoroughly experienced in wholesale cloak manufacturing house; excellent permanent position for capable party.
WOLF & CO.,
236 5th Av., near 27th St.

BOOKKEEPER for export and import firm; thorough knowledge of bookkeeping, and at least 3 years' experience handling complete set of books and trial balance essential. Apply until 1 P. M., Rockhill & Bisgor, 22 Cliff St., N. Y. Take subway to Fulton St. and Broadway, walk down to Cliff St.

BOOKKEEPER—STENOGRAPHER.—Experienced bookkeeper and stenographer wanted; must be qualified to keep double entry books, take trial balances, and render monthly statements; must be competent stenographer and correspondent; state salary, references, experience, and age. A 806 Times Annex.

BOOKKEEPER
ASSISTANT AND STENOGRAPHER EXPERIENCED CLOAK OR DRESS HOUSE PREFERRED; STEADY, GOOD POSITION. WRITE SAM SAMUELS, 51 WEST 27TH ST.

BOOKKEEPER-STENOGRAPHER,
thoroughly experienced in manufacturing line; must be competent and accurate; take full charge of office.
ROYAL NOVELTY, 702 BROADWAY.

BOOKKEEPER, experienced double entry, in waist manufacturing house; one who can do typewriting preferred; permanent position for one who can qualify; state experience. Address Waiste, 1619 St. James Bldg.

BOOKKEEPER, with knowledge of stenography, wanted in office of skirt manufacturing house; only those having experience in similar lines need apply. Lovay & Friedberg, 40 West 25th.

BOOKKEEPER-STENOGRAPHER.—One who can take charge of office details; must be experienced bookkeeper; opportunity for advancement. Columbia Manufacturing Co., 110 Worth St.

BOOKKEEPER and correspondent, experienced double entry, capable of taking full charge; open Sundays, closed Saturdays; good opportunity; state salary expected. G 493 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER-STENOGRAPHER; experienced; one who can take charge of office; good, steady position for one who qualifies. Globe Thread Co., Pierce and 7th Avs., Long Island City.

BOOKKEEPER, competent, for insurance office; must know double entry bookkeeping and take trial balances; permanent position and steady advancement if competent. J. Bohm, 512 5th Av.

BOOKKEEPER in wholesale underwear house; only those thoroughly experienced apply. Addison, 40 West 25d.

HELP WANTED—Female.

BOOKKEEPER, with factory experience; one who can manage both charging and shipping; real, competent manager is wanted. Hirsch, 152 Bleecker St.

BOOKKEEPER.—Experienced young lady, familiar with general ledger, knowledge of typewriting and stenography. The American Illuminating Co., 611 Broadway.

BOOKKEEPER and stenographer, wanted by broad silk house; must understand complete double-entry set; state age and salary desired. R 241 Times.

BOOKKEEPER'S ASSISTANT, BEGINNER ACCURATE AT FIGURES; GOOD CHANCE FOR ADVANCEMENT. PHONE GRAMERCY 2248.

BOOKKEEPER and STENOGRAPHER, as counting room assistant, publishing business; write full particulars, also salary desired. W 664 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, experienced, over 25; general office manager, take care of stock; steady position; state salary expected. Address "Dental," 605 Arbuckle Building, Brooklyn.

BOOKKEEPER'S ASSISTANT.—Rapid, accurate, competent; permanent position; good opportunity; state experience, age, salary desired. Box J 233 Times.

BOOKKEEPER - STENOGRAPHER.—Good position offered to bright young girl; will employ beginner if quick and accurate. I. Miller, 1,534 Broadway.

BOOKKEEPER, with knowledge of stenography, must have at least 3 year's experience. Call with reference, 35 West 31st St., 9th floor.

BOOKKEEPER, assistant in law office. Apply in own handwriting, stating age, experience, and salary expected. N 787 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER.—DOUBLE ENTRY AND CONTROLLING ACCOUNT; GOOD POSITION FOR RIGHT PARTY. AL LEVY & BRO., 33 EAST 33D.

BOOKKEEPER AND TYPIST, with some experience; good advancing position; mention salary. Y 12 Times Annex.

BOOKKEEPER, experienced ready-to-wear line. Apply with references, Slater & Slater, 244 5th Av.

BOOKKEEPER, experienced in men's clothing house preferred. Monness & Son, 628 Broadway.

BOOKKEEPER'S ASSISTANT, capable of taking trial balances. Hanauer Arnstein, 186 Madison Av.

BOOKKEEPER, stenographer; reply, giving full details, experience, &c.; must be around 30. G 483 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, reliable and competent, to take charge of double entry set of books. Apply to P. Stromberg, 6th West 32d St.

BOOKKEEPER and stenographer, experienced. Apply National Thread Co., 40-42 West 17th St.

BOOKKEEPER, assistant, with knowledge of typewriting. Jacob, 37 East 21st.

BOOKKEEPER, take complete charge of office. Stanley Dress, 15 West 24th St.

BOOKKEEPER for cloak and suit house. Apply Louis Kossler, 35 West 21st.

BUYER wanted for muslin underwear, corsets and neckwear for specialty store in large city in Middle West. Apply B. E. Ackinson & Co., 306 5th Av.; Room 1808.

CAMP LEADERS.—College women as workers in children's camp; must possess with inclination for social welfare work preferred. Apply by letter with particulars. R 650 Times Downtown.

CASHIERS,

with experience in hotel front office. Write, stating experience, references, education, Box M. 1619 St. James Building.

CASHIER WANTED.
Experienced cashier for downtown retail store; must be neat and accurate. Call at 1:30 P. M., Miss Bailey, Room 7, at 335 Broadway, New York City.

CASHIER and assistant bookkeeper, with some experience in foreign exchange business. Apply in person to Emil Kiss, banker, 133 2d Av.

CASHIER required to assist generally in front office of downtown hotel; easy hours; one with previous experience preferred. Apply Manager, 4 East 28th St.

CHAMBERMAIDS wanted, $11 per week; no board or room; short hours. Apply Housekeeper, 4 East 28th St.

CLERKS.—Wanted, in the office of a large corporation, a number of clerks, between the ages of 16 and 20; experience unnecessary; some high school training desirable but not essential; hours 9 to 5 and Saturday half-holiday throughout the year; salary $10 per week to start. If you desire a position with a future, write, stating age, education, &c., to Box 661 Times Downtown.

CLERK.
Capable young lady, about 20, for clerical position; must be good at figures, industrious, neat and accurate; knowledge of bookkeeping desirable but not necessary; excellent chance for advancement; state qualifications and salary desired. R 635 Times Downtown.

CLERK for general office work; knowledge of typewriting essential; address in own handwriting, stating references, experience and salary expected. G 490 Times Downtown.

CLERICAL.—Temporary office position for bright girl; neat writer, good at drawing; experience not necessary. Call or address Magill, 1 Madison Av., Room 100 A.

CLERICAL WORKER.—Good opportunity for experienced girl. Sweets Co., 6 West 48th St., New York.

CLERKS,
One year's experience, good at figures. McCall, 236 West 37th.

DEMONSTRATOR.—Bright young woman to demonstrate patented skirt belting in department stores; state experience, what you have demonstrated, and where; name salary desired. Y 23 Times Annex.

DESIGNER AND SKETCHER
on fine hand-embroidered ladies' neckwear; HIGHEST SALARY.
Exceptional; 417 Times Downtown.

DESIGNER for millinery; highest class retail experience necessary. M. Ritchie, 5 East 47th.

DESIGNER.—Exceptional opportunity for one highly recommended on children's white dresses. R 241 Times.

DICTAPHONE OPERATOR WANTED FOR PERMANENT POSITION IN CREDIT DEPARTMENT; SALARY $100 A MONTH; HOURS 8:30 TO 4:30. APPOINTMENTS MADE BY TELEPHONE MURRAY HILL 4816.

DICTAPHONE OPERATORS for first-class positions; good salaries; chance for advancement; instruction on dictaphone given free of charge if necessary. Miss Charash, 280 Broadway, Room 523.

DICTAPHONE OPERATOR, experienced, neat, refined, capable. United States Rubber Co., 1,790 Broadway.

ELLIOTT-FISHER OPERATOR.—Must also be good at figures. Apply 10 East 38th St., 9th floor, 10-12 A. M.

FILE CLERK.
Large company requires young lady, about 19, quick and accurate; excellent opportunity; state full particulars, height, and salary desired. R 634 Times Downtown.

FILE CLERK
in office of wholesale house for general filing on vertical files; steady position; state age, experience, salary expected. U. P., 104 Times.

GIRLS.

WOMEN.

We need additional permanent workers as listed below; applicants must be over 16 years of age; vacation workers not accepted.

ORDER PICKERS

to assemble for shipment orders received by mail in our various wearing apparel departments.

PACKERS;

general wrapping and packing work in our merchandise departments; we will teach you how.

UTILITY WORKERS

to start in sorting orders in our shipping room; advancement rapid.

EXAMINERS

on new ready-to-wear merchandise; pleasant work.

EXPERIENCE

not needed, as we will train beginners.

PAY

$10 to start.

Call at once.

THE CHARLES WILLIAM STORES,

25 Washington St.,

Brooklyn, N. Y.

GIRL.—General housework; references required. 251 West 73d St.

HELP WANTED—Female.

GIRLS FOR PRESSING AND BORDERING. GIRLS FOR SAMPLE AND GIRLS FOR SCALLOPING AND BORDERING; GOOD PAY AND STEADY POSITION; BONUS FOR CORRECT SERVICES. STEINDOBLIN CO., 395 BROADWAY.

GIRL for office work; must have high school education and rudimentary knowledge of typewriting; stenography nor necessary; answer in own handwriting; good opportunity for advancement. J 235 Times.

GIRLS, STYLISH, TO WAIT ON TRADE IN WAIST CONCERN; MUST HAVE GOOD TASTE. CALL AL LEVY & BRO., 33 EAST 33D.

GIRL, 16-17, bright, wanted as assistant in salesroom of manufacturer of upholstery trimmings. C. Weinberg & Co., 27 West 32d.

GIRLS, 16 or older, to learn sweater knitting; steady work, good pay. Kroseknit Mills, Rider Av. and East 142d St., near 3d Av.

GIRL TO MAKE HERSELF GENERALLY USEFUL IN FACTORY, EMPIRE CLOAK & SUIT CO., 105 MADISON AV.

GIRLS wanted; clean, light factory work; pleasant surroundings. De Forest Radio, 1,391 Sedgwick Av., Bronx.

GIRL wanted; filing; assistant on numerical system; give age, references, and salary expected. P 534 Times Downtown.

GIRLS.—Neat appearing, assist in showroom; capable figuring. M. O., 408 Times Downtown.

GIRL to assist in office; state age, experience, and salary. P 529 Times Downtown.

GOVERNESS, French, experienced; take entire charge girl 11 years; short distance in country; references. Call 647 Madison Av., Apt. 5E, between 10-12, Tuesday.

HAIRDRESSERS, experienced at marcel waving; have also vacancy for a competent manicurist who can do facial massaging. A. Simonson, 506 5th Av., near 42d St.

HAIRDRESSER, Marcel waver; must be experienced. Miss Fanny, 417 5th Av., Room 1023.

LADY, not over 35 years, with business experience, capable of doing sales and demonstration work; good salary to start. Apply 350 Broadway, Room 424, between 33 and 1 P. M.

LEDGER CLERK, prefer one experienced in wholesale woolen business; must be neat and accurate; steady position to dependable girl. G 485 Times Downtown.

L. WERTHEIMER DEPT. STORES.
619 WEST 181ST ST.,
have several good positions open for glove dept., assistant; buyer muslin underwear, babies' dept., and dry goods; permanent positions; liberal inducements.

MANICURES wanted who are skilled, rapid operators, with at least 5 years' experience. A. Simonson, 506 5th Av., near 42d St.

MATRON to substitute in laundry for one month; must be experienced; $75 month, room and board. Presbyterian Hospital, 41 East 70th.

MILLINERY
High-Class Model
Hat House.
Apply by letter, stating
Experience, &c.
H. C., 279 Times.

MILLINERY GIRL
to assist in
high-class millinery showroom.
OF GOOD APPEARANCE.
Steady position. Apply
RAWAK, 48 WEST 38TH.

MILLINERY.
SALESLADIES AND MODELS.
GOOD APPEARANCE
AND MUST BE EXPERIENCED. APPLY
RAWAK, 48 WEST 38TH.

MILLINERY COPYISTS, TRIMMERS, AND PREPARERS WANTED; CALL ALL WEEK. STEADY POSITION; GOOD PAY. MEYER EDLESON, 15 WEST 36TH ST.

MILLINERY CUTTER.
Experienced; steady position guaranteed.
Apply all week.
RAWAK, 48 WEST 38TH.

MILLINERY COPYISTS.
Best prices, all-year position.
RAWAK, 56 WEST 38TH.

MILLINERY MAKERS.
Good salary; steady; apply all week.
RAWAK, 56 WEST 38TH.

MODELS.
STYLISH AND EXPERIENCED
YOUNG LADIES, BUST 16 AND 36, FOR CLOAK AND SUIT SHOWROOM; GOOD POSITIONS AND PAY FOR COMPETENT PERSONS. CALL ALL WEEK. ROOM 1305, 1,182 BROADWAY.
S. HIRSCHBEIN.

MODELS.
TO TRY ON
COATS AND WRAPS;
PERMANENT POSITIONS.
HIGHEST SALARIES.
AMSTERDAM & SACHS.
103 MADISON AV.

MODELS.
Large dress house has immediate positions for several size 16 models; permanent position to experienced and attractive young women.
C. H. D. ROBBINS CO.,
150 MADISON AV.

MODELS.
ATTRACTIVE YOUNG LADIES FOR SHOWROOM; SIZE 16.
EMPIRE CLOAK & SUIT CO.,
105 Madison Av.

MODELS.
STYLISH YOUNG WOMEN AS MODELS IN SHOWROOM OF LADIES' CLOAK AND SUIT HOUSE; 36 BUST; GOOD SALARY AND LARGE SEASON.
FABER & HEIN,
28 EAST 32D STREET.

MODELS.
SEVERAL STYLISH YOUNG LADIES FOR MISSES' SHOWROOM MODELS, 16 SIZE; HIGHEST SALARIES PAID. MAX RUBEL & CO., 136 MADISON AV.

MODELS, SIZE 16; STYLISH GIRLS TO TRY ON MISSES' COATS AND SUITS; GOOD SALARY; LONG SEASON. APPLY ALL WEEK, L. GROSSMAN & SONS, 25 EAST 30TH.

HELP WANTED—Female.

MODELS.
Attractive, size 16, for high-class dress house; excellent salary; long season. Simon, 44 East 32d St.

MODEL, SIZE 16.
Misses' dress house desires young lady for show room; steady work; large salary. Franck Costume Co., 1,170 Broadway, Room 410.

MODELS, CLOAKS AND SUITS, 16 AND 36; VERY LONG SEASON; PRICE NO OBJECT TO RIGHT PARTY. TURKEL & FELSTINER, 105 MADISON AV.

MODELS
SIZE 16 DRESS MODELS.
SIEGEL, LEVY CO.,
45 WEST 26TH.

MODELS
YOUNG LADIES, SIZE 16.
Large dress house; salary no object.
LEO FINKENBERG, 31 EAST 31ST.

MODELS.
16-36, attractive, coats and suit experience; steady position for reliable party.
SHAPIRO & DAVIS, 29 WEST 38TH.

MODELS, size 16, experienced, good looking, to try on coats and suits; long season, good salary. Apply all week. Moyses & Dreyfus, 1 East 33d.

MODELS, 16'S-36'S.
LONG SEASON, GOOD PAY.
LAHM & CO.,
139 MADISON AV., COR. 32D ST.

MODELS, SIZE 16,
for showroom dress house; excellent opportunity.
WINDSOR COSTUME, 33 EAST 33D ST.

MODEL, perfect 42's; must have showing experience; steady position; salary no object. Garfinkel & Rosenblatt, 23 West 32d St.

MODELS, SIZE 16.
DRESS MODELS.
MAJESTIC COSTUME CO.,
45 WEST 25TH ST.

MODELS, COATS,
SIZE 16; GOOD PAY. APPLY ALL WEEK. CASS-ROSENTHAL, 153 WEST 27TH.

MODELS.
Tall, stylish young ladies, for skirts, 28 waist; permanent position, good salary.
DAVID CRYSTAL, 11 EAST 26TH.

MODELS (COATS), EXPERIENCED; SIZE 16 AND 36; PERMANENT. HARRIS COAT HOUSE, 1,115 BROADWAY.

MODELS, SIZE 36, FOR HIGH-CLASS SUIT HOUSE; STEADY POSITION. APPLY MURRAY & WERSBA, 29 WEST 35TH ST.

MODELS, SIZE 36, ATTRACTIVE; BEST SALARIES; LONG SEASON. PAM DRESSMAKERS, 44 EAST 32D.

MODELS, size 18, tall, young ladies for dress house; highest salary. Laurance Silver & Co., 6 East 32d.

MODELS, 16 SIZE, FOR SUITS; LONG SEASON; BEST WAGES. KNOBEL & BLOOM, 145 W. 30TH.

MODELS.—Attractive young ladies for wholesale coat and suit house; 16 year size. M. Altman & Co., 29 West 30th.

MODELS, size 36, experienced coats and suits. Cooper & Grazis, 30 West 20th.

MODEL wanted, tall, 16 or 36; high salary paid. Hamilton & Endler, 11 East 26th St.

MOTHER'S HELPER.—Gentlewoman; cook kept; in Berkshires for Summer; Flushing in Winter. Apply R. D. Wodin, 250 Fulton St., Jamaica. Telephone 520 Jamaica.

NURSE wanted for child 3 years; must have experience and be good matron; country for Summer. Call Tuesday, between 9:30 and 2 P. M., 556 3d St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

NURSE, experienced, for infant, Edgemere, L. I., for Summer. Call Tuesday, 1 to 4, at 36 East 12th St., N. Turkeltaub.

NURSE, under graduate, for night duty in small hospital; $35 monthly, room and board. 233 East 57th St.

OFFICE ASSISTANT, quick and accurate at figures; experience with cloak and suit house preferred. Louis L. Ginsberg Co., 28 West 27th St.

OFFICE ASSISTANT, capable of operating small switchboard; must be neats quick, energetic. Stanley, 1305, 1,123 Broadway.

OFFICE, ASSISTANT; must be neat and have good handwriting; typist preferred. H. Methot, 29 West 34th St.

OFFICE ASSISTANT.
Good opportunity with reliable corporation for neat, intelligent girl who can typewrite accurately and is familiar with office routine; should be resident of Manhattan or Bronx; hours 9 to 5, noon Saturday; salary $12; state age and details. J 240 Times.

OFFICE ASSISTANT with knowledge of bookkeeping; state references and salary desired. Apply in own handwriting, Black & Gunnison, 327 East 62d St.

OFFICE ASSISTANT, clerical work; experienced, accurate; best references required; permanent position. J 236 Times.

OPERATORS, experienced on Singer machines, to finish high-grade sweaters; steady work; good pay. Kroseknit Mills, Rider Av. and East 142d St., near 3d Av.

OVER $900.00
THE FIRST YEAR
Is the amount paid to
TELEPHONE OPERATORS.
$12.00 PER WEEK
is paid while learning.
Apply week days.
NEW YORK TELEPHONE COMPANY,
MANHATTAN,
58 West Houston St., 9 A. M. to 5 P. M.
BRONX
453 East Tremont Av., 12 M. to 9 P. M.
BROOKLYN
81 Willoughby St., 9 A. M. to 5 P. M.
1336 Broadway, 12 M. to 9 P. M.

PHOTOGRAPHER seeks experienced photo saleslady for reception room of studio; one with personality which will enable her to handle 5th Av. trade. Applications treated confidentially. C. T. Box 145 Times.

PRESS DEPARTMENT of high-class photographic studio, (Brooklyn,) needs experienced woman of refinement to conduct publicity work of press department; one who can handle phone and

Classified Advertising Rates

The New York Times

Count six words to an agate line. (Minimum space two lines.)	Agate Line.
Agents Wanted (Sunday 35c)	80c
Apartments to Let and Unfurn.	45c
Automobile Exchange (Sunday 35c)	50c
Boarders and Board Wanted	40c
Country Board	45c
Employment Agencies (Sunday 35c)	50c
For Sale (Sunday 35c)	50c
Furnished Rooms and Rooms Wanted	40c
Help Wanted	40c
Lost and Found (Sunday 35c)	50c
Mortgage Loans (Sunday 35c)	50c
Real Estate and Houses to Let	47c
Situations Wanted	35c

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Business Opportunities (Agate Caps 15c)	10c
Dowers' Wants	10c

Rewards of $100 will be paid by The New York Times for information leading to the arrest and conviction of any person obtaining money by means of a fraudulent advertisement in The New York Times.

HELP WANTED—Female.

YOUNG LADIES

THE ADLER BLOUSE SHOP

have several vacancies in their School for Saleswomen; ladies are promoted from the school to desirable positions as salesladies or managers; salary starts immediately.

APPLY 19 WEST 36TH ST.
BETWEEN 8-10 A. M.

YOUNG LADY.—Wanted, a bright young lady as telephone operator and for clerical work; must have had considerable experience on active switchboard. H 34 Times.

YOUNG LADY to do typewriting and clerical work; experience not necessary. Protestant preferred. Apply Bedford Branch Y. M. C. A., 1,121 Bedford Av., Brooklyn.

YOUNG LADY.—English-Spanish correspondent, capable of taking full charge of growing export department; one with knowledge of Portuguese preferred. J 235 Times.

YOUNG LADY, neat penman, to handle stock book and profit work; no experience necessary. Apply, own handwriting, R. O. F. Co., 50 New York, Flatiron Building.

YOUNG LADY in fire insurance office to do typewriting and filing; state experience and salary. R 860 Times Downtown.

YOUNG LADY, bright, for light office work; good handwriting. Linen Coat and Apron Supply Co., 520 West 49th. 23rd st.

YOUNG WOMEN,
IF 16 TO 25 YEARS OF AGE,
TO BECOME
LONG DISTANCE
TELEPHONE OPERATORS.

NO EXPERIENCE NECESSARY; $13 PER WEEK WHILE LEARNING. PERMANENT POSITIONS, WITH SICK BENEFITS, PENSIONS, ETC. APPLY IN PERSON BETWEEN 9 A. M. AND 5 P. M., OR BY LETTER TO

MRS. WADSWORTH,
ROOM 630, 24 LISPENARD ST.,
NEAR CANAL STREET AND
BROADWAY.
THE AMERICAN
TELEPHONE-TELEGRAPH CO.

YOUNG WOMEN,
16 TO 25 YEARS OF AGE,
FOR TELEPHONE, TELEGRAPH WORK.

Telephone or typing experience valuable, but not absolutely essential.

PERMANENT EMPLOYMENT.
REGULAR ADVANCEMENT.

APPLY TO THE
WESTERN UNION,
24 WALKER ST.,
ROOM 1702,
NEAR CANAL AND BROADWAY.

YOUNG WOMEN, 25, or under, by N. Y. Telephone Co., for general work in lunch rooms; permanent positions; wages $12 to $15. Apply 16 West Houston St., New York, or 81 Willoughby St., Brooklyn.

YOUNG WOMAN required by high-class Christian law firm for general clerical work; high school graduate preferred. Apply in person to Mr. Jackson, Room 1514, 27 William St.

Instruction.

GOOD ENGLISH PAYS.

Good English, spoken and written, is a basic requirement for business success. Most man and women need training in English—sentence building, vocabulary enlargement, report and letter writing. Do you? Write or telephone Cortlandt 1,465) for free bulletins, "Your English" and "Talking to Others." Ask for details of new early evening classes in Business English and in Public-Speaking; now forming. Pace & Pace, 30 Church St., New York.

HOTELS need trained women; positions waiting; demand far exceeds the supply; we will train you at home by mail in your spare time for this fascinating profession; big pay, fine living; splendid opportunity for advancement; send for free illustrated book "Your Future in Hotel Work." Lewis Hotel Training School, 16 Mather Bldg., Washington, D. C.

COME ANY TIME AFTER 5 P. M.
to the Courtney Business School, Speed Club (80 to 175 words) or individual instruction in Shorthand, Typewriting, Accounting, Dictaphone. Tribune Building. Phone Beekman 2723 for our new catalog.

BE INDEPENDENT—EARN $5,000 YEAR or more as a doctor of chiropractic, day and evening sessions, co-educational; class now forming. Write for booklet.
N. Y. COLLEGE OF CHIROPRACTIC,
1,416 Broadway, New York. Bryant 6056.

POSITION GUARANTEED.
$18 Wed., July 9, Day or Night, pays for Six Weeks' Summer Course in Stenography, Typewriting, Telegraphy. Est. 1884. Gaffey's School, 5 East 85th St., near 5th Av.

STENOGRAPHERS wanted; demand never so great; we qualify you in 30 days; special Summer rates. MOTT'S SCHOOLS, 80 East 42d St.; 598 West 161st St.; 214 Livingston St., Brooklyn.

PRIVATE SECRETARIAL TRAINING, PRATT'S SCHOOL, 24 WEST 40TH ST. INDIVIDUAL INSTRUCTION.

Employment Agencies.

ELSIE DIEHL AGENCY,
20 VESEY ST.
NO REGISTRATION FEE.

This agency has been established since 1907, and has placed thousands of young women and men in responsible positions.

CALL,
I CAN PLACE YOU AT ONCE.

If you are employed and desire to better your conditions call and register. IT COSTS NOTHING in ADVANCE; only a few moments of your TIME, which I am sure will be to your advantage.

The following is a partial list of positions now available:

STENOGRAPHERS, $30-$35-$20-$18.
BEGINNERS, $15.
BOOKKEEPERS, $35-$25-$20.
ASSISTANTS, $18.
TYPIST, general assistant, $25-$20-$18-$15.
TELEPHONE OPERATORS, $18-$15-$12.
OFFICE ASSISTANTS, $18-$15-$12.
FILE CLERKS, $15-$12.
CASHIER, $18.
ELLIOTT-FISHER OPERATOR, $20.
DICTAPHONE OPERATOR, $25.
OFFICE BEGINNERS, $10.
HAND BILLERS, $15-$18.
RECEPTION CLERKS, $14.

TEACHERS, CLERKS,
BOOKKEEPERS,
STENOGRAPHERS.

Train in your spare time at home by the Clee method for important correspondence positions paying $1,800 to $10,000 yearly.
Full particulars from
H. A. MANCHESTER, REGISTRAR,
112 West 42d St., New York.
Telephone Bryant 8020.

ESTABLISHED 1897.
GAHAGAN AGENCY, 256 BROADWAY.
REGISTRATION FREE.
STENOGRAPHERS: Practically every line, $18-$30; beginners, $12-$16; Bookkeeper-Stenographer, $28; Bookkeeper, $25; Assistant Bookkeepers, $15-$25; Typists, $15-$20; Dictaphone, $25; Monitor, $13; Plug, $18; Clerical, $12-$18.

Rose E. Boyd, Employment Counselor.
29 Liberty St.

Secretary-Stenographer to French Officer. French dictation, attractive salary; Young Stenographers for secretarial positions, $25-$28; Typists, experienced long carriage and statement work, $20.

FULTON STENOGRAPHIC AGENCY.
84 Nassau ..... 3rd floor
STENOGRAPHERS ..... $15-$25
BOOKKEEPERS ..... $25-$30
DICTAPHONE OPERATORS $25
ALSO MANY SUBSTITUTES; FREE REGISTRATION; CALL ALL WEEK.

HELP WANTED—Female.

Employment Agencies.

HIRST OCCUPATIONAL EXCHANGE,
70 BROADWAY.

Splendid openings for stenographer-secretaries, $30-$35; reception clerks, $20; typists, $20; typist, assistant bookkeeper, $20; many others; register free.

BROWN EMPLOYMENT EXCHANGE,
200 BROADWAY. ROOM 507.
Stenographers, legal ..... $25 to $30
Stenographer-bookkeeper ..... $25 to $30
Dictaphone operator $25

TYPISTS, CLERKS, SWITCHBOARD.

TERMINAL EMPLOYMENT EXCHANGE,
104 NASSAU ST. MISS GRIFFIN.
Bookkeeper's assistant, knowledge typewriter, $20; stenographers, typists, clerks; dictaphone operators, $12-$25.

EFFICIENT EMPLOYMENT EXCHANGE AGENCY, 10 East 43d.—2 bookkeeper-stenographers, $30; 3 secretaries, $30; stenographers, $18-$20; typists, $15; clerks, $12; no registration fee.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER $30
Exceptional Connection.
THE BRODY AGENCY,
220 Broadway. Entrance Park Place.

SWITCHBOARD OPERATOR and addressograph operator, experienced. Call or write Cushman Sons, Inc., Employment Office, 27 Lawrence St., cor. 127th St. and Amsterdam Av.

ROSE WEBBER AGENCY, 1009 Tribune Building. Stenographers, all office assistants, $15-$15-$18-$20-$25. Numerous desirable opportunities.

STENOGRAPHER, Christian firm, $24; permanent position; many other splendid stenographic openings daily. David Agency, 17 West 42d.

COMPTOMETER OPERATOR, experienced. Call or write Cushman Sons, Inc., Employment Office, 27 Lawrence St., corner 127th St. and Amsterdam Av.

STENOGRAPHERS, bookkeepers, numerous positions; free registration. Van Tyn Agency, 1 West 34th.

HELP WANTED—Male.

ACCOUNTANTS.—Wanted at once, by firm of public accountants, experienced senior assistants for permanent staffs in New York and Mexico City; applicants must send copies of references covering a term of years and state salary required; applications will not be considered. R 642 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT, with public experience, required by certified public accounting firm located in Hartford, Conn.; familiarity with Federal tax laws desired but not essential; full particulars as to age, experience, and salary required must be stated; if qualifications warrant interview will be granted. Address X 464 Times Annex.

ADVERTISING SALESMAN.

We have an opening for an experienced live wire advertising salesman; a young hustler who wishes to establish a place for himself for the future, who understands trade journal advertising and prefer a man who has had agency experience and knows publishers throughout the country; this is an unusual opportunity with a rapidly growing well-established and well-known advertising journal. Address William B. Curtis, publisher, advertising and selling, 131 East 23d.

ADVERTISING SOLICITOR of experience in trade paper, trade directory, or specialty advertising of any kind which has brought him into contact with business houses in standard lines, will find attractive opening; commission and drawing account; call 10-11:30 and 2:30-4 only. R. L. Polk & Co., Mr. Maxwell, 135 Church St.

ADVERTISING and sales promotion man with a good record, able to handle inside and outside men; salary to begin $50 per week. Carbona Products Co., 302 West 28th Street.

ARTISTS AND LETTERERS.

There are several vacancies in the art division of a large advertising service department. The work calls for ability to sketch and letter rapidly on advertising layouts; quick action on the part of the right man in getting after these jobs will result in an immediate connection; bring samples of your work with you and ask to see Mr. Lockwood, McGraw-Hill Co., Inc., 10th Av. at 36th St., New York.

ASSEMBLER AND MACHINIST.

Are you a bench hand machinist who knows how to assemble parts and do light work? If you are, a job is waiting for you in our big Brooklyn business. We need just such an assembler and guarantee permanent and steady position; good pay and rapid advancement.

Apply in person.

JULIUS KAYSER & CO.,
At New Building.
CORNER TAFFE PLACE
AND DeKALB AV., BROOKLYN.
Take DeKalb Av. Car.

ASSISTANT to manager of lumber export concern wanted; conversant in hardwood lumber business; perfect correspondent; only first-class man, well recommended, need apply; state salary during past year. D 84 Times.

AUTOMOBILE MECHANIC wanted; permanent position, with highest pay; must be absolutely first-class man, understanding magneto, carburetors, and general motor overhauling. Lowa's Garage, Inc., at junction So. Broadway and New Main St., Yonkers, N. Y.

BILL CLERK, experienced; one that can bill on typewriter; wages $20. V. Z. J. & Co., 636 Broadway.

BOOKKEEPERS.
STERN BROS.,
WEST 42D ST.,
require bookkeepers with department store experience on charge ledgers. Apply by letter only.

BOOKKEEPER.—Large manufacturing concern requires the assistant services of a capable young man as bookkeeper and bill clerk who can eventually assume all responsibility connected with the position; must understand double entry; to the right young man who can meet these requirements a position is offered which gives excellent opportunities; state age, salary and experience. Address A. L., Box 47 Times.

BOOKKEEPER FAMILIAR WITH VOUCHER RECORDS; STEAMSHIP EXPERIENCE PREFERRED BUT NOT ESSENTIAL; STATE AGE, EXPERIENCE AND SALARY EXPECTED. BOX 405 TIMES, 2 RECTOR ST.

BOOKKEEPER-STENOGRAPHER, to take complete charge of office of small factory; good future to competent man; state age, experience, and salary expected. J 243 Times.

BOOKKEEPER and correspondent, experienced double entry, capable of taking full charge; open Sundays, closed Saturdays; good opportunity; state salary expected. G 494 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER.—Experienced double entry, 25 cent house; good salary and advancement. Eldinger & Desmonde, 20 West 27th St.

BOOKKEEPER.—Experienced double entry; permanent position; chance for advancement; state age, experience, references, salary, age. H 33 Times.

BOOKKEEPER assistant wanted by a mercantile house. Write, specifying experience, salary and references. Box V. L., 104 West 14th St.

BOOKKEEPER, one who can devote part time on Saturdays. F 245 Times.

BOTTLER, experienced, wanted by Jersey City firm to bottle carbonated beverages; one who is familiar with carbonating machinery preferred; good position for steady and sober man. Krieg Fink Co., 51 Lafayette St., Jersey City.

BOY WANTED BY IMPORTERS TO MAKE HIMSELF GENERALLY USEFUL; GOOD OPPORTUNITY FOR A BRIGHT BOY. HENRY POLLAK, INC., 588 BROADWAY.

BOY wanted, bright and ambitious, wholesale dry goods house, good opportunity for advancement; only boys desiring permanent position need apply. N 645 Times Downtown.

BOY for shipping room; public school education; excellent opportunity for advancement. Address, in own handwriting, J 239 Times.

BOY.—Bright, intelligent boy wanted in law office; opportunity to study law. Beaudy, Meaney & Shipment, 38 Pine St., N. Y. City.

BOY.—Good opportunity for one interested in penmanship and engrossing; call all day. The DeFelice Studio, 244 West 23d St.

BRAZIL DEPARTMENT.

MANAGER WANTED WITH THOROUGH KNOWLEDGE OF GENERAL MERCHANDISE, AS CHEMICALS, STEEL, AND IRON, LEATHER, DYESTUFFS, TEXTILES, &c. EXCEPTIONAL OPPORTUNITY WITH CHANCE TO TRAVEL TO SOUTH AMERICA. MUST BRING PROOF OF FAST SUCCESS IN SAID FIELD; PORTUGUESE ESSENTIAL. P 581 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

CASHIER and assistant bookkeeper with some experience in foreign exchange business. Apply in person to Emil Kiss, Banker, 138 24 Av.

CHAUFFEUR, middle-aged married man, experienced on Packard car; wife as laundress for the country. Robt. Gair Co., Employment Department, foot of Washington St., Brooklyn.

CLERK.—Man or girl who is thoroughly familiar with converting books of 4-a cotton converting house; only those with long experience need apply. Write direct to Cesser Mills, 49 East 21st.

COLLECTOR, one familiar with streets in Bronx. Apply G 487 Times Downtown.

CHECKING CLERK FOR ADVERTISING AGENCY.

Large downtown agency requires the services of a checking clerk with at least six months' experience; he must have a thorough understanding of the work involved and be willing to work hard for a reasonable salary to such a boy there is unlimited opportunity to learn a good and profitable business. Call in person at 9 A. M., Room 502, 25 Broad St., N. Y.

CORRESPONDENT, ENGLISH-SPANISH.—A competent man, quick at grasping details and putting them into concise business letters; must be energetic and willing to do anything that will qualify him as export manager; knowledge of Portuguese desirable; salary $25-$50, according to ability, but bright future for right man; write fully. B 668 Times Downtown.

CREDIT INVESTIGATOR Wanted.—A man of good appearance and address who is well acquainted in banking circles and who has had experience in commercial paper work. J 226 Times.

CUTTER, PATTERNMAKER, EXPERIENCED ON POPULAR-PRICED DRESSES. BILTWELL DRESS CO.,
142 WEST TWENTY-FOURTH ST.

CUTTER wanted for overalls and unionalls; must have best of references for ability. X 460 Times Annex.

DESIGNER AND SKETCHER.
On fine hand embroidered ladies' neckwear. HIGHEST SALARY.
Opportunity, 426 Times Downtown.

DETECTIVE.

Young man to work in Jewish commercial house; good pay steady work. Apply Room 1,124 Tribune Building.

DRAFTSMEN, MECHANICAL, TO WORK IN PITTSBURGH, PENN.; MEN MUST HAVE HAD SEVERE EXPERIENCE IN LAYING OUT OR CHECKING ON MECHANICAL DESIGNS; KNOWLEDGE OF ELECTRICAL APPARATUS NOT ABSOLUTELY ESSENTIAL, BUT PREFERENCE WILL BE GIVEN MEN WITH EXPERIENCE ON MOTORS, GENERATORS, TRANSFORMERS, SWITCHES, CONTROLLERS. CALL AT WESTINGHOUSE ELECTRIC & MFG. CO., 165 7TH ST., BROOKLYN, N. Y., FROM 10 TO 12 AND 2 TO 4 JULY 7, 8, 9. INQUIRE FOR D. L. MILL.

DRAFTSMAN for consulting engineer's office at Rochester, N. Y.; must be thoroughly experienced designer, practical and theoretical, in reinforced concrete factories and steel construction according to most modern practice, and prepared to come at once, if possible; write application in full, giving education, experience, references, and expected salary at start; if possible, send samples of work done; position is permanent for the right party; one with some experience in power plants and heating preferred. X 476 Times Annex.

DRAFTSMAN IN LARGE CHANDELIER MANUFACTURING CONCERN ACCUSTOMED TO MAKING FULL SIZED WORKING DRAWINGS; STEADY POSITION, GOOD SALARY. APPLY, STATING AGE, EXPERIENCE AND REFERENCES, P. A. 209 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

DRAFTSMAN, junior, for details and tracing; must be neat letterer and be able to make perspective drawing; state age, salary, and experience. Address D., Box 40, Grand Central Station.

DRAFTSMEN, mechanical piping and structural steel, for oil refinery designing first-class men only. Apply Room 904, 31 Union Square West.

DRAFTSMAN.—One first-class mechanical tracer; bring sample of work and apply to 1,139 Bedford Av., only. R. L. Polk & Co., Mr. Maxwell, 135 Church St.

DRAFTSMAN for detailing or patent office drawings. B 248 Times.

ENGINEER, mechanical and electrical college graduate, who has had a thorough practical as well as theoretical training on small-sized machine and apparatus; good opportunity; state age, experience, and salary expected. G 491 Times Downtown.

ENTRY CLERK.—Accustomed to entering from caller. Address Clerk, Box 139 Madison Square.

FOREMAN
TO TAKE CHARGE OF A MEDIUM SIZED MACHINE SHOP MANUFACTURING BARGE MACHINERY; SHOP LOCATED IN GREATER N. Y. DISTRICT; STATE AGE, EXPERIENCE, REFERENCES, AND SALARY EXPECTED. M. W., 263 TIMES.

FOREMAN wanted by high-class automobile repair shop; one who is familiar with handling help; here is the right man who has a wonderful opening. Taylor Motors Corporation, 1,920 Broadway.

INSTRUMENT MAKERS, steady positions. Apply, stating age, experience and wages expected. J 238 Times.

JAPANESE, take charge of house, cook small family, Long Island; also drive Ford car to station. Apply Hotel Maryland, 104 West 49th St.

JEWELRY SALESMAN.

Experienced man, who has called on jewelry jobbers and notion houses of New York, Philadelphia, and Baltimore, to handle a line of fine and medium priced jewelry; must reside in New York City; salary. Joseph E. Miller Co., Inc. For information apply to Blocher Bros., 130 West 42d St., 9th floor, between 5 and 6 P. M.

JEWELER WANTED; HIGH-CLASS MAN ON FINE PLATNUM JEWELRY; GOOD WAGES, STEADY WORK. CALL CARTIER, 2 EAST 53D ST.

LEDGER CLERK.—Experienced, accustomed to handling large number of accounts; permanent position; chance for advancement; give full details of experience, reference, age and salary required. H 32 Times.

LIBRARY RESEARCH.

A gentleman engaged in political research work needs the immediate assistance of a competent man or woman for three weeks only in looking up data in the N. Y. Public Library; $5 per day. Address N 792 Times Downtown.

LINOTYPE OPERATORS for night work; steady work, good pay; union. McGraw-Hill Co., 10th Av. at 36th St.

MAN for night work; must be highly recommended; position steady; salary good to right man. H. P. Co., P. O. Box 43, Station O, Brooklyn.

MAN.—Hosiery house requires inside man with experience; state particulars and salary. J 237 Times.

MAN to work in electrotype foundry. Apply Knickerbocker Electrotype Co., 424 W. 33d.

MANAGER.—AN INDUSTRIAL CONCERN IN THE STATE OF MASSACHUSETTS, EMPLOYING ABOUT 2,500 PEOPLE, BOTH MEN AND WOMEN, HAS AN OPENING FOR A CAPABLE MAN TO CO-OPERATE WITH THEIR EMPLOYMENT DEPARTMENT IN THE ORGANIZATION AND MANAGEMENT OF A DEPARTMENT OF RECREATION; A MARRIED MAN WITH A WIFE WHO HAS HAD EXPERIENCE ALONG SIMILAR LINES, WOULD BE PREFERRED, SO THAT BOTH COULD GIVE THEIR ATTENTION TO THE WORK. REPLY, GIVING FULL PARTICULARS OF EXPERIENCE. ADDRESS X 469 TIMES ANNEX.

MEN WANTED.
MACHINISTS.
AUTOMATIC SCREW MACHINE OPERATORS
AND SET-UP MEN.
DRILL PRESS OPERATORS.
HAND SCREW MACHINE OPERATORS
AND SET-UP MEN.
LATHE HANDS.
MACHINE GRINDER HANDS.
POWER PUNCH PRESS OPERATORS
AND SET-UP MEN.
BIJUR MOTOR APPLIANCE CO.,
15TH AND GARDEN STS., HOBOKEN, N. J.

MOLDER, machine men, and carpenters in woodworking establishment. Inquire Mr. Sklar, 672 Hopkinson Av., Brooklyn.

OFFICE BOY wanted; over 16, in claim department of large insurance company; advancement if boy is intelligent and industrious; in reply state age and previous experience. G 476 Times Downtown.

OFFICE BOY wanted in builder's office; good opportunity to learn the business and for advancement; no previous experience required; bring references and working papers. G. Richard Davis & Co., 30 East 42d.

OFFICE BOY.—Age about 16; immediate employment in growing shipping broker's office; must be refined and bright; splendid opportunity for right boy. Apply Room 8, 52 Broadway.

OFFICE BOY for a large corporation; splendid chance for bright, energetic boy; state age, education, and salary expected. A 800 Times Annex.

OFFICE BOY, good opportunity for willing, reliable boy; about 18. Conroy Bros., 40 10th Av.

OFFICE BOY, neat appearance, over 16. 528 Broadway, 6th floor.

OFFICE CLERK, Portuguese, competent; one capable of translating English into Portuguese and vice versa; permanent position, with good opportunity for advancement. Apply by letter; Davis & Lawrance Co., Manufacturing Chemists, 110 Christopher St., City.

OFFICE MANAGER, LARGE RUBBER MANUFACTURING CORPORATION.—Must have executive ability, initiative, knowledge of accounting, and be willing to leave city; state full particulars as to education, experience, salary desired, and whether now employed. Y 17 Times Annex.

OFFICE MANAGER'S ASSISTANT.—Young man, 20-24, with importing firm; an exceptional opportunity for one who is obliging and trustworthy; good writer, quick at figures; state age, nationality, religion, experience, references, salary desired. N 795 Times Downtown.

PACKERS for general merchandise. Address Pack, Box 139 Madison Square.

PASTER wanted, experienced, for leather sweat bands. B. Hurwits & Sons, 20 West Houston St.

HELP WANTED—Male.

PATENT WRITER; must have had considerable radio experience; occasional work. N 608 Times Downtown.

PIECE GOODS.—Young man to take charge of piece goods in steak house; must be experienced; good salary to right party. Address Competent, 266 Times.

REAL ESTATE
RENTING BROKER

TO WORK IN SECTION BETWEEN CHAMBERS AND 23D STS.; EXPERIENCED MAN WHO HAS INITIATIVE AND CAN ASSUME RESPONSIBILITIES; A REAL OPPORTUNITY. ADDRESS W., P. O. BOX 318, CITY HALL STATION, NEW YORK CITY.

SALESMEN WANTED.

TWO LIVE MEN TO JOIN HIGHLY EFFICIENT FORCE OF STOCK SALESMEN'S SELLING. SELLING PROPOSITION; DIRECT FRESH INQUIRIES; SEVEN PROSPECTS OUT OF TEN BUY; HIGHEST COMMISSION PAID; EXPERT ADVERTISING AND ASSISTANCE IN CLOSING SALES; OPPORTUNITY TO BECOME MANAGERS. ANSWER, GIVING TELEPHONE, ADDRESS SALES MANAGER, ROOM 1112-19 WEST 44TH ST., NEW YORK.

SALESMEN
for
MEN'S CLOTHING DEPARTMENT.

Apply Superintendent's office, 8th floor, James McCreery & Co., 23th St., employes' entrance.

SALESMAN to call on the retail drug, dry goods and department store trade in the South Atlantic States with a high-class nationally advertised and well-established line of perfumes and toilet preparations; salary, expenses and bonus; must be experienced and well recommended; this is an opportunity for an able and hard-working salesman to form an increasingly profitable and permanent connection with one of the leading houses in the United States. Your letter will indicate whether or not you are the man for whom we are looking. S. A., 227 Times.

SALESMAN.—If you have never sold securities, it is easy to learn. Show a man that his money is safe, and that it will pay good dividends, and he will buy. The security we sell is of a financial institution established more than ten years, and pays regular quarterly dividends. Commission. Call H. E. S., 160 Metropolitan Bldg., N. Y., or 1101 Firemen's Insurance Bldg., Newark, N. J.

SALESMAN—PART TIME to interview business men at their homes, 7 to 9 P. M. A new and unique service proposition; territory confined to Brooklyn; leads furnished; commission basis; exc. qualifications, &c., first letter, B 239 Times.

SALESMAN for fancy feathers and feather hats; can make big money; we have big trade out of town and city; must travel; good opportunity for man desirous to make a change; jobbing trade only; commission basis and drawing account. F. R., 903 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN.—To make resident buying offices; must be familiar with and have personal acquaintance of buyers of middies, smocks, waists, infants' and children's dresses; salary and commission; exceptional proposition for high-grade man. Abe Millman, 20 West 32d St.

SALESMAN.—INSIDE SALESMAN FOR WHOLESALE HOSIERY CONCERN; THOROUGHLY EXPERIENCED, INTELLIGENT, AND A HUSTLER; GOOD SALARY, STEADY POSITION FOR RIGHT PARTY; APPLY BETWEEN 10 AND 11 A. M. D. SALWEN CO., 704 BROADWAY, N. Y.

SALESMAN.—Watch importers want high-class, experienced representative to sell high-class line of Swiss wrist watches in New York and vicinity; commission basis; state complete particulars. N 778 Times Downtown.

SALESMEN.—Two salesmen to cover metropolitan drug and confectionery trade; nationally advertised specialties; exclusive territory, with live leads; straight commission based on production. Suite 201, Selwyn Bldg., 229 West 42d St. Ask for Mr. Reed.

SALESMEN.—Live-wire producers can make big money on security of character, merit, and quality; straight commission basis; no advances, but fullest co-operation; references required. Call Suite 1101, 110 West 40th St.

SALESMEN wanted, energetic, reliable hustlers, sell popular price, well advertised swimming belts, canoe cushions, &c., to dealers, parks, pools, athletic club; commission only; big money. Safety-at-Sea Corporation, 1,358, Broadway.

SALESMEN.—New photographic history of the war given with a subscription to Collier's Weekly; men can make $60 weekly in commissions; we can use a few more real salesmen on this proposition; call 9 A. M. and 2 P. M., Mr. Robison, Suite 515 A.

SALESMAN wanted for the South, to handle skirts as full line or side line; only those with good following and references need apply; excellent opportunity for right man; salary or commission. G 477 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN wanted to sell flour in New York and vicinity; one having trade good proposition; give full particulars by mail, which will be held confidential; salary or commission. G 477 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN, young, wanted by manufacturers' agency for aprons, house dresses, to call established trade, large department stores; state experience, salary or commission desired. D 117 Times.

SALESMAN.—Crew managers who can produce; business men of national importance; salary and commissions to those who qualify; men earning $100 weekly. Mr. Millard, 1,482 Broadway, Room 1,010.

SALESMEN.—If you have selling ability why waste time on small propositions when you can make $10,000 yearly commissions selling our factory rebuilt tires. Call Atex Tire & Rubber Co., 1,473 Broadway.

SALESMAN wanted to sell belting for power transmission in Brooklyn and Long Island; acquainted with trade or experienced man if necessary; salary and commission. G 484 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN, EXPERIENCED ON MEN'S CLOTHING; COMMISSION BASIS AND DRAWING ACCOUNT. F. & G. CLOTHING CO., 56 EAST 11TH.

SALESMEN, traveling, New England, Pennsylvania, and New York States, to carry an exclusive line of men's pants of the better grade; commission basis. Y 21 Times Annex.

SALESMAN for furniture house, experienced in installment business. Address, giving age, references, and salary expected, T. T., 3,015 3d Av.

SALESMAN FOR INSIDE WORK IN SHIP HARDWARE STORE; SALARY $22. STATE AGE AND EXPERIENCE. R 635 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

SALESMAN, experienced, for Western Penn.; sweaters, fancy knit goods, ladies' silk underwear, notions and specialties; salary or commission. H 24 Times.

SALESMEN.—Overall concern, making a nationally advertised line of overalls and jumpers, has several desirable openings in various territories; no objection to one other line; commission basis. Y 20 Times Annex.

SALESMEN, stock; best proposition in New York; $150 a week in commissions. Suite 216, 206 Broadway.

SALESMAN with initiative to sell food products to export and jobbing trade; splendid opportunity right man; commission. G 490 Times Downtown.

SALES MANAGER wanted; folding boxes and labels; for Pacific coast plant. Address 1,457 Broadway, office 1011A.

SALESMAN, high-grade security; salary and commission; telephone experience necessary. Room 35, 49 Liberty St.

SALESMEN, (3,) closers, for business service that sells; no books; we demonstrate; commission. Mr. Earle, 120 West 32d.

SALESMAN.—EXPERIENCED INSTALLMENT CARPET AND FURNITURE. SPEAR & CO., 233 6TH AV.

SALESMAN wanted, experienced, for retail jewelry store. Aarons, 1049 Broadway.

SALESMAN, experienced in cameras and supplies. Willoughby's, 110 West 32d St.

SALES MANAGER or service manager for auto truck agency, one to five ton models; good proposition; interest in business offered to man who proves capable. Write H., care Smith, 68 West 106d St.

SCREW MACHINE OPERATORS.

Several first-class automatic screw machine operators able to set up own work; best rates. Apply employment office, Mergenthaler Linotype Co., Park and Hall Sts., Brooklyn.

SECRETARY to head of national trade organization, must have initiative and be good correspondent, also have knowledge of bookkeeping, stenography, and typing; collegs man preferred; $25 weekly to start. J 222 Times.

SECRETARY, who can talk and write English French, Spanish correctly. D 96 Times.

SECURITY SALESMEN.—An opportunity of exceptional merit is offered to several men of education and selling ability to connect with an institution of vast national importance; permanent position and ample compensation on commission for the conscientious and thorough workers; can use several men of this calibre. Call 10-12, 220 Broadway, Suite 1018.

HELP WANTED—Male.

SEVERAL young men wanted, with lots of pep, between the ages of 18 and 24, to learn the brokerage business. Do not answer this ad. unless you have lots of pep and stick-to-itiveness. We do not want men who seek easily earned dollars; salary and commission. G 478 Times Downtown.

SHIPPING AND ORDER CLERK, conversant with export papers; bright future for ambitious, wideawake man; man knowing Spanish essential; $20; write fully. B 668 Times Downtown.

SHIPPING CLERK.—Experienced, capable of handling all details in shipping department of large wholesale house; mention full particulars, salary expected. Retail, 109 Times.

SHIPPING CLERK, assistant; good opportunity; $16 monthly start. Westinghouse Electric and Mfg. Co., 407 10th Av., corner 36th.

SOUTH AMERICA—WEST COAST.

MANAGER WANTED WITH THOROUGH KNOWLEDGE OF GENERAL MERCHANDISE, AS CHEMICALS, STEEL, AND IRON, LEATHER, DYESTUFFS, TEXTILES, &c. EXCEPTIONAL OPPORTUNITY WITH CHANCE TO TRAVEL TO SOUTH AMERICA. MUST BRING PROOF OF FAST SUCCESS IN SAID FIELD; SPANISH ESSENTIAL. P 582 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

SPANISH INVOICE CLERK and correspondent, with good knowledge of English; proper pay to efficient party only; minimum age 21. Wm. B. Fleah & Bro., 63 Leonard St.

STENOGRAPHER.—Young man, 18 years or younger, recent high school graduate or one with some experience, capable of handling own correspondence after becoming familiar with details of business; excellent opportunity for bright, ambitious person; write, stating age, education, experience, if any, and salary desired. J 220 Times.

STENOGRAPHER.—Large organization desires the services of a stenographer able to take dictation in French as well as English, for service in West Indies; in your reply state previous experience, salary desired; all communications will be held in strict confidence. N 781 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Young man, American; must be experienced; permanent position. Call after 10, Room 612, 25 Broad St.

STOCK SALESMEN.

Services of few clean, capable salesmen wanted by company placing limited amount own stock to expand domestic business and open foreign markets.

Business well established; no stock jobbing.

Liberal commission, with opportunity for commercial connection here or abroad for man who make good.

Call Suite 527-30, 116 West 39th St., New York, or 'phone Greeley 5841, Tuesday and Wednesday, 9-12 and 2-4.

STOCK SALESMEN.—Ten men with telephone experience (5 sell high-grade securities; salary or commission. Apply 132 Nassau St., Room 1225.

STONE HAND for foundry lockup; good pay, steady work; union; day work. McGraw-Hill Company, 10th Av. at 36th St.

SUPERINTENDENT, ASSISTANT; LARGE MOTION PICTURE FANCY GOODS HOUSE HAS OPENING FOR YOUNG MAN TO ACT AS ASSISTANT TO SUPERINTENDENT; MUST HAVE EXPERIENCE; RARE OPPORTUNITY FOR ALERT, AMBITIOUS TO RIGHT PARTY; CONFIDENTIAL. E. R., 807 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

TYPIST.—A competent and rapid typist wanted by a New York Stock Exchange firm; stenography not essential; only those with experience in stock brokerage business and with the best of references will be considered. Reply, stating age, experience, and salary desired. N 784 Times Downtown.

WANTED.
A man to specialize on JELLY WORK, CARAMEL PASTE, CRYSTALLIZED WORK. Position out of town. Apply X 473 Times Annex.

WATCHMEN WANTED BY LARGE DOWNTOWN BANK; 3 OR 4 RELIABLE MEN, UNDER 50 YEARS OF AGE, FOR NIGHT DUTY; STATE AGE AND RECORD OF EXPERIENCE. G 490 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

WINDOW DRESSER, men's clothing, experienced for high-class retail store. White Koshland, 17 North 13th St., Philadelphia, Penn.

YOUNG MAN wanted with selling ability to act as assistant in sales office of manufacturing jewelry; prefer one who has had some experience in the jewelry line; must reside in New York City; salary. Joseph E. Miller Co., Inc. For information apply to Blocher Bros., 130 West 42d St., 9th floor, between 5 and 6 P. M.

YOUNG MAN.

TAKE COMPLETE CHARGE SHIPPING AND STOCK ROOM FOR LARGE INFANTS' AND CHILDREN'S DRESS MANUFACTURER; ONLY THOROUGHLY EXPERIENCED MAN WILL BE CONSIDERED. J 242 TIMES.

YOUNG MAN wanted, experienced bill clerk, to operate Underwood machine; neat penman also preferred; good opportunity to become salesman. Apply own handwriting, R. O. F. Co. of New York, Flatiron Building.

YOUNG MAN experienced handling and taking orders over telephone in order department of large wholesale house; mention full particulars, salary expected. Order 125 Times.

YOUNG MAN TO START IN CLERICAL POSITION; GOOD OPPORTUNITY FOR ADVANCEMENT; MUST BE ACCURATE. P. O. BOX 3, MADISON SQUARE STATION.

YOUNG MAN, energetic, with some clerical ability; knowledge of provisions preferred; good salary to start; an unusual future for the right party. H. P. Co., P. O. Box 43, Station W, Brooklyn.

YOUNG MAN, 20 to 25, wanted in export office large manufacturing house; must be typist, with some export experience; fine opportunity. F 246 Times.

YOUNG MAN experience on Elliott-Fisher billing machines excellent opportunity for advancement. Charles W. Williams & Co., 309 Lafayette St.

YOUNG MAN with some experience for mechanical work; steady position, good opportunity; also boy to make himself generally useful in a shop. J 224 Times.

YOUNG MAN, (23-25,) understanding manufacture and buying of ladies' waists; executive ability essential; good future. F 261 Times.

YOU

STREET CAR STRIKE IN CLEVELAND ENDS

Workers Get Wage Increase and Company Agrees to Arbitrate Its Demands.

THOUSANDS HAD TO WALK

Burleson Asks Pacific Coast Telephone Workers to Submit Demands to His Board.

CLEVELAND, Ohio, July 7.—The strike of 2,000 union street car men, which has tied up traction here since Sunday morning, ended tonight when President John J. Stanley of the Cleveland Railway Company accepted Mayor Harry L. Davis's proposal to arbitrate the company's demand for an increase in the dividend rate from 6 per cent. to 7 per cent.

The men's demands for a 12-cent an hour increase in wages was granted. Car service will be resumed tomorrow morning.

Mr. Stanley attaches two conditions to his offer. He insists that the council must increase the company's operating allowance and maintenance fund 2½ cents a mile to care for deficits and higher wages, and that the maximum fare provision must be eliminated from the agreement under which cars are operated here. The City Council's Street Railway Committee considered the proposition tonight.

William C. Liller, a Commissioner of Conciliation, was sent here today by Secretary of Labor Wilson to offer his services.

Automobiles, special train service, and conveyances of all descriptions transported persons to their employment today, while thousands walked. Steam trains and auto buses carried thousands to North Randall for the opening of the Grand Circuit harness horse meet. Interurban cars stopped at the city limits.

Following the disorders which resulted in injury to six persons when attempts were made to operate cars yesterday, President Stanley announced that no cars would be taken from the barns today unless two policemen were placed on each car. Mayor Davis replied that all protection possible is being given and that policemen cannot at this time be put on the 1,200 cars because of the inadequacy of the Police Force.

In the event the city fails to give adequate protection, Mr. Stanley said he would appeal to Governor Cox for troops. He said 600 men are ready to come to Cleveland to operate cars when protection is given. Many former conductorettes are also applicants, he said.

WASHINGTON, July 7.—Postmaster General Burleson invited employes and managers of the Pacific Coast Telephone Companies today to submit their differences, which have resulted in a strike, to the Wire Control Board for arbitration.

The Postmaster General made the arbitration proposal after a conference with Senator Phelan of California, who said that considerable interruption to communication had resulted from the strike. The Postmaster General suggested that should both sides agree to arbitration, the strike be called off pending hearing of the case by the Wire Board.

Senator Phelan told Mr. Burleson that his information from the Pacific Coast was that the employes and the companies virtually had agreed on a wage increase, but that negotiations had been halted by differences as to whether the advance should be made retroactive.

LUDLOW, Mass., July 7.—Two hundred men and women in the preparing room of the Ludlow Manufacturing Associates struck today when their demands for 15 per cent. pay increase with Saturdays off were refused. As a result of the strike the entire plant was forced to shut down at noon, throwing about 3,000 persons out of work.

WORCESTER, Mass., July 7.—Twelve hundred employes of the Graton & Knight Manufacturing Company, manufacturers of leather goods, struck today because the officials refused to meet a committee from a new leather workers' union to discuss demands for a forty-eight-hour week at the present pay for fifty-five hours and the same pay for women and men on the same kind of work. The officials announced they will treat with their own employes as individuals but not with the union. They also announced that the plant, which is the largest factory in the world turning out leather belting, will be closed.

BOSTON, July 7.—More than 2,000 union cigar makers went on strike today in an effort to enforce demands for wage increase of 13 7-11 per cent. Most of the large shops were closed, but several of the small manufacturers who granted the demands were unaffected.

DENVER, Colo., July 7.—Denver faces an immediate street car strike, following announcement today by F. W. Hild, general manager of the Denver Tramway Company, of sweeping reductions in wages paid employes of the company. The union men will meet at midnight to consider what action they will take.

Wage reductions are effective at 5 o'clock tomorrow morning. Earlier in the day union officials announced a strike would immediately follow any wage cut.

TACOMA, Wash., July 7.—Striking shipyard workers held a demonstration today in behalf of Thomas J. Mooney, who is under sentence of life imprisonment on the charge of having been implicated in the "Preparedness Day" bomb explosion at San Francisco. A parade was held in the principal streets in which the shipbuilders and striking electrical workers participated.

INVOKE GOVERNOR ON POLICE

Russian Patriots Ask Inquiry on Carnegie Hall Meeting Ban.

The canceling of the intended meeting at Carnegie Hall on the night of July 4, on the advice of the Police Department, has been called to the attention of Governor Smith in a letter from the American Russian Committee for the Relief and Salvation of Russia. Lack of adequate police protection was assigned as the reason for the advice given by the police to the authorities at Carnegie Hall.

The committee, in its letter to the Governor, explains that it secured on June 30 a reservation of Carnegie Hall for the evening of the national holiday, and continues:

"The object was to hold a patriotic meeting and musical celebration of the representatives of Russians and Carpatho-Russians in America, representing over 1,200,000 persons, many of whom are naturalized citizens of Russian birth, and all of whom are loyal to our American democratic institutions, order and Government, and supporters of the democratic forces composing the All-Russian Government of Omsk, in Russia.

"Admission was to be had by ticket only, and the purpose of the meeting and celebration was to express the fact that the Bolshevist ideas in Russia and in America were not sympathized with by the bulk of Russian people, and that the great body of Russians resident in America were opposed to the revolutionary and illegal acts of the Bolsheviki here in the United States.

"After all our preparations had been completed, after United States Senator King of Utah had consented to address the audience, after a program of speakers and musical talent had been secured, after a large number of tickets had been sold and considerable expense had been incurred, we were notified by Carnegie Hall that, following advices from the Police Department, they feared that sufficient police protection could not be afforded and consequently the reservation for the hall was cancelled and our meeting could not be held.

"In view of the fact that this committee is composed of many Americans by birth, and is representative of the thousands of Russians resident here, many of whom are naturalized citizens, and that our meeting was to be, both in its nature and in practice, a demonstration of loyal support of the laws and institutions of the American Government, and in view of the further fact that both the owners of Carnegie Hall and the officials of the Police Department expressed their belief in and satisfaction of the nature, purposes, and loyalty of our committee and our proposed meeting on Independence Day, we feel that this matter should be brought to your attention."

The letter is signed by A. N. Dobrjansky, General in the Russian National Army, as President of the American Russian Committee for the Relief and Salvation of Russia.

OPPOSES EXTRADITION.

Counsel for Mrs. Lundgren Appeals to Governor of New Jersey.

BOSTON, July 7.—Daniel J. Daley, counsel for Mrs. Bessie M. (Skeels) Lundgren, who was acquitted last Thursday of the murder of Miss Florence W. Gay of Andover, today wrote Governor Runyon of New Jersey asking to be heard in opposition to the extradition of Mrs. Lundgren to answer charges of having killed her brother, Albert J. Wilkins of Bayonne, by poison.

Counsel will contend that all the evidence available in the Wilkins case was introduced at the trial at Lawrence and that, in fact if not technically, the jury acquitted the woman of both charges.

Mrs. Lundgren has not left her bed, according to her counsel, since she went to her home after her acquittal.

DE VALERA REPLIES TO LORD FRENCH

Asks Why Military Governor Thinks Irish Majority Would Favor British Rule.

SAYS TREATMENT IS CRUEL

To Address Irish Societies in Madison Square Garden Thursday Night.

Discussing the published report that Lord French, the Lord Lieutenant of Ireland, had said that if a vote were taken in Ireland he was convinced that nine out of ten Irishmen would favor adherence to the British Empire, and that Ireland was in a state of rebellion and anarchy, Eamonn de Valera, "President of the Irish Republic," took issue with the Military Governor and immediately prepared a statement for the press, which he issued yesterday at the Waldorf-Astoria.

"On what ground does Lord French base this opinion of his—this judgment that a nine to one majority in Ireland would favor the British connection?" asked de Valera.

"Is it because seven and a half centuries of repression and exploitation by England has endeared British rule to the Irishman? Is it because the British connection has given plenty room to the Irishmen to rove about in Ireland, having cut down within seventy years an increasing population of eight millions to only four millions—and replaced human homesteads by the bullock prairie?

"Is it because of the impartial justice with which British law has been administered in Ireland—that impartiality which raises one rebel to the British woolsack because he happens to belong to the minority ascendency clique, but condemns his brother rebel to the scaffold because he happens to belong only to the majority and to the common people?

"It must be very convenient for a military Governor to have a memory like Lord French's. He has forgotten the elections of last December when a bare 20 per cent. of the voters voted for the English Union and when 73 out of 105 parliamentary representatives were chosen on the direct issue of independence, separation from England and the establishment of the Republic.

"These elections were by secret ballot, and Lord French and his agents had the control of them—but perhaps Lord French is not satisfied that he exerted himself sufficiently during these elections. He only put a few hundred of the leading Republicans in jail, and removed only five successive directors in charge of the Republican election machinery, and only raided the central Republican offices a half dozen times or so, carrying off with him the election literature. He probably recognizes now that he should have imprisoned the whole Republican Party and put all the printing presses out of commission and then—well, then there might have been some sense in his nine to one.

"Lord French talks of anarchy and rebellion in Ireland. Of course there is rebellion—why should there not be? Have the Irish people no right to rise up against a system which is founded today on 'the bayonets of 30,000 soldiers encamped permanently as in a hostile country,' as Joseph Chamberlain admitted it was in 1885—a system which is 'supported only by brute force and kept up by constant blood letting,' as an English Tory M. P. wrote in 1829. Of course there is anarchy—but the anarchists are Lord French, Ian MacPherson and their associates.

"Irishmen do not forget that as long as the patient will suffer, the cruel will kick. And if Lord French and his armed policemen may deprive a man of his liberty by putting him in jail without charge or trial or of his life by shooting him at will—for the crime of proclaiming the truth about English rule and loving his country—then Lord French and his policemen must expect that where there are such arrests there will be rescues, and when there are such shootings there will be some shootings back."

Harry G. Boland, secretary to the "President," said yesterday that Professor de Valera would make his first public appearance in Madison Square Garden Thursday night, when he will address a mass meeting which has been arranged by the United Irish Societies. He added that many societies are falsely stating that "President" de Valera will address their gatherings with the view of drawing large crowds. He stated that all notices of De Valera's appearances will be given out at the "White House," on the eleventh floor of the Waldorf.

DECLARES TIPPERARY SINN FEIN OUTLAWED

Chief Secretary for Ireland Takes Drastic Action to Check Their "Criminal Activities."

DUBLIN, July 7, (By The Associated Press.)—A proclamation has been issued from Dublin Castle declaring all Sinn Fein organizations and Irish volunteers in the County of Tipperary unlawful associations.

This announcement is made in a memorandum by the Chief Secretary for Ireland, enumerating a series of crimes and offenses in the past year, and stating that as the measures already taken have failed "to check the Sinn Fein's criminal activities" the Government is compelled to suppress the organizations.

ROBS Y. M. C. A. HUT.

Thief Gets $820, but Loses It When He Meets Policeman.

An unidentified man entered the Y. M. C. A. hut at Sixth Avenue and Forty-second Street early yesterday morning and told the Secretary, George Bisset, he had left a suitcase there a few weeks ago.

When the Secretary took the man to the baggage room to identify the luggage he struck Bisset and rendered him unconscious. The man then went to a safe in the writing room, opened it with a key he had taken from Bisset's pocket, and took cash boxes containing $820. Soldiers and sailors were sleping in the room, but were not awakened.

An hour later Patrolman Isaam Kahn met a man carrying a suitcase in Waverly Place and asked him what was in it. With a display of indignation, the man dropped the suitcase to the sidewalk to argue with the policeman. The jar opened the suitcase and the cashboxes rolled out. The man then struck the patrolman, tripped him, and ran toward Sixth Avenue. The patrolman fired five shots, but the man disappeared. The boxes were identified when the robbery was reported.

URGES AID FOR COSTA RICA.

Salvador Proposes That Other Central American Republics Take Action

SAN SALVADOR, REPUBLIC OF SALVADOR, July 7.—The Salvadorian Government, through its Minister of Foreign Affairs, has sent a note to the governments of Guatemala, Honduras and Nicaragua proposing mutual friendly action with reference to the establishment of peace in their sister republic of Costa Rica.

The note points out that "because of misfortunes in her institutional life" Costa Rica finds herself in a deeply disturbed condition, and proposes that the other Central American republics bend their efforts toward the complete normalization of international affairs in Central America and the restoration of harmony within Costa Rican borders.

The official Government newspaper here printed the note yesterday together with an editorial explaining the steps taken by the Salvadorian Foreign Office.

MANAGUA, Nicaragua, July 7.—Costa Rican Government troops, according to reports received here, have burned the buildings at Pena Blanca which had been occupied by the Costa Rican revolutionists. The town previously had been evacuated by the revolutionists.

Pena Blanca is in Southwestern Nicaragua, about two miles north of the Costa Rican frontier. Reports received by the Navy Department in Washington on July 3 said that the Costa Rican Government troops had driven the revolutionists across the Nicaraguan border. A report from Managua on July 2 was to the effect that the forces of President Tinoco of Costa Rica had advanced to within two-thirds of a mile of the frontier of Nicaragua.

B. R. T. Holiday Traffic Breaks Record.

All records for heavy traffic in Brooklyn were broken on the lines of the Brooklyn Rapid Transit Company during the holiday period, according to figures given out by the company yesterday. On Independence Day, Saturday, and Sunday, a total of 7,379,960 passengers was carried. Nearly 3,000,000 passengers traveled on the lines on Friday.

LOST AND FOUND.

Fifty cents an agate line.

LOST—CERTIFICATE NO. 3402 for 100 shares Intercontinental Rubber Company, in name of George McNeir; transfer has been stopped and new certificate has been issued; all persons are warned against negotiating said lost certificate. If found, please notify Salisbury & Worth, 52 Broadway, New York City.

LOST—A $5,000 note of the Burnham-Munger-Root Dry Goods Company, dated June 1, 1916, due November 7, 1919, at the Chemical National Bank, New York, and numbered 730; all persons are warned not to negotiate the above described note, as payment has been stopped. Hathaway, Keph, Potts & Co., 45 Wall St., New York.

LOST—Tan suitcase; will person who took it by mistake from the telephone room of Penn Station about 4 P. M. July 3, please return intact to the address below; no questions asked; reward, $20 or more. S. Locklin, 55 Gold St., New York City.

LOST—Lady's green, gold, black enameled Swiss wrist watch, in Russek's, Monday afternoon; valued as keepsake. Liberal reward, no questions asked. If returned to A. G. Schultz, 601 West 144th. Telephone Audubon 8961.

LOST—Black wallet, containing $36 in bills and papers valuable only to owner; lost at 28th St. and Mermaid Av., Norton St. "L" Station, Coney Island; reward to finder. Charles Levine, 830 Hewitt Place, Bronx, N. Y.

LOST OR STOLEN—Lexington four passenger chummy roadster, No. 6353, License No. 324424; light green color; reward, no questions asked. Lexington Motor Co., 1,850 Broadway. Phone Col. 1200.

LOST—Framed oil painting of small boy; left in taxicab engaged near Plaza; $50 reward; no questions asked. Motify, W. S. Budworth, 424 West 52d St.; phone Columbus 120.

LOST—Black leather wallet, on 28th St. or on Broadway between 28th St. and Hudson tubes; liberal reward. Return to New York Yacht Club. Telephone Vanderbilt 1.

LOST—Atlantic Av. station or Rockaway Beach 5:08 express, wallet containing change and wedding ring. Return to Mrs. J. G. Smith, care of Merrick, 19 Undine Av., Rockaway.

LOST.—Gold bar-pin, square ends, small blue stone in center; possibly between 40th and 50th, on 6th Av; reward. Telephone Barclay 4200, Nicholl.

LOST—Between Flushing and Brightwaters, Imperial vacuum cleaner. Address N. M. Fischer, Brightwaters, L. I. Reward. Phone 871 Bayshore.

LOST.—July 5, between Brighton Beach and uptown, New York, top of gold pendant set in ruby and pearls; reward. Phone 3501 Morningside, Apt. 32.

LOST.

Between 81st and Park Av. and City College Stadium, diamond onyx pin. Reward. Phone Lenox 5207.

LOST—Gold amethyst, pearl pin, 29th St. between Fourth and Fifth Avs., Sunday afternoon; reward. Thompson & Barlow, 443 Fourth Av.

LOST—Black brief case, Bronx subway, containing two black leather covered books and lot of papers; liberal reward. Evergreen 765.

LOST—Envelope containing music, poems, &c., in taxicab or Pennsylvania Station, Monday morning; reward. D. Haight, 207 5th Av.

LOST—On Trojan boat leaving Albany Sunday, 11 P. M., two-piece sable fur; reward $25. Bond Clothing Co., 32 West 18th St.

LOST—Monday, silver watch, initials L. H., in leather wrist case, between Kappock and 231st St. subway; reward. Kingsbridge 900.

LOST.—Near Palace Theatre, cigar case, leather; lettered Smythe. Reward if returned. J. L. N. Smythe, 1 Madison Av.

LOST—Black silk umbrella, white ring handle, taxi, Friday morning, 150th St. ferry; reward. Klink, 500 West 140th.

LOST—White poodle, "Tootsie." Flushing and Tompkins Av., Brooklyn; reward. 319 Albany Av., Brooklyn.

LOST.—Black leather suitcase containing ladies' wearing apparel; liberal reward. A. Fisher, 1368 Broadway, Room No. 1.

LOST—Thursday, bill fold with calling cards and other papers, some money; reward. Menezes. Telephone Broad 2472.

LOST.—Small diamond and pearl bar pin; liberal reward. Mrs. Gress, 82 Tennis Place, Forest Hills, L. I.

LOST—Passport, in Atlantic City, on July 4, 5 or 6. Sapiro Pearl; reward. Return 816 5th Av. Vanderbilt 5735.

LOST—Blue bathing bag, Saturday night, on Riverside bus. Finder please return to Shirley Collon, 512 West 162d.

LOST—Pearl necklace, near Hoboken Ferry, Sunday night, 8:15; reward. G 489 Times. Downtown.

LOST—Dark dyed sable, 8 skin scarf, on Rockaway or Merrick Road; reward. Call Harlem 780.

LOST—Automobile side curtains, Riverside Drive, June 28; reward. Fusham, 450 West End.

LOST—Two men's auto dusters; liberal reward. H. Katz, Telephone Riverside 2276.

LOST—Wrist watch, bungalows, Brighton; valued gift; liberal reward. John 6246.

LOST—By Australian soldier, pocket wallet; good reward. Y. M. C. A., 23d St.

Found.

FOUND.—Army discharge certificate. "Paisley," Phone 1000 Bryant; Extension 135.

Lost and Found—Cats and Dogs

LOST—French poodle, name Toto; reward. Lyons, 34 East 62d.

BOILED EGGS

are given a rare relish by the addition of a few drops of

Lea & Perrins SAUCE

Eggs in any style are made more appetizing by the use of

LEA & PERRINS SAUCE

THE ONLY ORIGINAL WORCESTERSHIRE

Have a bottle in the kitchen as well as on the table.

Italian BITTER-SWEET Chocolates

Listen Lester! you've just got to bi me a Box of Hatch's Italian Chocolates They're wonderful!

Hatch

HATCH — HE PAYS THE PARCEL POST

35th St. & Herald Sq. — Bway. & 30th — Bway. & 45th

July Tax Information

The following tax information is published for the guidance of corporations.

RETURNS on the 4½% State tax levied on the incomes of every business corporation in New York State must be filed prior to August 1st, a thirty-day extension having been granted.

THE new Federal Capital Stock tax imposes a tax of one dollar for each $1,000 of the "fair average value" of the Capital Stock in excess of $5,000. The tax is retroactive, affecting both 1918 and 1919. Reports must be filed by all corporations, with important exceptions, on or before July 31st.

Information will be furnished relative to both these reports.

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Certified Public Accountants

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The flame test that convinced the Government

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WHETHER it's armor plate or ice-boxes, the Navy buys nothing by guesswork.

So when the Navy needed filing equipment, for use on the seas as well as ashore, they examined and tested many filing cabinets for fire and heat resistance qualities.

In their test the Navy officials applied the intense heat of a power-blast Bunsen burner to several of the best known makes of steel cabinets. The flame, measured by the pyrometer, registered 1500 degrees Fahrenheit.

Since a plain steel wall is a conductor of heat, the papers inside of the ordinary steel cabinets, began to smoulder and, almost immediately burst into flames.

But, when the Navy officers applied the flame of 1500 degrees to the "Y and E" Fire-Wall steel filing cabinet there was a far different result—

The layer of asbestos in a dead air chamber between two walls of steel really *protected* the papers within from the flames. The "Y and E" Cabinet proved, by this Navy Department Test, to be over *three times as fireproof as any other steel filing cabinet made.*

Five extra features —at no extra cost

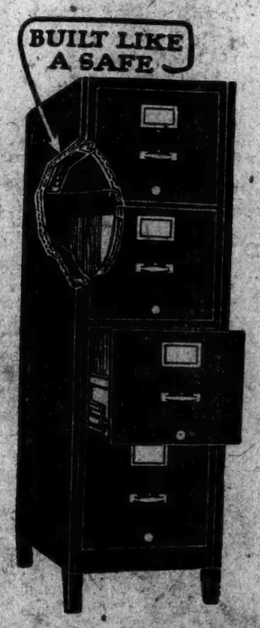
1 The layer of asbestos goes all around. It is placed at top, bottom, front, sides and back

2 The Automatic Safety Latches, which prevent the drawers from opening in a fire emergency or in office re arrangement

3 The "Y and E" Frictionless Slides which give the drawers an easy gliding movement

4 The dovetailing safe like flanges of the cabinet drawers.

5 A "Y and E" System which enables you to keep your records with greatest convenience and at lowest cost. System service without charge



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